$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$  the Committees on Fiscal Policy; and Judiciary; and Senators Collins and Wright

	594-03838-25 2025572c2
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to dangerous dogs; providing a short
3	title; amending s. 767.01, F.S.; requiring certain dog
4	owners to securely confine their dogs in a proper
5	enclosure; making technical changes; amending s.
6	767.10, F.S.; revising legislative findings relating
7	to dangerous dogs; reordering and amending s. 767.11,
8	F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 767.12, F.S.;
9	requiring, rather than authorizing, that dogs subject
10	to certain dangerous dog investigations which have
11	killed or bitten a human being to a certain severity
12	be immediately confiscated, placed in quarantine if
13	necessary, impounded, and held; requiring, rather than
14	authorizing, that such dogs be held until the
15	completion of certain actions; authorizing dogs that
16	are the subject of multiple dangerous dog
17	investigations to be immediately confiscated, placed
18	in quarantine, impounded, and held; requiring that
19	certain dogs not impounded with the animal control
20	authority be confined in a proper enclosure by the
21	owner; requiring the owner of a dog subject to a
22	dangerous dog investigation to provide certain
23	information to an animal control authority; requiring
24	the owner of a dog classified as dangerous to obtain a
25	certificate of registration for the dog from a certain
26	animal control authority and renew the certification
27	annually; authorizing an animal control authority to
28	issue certain certificates of registration to certain
29	persons if certain conditions have been met, including

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30	implantation of a microchip, spaying or neutering the
31	dog, and obtaining limited liability insurance;
32	requiring the owner of a dog classified as a dangerous
33	dog to obtain dangerous dog liability insurance
34	coverage and provide proof of such insurance to a
35	certain animal control authority; providing
36	requirements for such insurance; requiring and
37	authorizing an animal control authority to humanely
38	euthanize a dangerous dog under certain circumstances;
39	requiring an animal shelter, a humane organization, or
40	certain animal control agencies to provide specified
41	information to potential adopters; revising the
42	conditions under which an owner is authorized to
43	exercise a dangerous dog; revising the civil penalty
44	for violations; providing criminal penalties for
45	persons who resist or obstruct an animal control
46	authority; making technical changes; amending s.
47	767.13, F.S.; increasing a penalty; making technical
48	changes; conforming provisions to changes made by the
49	act; amending s. 767.135, F.S.; making technical
50	changes; conforming provisions to changes made by the
51	act; amending s. 767.136, F.S.; increasing a penalty
52	for the owner of a dog that causes severe injury to,
53	or the death of, a human; providing an effective date.
54	
55	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
56	
57	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Pam Rock Act."
58	Section 2. Section 767.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to
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594-03838-25 2025572c2 59 read: 60 767.01 Dog owner's liability for damages to persons, domestic animals, or livestock.-61 62 (1) A dog owner is <del>Owners of dogs shall be</del> liable for any 63 damage done by the owner's dog their dogs to a person or to any animal included in the definitions of "domestic animal" and 64 65 "livestock" as provided by s. 585.01. 66 (2) If a dog owner has knowledge of the dog's dangerous 67 propensities, the owner must securely confine the dog in a 68 proper enclosure as defined in s. 767.11. 69 Section 3. Section 767.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to 70 read: 767.10 Legislative findings.-The Legislature finds that 72 dangerous dogs are an increasingly serious and widespread threat 73 to the safety and welfare of the people of this state because of 74 unprovoked attacks which cause injury to persons and domestic 75 animals; that such attacks are in part attributable to the 76 failure of owners to confine and properly train and control 77 their dogs; that existing laws inadequately address this growing 78 problem; and that it is appropriate and necessary to impose 79 uniform requirements for dog the owners of dangerous dogs. 80 Section 4. Section 767.11, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read: 81 82 767.11 Definitions.-As used in this part act, unless the 83 context clearly requires otherwise: (3) (1) "Dangerous dog" means a any dog that according to 84 85 the records of the appropriate authority: (a) Has aggressively bitten, attacked, or endangered or has 86 87 inflicted severe injury on a human being on public or private Page 3 of 14

