

1 A bill to be entitled
 2 An act relating to step-therapy protocols; amending s.
 3 409.901, F.S.; defining the term "serious mental
 4 illness"; amending s. 409.912, F.S.; requiring the
 5 Agency for Health Care Administration to approve drug
 6 products for Medicaid recipients for the treatment of
 7 serious mental illness without step-therapy prior
 8 authorization under certain circumstances; amending s.
 9 409.910, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; directing
 10 the agency to include rate impacts resulting from the
 11 act in certain rates that become effective on a
 12 specified date; providing effective dates.

13
 14 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

15
 16 **Section 1. Present subsections (27) and (28) of section**
 17 **409.901, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (28)**
 18 **and (29), respectively, and a new subsection (27) is added to**
 19 **that section, to read:**

20 409.901 Definitions; ss. 409.901-409.920.—As used in ss.
 21 409.901-409.920, except as otherwise specifically provided, the
 22 term:

23 (27) "Serious mental illness" means any of the following
 24 psychiatric disorders as defined by the American Psychiatric
 25 Association in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental

26 Disorders, Fifth Edition:

27 (a) Bipolar disorders, including hypomanic, manic,
 28 depressive, and mixed-feature episodes.

29 (b) Depression in childhood or adolescence.

30 (c) Major depressive disorders, including single and
 31 recurrent depressive episodes.

32 (d) Obsessive-compulsive disorders.

33 (e) Paranoid personality disorder or other psychotic
 34 disorders.

35 (f) Schizoaffective disorders, including bipolar or
 36 depressive symptoms.

37 (g) Schizophrenia.

38 **Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section**
 39 **409.912, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:**

40 409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.—The
 41 agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients
 42 in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery
 43 of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are
 44 effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a
 45 confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct
 46 diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the
 47 Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to
 48 emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined
 49 in 42 C.F.R. s. 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion
 50 shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency

51 shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid
52 aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other
53 alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies,
54 including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed
55 to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed
56 continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to
57 minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute
58 inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the
59 inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The
60 agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the
61 clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify
62 trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a
63 provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a
64 provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to
65 provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice
66 patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency,
67 to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization.
68 The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy
69 management, or disease management participation for certain
70 populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or
71 particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible
72 dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics
73 Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for
74 which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform
75 the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions

76 | regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is
77 | authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as
78 | Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through
79 | provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid single-
80 | source-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services
81 | results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without
82 | limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based
83 | on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider
84 | availability, provider quality standards, time and distance
85 | standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the
86 | provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid
87 | beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards,
88 | appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider
89 | turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history,
90 | previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer
91 | review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records,
92 | clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers
93 | are not entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider network.
94 | The agency shall determine instances in which allowing Medicaid
95 | beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and other
96 | goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-term
97 | rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish rules
98 | to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in order to
99 | protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program as
100 | defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers

101 necessary to administer these policies.

102 (5) (a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribed-
103 drug spending-control program that includes the following
104 components:

105 1. A Medicaid preferred drug list, which shall be a
106 listing of cost-effective therapeutic options recommended by the
107 Medicaid Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee established
108 pursuant to s. 409.91195 and adopted by the agency for each
109 therapeutic class on the preferred drug list. At the discretion
110 of the committee, and when feasible, the preferred drug list
111 should include at least two products in a therapeutic class. The
112 agency may post the preferred drug list and updates to the list
113 on an Internet website without following the rulemaking
114 procedures of chapter 120. Antiretroviral agents are excluded
115 from the preferred drug list. The agency shall also limit the
116 amount of a prescribed drug dispensed to no more than a 34-day
117 supply unless the drug products' smallest marketed package is
118 greater than a 34-day supply, or the drug is determined by the
119 agency to be a maintenance drug, in which case a 100-day maximum
120 supply may be authorized. The agency may seek any federal
121 waivers necessary to implement these cost-control programs and
122 to continue participation in the federal Medicaid rebate
123 program, or alternatively to negotiate state-only manufacturer
124 rebates. The agency may adopt rules to administer this
125 subparagraph. The agency shall continue to provide unlimited

126 | contraceptive drugs and items. The agency must establish
127 | procedures to ensure that:

128 | a. There is a response to a request for prior
129 | authorization by telephone or other telecommunication device
130 | within 24 hours after receipt of a request for prior
131 | authorization; and

132 | b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed is provided in
133 | an emergency or when the agency does not provide a response
134 | within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.

