CS/HB 593, Engrossed 1

2025 Legislature

1	
2	An act relating to dangerous dogs; providing a short
3	title; amending s. 767.01, F.S.; requiring certain dog
4	owners to securely confine their dogs in a proper
5	enclosure; making technical changes; amending s.
6	767.10, F.S.; revising legislative findings relating
7	to dangerous dogs; reordering and amending s. 767.11,
8	F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 767.12, F.S.;
9	requiring, rather than authorizing, that dogs subject
10	to certain dangerous dog investigations which have
11	killed or bitten a human being to a certain severity
12	be immediately confiscated, placed in quarantine if
13	necessary, impounded, and held; requiring, rather than
14	authorizing, that such dogs be held until the
15	completion of certain actions; authorizing dogs that
16	are the subject of multiple dangerous dog
17	investigations to be immediately confiscated, placed
18	in quarantine, impounded, and held; requiring that
19	certain dogs not impounded with the animal control
20	authority be confined in a proper enclosure by the
21	owner; requiring the owner of a dog subject to a
22	dangerous dog investigation to provide certain
23	information to an animal control authority; requiring
24	the owner of a dog classified as dangerous to obtain a
25	certificate of registration for the dog from a certain
	Dave 4 of 40

# Page 1 of 16

CS/HB 593, Engrossed 1

2025 Legislature

26 animal control authority and renew the certification 27 annually; authorizing an animal control authority to 28 issue certain certificates of registration to certain persons if certain conditions have been met, including 29 30 implantation of a microchip, spaying or neutering the 31 dog, and obtaining limited liability insurance; 32 requiring the owner of a dog classified as a dangerous 33 dog to obtain dangerous dog liability insurance coverage and provide proof of such insurance to a 34 35 certain animal control authority; providing 36 requirements for such insurance; requiring and 37 authorizing an animal control authority to humanely euthanize a dangerous dog under certain circumstances; 38 39 requiring an animal shelter, a humane organization, or certain animal control agencies to provide specified 40 41 information to potential adopters; revising the 42 conditions under which an owner is authorized to 43 exercise a dangerous dog; revising the civil penalty for violations; providing criminal penalties for 44 persons who resist or obstruct an animal control 45 authority; making technical changes; amending s. 46 767.13, F.S.; increasing a penalty for the owner of a 47 48 dog previously declared dangerous which attacks and 49 causes severe injury to or the death of any human; 50 making technical changes; conforming provisions to

#### Page 2 of 16

FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

ENROLLED

CS/HB 593, Engrossed 1

2025 Legislature

51	changes made by the act; amending s. 767.135, F.S.;
52	making technical changes; conforming provisions to
53	changes made by the act; amending s. 767.136, F.S.;
54	increasing a penalty for the owner of a dog that
55	causes severe injury to, or the death of, a human;
56	providing an effective date.
57	
58	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
59	
60	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Pam Rock Act."
61	Section 2. Section 767.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to
62	read:
63	767.01 Dog owner's liability for damages to persons,
64	domestic animals, or livestock
65	(1) A dog owner is <del>Owners of dogs shall be</del> liable for any
66	damage done by <u>the owner's dog</u> <del>their dogs</del> to a person or to any
67	animal included in the definitions of "domestic animal" and
68	"livestock" as provided by s. 585.01.
69	(2) If a dog owner has knowledge of the dog's dangerous
70	propensities, the owner must securely confine the dog in a
71	proper enclosure as defined in s. 767.11.
72	Section 3. Section 767.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to
73	read:
74	767.10 Legislative findings.—The Legislature finds that
75	dangerous dogs are an increasingly serious and widespread threat
	Page 3 of 16

2025 Legislature

to the safety and welfare of the people of this state because of unprovoked attacks which cause injury to persons and domestic animals; that such attacks are in part attributable to the failure of owners to confine and properly train and control their dogs; that existing laws inadequately address this growing problem; and that it is appropriate and necessary to impose uniform requirements for <u>dog the</u> owners <del>of dangerous dogs</del>.

