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2	An act relating to brownfields; amending s. 376.303,
3	F.S.; deleting a provision requiring certain property
4	owners to provide information regarding institutional
5	controls to the local government for mapping purposes;
6	deleting local government requirements for such
7	mapping; requiring that sites issued a site
8	rehabilitation completion order without institutional
9	controls be removed from the registry of all
10	contaminated sites located in a brownfield area;
11	amending s. 376.30781, F.S.; revising the conditions
12	under which an applicant who has rehabilitated a
13	contaminated site may submit and claim certain tax
14	credits; specifying a timeframe within which such tax
15	credit application must be submitted; revising the
16	criteria for determining applicants who are
17	redeveloping brownfield sites who may be eligible for
18	certain tax credits; deleting the definition of the
19	term "monetary compensation"; revising the date by
20	which the Department of Environmental Protection must
21	issue annual site rehabilitation tax credit
22	certificate awards; revising the amount of time the
23	department has to respond to a tax credit applicant
24	regarding a certain notice; amending s. 376.78, F.S.;
25	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;

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26	amending s. 376.79, F.S.; revising and providing
27	definitions; amending s. 376.81, F.S.; providing
28	legislative findings; prohibiting the department or a
29	delegated local pollution control program from denying
30	a specified status or refusing to issue a specified
31	order for certain brownfield sites that are only a
32	portion of larger contaminated sites; providing
33	applicability; amending s. 376.82, F.S.; revising the
34	persons and sites eligible for participation in the
35	brownfield program; revising requirements for such
36	participation; requiring that completion of the
37	performance of remediation obligations at the
38	brownfield site be evidenced by a site rehabilitation
39	completion order; revising the information necessary
40	from the United States Environmental Protection Agency
41	and the department for a person's participation in the
42	program; specifying that certain brownfield sites are
43	eligible to participate in the brownfield program
44	under certain circumstances; amending ss. 196.1995 and
45	288.1175, F.S.; conforming cross-references;
46	reenacting s. 1004.53(1), F.S., relating to the Center
47	for Brownfield Rehabilitation Assistance, to
48	incorporate the amendment made to s. 376.79, F.S., in
49	a reference thereto; providing an effective date.
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51	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
52	
53	Section 1. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 376.303,
54	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
55	376.303 Powers and duties of the Department of
56	Environmental Protection
57	(5) MAPPINCIf an institutional control is implemented at
58	any contaminated site in a brownfield area designated pursuant
59	to s. 376.80, the property owner must provide information
60	regarding the institutional control to the local government for
61	mapping purposes. The local government must then note the
62	existence of the institutional control on any relevant local
63	land use and zoning maps with a cross-reference to the
64	department's site registry developed pursuant to subsection (6).
65	If the type of institutional control used requires recording
66	with the local government, then the map notation shall also
67	provide a cross-reference to the book and page number where
68	recorded. When a local government is provided with evidence that
69	the department has subsequently issued a no further action order
70	without institutional controls for a site currently noted on
71	such maps, the local government shall remove the notation.
72	(6) REGISTRY.—The department shall prepare and maintain a
73	registry of all contaminated sites located in a brownfield area
74	designated pursuant to s. 376.80, which are subject to
75	institutional and engineering controls, in order to provide a

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76 mechanism for the public and local governments to monitor the 77 status of these controls, monitor the department's short-term 78 and long-term protection of human health and the environment in 79 relation to these sites, and evaluate economic revitalization efforts in these areas. At a minimum, the registry must shall 80 81 include the type of institutional or engineering controls 82 employed at a particular site, types of contaminants and 83 affected media, land use limitations, and the county in which the site is located. Sites listed on the registry at which the 84 85 department has subsequently issued a site rehabilitation completion no further action order without institutional 86 87 controls must shall be removed from the registry. The department 88 shall make the registry available to the public and local 89 governments within 1 year after the effective date of this act. The department shall provide local governments with actual 90 91 notice when the registry becomes available. Local zoning and 92 planning offices shall post information on how to access the 93 registry in public view.

