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A bill to be entitled An act relating to roofing services; amending s. 489.105, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "roofing contractor"; reenacting ss. 489.107(4)(b), 489.113(2), 489.117(1)(a), (2)(a) and (b), and (4)(a), 489.118(1), 489.126(1), 489.131(10) and (11), and 877.02(2), F.S.; relating to the Construction Industry Licensing Board, qualifications for practice and restrictions, registration and specialty contractors, certification of registered contractors and grandfathering provisions, moneys received by contractors, applicability, and solicitation of legal services or retainers therefor and penalty, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 489.105, F.S., in references thereto; amending s. 489.147, F.S.; providing applicability; revising the official start date that a residential property owner may cancel a contract to replace or repair a roof without penalty or obligation; revising the language required to be in a contract, or attached thereto, to replace or repair a roof that is executed within a specified time of a declaration of a state of emergency; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section 489.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.105 Definitions.—As used in this part:

- "Contractor" means the person who is qualified for, and is only responsible for, the project contracted for and means, except as exempted in this part, the person who, for compensation, undertakes to, submits a bid to, or does himself or herself or by others construct, repair, alter, remodel, add to, demolish, subtract from, or improve any building or structure, including related improvements to real estate, for others or for resale to others; and whose job scope is substantially similar to the job scope described in one of the paragraphs of this subsection. For the purposes of regulation under this part, the term "demolish" applies only to demolition of steel tanks more than 50 feet in height; towers more than 50 feet in height; other structures more than 50 feet in height; and all buildings or residences. Contractors are subdivided into two divisions, Division I, consisting of those contractors defined in paragraphs (a)-(c), and Division II, consisting of those contractors defined in paragraphs (d)-(q):
- (e) "Roofing contractor" means a contractor whose services are unlimited in the roofing trade and who has the experience, knowledge, and skill to install, maintain, repair, alter, extend, or design, if not prohibited by law, and use materials

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and items used in the installation, maintenance, extension, and alteration of all kinds of roofing, waterproofing, and coating, except when coating is not represented to protect, repair, waterproof, stop leaks, or extend the life of the roof. The scope of work of a roofing contractor also includes all of the following and any related work: skylights; and any related work, required roof-deck attachments; , and any repair or replacement of wood roof sheathing or fascia as needed during roof repair or replacement; and the evaluation and enhancement of roof-to-wall connections for structures with wood roof decking as described in Section 706 of the Florida Building Code-Existing Building, provided that any enhancement, which was properly installed and inspected in accordance with the Office of Insurance Regulation uniform mitigation verification inspection form, the Florida Building Code, or project specific engineering that exceeds these requirements, is done in conjunction with a roof covering replacement or repair and any related work.

Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 489.105, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 489.107, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 489.107 Construction Industry Licensing Board.-
- (4) The board shall be divided into two divisions, Division I and Division II.
 - (b) Division II is comprised of the roofing contractor,

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sheet metal contractor, air-conditioning contractor, mechanical contractor, pool contractor, plumbing contractor, and underground utility and excavation contractor members of the board; one of the members appointed pursuant to paragraph (2)(j); and one of the members appointed pursuant to paragraph (2)(k). Division II has jurisdiction over the regulation of contractors defined in s. 489.105(3)(d)-(p).

Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 489.105, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 489.113, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

489.113 Qualifications for practice; restrictions.-

engage in the business of contracting in this state. However, for purposes of complying with the provisions of this chapter, a subcontractor who is not certified or registered may perform construction work under the supervision of a person who is certified or registered, provided that the work is within the scope of the supervising contractor's license, the supervising contractor is responsible for the work, and the subcontractor being supervised is not engaged in construction work that would require a license as a contractor under any of the categories listed in s. 489.105(3)(d)-(o). This subsection does not affect the application of any local construction licensing ordinances. To enforce this subsection:

(a) The department shall issue a cease and desist order to prohibit any person from engaging in the business of contracting who does not hold the required certification or registration for the work being performed under this part. For the purpose of enforcing a cease and desist order, the department may file a proceeding in the name of the state seeking issuance of an injunction or a writ of mandamus against any person who violates any provision of such order.

