1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to construction contracting; amending 3 s. 489.111, F.S.; requiring an applicant for licensure to submit a specified notarized statement to the 4 5 Department of Business and Professional Regulation; 6 subjecting a licensed contractor to disciplinary 7 action under certain circumstances; amending s. 8 489.126, F.S.; requiring a contractor to return a 9 contractee's deposit under certain circumstances; 10 authorizing the contractor to retain a portion of the 11 deposit under certain circumstances; subjecting a 12 contractor to disciplinary action, including the suspension of his or her license, under certain 13 14 circumstances; amending s. 489.127, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for certain violations; creating s. 15 16 489.1285, F.S.; requiring the department to create and 17 adopt by a date certain a standardized disciplinary form for a certain purpose; providing requirements for 18 local construction regulation boards; requiring the 19 department to record each submitted form in a 20 21 specified automated system; requiring a specified 22 report by a date certain; amending ss. 1003.41 and 23 1003.4282, F.S.; requiring financial literacy standards to include specified content for consumer 24 25 protection awareness relating to construction

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contracting beginning in a specified school year; amending ss. 489.119, 489.13, and 489.131, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 489.111, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (5), subsection (2) of that section is amended, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

489.111 Licensure by examination.-

- (2) A person \underline{is} shall be eligible for licensure by examination if the person \underline{meets} all of the following $\underline{requirements}$:
 - (a) Is 18 years of age.÷
 - (b) Is of good moral character.; and
- (c) Meets eligibility requirements according to one of the following criteria:
- 1. Has received a baccalaureate degree from an accredited 4-year college in the appropriate field of engineering, architecture, or building construction and has 1 year of proven experience in the category in which the person seeks to qualify. For the purpose of this part, a minimum of 2,000 person-hours shall be used in determining full-time equivalency. An applicant

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who is exempt from passing an examination under s. 489.113(1) is eligible for a license under this section.

- 2. Has a total of at least 4 years of active experience as a worker who has learned the trade by serving an apprenticeship as a skilled worker who is able to command the rate of a mechanic in the particular trade or as a foreman who is in charge of a group of workers and usually is responsible to a superintendent or a contractor or his or her equivalent; provided, however, that at least 1 year of active experience shall be as a foreman.
- 3. Has a combination of not less than 1 year of experience as a foreman and not less than 3 years of credits for any accredited college-level courses; has a combination of not less than 1 year of experience as a skilled worker, 1 year of experience as a foreman, and not less than 2 years of credits for any accredited college-level courses; or has a combination of not less than 2 years of experience as a skilled worker, 1 year of experience as a foreman, and not less than 1 year of credits for any accredited college-level courses. All junior college or community college-level courses shall be considered accredited college-level courses.
- 4.a. An active certified residential contractor is eligible to receive a certified building contractor license after passing or having previously passed the building contractors' examination if he or she possesses a minimum of 3

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years of proven experience in the classification in which he or she is certified.

- b. An active certified residential contractor is eligible to receive a certified general contractor license after passing or having previously passed the general contractors' examination if he or she possesses a minimum of 4 years of proven experience in the classification in which he or she is certified.
- c. An active certified building contractor is eligible to receive a certified general contractor license after passing or having previously passed the general contractors' examination if he or she possesses a minimum of 4 years of proven experience in the classification in which he or she is certified.
- 5.a. An active certified air-conditioning Class C contractor is eligible to receive a certified air-conditioning Class B contractor license after passing or having previously passed the air-conditioning Class B contractors' examination if he or she possesses a minimum of 3 years of proven experience in the classification in which he or she is certified.
- b. An active certified air-conditioning Class C contractor is eligible to receive a certified air-conditioning Class A contractor license after passing or having previously passed the air-conditioning Class A contractors' examination if he or she possesses a minimum of 4 years of proven experience in the classification in which he or she is certified.
 - c. An active certified air-conditioning Class B contractor

is eligible to receive a certified air-conditioning Class A contractor license after passing or having previously passed the air-conditioning Class A contractors' examination if he or she possesses a minimum of 1 year of proven experience in the classification in which he or she is certified.

