1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to corrections; amending s. 57.085,
3	F.S.; revising provisions relating to deferral of
4	prepayment of court costs and fees for indigent
5	prisoners for actions involving challenges to prison
6	disciplinary reports; amending s. 95.11, F.S.;
7	providing for a 1-year period of limitation for
8	bringing certain actions relating to the condition of
9	confinement of prisoners; creating s. 760.701, F.S.;
10	defining the term "prisoner"; requiring exhaustion of
11	administrative remedies before certain actions
12	concerning confinement of prisoners may be brought;
13	providing for dismissal of certain actions involving
14	prisoner confinement in certain circumstances;
15	requiring a showing of physical injury or the
16	commission of a certain act as a condition precedent
17	for bringing certain actions relating to prisoner
18	confinement; specifying a time limitation period for
19	bringing an action concerning any condition of
20	confinement; amending s. 775.087, F.S.; providing that
21	prison terms for certain offenses committed in
22	conjunction with another felony offense may be
23	sentenced to be served consecutively; amending ss.
24	922.10 and 922.105, F.S.; revising provisions
25	concerning methods of execution of death sentences;
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26 amending s. 934.425, F.S.; exempting persons working 27 for the Department of Corrections or the Department of 28 Juvenile Justice, or persons authorized pursuant to a 29 court order, from provisions regulating the use of 30 tracking devices or tracking applications; amending s. 31 945.41, F.S.; revising legislative intent; revising 32 provisions relating to mental health treatment for 33 inmates; providing that an inmate must give his or her 34 express and informed consent to such treatment; 35 specifying information an inmate must receive 36 regarding treatment; authorizing the warden to 37 authorize certain emergency medical treatment under the direction of the inmate's attending physician 38 39 under certain circumstances; amending s. 945.42, F.S.; 40 revising and providing definitions; amending s. 41 945.43, F.S.; revising provisions concerning 42 involuntary examinations; amending s. 945.44, F.S.; 43 revising provisions concerning involuntary placement and treatment of an inmate in a mental health 44 treatment facility; repealing s. 945.45 F.S., relating 45 to continued placement of inmates in mental health 46 47 treatment facilities; amending s. 945.46, F.S.; 48 providing requirements for filing petitions for 49 involuntary inpatient placement for certain inmates; 50 authorizing the court to order alternative means and

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51	venues for certain hearings; requiring, rather than
52	authorizing, inmates to be transported to the nearest
53	receiving facility in certain circumstances; amending
54	s. 945.47, F.S.; specifying purposes for which an
55	inmate's mental health treatment records may be
56	provided to the Florida Commission on Offender Review
57	and the Department of Children and Families;
58	authorizing such records to be provided to certain
59	facilities upon request; amending s. 945.48, F.S.;
60	substantially rewording provisions relating to
61	emergency treatment orders and use of force and
62	providing requirements therefore; providing
63	requirements for emergency and psychotropic
64	medications and use of force; creating s. 945.485,
65	F.S.; providing legislative findings; providing
66	requirements for management and treatment for an
67	inmate's self-injurious behaviors; requiring facility
68	wardens to consult with an inmate's treating physician
69	in certain circumstances and make certain
70	determinations; providing for petitions to compel an
71	inmate to submit to medical treatment in certain
72	circumstances; providing construction; amending s.
73	945.49, F.S.; removing a requirement that the
74	Department of Corrections adopt certain rules in
75	cooperation with the Mental Health Program Office of

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76 the Department of Children and Families; creating s. 77 945.6402, F.S.; providing definitions; providing 78 legislative findings and intent; providing 79 requirements for inmate capacity, health care advance 80 directives, and proxies; authorizing the use of force 81 on incapacitated inmates in certain circumstances; 82 providing immunity from liability for certain persons 83 in certain circumstances; amending s. 947.02, F.S.; 84 revising the manner in which the membership of the 85 Florida Commission on Offender Review is appointed; 86 repealing s. 947.021, F.S., relating to expedited 87 appointments of the Florida Commission on Offender Review; amending s. 947.12, F.S.; conforming 88 89 provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 957.04, F.S.; revising requirements for contracting 90 91 for certain services; amending s. 957.09, F.S.; removing a provision relating to minority business 92 93 enterprises; amending s. 20.32, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing an 94 95 effective date. 96 97 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 98 99 Section 1. Subsection (10) of section 57.085, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

