By Senator Collins

	14-00115-25 2025572
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to dangerous dogs; providing a short
3	title; amending s. 767.01, F.S.; requiring certain dog
4	owners to securely confine their dogs in a proper
5	enclosure; amending s. 767.10, F.S.; revising
6	legislative findings relating to dangerous dogs;
7	reordering and amending s. 767.11, F.S.; defining the
8	term "department"; revising definitions; amending s.
9	767.12, F.S.; requiring, rather than authorizing, that
10	dogs subject to certain dangerous dog investigations
11	be confiscated, impounded, and held; requiring, rather
12	than authorizing, that such dogs be held until the
13	completion of certain actions; revising the
14	circumstances under which an owner is responsible for
15	paying certain costs and fees; requiring that certain
16	dogs not impounded be confined in a proper enclosure
17	by the owner; requiring animal control authorities to
18	provide certain information to the Department of
19	Agriculture and Consumer Services and to destroy
20	certain dogs; revising the information that the owner
21	of a dog classified as a dangerous dog is required to
22	provide to an animal control authority; requiring such
23	owner to obtain dangerous dog liability insurance
24	coverage; providing requirements for such insurance;
25	revising the civil penalty for violations; creating s.
26	767.125, F.S.; requiring the department to create and
27	maintain a statewide Dangerous Dog Registry; providing
28	the purpose of the registry; requiring animal control
29	authorities to provide the department with certain

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30	information; requiring the department to adopt rules;
31	amending ss. 767.13 and 767.135, F.S.; making
32	technical changes; conforming provisions to changes
33	made by the act; amending s. 767.136, F.S.; revising
34	the circumstances under which the owner of a dog that
35	has not been declared dangerous is liable for such
36	dog's severe injury to, or the death of, a human;
37	providing an effective date.
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39	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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41	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Pam Rock Act."
42	Section 2. Section 767.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to
43	read:
44	767.01 Dog owner's liability for damages to persons,
45	domestic animals, or livestock
46	(1) A dog owner is Owners of dogs shall be liable for any
47	damage done by <u>the owner's dog</u> their dogs to a person or to any
48	animal included in the definitions of "domestic animal" and
49	"livestock" as provided by s. 585.01.
50	(2) If a dog owner has knowledge of the dog's dangerous
51	propensities, the owner must securely confine the dog in a
52	proper enclosure as defined in s. 767.11.
53	Section 3. Section 767.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to
54	read:
55	767.10 Legislative findingsThe Legislature finds that
56	dangerous dogs are an increasingly serious and widespread threat
57	to the safety and welfare of the people of this state because of
58	unprovoked attacks which cause injury to persons and domestic
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59	animals; that such attacks are in part attributable to the
60	failure of owners to confine and properly train and control
61	their dogs; that existing laws inadequately address this growing
62	problem; and that it is appropriate and necessary to impose
63	uniform requirements for <u>dog</u> the owners of dangerous dogs .
64	Section 4. Section 767.11, Florida Statutes, is reordered
65	and amended to read:
66	767.11 Definitions.—As used in this <u>part</u> act, unless the
67	context clearly requires otherwise:
68	<u>(3)</u> "Dangerous dog" means <u>a</u> any dog that according to
69	the records of the appropriate authority:
70	(a) Has aggressively bitten, attacked, or endangered or has
71	inflicted severe injury on a human being on public or private
72	property;
73	(b) Has more than once severely injured or killed a
74	domestic animal while off the owner's property; or
75	(c) Has, when unprovoked, chased or approached a person
76	upon the streets, sidewalks, or any public grounds in a menacing
77	fashion or apparent attitude of attack, provided that such
78	actions are attested to in a sworn statement by one or more
79	persons and dutifully investigated by the appropriate authority.
80	(4) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and
81	Consumer Services.
82	(8)-(2) "Unprovoked" means that the victim who has been
83	conducting himself or herself peacefully and lawfully has been
84	bitten or chased in a menacing fashion or attacked by a dog.
85	(7) (3) "Severe injury" means any physical injury that
86	results in broken bones, multiple bites, or disfiguring
87	lacerations requiring sutures or reconstructive surgery.