- 6.a. An active certified swimming pool servicing contractor is eligible to receive a certified residential swimming pool contractor license after passing or having previously passed the residential swimming pool contractors' examination if he or she possesses a minimum of 3 years of proven experience in the classification in which he or she is certified.
- b. An active certified swimming pool servicing contractor is eligible to receive a certified commercial swimming pool contractor license after passing or having previously passed the swimming pool commercial contractors' examination if he or she possesses a minimum of 4 years of proven experience in the classification in which he or she is certified.
- c. An active certified residential swimming pool contractor is eligible to receive a certified commercial swimming pool contractor license after passing or having previously passed the commercial swimming pool contractors' examination if he or she possesses a minimum of 1 year of proven experience in the classification in which he or she is certified.

d. An applicant is eligible to receive a certified
swimming pool/spa servicing contractor license after passing or
having previously passed the swimming pool/spa servicing
contractors' examination if he or she has satisfactorily
completed 60 hours of instruction in courses related to the
scope of work covered by that license and approved by the
Construction Industry Licensing Board by rule and has at least 1
year of proven experience related to the scope of work of such a
contractor.

- (d) Submits a notarized statement from a licensed contractor who has direct knowledge of the work experience the applicant provided in his or her application for licensure.
- (4) If the board finds that a licensed contractor completes a notarized statement for an applicant that is intentionally and purposefully misleading or false, the licensed contractor is subject to discipline by the department.

Section 2. Subsection (2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 489.126, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 489.126 Moneys received by contractors.-
- (2) (a) A contractor who enters into a contract and receives a deposit for a construction project and subsequently cancels the construction project or rescinds the contract must, if the contract does not contain a cancellation or rescission provision, return the deposit to the contractee within 30 days after the date of such cancellation or rescission. The

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contractor may retain any portion of the deposit that has been spent on the construction project before cancellation or rescission if the contractor provides to the contractee a detailed statement of such expenditure.

- (b) A contractor who receives, as initial payment, money totaling more than 10 percent of the contract price for repair, restoration, improvement, or construction to residential real property must:
- 1. Apply for permits necessary to do work within 30 days after the date payment is made, except where the work does not require a permit under the applicable codes and ordinances, and
- 2. Start the work within 90 days after the date all necessary permits for work, if any, are issued,

unless the contractor has just cause for failing to apply for the necessary permits, starting the work, or refunding the payment, or unless the person who made the payment agreed, in writing, to a longer period to apply for the necessary permits or start the work or to longer periods for both.

(c)1.(b)1. If a contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (a) or paragraph (b), the contractee must make written demand to the contractor in the form of a letter that includes a demand to apply for the necessary permits, to start the work, or to refund the payment sent via certified mail, return receipt requested, mailed to the address

listed in the contract contracting agreement. If there is no address for the contractor listed in the contract contracting agreement, or a contract does not exist no written agreement exists, the contractee must mail the written demand letter to the address listed for licensing purposes with the department or the local construction industry licensing board, if applicable. If the contractor fails to return, in a reasonable time, the amount of the deposit owed or any other payment owed after receipt of a written demand, the contractor is subject to discipline as provided in this section, and the department may suspend the contractor's license.

2. It may be inferred that a contractor does not have just cause if the contractor fails to apply for the necessary permits, start the work, or refund payments within 30 days after of receiving a written demand to apply for the necessary permits, start the work, or refund the payment from the person who made the payment.

193 (3)

- (b) It is prima facie evidence that a contractor received money for the repair, restoration, addition, improvement, or construction of residential real property and that the amount received exceeds the value of the work performed by the contractor if all of the following occur when:
- 1. The contractor failed to perform any of the work for which he or she contracted during any 90-day period or any

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period that is mutually agreed upon and specified in the contract. +

- 2. The failure to perform any such work during the 90-day period or such period that is mutually agreed upon and specified in the contract was not related to the owner's termination of the contract or a material breach of the contract by the owner.÷
- 3. The contractor failed to perform for the 90-day period or such period that is mutually agreed upon and specified in the contract without just cause or terminated the contract without proper notification to the owner.
- a. Proper notification of termination for purposes of this subparagraph must be made by the contractor in the form of a letter that includes the reason for termination of the contract or the reason for failure to perform sent via certified mail, return receipt requested, mailed to the address of the owner listed in the contract contracting agreement. If a no written agreement or contract does not exist exists, the letter must be mailed to the address where the work was to be performed or the address listed on the permit, if applicable.
- b. If a contractor fails to comply with paragraph (a), written demand must be made to the contractor in the form of a letter that includes a demand to perform work, or refund the money received in excess of the value of the work performed, sent via certified mail, return receipt requested, mailed to the

address listed in the <u>contract</u> contracting agreement. If there is no address for the contractor listed in the <u>contract, or a written agreement or contract does not exist contracting agreement, or no agreement exists</u>, the letter must be mailed to the address listed with the department for licensing purposes or the local construction industry licensing board, if applicable.

