By Senator Ingoglia

	11-01272B-25 2025802
1	Senate Joint Resolution
2	A joint resolution proposing amendments to Section 1
3	of Article VIII and Section 4 of Article IX of the
4	State Constitution to provide term limits for members
5	of boards of county commissioners and district school
6	boards.
7	
8	Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
9	
10	That the following amendments to Section 1 of Article VIII
11	and Section 4 of Article IX of the State Constitution are agreed
12	to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state for
13	approval or rejection at the next general election or at an
14	earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that
15	purpose:
16	ARTICLE VIII
17	LOCAL GOVERNMENT
18	SECTION 1. Counties
19	(a) POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS. The state shall be divided by
20	law into political subdivisions called counties. Counties may be
21	created, abolished or changed by law, with provision for payment
22	or apportionment of the public debt.
23	(b) COUNTY FUNDS. The care, custody and method of
24	disbursing county funds shall be provided by general law.
25	(c) GOVERNMENT. Pursuant to general or special law, a
26	county government may be established by charter which shall be
27	adopted, amended or repealed only upon vote of the electors of
28	the county in a special election called for that purpose.
29	(d) COUNTY OFFICERS. There shall be elected by the
	Page 1 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SJR 802

11-01272B-25 2025802 30 electors of each county, for terms of four years, a sheriff, a 31 tax collector, a property appraiser, a supervisor of elections, 32 and a clerk of the circuit court. Unless otherwise provided by special law approved by vote of the electors or pursuant to 33 34 Article V, section 16, the clerk of the circuit court shall be 35 ex officio clerk of the board of county commissioners, auditor, 36 recorder and custodian of all county funds. Notwithstanding 37 subsection 6(e) of this article, a county charter may not abolish the office of a sheriff, a tax collector, a property 38 39 appraiser, a supervisor of elections, or a clerk of the circuit court; transfer the duties of those officers to another officer 40 or office; change the length of the four-year term of office; or 41 42 establish any manner of selection other than by election by the electors of the county. 43

44 (e) COMMISSIONERS. Except when otherwise provided by county charter, the governing body of each county shall be a 45 46 board of county commissioners composed of five or seven members 47 serving staggered terms of four years. After each decennial census the board of county commissioners shall divide the county 48 49 into districts of contiguous territory as nearly equal in 50 population as practicable. One commissioner residing in each 51 district shall be elected as provided by law. Except as provided 52 in general law relating to single-member districts after decennial redistricting, a person may not appear on the ballot 53 54 for re-election as a member of a board of county commissioners 55 if, by the end of his or her current term of office, such person 56 will have served, or, but for resignation, would have served, as a member of the board for eight years. Service in a term of 57 58 office which commences on or before November 3, 2026, does not

Page 2 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

59

11-01272B-25 2025802 <u>count toward the limitation imposed by this subsection.</u> (f) NON-CHARTER GOVERNMENT. Counties not operating under

(f) NON-CHARTER GOVERNMENT. Counties not operating under county charters shall have such power of self-government as is provided by general or special law. The board of county commissioners of a county not operating under a charter may enact, in a manner prescribed by general law, county ordinances not inconsistent with general or special law, but an ordinance in conflict with a municipal ordinance shall not be effective within the municipality to the extent of such conflict.

(g) CHARTER GOVERNMENT. Counties operating under county 68 69 charters shall have all powers of local self-government not 70 inconsistent with general law, or with special law approved by 71 vote of the electors. The governing body of a county operating 72 under a charter may enact county ordinances not inconsistent 73 with general law. The charter shall provide which shall prevail 74 in the event of conflict between county and municipal 75 ordinances.

(h) TAXES; LIMITATION. Property situate within municipalities shall not be subject to taxation for services rendered by the county exclusively for the benefit of the property or residents in unincorporated areas.

80 (i) COUNTY ORDINANCES. Each county ordinance shall be
81 filed with the custodian of state records and shall become
82 effective at such time thereafter as is provided by general law.

(j) VIOLATION OF ORDINANCES. Persons violating countyordinances shall be prosecuted and punished as provided by law.

(k) COUNTY SEAT. In every county there shall be a county
seat at which shall be located the principal offices and
permanent records of all county officers. The county seat may

Page 3 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

11-01272B-25 2025802 88 not be moved except as provided by general law. Branch offices 89 for the conduct of county business may be established elsewhere in the county by resolution of the governing body of the county 90 91 in the manner prescribed by law. No instrument shall be deemed 92 recorded until filed at the county seat, or a branch office designated by the governing body of the county for the recording 93 94 of instruments, according to law. ARTICLE IX 95 96 EDUCATION 97 SECTION 4. School districts; school boards.-98 (a) Each county shall constitute a school district; 99 provided, two or more contiguous counties, upon vote of the 100 electors of each county pursuant to law, may be combined into 101 one school district. In each school district there shall be a 102 school board composed of five or more members chosen by vote of 103 the electors in a nonpartisan election for appropriately 104 staggered terms of four years, as provided by law. A person may 105 not appear on the ballot for re-election to the office of school 106 board member, if by the end of the current term of office, that 107 person will have served, or, but for resignation, would have 108 served, as a member of the school board for eight years. Service 109 of a term of office which commenced before November 8, 2022, 110 does not count toward the limitation imposed by this subsection. The school board shall operate, control and supervise 111 (b) all free public schools within the school district and determine 112 113 the rate of school district taxes within the limits prescribed 114 herein. Two or more school districts may operate and finance 115 joint educational programs. 116 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be

Page 4 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SJR 802

11-01272B-25 2025802
placed on the ballot:
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
ARTICLE VIII, SECTION 1
ARTICLE IX, SECTION 4
TERM LIMITS FOR MEMBERS OF COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND DISTRICT
SCHOOL BOARDSThis amendment to the State Constitution provides
that a person is limited to serving eight years as a member of a
county commission and applies to terms of office that commence
after November 3, 2026. This amendment also provides that a
person is limited to serving eight years as a member of a
district school board and applies to terms that began after
November 8, 2022, as provided by general law.

Page 5 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SJR 802