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88	<u>(6)</u> (4) "Proper enclosure of a dangerous dog " means, while
89	on the owner's property, a dangerous dog is securely confined <u>:</u>
90	<u>(a)</u> Indoors <u>;</u>
91	(b) In a locked, fenced yard, suitable to prevent the entry
92	of young children and designed to prevent the dog from escaping
93	over, under, or through the fence; or
94	(c) In a securely enclosed and locked pen or structure,
95	suitable to prevent the entry of young children and designed to
96	prevent the <u>dog</u> animal from escaping. <u>The</u> Such pen or structure
97	must shall have secure sides and a secure top to prevent the dog
98	from escaping over, under, or through the structure and \underline{must}
99	shall also provide protection from the elements.
100	(1) (5) "Animal control authority" means an entity acting
101	alone or in concert with other local governmental units and
102	authorized by them to enforce the animal control laws of the
103	city, county, or state. In those areas not served by an animal
104	control authority, the sheriff shall carry out the duties of the
105	animal control authority under this <u>part</u> act.
106	(2) (6) "Animal control officer" means any individual
107	employed, contracted with, or appointed by the animal control
108	authority for the purpose of aiding in the enforcement of this
109	<u>part</u> a ct or any other law or ordinance relating to the licensure
110	of animals, control of animals, or seizure and impoundment of
111	animals and includes any state or local law enforcement officer
112	or other employee whose duties in whole or in part include
113	assignments that involve the seizure and impoundment of <u>an</u> any
114	animal.
115	<u>(5)</u> "Owner" means <u>a</u> any person, <u>a</u> firm, <u>a</u> corporation,
116	or <u>an</u> organization possessing, harboring, keeping, or having

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14-00115-25 2025572 117 control or custody of an animal or, if the animal is owned by a 118 person under the age of 18 years of age or younger, that 119 person's parent or quardian. 120 Section 5. Section 767.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to 121 read: 122 767.12 Classification of dogs as dangerous; owner 123 requirements; penalty certification of registration; notice and 124 hearing requirements; confinement of animal; exemption; appeals; 125 unlawful acts.-126 (1) An animal control authority shall investigate reported 127 incidents involving any dog that may be dangerous and, if 128 possible, shall interview the owner and require a sworn 129 affidavit from any person, including any animal control officer 130 or enforcement officer, desiring to have a dog classified as 131 dangerous. 132 (a) An animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog 133 investigation for behavior described in s. 767.11(3)(a) or (c) 134 must because of severe injury to a human being may be 135 immediately confiscated by an animal control authority; $_{\tau}$ placed 136 in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time; , or 137 impounded; and held. The animal must may be held pending the 138 outcome of the investigation and any hearings or appeals related 139 to the dangerous dog classification or any penalty imposed under 140 this section. If the dog is to be destroyed, the dog may not be destroyed while an appeal is pending. The owner is responsible 141 142 for payment of all boarding costs and other fees as may be 143 required to humanely and safely keep the animal pending any 144 hearing or appeal, unless it is determined that the dog is not 145 dangerous.

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14-00115-25 2025572 146 (b) An animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog 147 investigation for behavior described in s. 767.11(3)(b) may be 148 immediately confiscated by an animal control authority; placed 149 in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time; or 150 impounded and held. An animal that which is not impounded with 151 the animal control authority must be humanely and safely 152 confined by the owner in a proper enclosure securely fenced or enclosed area. The animal shall be confined in such manner 153 154 pending the outcome of the investigation and the resolution of 155 any hearings or appeals related to the dangerous dog 156 classification or any penalty imposed under this section. The 157 owner shall provide the address at which the animal resides 158 shall be provided to the animal control authority. A dog that is 159 the subject of a dangerous dog investigation may not be 160 relocated or have its ownership transferred pending the outcome 161 of the investigation and any hearings or appeals related to the 162 dangerous dog classification or any penalty imposed under this 163 section. If a dog is to be destroyed, the dog may not be 164 relocated or have its ownership transferred. 165 (2) A dog may not be declared dangerous if any of the 166 following apply:

(a) The threat, injury, or damage was sustained by a person
who, at the time, was unlawfully on the property or who, while
lawfully on the property, was tormenting, abusing, or assaulting
the dog or its owner or a family member.

(b) The dog was protecting or defending a human being
within the immediate vicinity of the dog from an unjustified
attack or assault.