94 Section 2. Paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of subsection (3) 95 and subsection (9) of section 376.30781, Florida Statutes, are 96 amended to read:

97 376.30781 Tax credits for rehabilitation of drycleaning-98 solvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in designated 99 brownfield areas; application process; rulemaking authority; 100 revocation authority.-

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102 In order to encourage completion of site (C) 103 rehabilitation at contaminated sites that are being voluntarily cleaned up and that are eligible for a tax credit under this 104 105 section, the tax credit applicant may claim an additional 25 106 percent of the total site rehabilitation costs, not to exceed 107 \$500,000, if the Department of Environmental Protection has 108 approved the applicant's annual site rehabilitation application 109 and has issued a site rehabilitation completion in the final 110 year of cleanup as evidenced by the Department of Environmental Protection issuing a "No Further Action" order for that site. 111 112 The tax credit applicant must submit the claim for the additional 25 percent within 2 years after receipt of the site 113 114 rehabilitation completion order for that site.

115 In order to encourage the construction of housing that (d) meets the definition of affordable provided in s. 420.0004, an 116 117 applicant for the tax credit may claim an additional 25 percent 118 of the total site rehabilitation costs that are eligible for tax 119 credits under this section, not to exceed \$500,000. To receive this additional tax credit, the applicant must provide a 120 121 certification letter from the Florida Housing Finance 122 Corporation, the local housing authority, or other governmental agency that is a party to the use agreement indicating that the 123 124 construction on the brownfield site has received a certificate 125 of occupancy and the brownfield site has a properly recorded

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126 instrument that limits the use of the property to housing. 127 Notwithstanding that only one application may be submitted each 128 year for each site, an application for the additional credit 129 provided for in this paragraph must shall be submitted after all 130 requirements to obtain the additional tax credit have been met. 131 In order to encourage the redevelopment of a (e) 132 brownfield site, as defined in the brownfield site 133 rehabilitation agreement, that is hindered by the presence of 134 solid waste, as defined in s. 403.703, costs related to solid 135 waste removal may also be claimed under this section. A tax credit applicant, or multiple tax credit applicants working 136 137 jointly to clean up a single brownfield site, may also claim costs to address the solid waste removal as defined in this 138 139 paragraph in accordance with department rules. Multiple tax 140 credit applicants shall be granted tax credits in the same 141 proportion as each applicant's contribution to payment of solid 142 waste removal costs. These costs are eligible for a tax credit 143 provided that the applicant meets the eligibility requirements 144 of s. 376.82(1) and that submits an affidavit stating that, 145 after consultation with appropriate local government officials 146 and the department, to the best of the applicant's knowledge 147 based upon such consultation and available historical records, 148 the brownfield site was never operated as a permitted solid 149 waste disposal area as regulated pursuant to s. 403.704 or was never operated for monetary compensation, and the applicant 150

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151 submits all other documentation and certifications required by 152 this section. In this section, where reference is made to "site 153 rehabilitation," the department shall instead consider whether 154 the costs claimed are for solid waste removal. Tax credit 155 applications claiming costs pursuant to this paragraph are shall 156 not be subject to the calendar-year limitation and January 31 157 annual application deadline, and the department shall accept a 158 one-time application filed subsequent to the completion by the tax credit applicant of the applicable requirements listed in 159 160 this subsection. A tax credit applicant may claim 50 percent of the costs for solid waste removal, not to exceed \$500,000, after 161 162 the applicant has determined solid waste removal is completed for the brownfield site. A solid waste removal tax credit 163 164 application may be filed only once per brownfield site. For the 165 purposes of this section, the term: "Solid waste disposal area" means a landfill, dump, or 166 1. 167 other area where solid waste has been disposed. 168 "Monetary compensation" means the fees that were 2. 169 charged or the assessments that were levied for the disposal of 170 solid waste at a solid waste disposal area. 171 3. "Solid waste removal" means removal of solid waste from the land surface or excavation of solid waste from below the 172 land surface and removal of the solid waste from the brownfield 173 site. The term also includes: 174 175 Transportation of solid waste to a licensed or exempt a.