83 Section 4. Section 767.11, Florida Statutes, is reordered 84 and amended to read:

85 767.11 Definitions.—As used in this part act, unless the 86 context clearly requires otherwise:

87 (3) (1) "Dangerous dog" means <u>a</u> any dog that according to
 88 the records of the appropriate authority:

(a) Has aggressively bitten, attacked, or endangered or
has inflicted severe injury on a human being on public or
private property;

92 (b) Has more than once severely injured or killed a93 domestic animal while off the owner's property; or

94 (c) Has, when unprovoked, chased or approached a person 95 upon the streets, sidewalks, or any public grounds in a menacing 96 fashion or apparent attitude of attack, provided that such 97 actions are attested to in a sworn statement by one or more 98 persons and dutifully investigated by the appropriate authority.

99 <u>(7)-(2)</u> "Unprovoked" means that the victim who has been 100 conducting himself or herself peacefully and lawfully has been

#### Page 4 of 16

2025 Legislature

101 bitten or chased in a menacing fashion or attacked by a dog.

102 <u>(6)(3)</u> "Severe injury" means any physical injury that 103 results in broken bones, multiple bites, or disfiguring 104 lacerations requiring sutures or reconstructive surgery.

105 (5) (4) "Proper enclosure of a dangerous dog" means, while on the owner's property, a dangerous dog is securely confined 106 107 indoors or in a securely enclosed and locked pen or structure, 108 suitable to prevent the entry of young children and designed to prevent the dog animal from escaping. The Such pen or structure 109 must shall have secure sides and a secure top to prevent the dog 110 from escaping over, under, or through the structure and must 111 112 shall also provide protection from the elements.

113 <u>(1)(5)</u> "Animal control authority" means an entity acting 114 alone or in concert with other local governmental units and 115 authorized by them to enforce the animal control laws of the 116 city, county, or state. In those areas not served by an animal 117 control authority, the sheriff shall carry out the duties of the 118 animal control authority under this part <del>act</del>.

119 (2)(6) "Animal control officer" means any individual 120 employed, contracted with, or appointed by the animal control 121 authority for the purpose of aiding in the enforcement of this 122 <u>part act</u> or any other law or ordinance relating to the licensure 123 of animals, control of animals, or seizure and impoundment of 124 animals and includes any state or local law enforcement officer 125 or other employee whose duties in whole or in part include

#### Page 5 of 16

CS/HB 593, Engrossed 1

2025 Legislature

126 assignments that involve the seizure and impoundment of <u>an</u> any 127 animal.

(4) (7) "Owner" means <u>a</u> any person, <u>a</u> firm, <u>a</u> corporation,
 or <u>an</u> organization possessing, harboring, keeping, or having
 control or custody of an animal or, if the animal is owned by a
 person under the age of 18, that person's parent or guardian.

Section 5. Section 767.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

134 767.12 Classification of dogs as dangerous; <u>owner</u> 135 <u>requirements; penalty</u> <del>certification of registration; notice and</del> 136 <del>hearing requirements; confinement of animal; exemption; appeals;</del> 137 <del>unlawful acts</del>.-

(1) An animal control authority shall investigate reported incidents involving any dog that may be dangerous and, if possible, shall interview the owner and require a sworn affidavit from any person, including any animal control officer or enforcement officer, desiring to have a dog classified as dangerous.

(a) An animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog
investigation and that has killed a human being or has bitten a
human being and left a bite mark that scores 5 or higher on the
Dunbar bite scale must because of severe injury to a human being
may be immediately confiscated by an animal control authority;
placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of
time;
or impounded; and held. The animal must may be held

### Page 6 of 16

2025 Legislature

pending the outcome of the investigation and any hearings or appeals related to the dangerous dog classification or any penalty imposed under this section. If the dog is to be destroyed, the dog may not be destroyed while an appeal is pending. The owner is responsible for payment of all boarding costs and other fees as may be required to humanely and safely keep the animal pending any hearing or appeal.