101 57.085 Deferral of prepayment of court costs and fees for 102 indigent prisoners.-103 (10)With the exception of challenges to prison disciplinary reports, this section does not apply to a criminal 104 105 proceeding or a collateral criminal proceeding. 106 Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) of subsection (6) of section 95.11, Florida 107 108 Statutes, are amended to read: 109 95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real 110 property.-Actions other than for recovery of real property shall be commenced as follows: 111 112 (2) WITHIN FIVE YEARS.-A legal or equitable action on a contract, obligation, 113 (b) 114 or liability founded on a written instrument, except for an 115 action to enforce a claim against a payment bond, which shall be 116 governed by the applicable provisions of paragraph (6)(e), s. 117 255.05(10), s. 337.18(1), or s. 713.23(1)(e), and except for an action for a deficiency judgment governed by paragraph (6)(g) 118 119 (6)(h). WITHIN ONE YEAR.-120 (6) 121 Except for actions described in subsection (9), or a (f) 122 petition challenging a criminal conviction, all petitions; extraordinary writs; tort actions, including those under s. 123 124 768.28(14); or other actions which concern any condition of 125 confinement of a prisoner a petition for extraordinary writ, Page 5 of 56

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126 other than a petition challenging a criminal conviction, filed 127 by or on behalf of a prisoner as defined in s. 57.085. Any 128 petition, writ, or action brought under this paragraph must be 129 commenced within 1 year after the time the incident, conduct, or 130 conditions occurred or within 1 year after the time the incident, conduct, or conditions were discovered, or should have 131 132 been discovered. 133 (g) Except for actions described in subsection (9), an action brought by or on behalf of a prisoner, as defined in s. 134 57.085, relating to the conditions of the prisoner's 135 136 confinement. 137 (q) (h) An action to enforce a claim of a deficiency 138 related to a note secured by a mortgage against a residential 139 property that is a one-family to four-family dwelling unit. The 140 limitations period shall commence on the day after the certificate is issued by the clerk of court or the day after the 141 142 mortgagee accepts a deed in lieu of foreclosure. Section 3. Section 760.701, Florida Statutes, is created 143 144 to read: 145 760.701 Lawsuits by prisoners.-146 (1) For the purposes of this section, the term "prisoner" means any person incarcerated or detained in any jail, prison, 147 or other correctional facility, who is accused of, convicted of, 148 149 sentenced for, or adjudicated delinquent for, violations of 150 criminal law or the terms and conditions of parole, probation,

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151	pretrial release, or diversionary program.
152	(2) An action may not be brought by or on behalf of a
153	prisoner relating to the conditions of the prisoner's
154	confinement under 42 U.S.C. s. 1983, or any other state or
155	federal law, until such administrative remedies as are available
156	are fully exhausted.
157	(3) The court shall on its own motion or on the motion of
158	a party dismiss any action brought relating to the conditions of
159	the prisoner's confinement under 42 U.S.C. s. 1983, or any other
160	state or federal law, by a prisoner if the court is satisfied
161	that the action is frivolous, malicious, fails to state a claim
162	upon which relief can be granted, or seeks monetary relief from
163	a defendant who is immune from such relief. The court shall
164	review any such action pursuant to s. 57.085(6).
165	(4) An action may not be brought in state court by or on
166	behalf of a prisoner relating to the conditions of the
167	prisoner's confinement under 42 U.S.C. s. 1983, or any state
168	tort action, for mental or emotional injury suffered while in
169	custody without a prior showing of physical injury or the
170	commission of a sexual act as defined in 18 U.S.C. s. 2246(2).
171	(5) The time for bringing an action which concerns any
172	condition of confinement of a prisoner shall be the limitations
173	period as described in s. 95.11(6)(f).
174	Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
175	775.087, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraph (e) is added to
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176 that subsection, paragraph (e) of subsection (3) is redesignated 177 as paragraph (f), paragraph (d) of that subsection is amended, a 178 new paragraph (e) is added to that subsection, and paragraph (a) 179 of subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) are 180 republished, to read: 181 775.087 Possession or use of weapon; aggravated battery; 182 felony reclassification; minimum sentence.-183 (2) (a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a 184 185 weapon is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for: 186 Murder; a. 187 Sexual battery; b. 188 Robbery; с. 189 Burglary; d. 190 e. Arson; 191 f. Aggravated battery; 192 Kidnapping; q. 193 h. Escape; 194 Aircraft piracy; i. 195 j. Aggravated child abuse; 196 k. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled 197 adult; Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 198 1. destructive device or bomb; 199 200 Carjacking; m.

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201	n. Home-invasion robbery;
202	o. Aggravated stalking;
203	p. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine,
204	capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs,
205	capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in
206	phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking
207	in methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone,
208	trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine,
209	trafficking in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-
210	hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol,
211	trafficking in Phenethylamines, or other violation of s.
212	893.135(1);
213	q. Possession of a firearm by a felon; or
214	r. Human trafficking
215	
216	and during the commission of the offense, such person actually
217	possessed a "firearm" or "destructive device" as those terms are
218	defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of
219	imprisonment of 10 years, except that a person who is convicted
220	for possession of a firearm by a felon or burglary of a
221	conveyance shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment
222	of 3 years if such person possessed a "firearm" or "destructive
223	device" during the commission of the offense. However, if an
224	offender who is convicted of the offense of possession of a
225	firearm by a felon has a previous conviction of committing or
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attempting to commit a felony listed in s. 775.084(1)(b)1. and actually possessed a firearm or destructive device during the commission of the prior felony, the offender shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years.