135 | 2. A provider of prescribed drugs is reimbursed in an
136 | amount not to exceed the lesser of the actual acquisition cost
137 | based on the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services National
138 | Average Drug Acquisition Cost pricing files plus a professional
139 | dispensing fee, the wholesale acquisition cost plus a
140 | professional dispensing fee, the state maximum allowable cost
141 | plus a professional dispensing fee, or the usual and customary
142 | charge billed by the provider.

143 | 3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for
144 | managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using
145 | significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The
146 | management process may include, but is not limited to,
147 | comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims
148 | analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical
149 | necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and
150 | drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private

151 organization to provide drug-program-management services. The
152 Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include
153 initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients,
154 patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day
155 period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending. The
156 agency must ~~shall~~ enroll any Medicaid recipient in the drug
157 benefit management program if he or she meets the specifications
158 of this provision and is not enrolled in a Medicaid health
159 maintenance organization.

160 4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network
161 based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations,
162 credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give
163 special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and
164 location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy
165 network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria
166 such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size,
167 patient educational programs, patient consultation, disease
168 management services, and other characteristics. The agency may
169 impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment if it is
170 determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-
171 participating providers. The agency must allow dispensing
172 practitioners to participate as a part of the Medicaid pharmacy
173 network regardless of the practitioner's proximity to any other
174 entity that is dispensing prescription drugs under the Medicaid
175 program. A dispensing practitioner must meet all credentialing

176 requirements applicable to his or her practice, as determined by
177 the agency.

178 5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that
179 requires Medicaid practitioners who issue written prescriptions
180 for medicinal drugs to use a counterfeit-proof prescription pad
181 for Medicaid prescriptions. The agency shall require the use of
182 standardized counterfeit-proof prescription pads by prescribers
183 who issue written prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The
184 agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or
185 statewide.

186 6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require
187 manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients
188 to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average
189 manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products.
190 These arrangements must ~~shall~~ require that if a generic-drug
191 manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs
192 at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a
193 supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to
194 achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.

195 7. The agency may establish a preferred drug list as
196 described in this subsection, and, pursuant to the establishment
197 of such preferred drug list, negotiate supplemental rebates from
198 manufacturers that are in addition to those required by Title
199 XIX of the Social Security Act and at no less than 14 percent of
200 the average manufacturer price as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936

201 on the last day of a quarter unless the federal or supplemental
202 rebate, or both, equals or exceeds 29 percent. There is no upper
203 limit on the supplemental rebates the agency may negotiate. The
204 agency may determine that specific products, brand-name or
205 generic, are competitive at lower rebate percentages. Agreement
206 to pay the minimum supplemental rebate percentage guarantees a
207 manufacturer that the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics
208 Committee will consider a product for inclusion on the preferred
209 drug list. However, a pharmaceutical manufacturer is not
210 guaranteed placement on the preferred drug list by simply paying
211 the minimum supplemental rebate. Agency decisions will be made
212 on the clinical efficacy of a drug and recommendations of the
213 Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee, as well as
214 the price of competing products minus federal and state rebates.
215 The agency may contract with an outside agency or contractor to
216 conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes
217 of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" means cash
218 rebates. Value-added programs as a substitution for supplemental
219 rebates are prohibited. The agency may seek any federal waivers
220 to implement this initiative.

221 8.a. The agency may implement a Medicaid behavioral drug
222 management system. The agency may contract with a vendor that
223 has experience in operating behavioral drug management systems
224 to implement this program. The agency may seek federal waivers
225 to implement this program.