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176 solid waste management facility or to a temporary storage area. 177 b. Sorting or screening of solid waste prior to removal 178 from the site.

179 c. Deposition of solid waste at a permitted or exempt
180 solid waste management facility, whether the solid waste is
181 disposed of or recycled.

182 (9) On or before June May 1, the Department of 183 Environmental Protection shall inform each tax credit applicant that is subject to the January 31 annual application deadline of 184 185 the applicant's eligibility status and the amount of any tax credit due. The department shall provide each eligible tax 186 187 credit applicant with a tax credit certificate that must be 188 submitted with its tax return to the Department of Revenue to 189 claim the tax credit or be transferred pursuant to s. 190 220.1845(2)(g). The June May 1 deadline for annual site 191 rehabilitation tax credit certificate awards does shall not 192 apply to any tax credit application for which the department has issued a notice of deficiency pursuant to subsection (8). The 193 194 department shall respond within 120 90 days after receiving a 195 response from the tax credit applicant to such a notice of 196 deficiency. Credits may not result in the payment of refunds if 197 total credits exceed the amount of tax owed.

198Section 3.Subsection (1) of section 376.78, Florida199Statutes, is amended to read:

200

376.78 Legislative intent.-The Legislature finds and

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201 declares the following:

202 The reduction of public health and environmental (1)203 hazards on existing commercial and industrial sites proposed to be rehabilitated and redeveloped is vital to their use and reuse 204 205 as sources of employment, housing, recreation, and open space 206 areas. The reuse of such sites industrial land is an important 207 component of sound land use policy for productive urban purposes 208 which will help prevent the premature development of farmland, 209 open space areas, and natural areas, and reduce public costs for 210 installing new water, sewer, and highway infrastructure.

211 Section 4. Present subsections (6) through (21) of section 212 376.79, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7) 213 through (22), respectively, a new subsection (6) is added to 214 that section, and subsections (4) and (5) of that section are 215 amended, to read:

216 376.79 Definitions relating to Brownfields Redevelopment 217 Act.-As used in ss. 376.77-376.85, the term:

(4) "Brownfield sites" means any real property, the
expansion, redevelopment, or reuse of which may be complicated
by actual or perceived environmental contamination and which has
not yet been entered into a brownfield site rehabilitation
agreement pursuant to s. 376.80(5).

(5) "Brownfield area" means a contiguous area of one or
 more <u>brownfields</u> brownfield sites, some of which may not be
 contaminated, and which has been designated by a local

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226	government by resolution. Such areas may include all or portions
227	of community redevelopment areas, enterprise zones, empowerment
228	zones, other such designated economically deprived communities
229	and areas, and United States Environmental Protection Agency-
230	designated brownfield pilot projects.
231	(6) "Brownfield site" means the real property identified
232	in a brownfield site rehabilitation agreement executed by the
233	person responsible for brownfield site rehabilitation of the
234	property and the department or a delegated local pollution
235	control program, as applicable.
236	Section 5. Present subsection (3) of section 376.81,
237	Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (4), a new
238	subsection (3) is added to that section, and present subsection
239	(3) of that section is amended, to read:
240	376.81 Brownfield site and brownfield areas contamination
241	cleanup criteria
242	(3)(a) The Legislature finds that rehabilitation and
243	redevelopment of a potential brownfield site that is a portion
244	of a larger contaminated site are significantly complicated when
245	multiple parties may own, lease, or operate different portions
246	of the contaminated site. The Legislature further finds that
247	delaying a person's ability to achieve a "No Further Action"
248	status for a potential brownfield site until such time as the
249	owners, lessees, or operators of all other portions of the
250	larger historical contaminated site have completed site