230 2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt 231 to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs 1.a.-p. or sub-232 subparagraph 1.r., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is 233 an element of the felony, and during the course of the 234 commission of the felony such person discharged a "firearm" or 235 "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced 236 to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.

237 Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt 3. 238 to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs 1.a.-p. or sub-239 subparagraph 1.r., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is 240 an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a "firearm" or 241 242 "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result 243 of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon 244 any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum 245 term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than 246 a term of imprisonment of life in prison.

(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that offenders who
actually possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or
attempt to use firearms or destructive devices be punished to
the fullest extent of the law. The court shall impose, and the

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0 E 1	minimum towns of imprisonment versional under several (-)	
251	minimum <u>term</u> terms of imprisonment <u>required under paragraph (a)</u>	
252	imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be imposed for each	
253	qualifying felony <u>offense</u> count for which the person is	
254	convicted. If the offender is convicted of multiple felony	
255	offenses for which paragraph (a) requires the imposition of a	
256	minimum term of imprisonment, the court shall impose any such	
257	terms term of imprisonment provided for in this subsection	
258	consecutively to any other term of imprisonment imposed for any	
259	other felony offense.	
260	(e) If an offender commits a felony enumerated in	
261	subparagraph (a)1. in conjunction with any other felony offense	
262	not enumerated in subparagraph (a)1., the court may impose any	
263	term of imprisonment provided for in paragraph (a) consecutively	
264	to any other term of imprisonment imposed for any other felony	
265	offense not enumerated in subparagraph (a)1.	
266	(3)(a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an	
267	attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a	
268	firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for:	
269	a. Murder;	
270	b. Sexual battery;	
271	c. Robbery;	
272	d. Burglary;	
273	e. Arson;	
274	f. Aggravated battery;	
275	g. Kidnapping;	
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276	h.	Escape;
277	i.	Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell,
278	manufact	ure, or deliver any controlled substance;
279	j.	Aircraft piracy;
280	k.	Aggravated child abuse;
281	l.	Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled
282	adult;	
283	m.	Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
284	destruct	ive device or bomb;
285	n.	Carjacking;
286	ο.	Home-invasion robbery;
287	p.	Aggravated stalking;
288	d.	Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine,
289	capital	importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs,
290	capital	importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in
291	phencycl	idine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking
292	in metha	qualone, capital importation of methaqualone,
293	traffick	ing in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine,
294	traffick	ing in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-
295	hydroxyb	utyric acid (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol,
296	traffick	ing in Phenethylamines, or other violation of s.
297	893.135(1); or
298	r.	Human trafficking
299		
300	and duri	ng the commission of the offense, such person possessed
ļ		Page 12 of 56

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301 a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box 302 magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001, shall be 303 sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years.

2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph 1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.

3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt 311 312 to commit a felony listed in subparagraph 1., regardless of 313 whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and 314 during the course of the commission of the felony such person 315 discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the 316 317 result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was 318 inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be 319 sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 320 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in 321 prison.

(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that offenders who
possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or attempt to use
a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box
magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001 be punished

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326 to the fullest extent of the law. The court shall impose, and 327 the minimum term terms of imprisonment required under paragraph 328 (a) imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be imposed for 329 each qualifying felony offense count for which the person is 330 convicted. If the offender is convicted of multiple felony offenses for which paragraph (a) requires the imposition of a 331 332 minimum term of imprisonment, the court shall impose any such 333 terms term of imprisonment provided for in this subsection 334 consecutively to any other term of imprisonment imposed for any 335 other felony offense.

336 (e) If an offender commits a felony enumerated in 337 subparagraph (a)1. in conjunction with any other felony offense 338 not enumerated in subparagraph (a)1., the court may impose any 339 term of imprisonment provided for in paragraph (a) consecutively 340 to any other term of imprisonment imposed for any other felony 341 offense not enumerated in subparagraph (a)1.

(f) (e) As used in this subsection, the term:

343 1. "High-capacity detachable box magazine" means any 344 detachable box magazine, for use in a semiautomatic firearm, 345 which is capable of being loaded with more than 20 centerfire 346 cartridges.

347 2. "Semiautomatic firearm" means a firearm which is 348 capable of firing a series of rounds by separate successive 349 depressions of the trigger and which uses the energy of 350 discharge to perform a portion of the operating cycle.