158 An animal that is the subject of any other a dangerous (b) 159 dog investigation may be immediately confiscated by an animal control authority; placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the 160 proper length of time; impounded; and held. An animal that 161 162 investigation which is not impounded with the animal control authority must be humanely and safely confined by the owner in a 163 164 proper enclosure securely fenced or enclosed area. The animal 165 shall be confined in such manner pending the outcome of the 166 investigation and the resolution of any hearings or appeals 167 related to the dangerous dog classification or any penalty 168 imposed under this section. The owner shall provide the address 169 at which the animal resides shall be provided to the animal 170 control authority. A dog that is the subject of a dangerous dog 171 investigation may not be relocated or have its ownership transferred pending the outcome of the investigation and any 172 hearings or appeals related to the dangerous dog classification 173 174 or any penalty imposed under this section. If a dog is to be 175 destroyed, the dog may not be relocated or have its ownership

#### Page 7 of 16

CS/HB 593, Engrossed 1

2025 Legislature

176 transferred.

177 (2) A dog may not be declared dangerous if <u>any of the</u>178 following apply:

(a) The threat, injury, or damage was sustained by a
person who, at the time, was unlawfully on the property or who,
while lawfully on the property, was tormenting, abusing, or
assaulting the dog or its owner or a family member.

(b) The dog was protecting or defending a human being
within the immediate vicinity of the dog from an unjustified
attack or assault.

(3) After the investigation, the animal control authority 186 187 shall make an initial determination as to whether there is sufficient cause to classify the dog as dangerous and, if 188 189 sufficient cause is found, as to the appropriate penalty under 190 subsection (5). The animal control authority shall afford the owner an opportunity for a hearing before prior to making a 191 192 final determination regarding the classification or penalty. The 193 animal control authority shall provide written notification of 194 the sufficient cause finding and proposed penalty to the owner 195 by registered mail or  $\tau$  certified hand delivery  $\tau$  or service in 196 conformance with the provisions of chapter 48 relating to service of process. The owner may file a written request for a 197 hearing regarding the dangerous dog classification, penalty, or 198 both, within 7 calendar days after receipt of the notification 199 of the sufficient cause finding and proposed penalty. If the 200

#### Page 8 of 16

2025 Legislature

201 owner requests a hearing, the hearing must shall be held as soon 202 as possible, but not later than 21 calendar days and not sooner 203 than 5 days after receipt of the request from the owner. If a 204 hearing is not timely requested regarding the dangerous dog 205 classification or proposed penalty, the determination of the 206 animal control authority as to such matter is shall become 207 final. Each applicable local governing authority shall establish 208 hearing procedures that conform to this subsection. Upon a dangerous dog classification and penalty 209 (4) 210 becoming final after a hearing or by operation of law pursuant to subsection (3), the animal control authority shall provide a 211 212 written final order to the owner by registered mail or $_{T}$ certified hand delivery or service in conformance with the 213 214 provisions of chapter 48 relating to service of process. The 215 owner may appeal the classification or  $\overline{r}$  penalty, or both, to the circuit court in accordance with the Florida Rules of Appellate 216 217 Procedure after receipt of the final order. If the dog is not 218 held by the animal control authority, the owner must confine the 219 dog in a proper enclosure securely fenced or enclosed area 220 pending resolution of the appeal. Each applicable local 221 governing authority must establish appeal procedures that 222 conform to this subsection.

(5) (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), the owner of a dog classified as a dangerous dog shall <u>do all of the</u> <u>following</u>:

#### Page 9 of 16

2025 Legislature

226	1. Upon Within 14 days after issuance of the final order
227	classifying the dog as dangerous or the conclusion of any appeal
228	that affirms such final order, obtain a certificate of
229	registration for the dog from the animal control authority
230	serving the area in which he or she resides, and renew the
231	certificate annually. Animal control authorities <u>may</u> are
232	authorized to issue such certificates of registration, and
233	renewals thereof, only to persons who are at least 18 years of
234	age and who present to the animal control authority sufficient
235	evidence of all of the following:
236	a. A current certificate of rabies vaccination for the
237	dog.
238	b. A proper enclosure to confine <u>the</u> a dangerous dog and
239	the posting of the premises with a clearly visible warning sign
240	at all entry points which informs both children and adults of
241	the presence of a dangerous dog on the property.
242	c. Permanent identification of the dog $\underline{by}_{r}$ such as a
243	tattoo on the inside thigh or electronic implantation of a
244	microchip. Any person who knowingly and willfully removes a
245	microchip implanted pursuant to this sub-subparagraph commits a
246	felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s.
247	775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
248	d. The dog having been spayed or neutered.
249	e. Liability insurance as required by subparagraph 2.
250	
	Page 10 of 16
	raye io ui io