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251	rehabilitation on their respective portions is not in the public
252	interest, as such delay disincentivizes rehabilitation and
253	redevelopment of the potential brownfield site by imposing
254	unnecessary legal burdens, technical obstacles, and financial
255	costs.
256	(b) Therefore, the Legislature finds that it is in the
257	public interest to remove any such barriers to the
258	rehabilitation and redevelopment of property by providing a
259	clear path to obtaining a "No Further Action" status in cases
260	where a potential brownfield site is only a portion of a larger
261	contaminated site.
262	(c) If the person responsible for a brownfield site
263	rehabilitation demonstrates compliance with the applicable
264	contamination cleanup criteria described in subsection (1), and
265	the brownfield site is only a portion of a larger contaminated
266	site, the department or any delegated local pollution control
267	program under s. 376.80(9) may not:
268	1. Deny a "No Further Action" status for the brownfield
269	site; or
270	2. Refuse to issue a site rehabilitation completion order
271	for the brownfield site, regardless of whether it has
272	engineering and institutional controls. This subparagraph
273	applies even where similar contamination exists elsewhere on the
274	contaminated site which was the result of similar or related
275	activities or operations that occurred both on the contaminated
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site and the brownfield site, provided that all soil and
groundwater contamination emanating from the brownfield site is
adequately addressed pursuant to chapter 62-780, Florida
Administrative Code.
(d) This subsection applies to all brownfield sites,
irrespective of the effective date of the brownfield site
rehabilitation agreement.
(4) (3) The cleanup criteria described in this section
govern only site rehabilitation activities occurring at the
brownfield contaminated site. Removal of contaminated media from
a site for offsite relocation or treatment must be in accordance
with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and
regulations.
Section 6. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) and
paragraphs (e) and (g) of subsection (2) of section 376.82,
Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
376.82 Eligibility criteria and liability protection
(1) ELIGIBILITY
(a) All of the following persons are eligible to
participate in the brownfield program established in ss. 376.77-
<u>376.85:</u>
1. Notwithstanding subparagraph 2., a any person who has
not caused or contributed to the contamination of a brownfield
site on or after July 1, 1997 <u>.</u>
2. A local governmental entity, including any other person
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301	who may be organized or united with the local governmental
302	entity for a business purpose, if such entity or person did not
303	cause or contribute to the contamination of a brownfield site on
304	or after July 1, 2025.
305	(b) A person eligible to participate in the brownfield
306	program pursuant to paragraph (a) is, is eligible to participate
307	in the brownfield program established in ss. 376.77-376.85,
308	subject to the following:
309	1.(a) Potential brownfield sites that are subject to an
310	ongoing formal judicial or administrative enforcement action or
311	corrective action pursuant to federal authority, including, but
312	not limited to, the Comprehensive Environmental Response
313	Compensation and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 9601 et seq., as
314	amended; the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 300f-300i,
315	as amended; the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. ss. 1251-1387, as
316	amended; or under an order from the United States Environmental
317	Protection Agency pursuant to s. 3008(h) of the Resource
318	Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended (42 U.S.C.A. s.
319	6928(h)); or that have obtained or are required to obtain a
320	permit for the operation of a hazardous waste treatment,
321	storage, or disposal facility; a postclosure permit; or a permit
322	pursuant to the federal Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of
323	1984, are not eligible for participation in the brownfield
324	program established in ss. 376.77-376.85 unless, pursuant to
325	paragraph (2)(g), specific exemptions are secured by a

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326 memorandum of agreement with the United States Environmental 327 Protection Agency issues a letter stating it has no objection to 328 such participation and the department issues a letter of 329 concurrence pursuant to paragraph (2)(g). A brownfield site 330 within an eligible brownfield area that subsequently becomes 331 subject to formal judicial or administrative enforcement action 332 or corrective action under such federal authority shall have its 333 eligibility revoked unless, specific exemptions are secured by a memorandum of agreement with the United States Environmental 334 335 Protection Agency pursuant to paragraph (2)(g), the United States Environmental Protection Agency issues a letter stating 336 337 it has no objection to such participation and the department 338 issues a letter of concurrence. 339 2.(b) A person who is eligible to participate in the 340 brownfield program pursuant to paragraph (a) Persons who have 341 not caused or contributed to the contamination of a brownfield 342 site on or after July 1, 1997, and who, before prior to the