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351 Section 5. Section 922.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to 352 read: 353 922.10 Execution of death sentence; executioner.-A death 354 sentence shall be executed by electrocution, or lethal 355 injection, or a method not deemed unconstitutional in accordance 356 with s. 922.105. The warden of the state prison shall designate 357 the executioner. The warrant authorizing the execution shall be 358 read to the convicted person immediately before execution. 359 Section 6. Subsection (3) of section 922.105, Florida 360 Statutes, is amended to read: 922.105 Execution of death sentence; prohibition against 361 362 reduction of death sentence as a result of determination that a method of execution is unconstitutional.-363 364 If electrocution or lethal injection is held to be (3) unconstitutional by the Florida Supreme Court under the State 365 366 Constitution, or held to be unconstitutional by the United 367 States Supreme Court under the United States Constitution, or if 368 the United States Supreme Court declines to review any judgment 369 holding a method of execution to be unconstitutional under the 370 United States Constitution made by the Florida Supreme Court or 371 the United States Court of Appeals that has jurisdiction over 372 Florida, or if the acquisition of chemicals necessary for lethal 373 injection by the department becomes impossible or impractical, 374 all persons sentenced to death for a capital crime shall be executed by a method not deemed unconstitutional any 375 Page 15 of 56

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376	constitutional method of execution.
377	Section 7. Paragraphs (b) through (e) of subsection (4) of
378	section 934.425, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
379	paragraphs (e) through (h), respectively, and new paragraphs
380	(b), (c), and (d) are added to that subsection, to read:
381	934.425 Installation or use of tracking devices or
382	tracking applications; exceptions; penalties
383	(4) This section does not apply to:
384	(b) A correctional officer, correctional probation
385	officer, or any other officer or support personnel, as those
386	terms are defined in s. 943.10, of the Department of Corrections
387	who lawfully installs, places, or uses a tracking device or
388	tracking application on a person in his or her care, custody, or
389	control and in the course and scope of his or her employment.
390	(c) A juvenile probation officer, an authorized agent or
391	designee, or delinquency program staff, as those terms are
392	defined in s. 985.03, of the Department of Juvenile Justice who
393	lawfully installs, places, or uses a tracking device or tracking
394	application on a person in his or her care, custody, or control
395	and in the scope and course of his or her employment.
396	(d) A person authorized to install, place, or use a
397	tracking device or tracking application pursuant to a court
398	<u>order.</u>
399	Section 8. Section 945.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to
400	read:

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401 945.41 Mental health treatment for inmates; legislative 402 intent of ss. 945.40-945.49.-403 (1) INTENT.-It is the intent of the Legislature that: 404 mentally ill Inmates in the custody of the department (a) 405 who have a mental illness of Corrections receive an evaluation 406 and appropriate treatment for their mental illness through a 407 continuum of outpatient and inpatient mental health treatment 408 and services. 409 The department is authorized to purchase treatment (b) 410 materials and equipment to support inmate rehabilitation; to 411 ameliorate disabling mental symptoms associated with impairment 412 in behavioral functioning, sensory and motor skills, and impulse 413 control; and to improve adaptive coping skills consistent with 414 the department's jurisdiction as described in s. 945.025. 415 (c) Sections 945.40-945.49 do not supplement, amend, or 416 change the responsibilities of the Department of Children and 417 Families pursuant to chapter 916, the Forensic Client Services 418 Act, which governs forensic services for persons who are 419 incompetent to proceed as defined in s. 916.106. (2) INDIVIDUAL DIGNITY AND TREATMENT.-420 421 (a) An inmate in the custody of the department shall be 422 offered treatment that is suited to his or her needs as 423 determined by health care staff and that is provided in a humane 424 psychological environment. Such treatment shall be administered 425 skillfully, safely, and humanely with respect for the inmate's

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426 dignity and personal integrity. 427 The department shall provide mental health treatment (b) 428 and services to inmates and may contract with any entities, 429 persons, or agencies qualified to provide such treatment and 430 services. 431 Inmates receiving mental health treatment and services (C) 432 shall be offered the opportunity to participate in the 433 development of a written individualized treatment plan and 434 provided a copy of such plan before its implementation. It is 435 further the intent of the Legislature that: 436 (d) (1) Inmates in the custody of the department who have 437 mental illnesses that require hospitalization and intensive 438 mental health psychiatric inpatient treatment and services or 439 care shall be offered receive appropriate treatment or care in 440 an inpatient setting Department of Corrections mental health 441 treatment facilities designated for that purpose. Inmates who 442 have mental illnesses that require intensive hospitalization-443 level mental health inpatient treatment and services shall be 444 transferred to a department mental health treatment facility 445 designated for that purpose The Department of Corrections shall 446 provide mental health services to inmates committed to it and 447 may contract with any entities, persons, or agencies qualified to provide such services. 448 449 (e) (2) Mental health treatment facilities shall be secure