The appropriate governmental unit may impose an annual fee for

ENROLLED

251

CS/HB 593, Engrossed 1

## 2025 Legislature

252	the issuance of certificates of registration required by this
253	section.
254	2. Upon issuance of the final order classifying the dog as
255	dangerous or the conclusion of any appeal that affirms such
256	final order, obtain liability insurance coverage in an amount of
257	at least \$100,000 to cover damages resulting from an attack by
258	the dangerous dog causing bodily injury to a person and provide
259	proof of the required liability insurance coverage to the animal
260	control authority for the area in which the dog is kept.
261	3. Immediately notify the appropriate animal control
262	authority when the dog:
263	a. Is loose or unconfined: $\overline{\cdot}$
264	b. Has bitten a human being or attacked another animal $\underline{;\cdot}$
265	c. Is sold, given away, or dies <u>; or</u> -
266	d. Is moved to another address.
267	<u>4.</u> Before <u>selling or giving away the</u> <del>a</del> dangerous dog, <del>is</del>
268	sold or given away, the owner shall provide the name, address,
269	and telephone number of the new owner to the animal control
270	authority.
271	a. The new owner must comply with all of the requirements
272	$rac{\partial f}{\partial f}$ this section and any implementing local ordinances, even if
273	the animal is moved from one local jurisdiction to another
274	within <u>this</u> <del>the</del> state, and. The animal control officer must
275	notify the animal control authority be notified by the owner of

## Page 11 of 16

CS/HB 593, Engrossed 1

2025 Legislature

276	<del>a dog classified as dangerous</del> that the dog is in <u>the authority's</u>
277	his or her jurisdiction.
278	b. If a dangerous dog has killed a human being or has
279	bitten a human being and left a bite mark that scores 5 or
280	higher on the Dunbar bite scale and is surrendered to an animal
281	control authority, the authority must humanely euthanize the
282	dog.
283	c. For any other dangerous dog that is surrendered to an
284	animal control authority, the authority may humanely euthanize
285	the dog. If the animal control authority elects to place the
286	animal for adoption, it must post signage on the dog's enclosure
287	to inform potential adopters that the dog has been declared
288	dangerous and inform any adopter of the dog owner's requirements
289	under this section. The animal control authority must provide a
290	person who adopts a dangerous dog with a copy of the declaration
291	and must require them to sign a contract with the authority
292	agreeing to abide by the requirements of the declaration.
293	5.3. Not allow permit the dog to be outside a proper
294	enclosure unless the dog is muzzled and restrained by a
295	substantial chain or leash and under control of a competent
296	person. The muzzle must be made in a manner that will not cause
297	injury to the dog or interfere with its vision or respiration
298	but will prevent it from biting a person or <u>an</u> animal. The owner
299	may exercise the dog <u>on the owner's property</u> in a <u>proper</u>
300	enclosure securely fenced or enclosed area that does not have a
	Page 12 of 16

2025 Legislature

301 top, without a muzzle or leash, if the dog remains within the 302 <u>owner's</u> his or her sight and only members of the immediate 303 household or persons 18 years of age or older, if applicable, 304 are allowed in the enclosure when the dog is present. When being 305 transported, such dogs must be safely and securely restrained 306 within a vehicle.

(b) If a dog is classified as a dangerous dog due to an incident that causes severe injury to a human being, based upon the nature and circumstances of the injury and the likelihood of a future threat to the public safety, health, and welfare, the dog may be destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner.