(b) A county, municipality, or local licensing board created by special act may issue a cease and desist order to prohibit any person from engaging in the business of contracting who does not hold the required certification or registration for the work being performed under this part.

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 489.105, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2), and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 489.117, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

489.117 Registration; specialty contractors.-

(1) (a) A person engaged in the business of a contractor as defined in s. 489.105(3)(a)-(o) must be registered before engaging in business as a contractor in this state, unless he or she is certified. Except as provided in paragraph (2)(b), to be initially registered, the applicant must submit the required fee and file evidence of successful compliance with the local

examination and licensing requirements, if any, in the area for which registration is desired. An examination is not required for registration.

- (2) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the board may not issue a new registration after July 1, 1993, based on any certificate of competency or license for a category of contractor defined in s. 489.105(3)(a)-(o) which is issued by a municipal or county government that does not exercise disciplinary control and oversight over such locally licensed contractors, including forwarding a recommended order in each action to the board as provided in s. 489.131(7). For purposes of this subsection and s. 489.131(10), the board shall determine the adequacy of such disciplinary control by reviewing the local government's ability to process and investigate complaints and to take disciplinary action against locally licensed contractors.
- (b) The board shall issue a registration to an eligible applicant to engage in the business of a contractor in a specified local jurisdiction, provided each of the following conditions are satisfied:
- 1. The applicant held, in any local jurisdiction in this state during 2021, 2022, or 2023, a certificate of registration issued by the state or a local license issued by a local jurisdiction to perform work in a category of contractor defined in s. 489.105(3)(a)-(o).

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2. The applicant submits all of the following to the board:

- a. Evidence of the certificate of registration or local license held by the applicant as required by subparagraph 1.
- b. Evidence that the specified local jurisdiction does not have a license type available for the category of work for which the applicant was issued a certificate of registration or local license during 2021, 2022, or 2023, such as a notification on the website of the local jurisdiction or an e-mail or letter from the office of the local building official or local building department stating that such license type is not available in that local jurisdiction.
- c. Evidence that the applicant has submitted the required fee.
- d. Evidence of compliance with the insurance and financial responsibility requirements of s. 489.115(5).

An examination is not required for an applicant seeking a registration under this paragraph.

(4)(a)1. A person whose job scope does not substantially correspond to either the job scope of one of the contractor categories defined in s. 489.105(3)(a)-(o), or the job scope of one of the certified specialty contractor categories established by board rule, is not required to register with the board. A local government, as defined in s. 163.211, may not require a

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person to obtain a license, issued by the local government or the state, for a job scope which does not substantially correspond to the job scope of one of the contractor categories defined in s. 489.105(3)(a)-(o) and (q) or authorized in s. 489.1455(1), or the job scope of one of the certified specialty contractor categories established pursuant to s. 489.113(6). A local government may not require a state or local license to obtain a permit for such job scopes. For purposes of this section, job scopes for which a local government may not require a license include, but are not limited to, painting; flooring; cabinetry; interior remodeling when the scope of the project does not include a task for which a state license is required; driveway or tennis court installation; handyman services; decorative stone, tile, marble, granite, or terrazzo installation; plastering; pressure washing; stuccoing; caulking; and canvas awning and ornamental iron installation.

- 2. A county that includes an area designated as an area of critical state concern under s. 380.05 may offer a license for any job scope which requires a contractor license under this part if the county imposed such a licensing requirement before January 1, 2021.
- 3. A local government may continue to offer a license for veneer, including aluminum or vinyl gutters, siding, soffit, or fascia; rooftop painting, coating, and cleaning above three stories in height; or fence installation and erection if the

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local government imposed such a licensing requirement before
January 1, 2021.