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and adequately equipped and staffed for the provision of mental

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451	health treatment and services. Inmates shall be offered the
452	least restrictive appropriate available treatment and services
453	based on their assessed needs and best interests and consistent
454	with improvement of their condition for facilitation of
455	appropriate adjustment within the correctional environment
456	services and that, to the extent possible, such services be
457	provided in the least restrictive manner consistent with optimum
458	improvement of the inmate's condition.
459	(3) EXPRESS AND INFORMED CONSENT
460	(a) A mentally competent inmate offered mental health
461	treatment within the department shall give his or her express
462	and informed consent for such treatment. Before giving such
463	consent, the following information shall be provided and
464	explained in plain language to the inmate:
465	1. The proposed treatment.
466	2. The purpose of the treatment.
467	3. The common risks, benefits, and side effects of the
467 468	3. The common risks, benefits, and side effects of the treatment and the specific dosage range for a medication, if
468	treatment and the specific dosage range for a medication, if
468 469	treatment and the specific dosage range for a medication, if applicable.
468 469 470	treatment and the specific dosage range for a medication, if applicable. <u>4. Alternative treatment modalities.</u>
468 469 470 471	treatment and the specific dosage range for a medication, if applicable. <u>4. Alternative treatment modalities.</u> <u>5. The approximate length of treatment.</u>
468 469 470 471 472	treatment and the specific dosage range for a medication, if applicable. <u>4. Alternative treatment modalities.</u> <u>5. The approximate length of treatment.</u> <u>6. The potential effects of stopping treatment.</u>
468 469 470 471 472 473	treatment and the specific dosage range for a medication, if applicable. <u>4. Alternative treatment modalities.</u> <u>5. The approximate length of treatment.</u> <u>6. The potential effects of stopping treatment.</u> <u>7. How treatment will be monitored.</u>

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476	the inmate or by a person legally authorized to make health care
477	decisions on behalf of the inmate.
478	(b) Inmates who are determined to be incompetent to
479	consent to treatment shall receive treatment deemed to be
480	necessary for their appropriate care and for the safety of the
481	inmate or others in accordance with the procedures established
482	<u>in ss. 945.40-945.49.</u>
483	(4) (3) PAROLE.—Inmates who are transferred to any facility
484	for the purpose of mental health treatment <u>and services shall</u> be
485	given consideration for parole and be eligible for release by
486	reason of gain-time allowances as provided in s. 944.291 and
487	release by expiration of sentence, consistent with guidelines
488	established for that purpose by the department.
489	(5) (4) YOUTHFUL OFFENDERS.—Any inmate sentenced as a
490	youthful offender, or designated as a youthful offender by the
491	department under chapter 958, who is transferred pursuant to
492	this act to a mental health treatment facility <u>shall</u> be
493	separated from other inmates, if necessary, as determined by the
494	warden of the mental health treatment facility.
495	(6) (5) TREATMENT FACILITIES.—The department may designate
496	mental health treatment facilities for adult, youthful, and
497	female offenders or may contract with other appropriate
498	entities, persons, or agencies for such services.
499	(7) EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENTNotwithstanding any other
500	provision of this section, when the express and informed consent
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501 of an inmate placed in a mental health treatment facility in 502 accordance with s. 945.44 cannot be obtained or the inmate is 503 incompetent to consent to treatment, the warden of a mental 504 health treatment facility, or his or her designated 505 representative, under the direction of the inmate's attending 506 physician, may authorize nonpsychiatric, emergency surgical 507 treatment or other routine medical treatment if such treatment 508 is deemed lifesaving or there is a situation threatening serious 509 bodily harm to the inmate. 510 Section 9. Section 945.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to 511 read: 512 945.42 Definitions; ss. 945.40-945.49.-As used in ss. 513 945.40-945.49, the following terms shall have the meanings 514 ascribed to them, unless the context shall clearly indicate 515 otherwise: (1) "Court" means the circuit court. 516 517 (2)"Crisis stabilization care" means an inpatient a level 518 of care that is less restrictive and intensive intense than care 519 provided in a mental health treatment facility, that includes a 520 broad range of evaluation and treatment and services provided within a secure and highly structured residential setting or 521 522 locked residential setting, and that is intended for inmates who are experiencing acute psychological emotional distress and who 523 cannot be adequately evaluated and treated in a transitional 524 525 care unit or infirmary isolation management room. Such treatment