312 (6) Hunting dogs are exempt from this section when engaged 313 in any legal hunt or training procedure. Dogs engaged in 314 training or exhibiting in legal sports such as obedience trials, 315 conformation shows, field trials, hunting/retrieving trials, and herding trials are exempt from this section when engaged in any 316 317 legal procedures. However, such dogs at all other times in all 318 other respects are subject to this and local laws. Dogs that 319 have been classified as dangerous may not be used for hunting 320 purposes.

(7) A person who violates any provision of this section
commits a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a fine not to
exceed \$1,000 per violation. In addition, any person who resists
or obstructs an animal control authority in enforcing this
section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as

#### Page 13 of 16

CS/HB 593, Engrossed 1

2025 Legislature

326	<u>provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083</u> <del>\$500</del> .
327	Section 6. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 767.13,
328	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
329	767.13 Attack or bite by dangerous dog; penalties;
330	confiscation; destruction
331	(1) If a dog that has previously been declared dangerous
332	attacks or bites a person or a domestic animal without
333	provocation, the owner <u>commits</u> <del>is guilty of</del> a misdemeanor of the
334	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
335	775.083. <del>In addition,</del> The dangerous dog <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> be
336	immediately confiscated by an animal control authority $\underline{\cdot}_{\mathcal{T}}$ placed
337	in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time <u>;</u> , or
338	impounded; and held for 10 business days after the owner is
339	given written notification under s. 767.12, and thereafter
340	destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. <del>This 10-day time</del>
341	$rac{ extsf{period shall allow}}{ extsf{allow}}$ The owner $rac{ extsf{may}}{ extsf{to}}$ request a hearing under s.
342	767.12 during the 10 business days after such notification. The
343	owner <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> responsible for payment of all boarding costs
344	and other fees as may be required to humanely and safely keep
345	the animal during any appeal procedure.
346	(2) If a dog that has previously been declared dangerous

(2) If a dog that has previously been declared dangerous
attacks and causes severe injury to or death of any human, the
owner <u>commits</u> is guilty of a felony of the <u>second</u> third degree,
punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
In addition, The dog must shall be immediately confiscated by an

## Page 14 of 16

2025 Legislature

351 animal control authority;  $\tau$  placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time; impounded; and <del>or</del> held for 10 352 353 business days after the owner is given written notification under s. 767.12, and thereafter destroyed in an expeditious and 354 355 humane manner. This 10-day time period shall allow The owner may to request a hearing under s. 767.12 during the 10 business days 356 357 after such notification. The owner is shall be responsible for 358 payment of all boarding costs and other fees as may be required 359 to humanely and safely keep the animal during any appeal 360 procedure.

361 Section 7. Section 767.135, Florida Statutes, is amended 362 to read:

767.135 Attack or bite by unclassified dog that causes 363 364 death; confiscation; destruction.-If a dog that has not been 365 declared dangerous attacks and causes the death of a human, the dog must shall be immediately confiscated by an animal control 366 367 authority; - placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper 368 length of time; impounded; and or held for 10 business days 369 after the owner is given written notification under s. 767.12, 370 and thereafter destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. 371 This 10-day time period shall allow The owner may to request a 372 hearing under s. 767.12 during the 10 business days after such 373 notification. If the owner files a written appeal under s. 374 767.12 or this section, the dog must be held and may not be 375 destroyed while the appeal is pending. The owner is responsible

### Page 15 of 16

CS/HB 593, Engrossed 1

2025 Legislature

376 for payment of all boarding costs and other fees as may be 377 required to humanely and safely keep the animal during any 378 appeal procedure.

379 Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 767.136, Florida380 Statutes, is amended to read:

381 767.136 Attack or bite by unclassified dog that causes 382 severe injury or death; penalties.-

(1) If a dog that has not been declared dangerous attacks and causes severe injury to, or the death of, a human, and the owner of the dog had knowledge of the dog's dangerous propensities, yet demonstrated a reckless disregard for such propensities under the circumstances, the owner of the dog commits a misdemeanor of the <u>first</u> second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

390

Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

Page 16 of 16