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

CS for CS for SB 572

594-03838-25 2025572c2 88 property; 89 (b) Has more than once severely injured or killed a 90 domestic animal while off the owner's property; or 91 (c) Has, when unprovoked, chased or approached a person 92 upon the streets, sidewalks, or any public grounds in a menacing fashion or apparent attitude of attack, provided that such 93 94 actions are attested to in a sworn statement by one or more 95 persons and dutifully investigated by the appropriate authority. 96 (7) "Unprovoked" means that the victim who has been conducting himself or herself peacefully and lawfully has been 97 98 bitten or chased in a menacing fashion or attacked by a dog. 99 (6) (3) "Severe injury" means any physical injury that 100 results in broken bones, multiple bites, or disfiguring 101 lacerations requiring sutures or reconstructive surgery. 102 (5) (4) "Proper enclosure of a dangerous dog" means, while 103 on the owner's property, a dangerous dog is securely confined 104 indoors or in a securely enclosed and locked pen or structure, 105 suitable to prevent the entry of young children and designed to 106 prevent the dog animal from escaping. The Such pen or structure 107 must shall have secure sides and a secure top to prevent the dog 108 from escaping over, under, or through the structure and must 109 shall also provide protection from the elements. 110 (1) "Animal control authority" means an entity acting 111 alone or in concert with other local governmental units and authorized by them to enforce the animal control laws of the 112 city, county, or state. In those areas not served by an animal 113 control authority, the sheriff shall carry out the duties of the 114

- 115
- 116

(2) (6) "Animal control officer" means any individual

animal control authority under this part act.

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117	employed, contracted with, or appointed by the animal control
118	authority for the purpose of aiding in the enforcement of this
119	part act or any other law or ordinance relating to the licensure
120	of animals, control of animals, or seizure and impoundment of
121	animals and includes any state or local law enforcement officer
122	or other employee whose duties in whole or in part include
123	assignments that involve the seizure and impoundment of <u>an</u> any
124	animal.
125	(4) (7) "Owner" means <u>a</u> any person, <u>a</u> firm, <u>a</u> corporation,
126	or <u>an</u> organization possessing, harboring, keeping, or having
127	control or custody of an animal or, if the animal is owned by a
128	person under the age of 18, that person's parent or guardian.
129	Section 5. Section 767.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to
130	read:
131	767.12 Classification of dogs as dangerous; <u>owner</u>
132	requirements; penalty certification of registration; notice and
133	hearing requirements; confinement of animal; exemption; appeals;
134	unlawful-acts
135	(1) An animal control authority shall investigate reported
136	incidents involving any dog that may be dangerous and, if
137	possible, shall interview the owner and require a sworn
138	affidavit from any person, including any animal control officer
139	or enforcement officer, desiring to have a dog classified as
140	dangerous.
141	(a) An animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog
142	investigation and that has killed a human being or has bitten a
143	human being and left a bite mark that scores 5 or higher on the
144	Dunbar bite scale must because of severe injury to a human being
145	may be immediately confiscated by an animal control authority: $\overline{\tau}$

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594-03838-25 2025572c2 146 placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of 147 time; , or impounded; and held. The animal must may be held 148 pending the outcome of the investigation and any hearings or 149 appeals related to the dangerous dog classification or any 150 penalty imposed under this section. If the dog is to be 151 destroyed, the dog may not be destroyed while an appeal is 152 pending. The owner is responsible for payment of all boarding 153 costs and other fees as may be required to humanely and safely 154 keep the animal pending any hearing or appeal. 155 (b) An animal that is the subject of any other a dangerous 156 dog investigation may be immediately confiscated by an animal control authority; placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the 157 158 proper length of time; impounded; and held. An animal that 159 investigation which is not impounded with the animal control 160 authority must be humanely and safely confined by the owner in a 161 proper enclosure securely fenced or enclosed area. The animal 162 shall be confined in such manner pending the outcome of the 163 investigation and the resolution of any hearings or appeals 164 related to the dangerous dog classification or any penalty 165 imposed under this section. The owner shall provide the address 166 at which the animal resides shall be provided to the animal 167 control authority. A dog that is the subject of a dangerous dog 168 investigation may not be relocated or have its ownership 169 transferred pending the outcome of the investigation and any 170 hearings or appeals related to the dangerous dog classification 171 or any penalty imposed under this section. If a dog is to be 172 destroyed, the dog may not be relocated or have its ownership 173 transferred.

# 174

(2) A dog may not be declared dangerous if any of the

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175 following apply:

(a) The threat, injury, or damage was sustained by a person
who, at the time, was unlawfully on the property or who, while
lawfully on the property, was tormenting, abusing, or assaulting
the dog or its owner or a family member.

(b) The dog was protecting or defending a human being
within the immediate vicinity of the dog from an unjustified
attack or assault.

