1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to grandparent visitation rights;
3	amending s. 752.011, F.S.; authorizing a grandparent
4	of a minor child to petition a court for court-ordered
5	visitation with the child in certain circumstances;
6	making technical changes; reenacting ss. 752.015 and
7	752.071, F.S., relating to mediation of visitation
8	disputes and the effect of adoption by a stepparent or
9	close relative, respectively, to incorporate the
10	amendments made to s. 752.011, F.S., in references
11	thereto; providing an effective date.
12	
13	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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15	Section 1. Section 752.011, Florida Statutes, is amended
16	to read:
17	752.011 Petition for grandparent visitation with a minor
18	child
19	(1)(a) A grandparent of a minor child whose parents are
20	deceased, missing, or in a persistent vegetative state <u>may</u>
21	petition the court for court-ordered visitation with the child
22	under this section., or
23	(b) A grandparent of a minor child whose one parent is
24	deceased, missing, or in a persistent vegetative state and whose
25	other parent has been convicted of a felony or an offense of
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26 violence evincing behavior that poses a substantial threat of 27 harm to the minor child's health or welfare, may petition the 28 court for court-ordered visitation with the child grandchild 29 under this section. 30 (c) A grandparent of a minor child whose one parent is deceased, missing, or in a persistent vegetative state may 31 32 petition the court for court-ordered visitation with the child 33 under this section if: 34 1. The child resided in the same household as the 35 grandparent for at least 6 months during the 12-month period 36 immediately preceding the parent's death, disappearance, or 37 persistent vegetative state; 38 2. The child did not live in the same household as the 39 other parent for at least 6 months during that preceding 12-40 month period; and 41 3. Eliminating the child's contact with the grandparent 42 would pose a substantial threat of harm to the physical, mental, 43 or emotional well-being of the child. (2) (1) Upon the filing of a petition by a grandparent for 44 45 visitation, the court shall hold a preliminary hearing to 46 determine whether the petitioner has made a prima facie showing of parental unfitness or significant harm to the child. Absent 47 48 such a showing, the court shall dismiss the petition and may 49 award reasonable attorney fees and costs to be paid by the 50 petitioner to the respondent.

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51 (3) (2) Notwithstanding subsection (2) (1), if the court 52 finds that one parent of a child has been held criminally liable 53 for the death of the other parent of the child or civilly liable for an intentional tort causing the death of the other parent of 54 the child, there is a presumption for granting reasonable 55 56 visitation with the petitioning grandparent or stepgrandparent 57 if he or she is the parent of the child's deceased parent. This 58 presumption may only be overcome if the court finds that 59 granting such visitation is not in the best interests of the 60 child.

61 <u>(4)</u>(3) If the court finds that there is prima facie 62 evidence that a parent is unfit or that there is significant 63 harm to the child, the court may appoint a guardian ad litem and 64 <u>must shall</u> refer the matter to family mediation as provided in 65 s. 752.015. If family mediation does not successfully resolve 66 the issue of grandparent visitation, the court <u>must shall</u> 67 proceed with a final hearing.

68 (5) (4) After conducting a final hearing on the issue of 69 visitation, the court may award reasonable visitation to the 70 grandparent with respect to the minor child if the court finds 71 by clear and convincing evidence that a parent is unfit or that 72 there is significant harm to the child, that visitation is in 73 the best interests interest of the minor child, and that the 74 visitation will not materially harm the parent-child 75 relationship.

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76 <u>(6)(5)</u> In assessing the best interests of the child under 77 subsection <u>(5)</u>(4), the court shall consider the totality of the 78 circumstances affecting the mental and emotional well-being of 79 the minor child, including:

80 (a) The love, affection, and other emotional ties existing
81 between the minor child and the grandparent, including those
82 resulting from the relationship that had been previously allowed
83 by the child's parent.

(b) The length and quality of the previous relationship
between the minor child and the grandparent, including the
extent to which the grandparent was involved in providing
regular care and support for the child.

(c) Whether the grandparent established ongoing personal contact with the minor child before the death of the parent, before the onset of the parent's persistent vegetative state, or before the parent was missing.

92 (d) The reasons cited by the respondent parent in ending
93 contact or visitation between the minor child and the
94 grandparent.

95 (e) Whether there has been significant and demonstrable
96 mental or emotional harm to the minor child as a result of the
97 disruption in the family unit, whether the child derived support
98 and stability from the grandparent, and whether the continuation
99 of such support and stability is likely to prevent further harm.
100 (f) The existence or threat to the minor child of mental

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101 injury as defined in s. 39.01.