- c. It may be inferred that a contractor does not have just cause if the contractor fails to perform work, or refund the money received in excess of the value of the work performed, within 30 days after receiving a written demand to perform the work, or refund the money received in excess of the value of the work performed, from the person who made the payment.
- Section 3. Subsections (2) through (6) of section 489.127, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) through (7), respectively, present subsections (1) and (2) are amended, and a new subsection (2) is added to that section, to read:
 - 489.127 Prohibitions; penalties.-

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- (1) A person may not No person shall:
- (a) Falsely hold himself or herself or a business organization out as a licensee, certificateholder, or registrant;
 - (b) Falsely impersonate a certificateholder or registrant;
- (c) Present as his or her own the certificate or registration of another;
 - (d) Knowingly give false or forged evidence to the board

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251 or a member thereof;

- (e) Use or attempt to use a certificate or registration that has been suspended or revoked;
- (f) Engage in the business or act in the capacity of a contractor or advertise himself or herself or a business organization as available to engage in the business or act in the capacity of a contractor without being duly registered or certified;
- (g) Operate a business organization engaged in contracting after 60 days following the termination of its only qualifying agent without designating another primary qualifying agent, except as provided in ss. 489.119 and 489.1195;
- (h) Commence or perform work for which a building permit is required pursuant to part IV of chapter 553 without such building permit being in effect; or
- (i) Willfully or deliberately disregard or violate any municipal or county ordinance relating to uncertified or unregistered contractors.
- (2) For purposes of this <u>section</u> subsection, a person or business organization operating on an inactive or suspended certificate or registration is not duly certified or registered and is considered unlicensed. A business tax receipt issued under the authority of chapter 205 is not a license for purposes of this part.
 - (3) A person who violates subsection (2) commits:

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276	(a) A misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
277	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, if the total money
278	contracted for is less than \$1,000.
279	(b) A felony of the third degree, punishable as provided
280	in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the total money
281	contracted for is \$1,000 or more, but less than \$20,000.
282	(c) A felony of the second degree, punishable as provided
283	in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the total money
284	contracted for is \$20,000 or more, but less than \$200,000.
285	(d) A felony of the first degree, punishable as provided
286	in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the total money
287	contracted for is \$200,000 or more.
288	(e) A felony of the third degree, punishable as provided
289	in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, if the violation occurred during
290	the existence of a state of emergency declared by executive
291	order of the Governor.
292	(2)(a) Any unlicensed person who violates any of the
293	provisions of subsection (1) commits a misdemeanor of the first
294	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
295	(b) Any unlicensed person who commits a violation of
296	subsection (1) after having been previously found guilty of such
297	violation commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as
298	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
299	(c) Any unlicensed person who commits a violation of
300	subsection (1) during the existence of a state of emergency

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declared by executive order of the Governor commits a felony of

302 the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 303 775.083. 304 (d) Any person who operates as a pollutant storage systems 305 contractor, precision tank tester, or internal pollutant storage tank lining applicator in violation of subsection (1) commits a 306 307 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 308 309 The remedies set forth in this subsection are not exclusive and 310 311 may be imposed in addition to the remedies set forth in s. 489.129(2). 312 313 Section 4. Section 489.1285, Florida Statutes, is created

to read:

489.1285 Disciplinary forms.—

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- (1) The department shall create and adopt a standardized disciplinary form to be used by each local construction regulation board to uniformly report a violation of this part to the department. The department shall create the standardized disciplinary form and publish a notice of proposed rule pursuant to s. 120.54(3)(a) by July 1, 2026.
- (2) (a) Upon adoption of a standardized disciplinary form by the department, each local construction regulation board must use the form when reporting any disciplinary action to the department. The department shall record each submitted form in

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326	the automated information system created by s. 455.2286.
327	(b) Each local construction regulation board must search
328	the automated information system for any recorded disciplinary
329	forms before issuing a license or registration under this part.
330	(3) By December 1, 2026, each local construction
331	regulation board must submit to the department a report
332	regarding the board's implementation of this section.
333	Section 5. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
334	1003.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
335	1003.41 State academic standards.—
336	(2) The state academic standards must meet the following
337	requirements:
338	(d) <u>1.</u> Social Studies standards must establish specific
339	curricular content for, at a minimum, geography, United States
340	and world history, government, civics, humanities, economics,
341	and financial literacy.
342	2. Effective for students entering grade 9 in the 2023-
343	2024 school year and thereafter, financial literacy standards
344	must establish specific curricular content for, at a minimum,
345	personal financial literacy and money management and include
346	instruction in the areas specified in s. 1003.4282(3)(h).
347	3. Effective for students entering grade 9 in the 2025-
348	2026 school year and thereafter, financial literacy standards
349	must establish specific curricular content for, at a minimum,

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consumer protection awareness relating to construction

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

contracting and include instruction in the areas specified in s. 1003.4282(3)(i).