226 b. The agency, in conjunction with the Department of
227 Children and Families, may implement the Medicaid behavioral
228 drug management system that is designed to improve the quality
229 of care and behavioral health prescribing practices based on
230 best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to
231 medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed
232 drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid
233 behavioral drugs. The program may include the following
234 elements:

235 (I) Provide for the development and adoption of best
236 practice guidelines for behavioral health-related drugs such as
237 antipsychotics, antidepressants, and medications for treating
238 bipolar disorders and other behavioral conditions; translate
239 them into practice; review behavioral health prescribers and
240 compare their prescribing patterns to a number of indicators
241 that are based on national standards; and determine deviations
242 from best practice guidelines.

243 (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and
244 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials
245 and peer-to-peer consultation.

246 (III) Assess Medicaid beneficiaries who are outliers in
247 their use of behavioral health drugs with regard to the numbers
248 and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug
249 therapies, and other indicators of improper use of behavioral
250 health drugs.

251 (IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill
252 prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple same-
253 class behavioral health drugs, and may have other potential
254 medication problems.

255 (V) Track spending trends for behavioral health drugs and
256 deviation from best practice guidelines.

257 (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to
258 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers
259 in the use of practice guidelines.

260 (VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.

261 (VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

262 (IX) Implement a disease management program with a model
263 quality-based medication component for severely mentally ill
264 individuals and emotionally disturbed children who are high
265 users of care.

266 9. The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescription drug
267 management system.

268 a. The agency may contract with a vendor that has
269 experience in operating prescription drug management systems in
270 order to implement this system. Any management system that is
271 implemented in accordance with this subparagraph must rely on
272 cooperation between physicians and pharmacists to determine
273 appropriate practice patterns and clinical guidelines to improve
274 the prescribing, dispensing, and use of drugs in the Medicaid
275 program. The agency may seek federal waivers to implement this

276 program.

277 b. The drug management system must be designed to improve
278 the quality of care and prescribing practices based on best
279 practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication
280 plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and
281 the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid prescription
282 drugs. The program must:

283 (I) Provide for the adoption of best practice guidelines
284 for the prescribing and use of drugs in the Medicaid program,
285 including translating best practice guidelines into practice;
286 reviewing prescriber patterns and comparing them to indicators
287 that are based on national standards and practice patterns of
288 clinical peers in their community, statewide, and nationally;
289 and determine deviations from best practice guidelines.

290 (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and
291 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials
292 and peer-to-peer consultation.

293 (III) Assess Medicaid recipients who are outliers in their
294 use of a single or multiple prescription drugs with regard to
295 the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination
296 drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of
297 prescription drugs.

298 (IV) Alert prescribers to recipients who fail to refill
299 prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple drugs
300 that may be redundant or contraindicated, or may have other

301 potential medication problems.

302 10. The agency may contract for drug rebate
 303 administration, including, but not limited to, calculating
 304 rebate amounts, invoicing manufacturers, negotiating disputes
 305 with manufacturers, and maintaining a database of rebate
 306 collections.

307 11. The agency may specify the preferred daily dosing form
 308 or strength for the purpose of promoting best practices with
 309 regard to the prescribing of certain drugs as specified in the
 310 General Appropriations Act and ensuring cost-effective
 311 prescribing practices.

312 12. The agency may require prior authorization for
 313 Medicaid-covered prescribed drugs. The agency may prior-
 314 authorize the use of a product:

- 315 a. For an indication not approved in labeling;
- 316 b. To comply with certain clinical guidelines; or
- 317 c. If the product has the potential for overuse, misuse,
 318 or abuse.

319
 320 The agency may require the prescribing professional to provide
 321 information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence
 322 for the use of a drug. The agency shall post prior
 323 authorization, step-edit criteria and protocol, and updates to
 324 the list of drugs that are subject to prior authorization on the
 325 agency's Internet website within 21 days after the prior

326 authorization and step-edit criteria and protocol and updates
327 are approved by the agency. For purposes of this subparagraph,
328 the term "step-edit" means an automatic electronic review of
329 certain medications subject to prior authorization.