102 (g) The present mental, physical, and emotional health of 103 the minor child.

(h) The present mental, physical, and emotional health ofthe grandparent.

106 (i) The recommendations of the minor child's guardian ad 107 litem, if one is appointed.

108 (j) The result of any psychological evaluation of the 109 minor child.

(k) The preference of the minor child if the child isdetermined to be of sufficient maturity to express a preference.

(1) A written testamentary statement by the deceased parent regarding visitation with the grandparent. The absence of a testamentary statement is not deemed to provide evidence that the deceased or missing parent or parent in a persistent vegetative state would have objected to the requested visitation.

(m) Other factors that the court considers necessary to making its determination.

120 <u>(7)(6)</u> In assessing material harm to the parent-child 121 relationship under subsection <u>(5)</u> (4), the court shall consider 122 the totality of the circumstances affecting the parent-child 123 relationship, including:

(a) Whether there have been previous disputes between thegrandparent and the parent over childrearing or other matters

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126 related to the care and upbringing of the minor child.

(b) Whether visitation would materially interfere with orcompromise parental authority.

(c) Whether visitation can be arranged in a manner that does not materially detract from the parent-child relationship, including the quantity of time available for enjoyment of the parent-child relationship and any other consideration related to disruption of the schedule and routine of the parent and the minor child.

(d) Whether visitation is being sought for the primary purpose of continuing or establishing a relationship with the minor child with the intent that the child benefit from the relationship.

(e) Whether the requested visitation would expose the
minor child to conduct, moral standards, experiences, or other
factors that are inconsistent with influences provided by the
parent.

(f) The nature of the relationship between the child's parent and the grandparent.

(g) The reasons cited by the parent in ending contact or visitation between the minor child and the grandparent which was previously allowed by the parent.

(h) The psychological toll of visitation disputes on theminor child.

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(i) Other factors that the court considers necessary in

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151 making its determination.

152 <u>(8) (7)</u> Part II of chapter 61 applies to actions brought 153 under this section.

154 <u>(9)(8)</u> If actions under this section and s. 61.13 are 155 pending concurrently, the courts are strongly encouraged to 156 consolidate the actions in order to minimize the burden of 157 litigation on the minor child and the other parties.

158 <u>(10) (9)</u> An order for grandparent visitation may be 159 modified upon a showing by the person petitioning for 160 modification that a substantial change in circumstances has 161 occurred and that modification of visitation is in the best 162 interests interest of the minor child.

(11) (10) An original action requesting visitation under 163 this section may be filed by a grandparent only once during any 164 165 2-year period, except on good cause shown that the minor child 166 is suffering, or may suffer, significant and demonstrable mental 167 or emotional harm caused by a parental decision to deny 168 visitation between a minor child and the grandparent, which was 169 not known to the grandparent at the time of filing an earlier 170 action.

171 <u>(12)(11)</u> This section does not provide for grandparent 172 visitation with a minor child placed for adoption under chapter 173 63 except as provided in s. 752.071 with respect to adoption by 174 a stepparent or close relative.

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(13) (12) Venue must shall be in the county where the minor

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176 child primarily resides, unless venue is otherwise governed by 177 chapter 39, chapter 61, or chapter 63.

178 Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 179 made by this act to section 752.011, Florida Statutes, in a 180 reference thereto, section 752.015, Florida Statutes, is 181 reenacted to read:

182 752.015 Mediation of visitation disputes.-It is the public 183 policy of this state that families resolve differences over grandparent visitation within the family. It is the further 184 185 public policy of this state that, when families are unable to 186 resolve differences relating to grandparent visitation, the 187 family participate in any formal or informal mediation services that may be available. If families are unable to resolve 188 189 differences relating to grandparent visitation and a petition is 190 filed pursuant to s. 752.011, the court shall, if such services are available in the circuit, refer the case to family mediation 191 in accordance with the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. 192

193 Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 194 made by this act to section 752.011, Florida Statutes, in a 195 reference thereto, section 752.071, Florida Statutes, is 196 reenacted to read:

197 752.071 Effect of adoption by stepparent or close 198 relative.—After the adoption of a minor child by a stepparent or 199 close relative, the stepparent or close relative may petition 200 the court to terminate an order granting grandparent visitation

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201 under this chapter which was entered before the adoption. The 202 court may terminate the order unless the grandparent is able to 203 show that the criteria of s. 752.011 authorizing the visitation 204 continue to be satisfied.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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