(3) After the investigation, the animal control authority 183 184 shall make an initial determination as to whether there is 185 sufficient cause to classify the dog as dangerous and, if 186 sufficient cause is found, as to the appropriate penalty under 187 subsection (5). The animal control authority shall afford the owner an opportunity for a hearing before prior to making a 188 189 final determination regarding the classification or penalty. The 190 animal control authority shall provide written notification of 191 the sufficient cause finding and proposed penalty to the owner 192 by registered mail or  $\tau$  certified hand delivery  $\tau$  or service in 193 conformance with the provisions of chapter 48 relating to 194 service of process. The owner may file a written request for a hearing regarding the dangerous dog classification, penalty, or 195 196 both, within 7 calendar days after receipt of the notification 197 of the sufficient cause finding and proposed penalty. If the 198 owner requests a hearing, the hearing must shall be held as soon 199 as possible, but not later than 21 calendar days and not sooner 200 than 5 days after receipt of the request from the owner. If a 201 hearing is not timely requested regarding the dangerous dog 202 classification or proposed penalty, the determination of the 203 animal control authority as to such matter is shall become

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594-03838-25 2025572c2 204 final. Each applicable local governing authority shall establish 205 hearing procedures that conform to this subsection. 206 (4) Upon a dangerous dog classification and penalty 207 becoming final after a hearing or by operation of law pursuant 208 to subsection (3), the animal control authority shall provide a 209 written final order to the owner by registered mail or $_{\overline{r}}$ 210 certified hand delivery or service in conformance with the 211 provisions of chapter 48 relating to service of process. The owner may appeal the classification or  $\overline{r}$  penalty, or both, to the 212 213 circuit court in accordance with the Florida Rules of Appellate 214 Procedure after receipt of the final order. If the dog is not 215 held by the animal control authority, the owner must confine the 216 dog in a proper enclosure securely fenced or enclosed area 217 pending resolution of the appeal. Each applicable local 218 governing authority must establish appeal procedures that 219 conform to this subsection.

(5) (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), the owner of a dog classified as a dangerous dog shall <u>do all of the</u> <u>following</u>:

223 1. Upon Within 14 days after issuance of the final order 224 classifying the dog as dangerous or the conclusion of any appeal 225 that affirms such final order, obtain a certificate of registration for the dog from the animal control authority 226 227 serving the area in which he or she resides, and renew the certificate annually. Animal control authorities may are 228 229 authorized to issue such certificates of registration, and 230 renewals thereof, only to persons who are at least 18 years of 231 age and who present to the animal control authority sufficient evidence of all of the following: 232

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233	a. A current certificate of rabies vaccination for the dog.
234	b. A proper enclosure to confine <u>the</u> a dangerous dog and
235	the posting of the premises with a clearly visible warning sign
236	at all entry points which informs both children and adults of
237	the presence of a dangerous dog on the property.
238	c. Permanent identification of the dog $\underline{\mathrm{by}}_{r}$ such as a tattoo
239	on the inside thigh or electronic implantation of a microchip.
240	Any person who knowingly and willfully removes a microchip
241	implanted pursuant to this sub-subparagraph commits a felony of
242	the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
243	775.083, or s. 775.084.
244	d. The dog having been spayed or neutered.
245	e. Liability insurance as required by subparagraph 2.
246	
247	The appropriate governmental unit may impose an annual fee for
248	the issuance of certificates of registration required by this
249	section.
250	2. Upon issuance of the final order classifying the dog as
251	dangerous or the conclusion of any appeal that affirms such
252	final order, obtain liability insurance coverage in an amount of
253	at least \$100,000 to cover damages resulting from an attack by
254	the dangerous dog causing bodily injury to a person and provide
255	proof of the required liability insurance coverage to the animal
256	control authority for the area in which the dog is kept.
257	3. Immediately notify the appropriate animal control
258	authority when the dog:
259	a. Is loose or unconfined <u>;</u> .
260	b. Has bitten a human being or attacked another animal $\underline{;}$ .
261	c. Is sold, given away, or dies <u>; or</u> .
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262	d. Is moved to another address.
263	4. Before <u>selling or giving away the</u> a dangerous dog, <del>is</del>
264	sold or given away, the owner shall provide the name, address,
265	and telephone number of the new owner to the animal control
266	authority.
267	a. The new owner must comply with all of the requirements
268	$rac{\partial f}{\partial f}$ this section and <u>any</u> implementing local ordinances, even if
269	the animal is moved from one local jurisdiction to another
270	within <u>this</u> <del>the</del> state, and. The animal control officer must
271	notify the animal control authority be notified by the owner of
272	<del>a dog classified as dangerous</del> that the dog is in <u>the authority's</u>
273	<del>his or her</del> jurisdiction.
274	b. If a dangerous dog has killed a human being or has
275	bitten a human being and left a bite mark that scores 5 or
276	higher on the Dunbar bite scale and is surrendered to an animal
277	control authority, the authority must humanely euthanize the
278	dog.
279	c. For any other dangerous dog that is surrendered to an
280	animal control authority, the authority may humanely euthanize
281	the dog. If the animal control authority elects to place the
282	animal for adoption, it must post signage on the dog's enclosure
283	to inform potential adopters that the dog has been declared
284	dangerous and inform any adopter of the dog owner's requirements
285	under this section. The animal control authority must provide a
286	person who adopts a dangerous dog with a copy of the declaration
287	and must require them to sign a contract with the authority
288	agreeing to abide by the requirements of the declaration.
289	5.3. Not allow permit the dog to be outside a proper
290	enclosure unless the dog is muzzled and restrained by a