Section 6. Paragraph (g) of subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 1003.4282, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (i) is added to subsection (3) of that section, to read:

1003.4282 Requirements for a standard high school diploma.—

- (3) STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA; COURSE AND ASSESSMENT REQUIREMENTS.—
- (g) 1. Credits in electives.—School districts must develop and offer coordinated electives so that a student may develop knowledge and skills in his or her area of interest, such as electives with a STEM or liberal arts focus. Such electives must include opportunities for students to earn college credit, including industry-certified career education programs or series of career-themed courses that result in industry certification or articulate into the award of college credit, or career education courses for which there is a statewide or local articulation agreement and which lead to college credit.
- 2. A student entering grade 9 before the 2023-2024 school year must earn eight credits in electives. A student entering grade 9 in the 2023-2024 school year or thereafter must earn seven and one-half credits in electives. A student entering grade 9 in the 2025-2026 school year or thereafter must earn

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seven credits in electives.

- (i) One-half credit in consumer protection awareness relating to construction contracting.—Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2025-2026 school year, each student must earn one-half credit in consumer protection awareness relating to construction contracting. This instruction must include discussion of or instruction covering basic consumer protection principles relating to construction, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Construction contracts.
 - 2. Construction fraud.
 - 3. Deposit and escrow requirements.
 - 4. Homeowners' rights under state law.
- (9) CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION GRADUATION PATHWAY OPTION.—Beginning with the 2019-2020 school year, a student is eligible to complete an alternative pathway to earning a standard high school diploma through the Career and Technical Education (CTE) pathway option. Receipt of a standard high school diploma awarded through the CTE pathway option requires the student's successful completion of at least 18 credits. A student completing the CTE pathway option must earn at least a cumulative grade point average (GPA) of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale.
- (a) In order for a student to satisfy the requirements of the CTE pathway option, he or she must meet the GPA requirement and:

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1. Me	eet the r	equirements	in paragra	aphs (3)(a	a) - (d) and,
additional	ly, for s	tudents ent	ering grade	9 in the	2023-2024
school year	r and the	reafter , pa	ragraph (3)	(h) <u>, and</u>	for students
entering g	rade 9 in	the 2025-2	026 school	year and	thereafter,
paragraph	(3)(i);				

- 2. Complete two credits in career and technical education. The courses must result in a program completion and an industry certification; and
- 3.a. For a student who enters grade 9 before the 2023-2024 school year, complete two credits in electives or work-based learning programs. A one-half credit in financial literacy may be included in the two credits of electives; or
- b. For a student who enters grade 9 in the 2023-2024 school year and thereafter, complete one and one-half credits in electives or work-based learning programs.

Section 7. Paragraph (f) of subsection (5) of section 489.119, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 489.119 Business organizations; qualifying agents.-
- 419 (5)

- (f) In addition to any other penalty prescribed by law, a local government may impose a civil fine pursuant to \underline{s} . $\underline{489.127(6)}$ s. $\underline{489.127(5)}$ against a person who is not certified or registered under this part if the person:
- 1. Claims to be licensed in any offer of services, business proposal, bid, contract, or advertisement, but does not

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possess a valid competency-based license issued by a local government in this state to perform the specified construction services; or

2. Claims to be insured in any offer of services, business proposal, bid, contract, or advertisement, but whose performance of the subject work is not covered by a general liability or workers' compensation insurance policy.

Section 8. Subsection (7) of section 489.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 489.13 Unlicensed contracting; notice of noncompliance; fine; authority to issue or receive a building permit; web page.—
- (7) The remedies set forth in this section are not exclusive and may be imposed in addition to the remedies set forth in s. 489.127(3) s. 489.127(2). In addition, nothing in this section is intended to prohibit the department or any local governing body from filing a civil action or seeking criminal penalties against an unlicensed contractor.

Section 9. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 489.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 489.131 Applicability.-
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(c) Each local board or agency that licenses contractors must transmit quarterly to the board a report of any disciplinary action taken against contractors and of any

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administrative or disciplinary action taken against unlicensed persons for engaging in the business or acting in the capacity of a contractor including any cease and desist orders issued pursuant to s. 489.113(2) (b) and any fine issued pursuant to <u>s.</u> 489.127(6) <u>s. 489.127(5)</u>.

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Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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