330 13. The agency, in conjunction with the Pharmaceutical and
331 Therapeutics Committee, may require age-related prior
332 authorizations for certain prescribed drugs. The agency may
333 preauthorize the use of a drug for a recipient who may not meet
334 the age requirement or may exceed the length of therapy for use
335 of this product as recommended by the manufacturer and approved
336 by the Food and Drug Administration. Prior authorization may
337 require the prescribing professional to provide information
338 about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use
339 of a drug.

340 14. The agency shall implement a step-therapy prior
341 authorization approval process for medications excluded from the
342 preferred drug list. Medications listed on the preferred drug
343 list must be used within the previous 12 months before the
344 alternative medications that are not listed. The step-therapy
345 prior authorization may require the prescriber to use the
346 medications of a similar drug class or for a similar medical
347 indication unless contraindicated in the Food and Drug
348 Administration labeling. The trial period between the specified
349 steps may vary according to the medical indication. The step-
350 therapy approval process must ~~shall~~ be developed in accordance

351 with the committee as stated in s. 409.91195(7) and (8). A drug
352 product may be approved or, in the case of a drug product for
353 the treatment of a serious mental illness, must be approved
354 without meeting the step-therapy prior authorization criteria if
355 the prescribing physician provides the agency with additional
356 written medical or clinical documentation that the product is
357 medically necessary because:

358 a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat
359 the disease or medical condition which is an acceptable clinical
360 alternative;

361 b. The alternatives have been ineffective in the treatment
362 of the beneficiary's disease;

363 c. The drug product or medication of a similar drug class
364 is prescribed for the treatment of a serious mental illness
365 ~~schizophrenia or schizotypal or delusional disorders;~~ prior
366 authorization has been granted previously for the prescribed
367 drug; and the medication was dispensed to the patient during the
368 previous 12 months; or

369 d. Based on historical evidence and known characteristics
370 of the patient and the drug, the drug is likely to be
371 ineffective, or the number of doses have been ineffective.

372

373 The agency shall work with the physician to determine the best
374 alternative for the patient. The agency may adopt rules waiving
375 the requirements for written clinical documentation for specific

376 | drugs in limited clinical situations.

377 | 15. The agency shall implement a return and reuse program
 378 | for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional recipients,
 379 | which includes payment of a \$5 restocking fee for the
 380 | implementation and operation of the program. The return and
 381 | reuse program must ~~shall~~ be implemented electronically and in a
 382 | manner that promotes efficiency. The program must permit a
 383 | pharmacy to exclude drugs from the program if it is not
 384 | practical or cost-effective for the drug to be included and must
 385 | provide for the return to inventory of drugs that cannot be
 386 | credited or returned in a cost-effective manner. The agency
 387 | shall determine whether ~~if~~ the program has reduced the amount of
 388 | Medicaid prescription drugs which are destroyed on an annual
 389 | basis and whether ~~if~~ there are additional ways to ensure more
 390 | prescription drugs are not destroyed which could safely be
 391 | reused.

392 | **Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (20) of section**
 393 | **409.910, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:**

394 | 409.910 Responsibility for payments on behalf of Medicaid-
 395 | eligible persons when other parties are liable.—

396 | (20) (a) Entities providing health insurance as defined in
 397 | s. 624.603, health maintenance organizations and prepaid health
 398 | clinics as defined in chapter 641, and, on behalf of their
 399 | clients, third-party administrators, pharmacy benefits managers,
 400 | and any other third parties, as defined in s. 409.901(28) ~~s.~~

401 ~~409.901(27)~~, which are legally responsible for payment of a
402 claim for a health care item or service as a condition of doing
403 business in this ~~the~~ state or providing coverage to residents of
404 this state, shall provide such records and information as are
405 necessary to accomplish the purpose of this section, unless such
406 requirement results in an unreasonable burden.

407 **Section 4.** The Agency for Health Care Administration is
408 directed to include the rate impact of this act in the Medicaid
409 managed medical assistance program and long-term care managed
410 care program rates that become effective on October 1, 2025.
411 This section shall take effect upon this act becoming a law.

412 **Section 5.** Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
413 act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon
414 this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect October 1,
415 2025.