349 <u>a.1.</u> The proposed brownfield site is currently idle or 350 underutilized as a result of the contamination, and

in a brownfield site rehabilitation agreement if:

department's approval of a brownfield site rehabilitation

agreement, is are subject to ongoing corrective action or

chapter 403, including those persons subject to a pending

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enforcement under state authority established in this chapter or

consent order with the state, is are eligible for participation

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351 participation in the brownfield program will immediately, after 352 cleanup or sooner, result in increased economic productivity at 353 the site, including at a minimum the creation of 10 new 354 permanent jobs, whether full-time or part-time, which are not 355 associated with implementation of the brownfield site rehabilitation agreement. However, the job creation requirement 356 357 does not apply to the rehabilitation and redevelopment of a 358 brownfield site that will provide housing that is affordable as 359 defined in s. 420.0004; create recreational areas, conservation 360 areas, or parks; or be maintained for cultural or historical 361 preservation purposes; and

362 <u>b.2</u>. The person is complying in good faith with the terms 363 of an existing consent order or department-approved corrective 364 action plan, or responding in good faith to an enforcement 365 action, as evidenced by a determination issued by the department 366 or an approved local pollution control program.

367

(2) LIABILITY PROTECTION.-

368 Completion of the performance of the remediation (e) 369 obligations at the brownfield site shall be evidenced by a site 370 rehabilitation completion order letter or a "no further action" 371 letter issued by the department or the approved local pollution control program, which letter shall include the following 372 statement: "Based upon the information provided by (property 373 owner) concerning property located at (address), it is the 374 375 opinion of (the Florida Department of Environmental Protection

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376 or approved local pollution control program) that (party) has 377 successfully and satisfactorily implemented the approved 378 brownfield site rehabilitation agreement schedule and, 379 accordingly, no further action is required to assure that any 380 land use identified in the brownfield site rehabilitation 381 agreement is consistent with existing and proposed uses." 382 (g)1. The Legislature recognizes the benefits of promoting the reuse of brownfield sites, even when subject to its 383 384 limitations in addressing cleanup liability under federal pollution control programs, including those enumerated in 385 386 subparagraph (1) (b)1. In an effort to encourage such reuse 387 secure federal liability protection for persons willing to 388 undertake remediation responsibility for site rehabilitation at 389 a brownfield site, the department may, upon receipt of a letter 390 from shall attempt to negotiate a memorandum of agreement or 391 similar document with the United States Environmental Protection 392 Agency stating it has no objection to a site's participation 393 pursuant to subparagraph (1) (b)1. and upon a reasonable 394 demonstration by the person seeking to participate in the 395 brownfield program that he or she will conduct site 396 rehabilitation pursuant to s. 376.81, issue a letter of no 397 objection that states the person may participate in the 398 brownfield program. The department may not require, as a condition of such letter of concurrence, that, whereby the 399 400 United States Environmental Protection Agency agree agrees to

