By the Committees on Transportation; and Criminal Justice; and Senator Martin

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to boating safety; providing a short title; amending s. 327.02, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "livery vessel"; amending s. 327.30, F.S.; revising and providing penalties for vessel collisions, accidents, and casualties; amending s. 327.33, F.S.; revising and providing penalties for reckless or careless operation of a vessel; creating s. 327.35105, F.S.; requiring the suspension of driver licenses for boating under the influence and reckless or careless operation of a vessel; amending s. 327.54, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "livery"; amending s. 327.731, F.S.; requiring a person convicted of a certain criminal violation or certain noncriminal infractions within a specified period to complete a boater safety education course; amending s. 782.072, F.S.; defining the term "unborn child"; revising the definition of the term "vessel homicide"; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. This act may be cited as "Lucy's Law."

Section 2. Subsection (24) of section 327.02, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

327.02 Definitions.—As used in this chapter and in chapter 328, unless the context clearly requires a different meaning, the term:

(24) "Livery vessel" means a leased or rented vessel

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leased, rented, or chartered to another for consideration.

Section 3. Subsection (5) of section 327.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

327.30 Collisions, accidents, and casualties.-

- (5) It is unlawful for a person operating a vessel involved in an accident or injury to leave the scene of the accident or injury without giving all possible aid to all persons involved and making a reasonable effort to locate the owner or persons affected and subsequently complying with and notifying the appropriate law enforcement official as required under this section.
- (a) If a Any person who violates this subsection and the with respect to an accident results resulting in:
- 1. Property damage only, the person commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- 2. Injury to a person other than serious bodily injury, the person commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- 3. Serious bodily injury, the person commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- 4. The death of another person or an unborn child, the person commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) If a person operating a vessel involved in an accident that results in the death of another person or an unborn child provides a false statement to an investigating law enforcement officer, the person personal injury commits a felony of the

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third degree, punishable as provided in <u>s. 775.082</u> or <u>s. 775.083</u> s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or <u>s. 775.084</u>. Any person who violates this subsection with respect to an accident resulting in property damage only commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in <u>s. 775.082</u> or <u>s. 775.083</u>.

Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 327.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 327.33 Reckless or careless operation of vessel.-
- (1) It is unlawful to operate a vessel in a reckless manner. A person who operates any vessel, or manipulates any water skis, aquaplane, or similar device, in willful or wanton disregard for the safety of persons or property at a speed or in a manner as to endanger, or likely to endanger, life or limb, or damage the property of, or injure a person is guilty of reckless operation of a vessel. Reckless operation of a vessel includes, but is not limited to, a violation of s. 327.331(6). If a person who violates this subsection and the violation:
- (a) Does not result in an accident, the person commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (b) Results in an accident that does not cause serious bodily injury, the person commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (c) Results in an accident that causes serious bodily injury, the person commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (d) Results in an accident that causes the death of another person or an unborn child, the person commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083,

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88 or s. 775.084.

Section 5. Section 327.35105, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

327.35105 Additional penalty for boating under the influence or reckless or careless operation of vessel.—The driver license of a person who is convicted of a violation of s. 327.33 or s. 327.35 must be suspended until all orders of the court have been satisfied.

Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 327.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

327.54 Liveries; safety regulations; penalty.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (c) "Livery" means a person who advertises and offers a livery vessel for use by another in exchange for any type of consideration when such person does not also provide or does not require the lessee or renter to provide as a condition of the rental or lease agreement a person licensed by the United States Coast Guard to serve as master of the vessel or to with a captain, a crew, or any type of staff or personnel to operate, oversee, maintain, or manage the vessel. The owner of a vessel who does not advertise his or her vessel for use by another for consideration and who loans or offers his or her vessel for use to another known to him or her either for consideration or without consideration is not a livery. A public or private school or postsecondary institution located within this state is not a livery. A vessel rented or leased by a livery is a livery vessel as defined in s. 327.02.

Section 7. Present subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 327.731, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (3),

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(4), and (5), respectively, a new subsection (2) is added to that section, and subsection (1) and present subsection (3) of that section are amended, to read:

327.731 Mandatory education for violators.

- (1) A person convicted of a criminal violation under this chapter, convicted of a noncriminal infraction under this chapter if the infraction resulted in a reportable boating accident, or convicted of <u>a</u> two noncriminal infractions infraction as specified in s. 327.73(1)(h)-(k), (m), (o), (p), and (s)-(y), the infractions occurring within a 12-month period, must:
- (a) Enroll in, attend, and successfully complete, at his or her own expense, a classroom or online boating safety course that is approved by and meets the minimum standards established by commission rule;
- (b) File with the commission within 90 days proof of successful completion of the course; and
- (c) Refrain from operating a vessel until he or she has filed proof of successful completion of the course with the commission; and
- (d) Pay a fine of \$500. The clerk of the court shall remit all fines assessed and collected under this paragraph to the Department of Revenue to be deposited into the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund to support law enforcement activities.
- (2) A person convicted of a criminal violation under this chapter, convicted of a noncriminal infraction under this chapter if the infraction resulted in a reportable boating accident, or convicted of two noncriminal infractions as specified in s. 327.73(1)(h)-(k), (m), (o), (p), and (s)-(y),

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occurring within a 12-month period, must pay a fine of \$500 and
complete a boater safety education course that meets the
requirements of s. 327.395. The clerk of the court shall remit
all fines assessed and collected under this subsection to the
Department of Revenue to be deposited into the Marine Resources

(4) (3) The commission shall print on the reverse side of the defendant's copy of the boating citation a notice of the provisions of this section. Upon conviction, the clerk of the court shall notify the defendant that it is unlawful for him or her to operate any vessel until he or she has complied with this section, but failure of the clerk of the court to provide such a notice shall not be a defense to a charge of unlawful operation of a vessel under subsection (3) (2).

Conservation Trust Fund to support law enforcement activities.

Section 8. Section 782.072, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

782.072 Vessel homicide.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- 164 (a) "Unborn child" has the same meaning as in s.
  165 775.021(5)(e).
  - (b) "Vessel homicide" means is the killing of a human being, including the death of an unborn child caused by injury to the mother, by the operation of a vessel as defined in s. 327.02 by another in a reckless manner likely to cause the death of, or great bodily harm to, another.
    - (2) Vessel homicide is:
- 172 <u>(a) (1)</u> A felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
  - (b) (2) A felony of the first degree, punishable as provided

596-02312-25 2025628c2 175 in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if:  $1.\frac{(a)}{(a)}$  At the time of the accident, the person knew, or 176 177 should have known, that the accident occurred; and 178 2.(b) The person failed to give information and render aid 179 as required by s. 327.30(1). 180 181 This subsection does not require that the person knew that the accident resulted in injury or death. 182 183 Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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