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594-03838-25 2025572c2 291 substantial chain or leash and under control of a competent 292 person. The muzzle must be made in a manner that will not cause 293 injury to the dog or interfere with its vision or respiration 294 but will prevent it from biting a person or an animal. The owner 295 may exercise the dog on the owner's property in a proper 296 enclosure securely fenced or enclosed area that does not have a 297  $top_r$  without a muzzle or leash r if the dog remains within the 298 owner's his or her sight and only members of the immediate 299 household or persons 18 years of age or older, if applicable, 300 are allowed in the enclosure when the dog is present. When being 301 transported, such dogs must be safely and securely restrained 302 within a vehicle.

303 (b) If a dog is classified as a dangerous dog due to an 304 incident that causes severe injury to a human being, based upon 305 the nature and circumstances of the injury and the likelihood of 306 a future threat to the public safety, health, and welfare, the 307 dog may be destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner.

308 (6) Hunting dogs are exempt from this section when engaged 309 in any legal hunt or training procedure. Dogs engaged in 310 training or exhibiting in legal sports such as obedience trials, 311 conformation shows, field trials, hunting/retrieving trials, and 312 herding trials are exempt from this section when engaged in any 313 legal procedures. However, such dogs at all other times in all 314 other respects are subject to this and local laws. Dogs that 315 have been classified as dangerous may not be used for hunting 316 purposes.

317 (7) A person who violates any provision of this section
318 commits a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a fine not to
319 exceed \$1,000 per violation. In addition, any person who resists

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320	or obstructs an animal control authority in enforcing this
321	section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
322	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083 <del>\$500</del> .
323	Section 6. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 767.13,
324	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
325	767.13 Attack or bite by dangerous dog; penalties;
326	confiscation; destruction
327	(1) If a dog that has previously been declared dangerous
328	attacks or bites a person or a domestic animal without
329	provocation, the owner <u>commits</u> <del>is guilty of</del> a misdemeanor of the
330	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
331	775.083. <del>In addition,</del> The dangerous dog <u>must</u> shall be
332	immediately confiscated by an animal control authority $_{; au}$ placed
333	in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time <u>;</u> , or
334	impounded; and held for 10 business days after the owner is
335	given written notification under s. 767.12, and thereafter
336	destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. <del>This 10-day time</del>
337	<del>period shall allow</del> The owner <u>may</u> <del>to</del> request a hearing under s.
338	767.12 during the 10 business days after such notification. The
339	owner <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> responsible for payment of all boarding costs
340	and other fees as may be required to humanely and safely keep
341	the animal during any appeal procedure.
342	(2) If a dog that has previously been declared dangerous

attacks and causes severe injury to or death of any human, the owner <u>commits</u> is guilty of a felony of the <u>second third</u> degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. <u>In addition</u>, The dog <u>must shall</u> be immediately confiscated by an animal control authority; placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time; <u>impounded</u>; and <del>or</del> held for 10

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594-03838-25 2025572c2 349 business days after the owner is given written notification 350 under s. 767.12, and thereafter destroyed in an expeditious and 351 humane manner. This 10-day time period shall allow The owner may 352 to request a hearing under s. 767.12 during the 10 business days 353 after such notification. The owner is shall be responsible for 354 payment of all boarding costs and other fees as may be required 355 to humanely and safely keep the animal during any appeal 356 procedure. 357 Section 7. Section 767.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to 358 read: 359 767.135 Attack or bite by unclassified dog that causes 360 death; confiscation; destruction.-If a dog that has not been 361 declared dangerous attacks and causes the death of a human, the 362 dog must shall be immediately confiscated by an animal control 363 authority; - placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper 364 length of time; impounded; and or held for 10 business days 365 after the owner is given written notification under s. 767.12, 366 and thereafter destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. 367 This 10-day time period shall allow The owner may to request a 368 hearing under s. 767.12 during the 10 business days after such 369 notification. If the owner files a written appeal under s. 370 767.12 or this section, the dog must be held and may not be 371 destroyed while the appeal is pending. The owner is responsible 372 for payment of all boarding costs and other fees as may be 373 required to humanely and safely keep the animal during any 374 appeal procedure. 375 Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 767.136, Florida

376 Statutes, is amended to read:

377

767.136 Attack or bite by unclassified dog that causes

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378	severe injury or death; penalties
379	(1) If a dog that has not been declared dangerous attacks
380	and causes severe injury to, or the death of, a human, and the
381	owner of the dog had knowledge of the dog's dangerous
382	propensities, yet demonstrated a reckless disregard for such
383	propensities under the circumstances, the owner of the dog
384	commits a misdemeanor of the <u>first</u> <del>second</del> degree, punishable as
385	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
386	Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.