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(3) After the investigation, the animal control authority

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(4) Upon a dangerous dog classification and penalty becoming final after a hearing or by operation of law pursuant to subsection (3), the animal control authority shall <u>do all of</u> <u>the following:</u>

201 (a) Provide a written final order to the owner by 202 registered mail $\underline{\text{or}}_{\tau}$ certified hand delivery or service. The 203 owner may appeal the classification $\overline{\text{or}}_{\tau}$ penalty, or both, to the

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204	circuit court in accordance with the Florida Rules of Appellate
205	Procedure after receipt of the final order. If the dog is not
206	held by the animal control authority, the owner must confine the
207	dog in a <u>proper enclosure</u> securely fenced or enclosed area
208	pending resolution of the appeal. Each applicable local
209	governing authority must establish appeal procedures that
210	conform to this <u>paragraph</u> subsection .
211	(b) Provide the information required by s. 767.125(2) to
212	the department for the dangerous dog's inclusion in the
213	statewide Dangerous Dog Registry.
214	(c) If the dog is classified as a dangerous dog due to an
215	incident that caused severe injury to a human being, destroy the
216	dog in an expeditious and humane manner.
217	(5) (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph <u>(4)(c)</u>
218	(b) , the owner of a dog classified as a dangerous dog shall <u>do</u>
219	all of the following:
220	<u>(a)</u> 1. Upon Within 14 days after issuance of the final order
221	classifying the dog as dangerous or the conclusion of any appeal
222	that affirms such final order, obtain a certificate of
223	registration for the dog from the animal control authority
224	serving the area in which he or she resides, and renew the
225	certificate annually. Animal control authorities <u>may</u> are
226	authorized to issue such certificates of registration, and
227	renewals thereof, only to persons who are at least 18 years of
228	age and who present to the animal control authority sufficient
229	evidence of all of the following:
230	1.a. A current certificate of rabies vaccination for the
231	dog.
232	2.b. A proper enclosure to confine the a dangerous dog and

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233	the posting of the premises with a clearly visible warning sign
234	at all entry points which informs both children and adults of
235	the presence of a dangerous dog on the property.
236	<u>3.</u> e. Permanent identification of the dog , such as a tattoo
237	on the inside thigh <u>of the dog</u> or electronic implantation <u>of a</u>
238	microchip.
239	4. The dog having been spayed or neutered.
240	5. Liability insurance as required by paragraph (b).
241	
242	The appropriate governmental unit may impose an annual fee for
243	the issuance of certificates of registration required by this
244	section.
245	(b) Upon issuance of the final order classifying the dog as
246	dangerous or the conclusion of any appeal that affirms such
247	final order, obtain liability insurance coverage in an amount of
248	at least \$100,000 to cover damages resulting from an attack by
249	the dangerous dog causing bodily injury to a person and provide
250	proof of the required liability insurance coverage to the animal
251	control authority for the area in which the dog is kept.
252	<u>(c)</u> . Immediately notify the appropriate animal control
253	authority when the dog:
254	<u>1.</u> a. Is loose or unconfined <u>;</u> .
255	2.b. Has bitten a human being or attacked another animal:-
256	<u>3.</u> e. Is sold, given away, or dies <u>; or</u> .
257	<u>4.</u> Is moved to another address.
258	(d) Before <u>selling or giving away the</u> a dangerous dog is
259	sold or given away , the owner shall provide the name, address,
260	and telephone number of the new owner to the animal control
261	authority. The new owner must comply with all of the
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262	requirements of this section and <u>any</u> implementing local
263	ordinances, even if the animal is moved from one local
264	jurisdiction to another within <u>this</u> the state <u>, and</u> . The animal
265	control officer must <u>notify the animal control authority</u> be
266	notified by the owner of a dog classified as dangerous that the
267	dog is in <u>the authority's</u> his or her jurisdiction.
268	<u>(e)</u> . Not allow permit the dog to be outside a proper
269	enclosure unless the dog is muzzled and restrained by a
270	substantial chain or leash and under control of a competent
271	person. The muzzle must be made in a manner that will not cause
272	injury to the dog or interfere with its vision or respiration
273	but will prevent it from biting a person or <u>an</u> animal. The owner
274	may exercise the dog <u>on the owner's property</u> in a <u>proper</u>
275	enclosure securely fenced or enclosed area that does not have a
276	$ ext{top}_{m{ au}}$ without a muzzle or leash $_{m{ au}}$ if the dog remains within $ ext{the}$
277	owner's his or her sight and only members of the immediate
278	household or persons 18 years of age or older <u>, if applicable,</u>
279	are allowed in the enclosure when the dog is present. When being
280	transported, such dogs must be safely and securely restrained
281	within a vehicle.
282	(b) If a dog is classified as a dangerous dog due to an
283	incident that causes severe injury to a human being, based upon

283 incident that causes severe injury to a human being, based upon 284 the nature and circumstances of the injury and the likelihood of 285 a future threat to the public safety, health, and welfare, the 286 dog may be destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner.