- 4. A local government may not require a license as a prerequisite to submit a bid for public works projects if the work to be performed does not require a license under general law.
- Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 489.105, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 489.118, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
- 489.118 Certification of registered contractors; grandfathering provisions.—The board shall, upon receipt of a completed application and appropriate fee, issue a certificate in the appropriate category to any contractor registered under this part who makes application to the board and can show that he or she meets each of the following requirements:
- (1) Currently holds a valid registered local license in one of the contractor categories defined in s. 489.105(3)(a)(p).
- Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 489.105, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 489.126, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
 - 489.126 Moneys received by contractors.-
 - (1) For purposes of this section, the term "contractor"

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includes all definitions as set forth in s. 489.105(3), and any person performing or contracting or promising to perform work described therein, without regard to the licensure of the person.

Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 489.105, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsections (10) and (11) of section 489.131, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

489.131 Applicability.-

- (10) No municipal or county government may issue any certificate of competency or license for any contractor defined in s. 489.105(3)(a)-(o) after July 1, 1993, unless such local government exercises disciplinary control and oversight over such locally licensed contractors, including forwarding a recommended order in each action to the board as provided in subsection (7). Each local board that licenses and disciplines contractors must have at least two consumer representatives on that board. If the board has seven or more members, at least three of those members must be consumer representatives. The consumer representative may be any resident of the local jurisdiction who is not, and has never been, a member or practitioner of a profession regulated by the board or a member of any closely related profession.
- (11) Any municipal or county government which enters or has in place a reciprocal agreement which accepts a certificate

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of competency or license issued by another municipal or county government in lieu of its own certificate of competency or license allowing contractors defined in s. 489.105(3)(a)-(o), shall file a certified copy of such agreement with the board not later than 60 days after July 1, 1993, or 30 days after the effective date of such agreement.

Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 489.105, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 877.02, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

877.02 Solicitation of legal services or retainers therefor; penalty.—

(2) It shall be unlawful for any person in the employ of or in any capacity attached to any hospital, sanitarium, police department, wrecker service or garage, prison or court, for a person authorized to furnish bail bonds, investigators, photographers, insurance or public adjusters, or for a general or other contractor as defined in s. 489.105 or other business providing sinkhole remediation services, to communicate directly or indirectly with any attorney or person acting on said attorney's behalf for the purpose of aiding, assisting, or abetting such attorney in the solicitation of legal business or the procurement through solicitation of a retainer, written or oral, or any agreement authorizing the attorney to perform or render legal services.

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Section 9. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (6) of section 489.147, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

489.147 Prohibited property insurance practices; contract requirements.—

- (6)(a) A residential property owner may cancel a contract to replace or repair a roof without penalty or obligation within 10 days after the execution of the contract or by the official start date, whichever comes first, if the contract was entered into within 180 days of based on events that are the subject of a declaration of a state of emergency by the Governor and the residential property is located within the geographic area for which the declaration of the state of emergency applies. For the purposes of this subsection, the official start date is the date on which work that includes the installation of materials that will be included in the final work on the roof commences, a final permit has been issued, or a temporary repair to the roof covering or roof has been made in compliance with the Florida Building Code.
- (b) A contractor executing a contract during a declaration of a state of emergency to replace or repair a roof of a residential property must include or add as an attachment to the contract the following language, in bold type of not less than 14 points 18 points, immediately before the space reserved for the signature of the residential property owner:

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"You, the residential property owner, may cancel this contract without penalty or obligation within 10 days after the execution of the contract or by the official start date, whichever comes first, because this contract was entered into within 180 days of events resulting in the declaration of during a state of emergency by the Governor. The official start date is the date on which work that includes the installation of materials that will be included in the final work on the roof commences, a final permit has been issued, or a temporary repair to the roof covering or roof system has been made in compliance with the Florida Building Code."

Section 10. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.