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401 forego enforcement of federal corrective action authority at 402 brownfield sites that have received a site rehabilitation 403 completion order or "No Further Action" determination from the 404 department or the approved local pollution control program or 405 that are in the process of implementing a brownfield site 406 rehabilitation agreement in accordance with this act. The letter 407 of no objection from the United States Environmental Protection 408 Agency and the letter of concurrence from the department must be 409 added as attachments to the brownfield site rehabilitation 410 agreement. 2. Proposed brownfield sites that are subject to ongoing 411 412 formal judicial or administrative enforcement action or 413 corrective action pursuant to an order from the United States 414 Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to s. 3008(h) of the 415 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended by 42 U.S.C. 416 s. 6928(h), or that have obtained or are required to obtain a 417 permit for the operation of a hazardous waste treatment, 418 storage, or disposal facility, a postclosure permit, or a permit 419 pursuant to the federal Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 420 1984 are eligible for participation in the brownfield program established in ss. 376.77-376.85, provided that the sites: 421 422 a. Obtain the necessary letters of no objection and 423 concurrence pursuant to subparagraph (1) (b) 1. and subparagraph 424 1.; or 425 b. Comply with the provisions of Section V of the

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426	Memorandum of Agreement between the department and the United
427	States Environmental Protection Agency Region 4 covering
428	Florida's Brownfield Program, dated November 28, 2005, as may be
429	amended.
430	Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 196.1995, Florida
431	Statutes, is amended to read:
432	196.1995 Economic development ad valorem tax exemption
433	(3) The board of county commissioners or the governing
434	authority of the municipality that calls a referendum within its
435	total jurisdiction to determine whether its respective
436	jurisdiction may grant economic development ad valorem tax
437	exemptions may vote to limit the effect of the referendum to
438	authority to grant economic development tax exemptions for new
439	businesses and expansions of existing businesses located in an
440	enterprise zone or a brownfield area, as defined in <u>s. 376.79</u> s.
441	376.79(5) . If an area nominated to be an enterprise zone
442	pursuant to s. 290.0055 has not yet been designated pursuant to
443	s. 290.0065, the board of county commissioners or the governing
444	authority of the municipality may call such referendum prior to
445	such designation; however, the authority to grant economic
446	development ad valorem tax exemptions does not apply until such
447	area is designated pursuant to s. 290.0065. The ballot question
448	in such referendum shall be in substantially the following form
449	and shall be used in lieu of the ballot question prescribed in
450	subsection (2):
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451	
452	Shall the board of county commissioners of this county
453	(or the governing authority of this municipality, or
454	both) be authorized to grant, pursuant to s. 3, Art.
455	VII of the State Constitution, property tax exemptions
456	for new businesses and expansions of existing
457	businesses that are located in an enterprise zone or a
458	brownfield area and that are expected to create new,
459	full-time jobs in the county (or municipality, or
460	both)?
461	
462	Yes-For authority to grant exemptions.
463	No-Against authority to grant exemptions.
464	Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section
465	288.1175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
466	288.1175 Agriculture education and promotion facility
467	(5) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services
468	shall competitively evaluate applications for funding of an
469	agriculture education and promotion facility. If the number of
470	applicants exceeds three, the Department of Agriculture and
471	Consumer Services shall rank the applications based upon
472	criteria developed by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
473	Services, with priority given in descending order to the
474	following items:
475	(c) The location of the facility in a brownfield site as
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476 defined in <u>s. 376.79</u> s. 376.79(4), a rural enterprise zone as 477 defined in s. 290.004, an agriculturally depressed area as 478 defined in s. 570.74, or a county that has lost its agricultural 479 land to environmental restoration projects.

480 Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 481 made by this act to section 376.79, Florida Statutes, in a 482 reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 1004.53, Florida 483 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

484 1004.53 Interdisciplinary Center for Brownfield Rehabilitation Assistance.-The Center for Brownfield 485 486 Rehabilitation Assistance in the Environmental Sciences and 487 Policy Program is established in the College of Arts and Sciences at the University of South Florida with the 488 489 collaboration of other related disciplines such as business 490 administration, environmental science, and medicine. The center 491 shall work in conjunction with other state universities. The 492 Center for Brownfield Rehabilitation Assistance shall:

(1) Conduct research relating to problems and solutions
associated with rehabilitation and restoration of brownfield
areas as defined in s. 376.79. The research must include
identifying innovative solutions to removing contamination from
brownfield sites to reduce the threats to drinking water
supplies and other potential public health threats from
contaminated sites.

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Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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