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526 and services are is also more intense than treatment and 527 services provided in a transitional care unit and are is devoted 528 principally toward rapid stabilization of acute symptoms and 529 conditions. "Department" means the Department of Corrections. 530 (3) "Express and informed consent" means consent 531 (4) 532 voluntarily given in writing, by a competent inmate, after 533 sufficient explanation and disclosure of the subject matter 534 involved, to enable the inmate to make a knowing and willful 535 decision without any element of force, fraud, deceit, duress, or 536 other form of constraint or coercion. 537 (5) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which an 538 inmate, as a result of a diagnosed mental illness, is: 539 (a) In danger of serious physical harm resulting from the 540 inmate's failure to provide for his or her essential physical 541 needs of food, clothing, hygiene, health, or safety without the 542 assistance of others; or 543 (b) Experiencing a substantial deterioration in behavioral 544 functioning evidenced by the inmate's unremitting decline in 545 volitional control over his or her actions. 546 (6) "Incompetent to consent to treatment" means a state in 547 which an inmate's judgment is so affected by mental illness that 548 he or she lacks the capacity to make a well-reasoned, willful, 549 and knowing decision concerning his or her medical or mental health treatment and services. The term is distinguished from 550

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551 the term "incompetent to proceed," as defined in s. 916.106, and 552 only refers to an inmate's inability to provide express and 553 informed consent for medical or mental health treatment and 554 services. 555 (4) "Director" means the Director for Mental Health 556 Services of the Department of Corrections or his or her 557 designee. 558 (5) "In immediate need of care and treatment" means that 559 an inmate is apparently mentally ill and is not able to be 560 appropriately cared for in the institution where he or she is 561 confined and that, but for being isolated in a more restrictive 562 and secure housing environment, because of the apparent mental 563 illness: 564 (a)1. The inmate is demonstrating a refusal to care for 565 himself or herself and without immediate treatment intervention 566 is likely to continue to refuse to care for himself or herself, 567 and such refusal poses an immediate, real, and present threat of 568 substantial harm to his or her well-being; or 569 2. There is an immediate, real, and present threat that 570 the inmate will inflict serious bodily harm on himself or herself or another person, as evidenced by recent behavior 571 572 involving causing, attempting, or threatening such harm; (b) The inmate is unable to determine for himself or 573 574 herself whether placement is necessary; and 575 (c) All available less restrictive treatment alternatives

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576	that would offer an opportunity for improvement of the inmate's
577	condition have been clinically determined to be inappropriate.
578	(7)(6) "In need of care and treatment" means that an
579	inmate has a mental illness for which inpatient services in a
580	mental health treatment facility are necessary and that, but for
581	being isolated in a more restrictive and secure housing
582	environment, because of the mental illness:
583	(a) But for being isolated in a more restrictive and
584	secure housing environment:
585	1. The inmate is demonstrating a refusal to care for
586	himself or herself and without treatment is likely to continue
587	to refuse to care for himself or herself, and such refusal poses
588	a real and present threat of substantial harm to his or her
589	well-being; or
590	2. There is a substantial likelihood that in the near
591	future the inmate will inflict serious bodily harm on himself or
592	herself or another person, as evidenced by recent behavior
593	causing, attempting, or threatening such harm. \cdot
594	(b) The inmate is incompetent to consent to treatment and
595	is unable or is refusing to provide express and informed consent
596	to treatment.
597	<u>(c)</u> The inmate is unable to determine for himself or
598	herself whether placement is necessary; and
599	(d) (c) All available less restrictive treatment
600	alternatives that would offer an opportunity for improvement of
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601	the inmate's condition have been clinically determined to be
602	inappropriate.
603	<u>(8)</u> "Inmate" means any person committed to the custody
604	of the Department of Corrections.
605	(9) "Involuntary examination" means a psychiatric
606	examination performed at a mental health treatment facility to
607	determine whether an inmate should be placed in the mental
608	health treatment facility for inpatient mental health treatment
609	and services.
610	(10) "Likelihood of serious harm" means:
611	(a) A substantial risk that the inmate will inflict
612	serious physical harm upon his or her own person, as evidenced
613	by threats or attempts to commit suicide or the actual
614	infliction of serious physical harm on self;
615	(b) A substantial risk that the inmate will inflict
616	physical harm upon another person, as evidenced by behavior
617	which has caused such harm or which places any person in
618	reasonable fear of sustaining such harm; or
619	(c) A reasonable degree of medical certainty that the
620	inmate will suffer serious physical or mental harm as evidenced
621	by the inmate's recent behavior demonstrating an inability to
622	refrain from engaging in self-harm behavior.
623	(11) (8) "Mental health treatment facility" means any
624	extended treatment or hospitalization-level unit within the
625	corrections system which the Assistant Secretary for Health

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Services of the department specifically designates by rule to provide acute <u>mental health</u> psychiatric care and which may include involuntary treatment and therapeutic intervention in contrast to less intensive levels of care such as outpatient mental health care, transitional mental health care, or crisis stabilization care. <u>The term does not include a forensic</u> facility as defined in s. 916.106.