(6) Hunting dogs are exempt from this section when engaged
in any legal hunt or training procedure. Dogs engaged in
training or exhibiting in legal sports such as obedience trials,
conformation shows, field trials, hunting/retrieving trials, and

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291	herding trials are exempt from this section when engaged in any
292	legal procedures. However, such dogs at all other times in all
293	other respects are subject to this and local laws. Dogs that
294	have been classified as dangerous may not be used for hunting
295	purposes.
296	(7) A person who violates any provision of this section
297	commits a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a fine not to
298	exceed <u>\$1,000 per violation</u> \$500 .
299	Section 6. Section 767.125, Florida Statutes, is created to
300	read:
301	767.125 Statewide Dangerous Dog Registry.—
302	(1) The department shall create and maintain a statewide
303	Dangerous Dog Registry that provides the public with a
304	searchable online statewide database of dogs that have been
305	declared dangerous by local animal control authorities.
306	(2) Each animal control authority shall, at a minimum,
307	report all of the following information regarding a dangerous
308	dog within its jurisdiction to the department for inclusion in
309	the registry:
310	(a) A current certificate of rabies vaccination for the
311	dog.
312	(b) Evidence of a proper enclosure within which the
313	dangerous dog will be confined and of the posting on the
314	premises of a clearly visible warning sign at all entry points
315	which informs both children and adults of the presence of a
316	dangerous dog on the property.
317	(c) Evidence of permanent identification, such as a tattoo
318	on the inside thigh of the dog or implantation of a microchip.
319	(d) Evidence of the dog having been spayed or neutered.

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320	(e) Evidence that the owner has obtained the required
321	liability insurance.
322	(f) The dog's name and a photograph of the dog.
323	(g) The county in which the dog is located.
324	(h) The owner's name and address.
325	(3) The department shall adopt rules to administer this
326	section.
327	Section 7. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 767.13,
328	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
329	767.13 Attack or bite by dangerous dog; penalties;
330	confiscation; destruction
331	(1) If a dog that has previously been declared dangerous
332	attacks or bites a person or a domestic animal without
333	provocation, the owner <u>commits</u> is guilty of a misdemeanor of the
334	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
335	775.083. In addition, The dangerous dog <u>must</u> shall be
336	immediately confiscated by an animal control authority $\underline{i}_{\mathcal{T}}$ placed
337	in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time ;, or
338	impounded; and held for 10 business days after the owner is
339	given written notification under s. 767.12, and thereafter
340	destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. This 10-day time
341	period shall allow The owner <u>may</u> to request a hearing under s.
342	767.12 during the 10 business days after such notification. The
343	owner <u>is</u> shall be responsible for payment of all boarding costs
344	and other fees as may be required to humanely and safely keep
345	the animal during any appeal procedure.
346	(2) If a dog that has previously been declared dangerous
347	attacks and causes severe injury to or death of any human, the
348	owner <u>commits</u> is guilty of a felony of the third degree,

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14-00115-25 2025572 349 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 350 In addition, The dog must shall be immediately confiscated by an 351 animal control authority; τ placed in quarantine, if necessary, 352 for the proper length of time; impounded; and or held for 10 353 business days after the owner is given written notification 354 under s. 767.12, and thereafter destroyed in an expeditious and 355 humane manner. This 10-day time period shall allow The owner may 356 to request a hearing under s. 767.12 during the 10 business days 357 after such notification. The owner is shall be responsible for payment of all boarding costs and other fees as may be required 358 359 to humanely and safely keep the animal during any appeal 360 procedure. 361 Section 8. Section 767.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to

361 Section 8. Section 767.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to 362 read:

363 767.135 Attack or bite by unclassified dog that causes 364 death; confiscation; destruction.-If a dog that has not been 365 declared dangerous attacks and causes the death of a human, the 366 dog must shall be immediately confiscated by an animal control 367 authority; , placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper 368 length of time; impounded; and or held for 10 business days 369 after the owner is given written notification under s. 767.12, 370 and thereafter destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. 371 This 10-day time period shall allow The owner may to request a 372 hearing under s. 767.12 during the 10 business days after such 373 notification. If the owner files a written appeal under s. 374 767.12 or this section, the dog must be held and may not be 375 destroyed while the appeal is pending. The owner is responsible 376 for payment of all boarding costs and other fees as may be required to humanely and safely keep the animal during any 377

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appeal procedure.
Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 767.136, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:
767.136 Attack or bite by unclassified dog that causes
severe injury or death; penalties
(1) If a dog that has not been declared dangerous attacks
and causes severe injury to, or the death of, a human, and the
owner of the dog had knowledge of the dog's dangerous
propensities, yet failed to secure the dog in a proper enclosure
pursuant to s. 767.01(2) demonstrated a reckless disregard for
such propensities under the circumstances, the owner of the dog
commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as
provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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