(12) (9) "Mental illness" or "mentally ill" means an 633 impairment of the mental or emotional processes that exercise 634 635 conscious control of one's actions or of the ability to perceive 636 or understand reality, which impairment substantially interferes 637 with the person's ability to meet the ordinary demands of living. However, for the purposes of transferring an inmate to a 638 639 mental health treatment facility, the term does not include a 640 developmental disability as defined in s. 393.063, simple 641 intoxication, or conditions manifested only by antisocial 642 behavior or substance abuse addiction. However, an individual 643 who is developmentally disabled may also have a mental illness.

644 <u>(13)(10)</u> "Psychiatrist" means a medical practitioner 645 licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has 646 primarily diagnosed and treated nervous and mental disorders for 647 a period of not less than 3 years inclusive of psychiatric 648 residency.

649 (14) (11) "Psychological professional" means a behavioral
 650 practitioner who has an approved doctoral degree in psychology

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as defined in <u>s. 490.003(3)(b)</u> s. 490.003(3) and is employed by the department or who is licensed as a psychologist pursuant to chapter 490.

654

(15) (12) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Corrections.

655 (16) (13) "Transitional mental health care" means a level 656 of care that is more intensive than outpatient care, but less 657 intensive than crisis stabilization care, and is characterized 658 by the provision of traditional mental health treatment and 659 services treatments such as group and individual therapy, activity therapy, recreational therapy, and psychotropic 660 medications in the context of a secure, structured residential 661 662 setting. Transitional mental health care is indicated for an 663 inmate a person with chronic or residual symptomatology who does 664 not require crisis stabilization care or acute mental health 665 psychiatric care, but whose impairment in functioning 666 nevertheless renders him or her incapable of adjusting satisfactorily within the general inmate population. 667

668 (17) "Treatment" means psychotropic medications prescribed 669 by a medical practitioner licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or 670 chapter 459, including those laboratory tests and related 671 medical procedures that are essential for the safe and effective 672 administration of a psychotropic medication and psychological interventions and services such as group and individual 673 674 psychotherapy, activity therapy, recreational therapy, and music 675 therapy. The term does not include forensic services for inmate

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676 defendants who are incompetent to proceed as defined in s. 677 916.106. 678 (18) (14) "Warden" means the warden of a state corrections 679 facility or his or her designee. Section 10. Section 945.43, Florida Statutes, is amended 680 681 to read: 682 (Substantial rewording of section. See 683 s. 945.43, F.S., for present text.) 945.43 Involuntary examination.-684 685 (1) If there is reason to believe that an inmate has a mental illness and the inmate is in need of care and treatment, 686 687 the inmate's treating clinician may refer the inmate to a mental health treatment facility for an involuntary examination. Upon 688 689 referral, the warden of the facility where the inmate is housed 690 shall transfer the inmate to a mental health treatment facility. 691 (2) Upon arrival to the mental health treatment facility, 692 the inmate shall be examined by a psychiatrist and a second 693 psychiatrist or psychological professional to determine whether 694 the inmate is in need of care and treatment. 695 (3) If, after the examination, the inmate is determined to 696 be in need of care and treatment, the psychiatrist shall propose 697 a recommended course of treatment that is essential to the care 698 of the inmate and the warden shall initiate proceedings for 699 placement of the inmate in the mental health treatment facility 700 and for involuntary treatment of the inmate as specified in s.

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915 11 If the inmate is not in nood of care and treatment he	
945.44. If the inmate is not in need of care and treatment, he	
or she shall be transferred out of the mental health treatment	
facility and provided with appropriate mental health services.	
(4) The involuntary examination and initiation of court	
proceedings for the placement and applicable involuntary	
treatment of the inmate in the mental health treatment facility	
shall be completed within 10 calendar days after arrival.	
(5) The inmate may remain in the mental health treatment	
facility pending a hearing after the timely filing of a petition	
as described in s. 945.44. Pending a hearing, necessary	
emergency treatment may be provided in the mental health	
treatment facility upon the written order of a physician as	
provided in s. 945.48.	
Section 11. Section 945.44, Florida Statutes, is amended	
to read:	
(Substantial rewording of section. See	
s. 945.44, F.S., for present text.)	
945.44 Placement and treatment of an inmate in a mental	
health treatment facility	
(1) CRITERIA FOR INVOLUNTARY PLACEMENT OR TREATMENT	
(a) An inmate may be placed in a mental health treatment	
facility if he or she is mentally ill and is in need of care and	
treatment.	
(b) An inmate may receive involuntary treatment for which	
the inmate is unable or has refused to provide express and	

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726	informed consent, if all of the following apply:
727	1. The inmate is mentally ill.
728	2. The treatment is essential to the care of the inmate.
729	3. The treatment is not experimental and does not present
730	an unreasonable risk of serious, hazardous, or irreversible side
731	effects.
732	4. The inmate is gravely disabled or poses a likelihood of
733	serious harm.
734	5. The inmate is incompetent to consent to treatment.
735	(2) HEARING PROCEDURES FOR PETITIONS FOR PLACEMENT AND
736	TREATMENT
737	(a) An inmate may be placed and involuntarily treated in a
738	mental health treatment facility after notice and hearing upon
739	the recommendation of the warden of the facility where the
740	inmate is confined. The warden of the institution where the
741	mental health treatment facility is located shall petition the
742	circuit court serving the county for an order authorizing the
743	placement and treatment of the inmate. The petition must be
744	supported by the expert opinion of at least one of the inmate's
745	treating psychiatrists.
746	(b) The inmate shall be provided with a copy of the
747	petition along with the proposed treatment, the basis for the
748	proposed treatment, the names of the examining experts, and the
749	date, time, and location of the hearing. After considering the
750	public safety and security concerns presented by transporting
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751	the inmate or in conducting onsite hearings, the court may order
752	that the hearing be conducted by electronic means or in person
753	at the facility or at another location designated by the court.
754	If the hearing is ordered by the court to be conducted at a
755	location other than the facility, the department is authorized
756	to transport the inmate to the location of the hearing.
757	(c) The inmate may have an attorney represent him or her
758	at the hearing, and, if the inmate is indigent, the court shall
759	appoint the office of the public defender or private counsel
760	pursuant to s. 27.40(1) to represent the inmate at the hearing.
761	An attorney representing the inmate shall have access to the
762	inmate and any records, including medical or mental health
763	records, which are relevant to the representation of the inmate.
764	(d) The hearing on the petition for involuntary placement
765	and treatment shall be held as expeditiously as possible after
766	the petition is filed, but no later than 14 calendar days after
767	filing. The court may appoint a general or special magistrate to
768	preside. The inmate may testify or not, as he or she chooses,
769	may cross-examine witnesses testifying on behalf of the
770	facility, and may present his or her own witnesses.
771	(e) The court may waive the presence of the inmate at the
772	hearing if the waiver is consistent with the best interests of
773	the inmate and the inmate's counsel does not object. One of the
774	inmate's physicians whose opinion supported the petition shall
775	appear as a witness at the hearing.
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800	of care and treatment, has been transferred to another
799	health treatment facility because he or she is no longer in need
798	writing that the inmate has been discharged from the mental
797	following the date of the order. Unless the court is notified in
796	placement and treatment for a period not to exceed 6 months
795	authorizing involuntary placement and treatment shall allow such
794	(4) STATUS HEARINGS AND CONTINUING JURISDICTIONAn order
793	deems relevant.
792	for the inmate with treatment; and any other factors the court
791	the prognosis for the inmate without treatment; the prognosis
790	express a preference; the probability of adverse side effects;
789	preference regarding treatment; whether the inmate is able to
788	section, the court must consider the inmate's expressed
787	determining whether to order involuntary treatment under this
786	placement in the mental health treatment facility. In
785	period not to exceed 6 months, concurrent with an order for
784	court may order that the inmate be involuntarily treated for a
783	that the inmate meets the criteria in paragraph (1)(b), the
782	(b) If the court finds by clear and convincing evidence
781	months.
780	mental health treatment facility for a period not to exceed 6
779	court must order that the inmate be involuntarily placed in the
778	that the inmate meets the criteria in paragraph (1)(a), the
777	(a) If the court finds by clear and convincing evidence
776	(3) ORDERS FOR INVOLUNTARY PLACEMENT AND TREATMENT

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801 institution of the department, or has been released from the 802 department's custody, the warden shall, before the expiration of 803 the initial order, file a notice with the court to set a status hearing for an order authorizing the continuation of placement 804 805 and treatment for another period not to exceed 6 months. This 806 procedure shall be repeated until the inmate is no longer in 807 need of care and treatment. Placement and treatment may be 808 continued pending a hearing after the timely filing of any 809 petition. 810 (5) COPIES OF ORDERS.-The court shall provide a copy of its order authorizing placement and treatment along with all 811 812 supporting documentation relating to the inmate's condition to 813 the warden of the mental health treatment facility. 814 (6) DISMISSAL OF PETITIONS.-If the court finds that criteria for placement and treatment are not satisfied, it shall 815 816 dismiss the petition and the inmate shall be transferred out of 817 the mental health treatment facility and provided with 818 appropriate mental health services. 819 Section 12. Section 945.45, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 820 Section 13. Subsection (3) of section 945.46, Florida 821 Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (5) and amended, and new 822 subsections (3) and (4) are added to that section, to read: 823 945.46 Initiation of involuntary placement proceedings 824 with respect to a mentally ill inmate scheduled for release.-825 The warden shall file petitions for involuntary (3)

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826	inpatient placement for inmates scheduled to be released in the
827	court in the county where the inmate is located. Upon filing,
828	the clerk of the court shall provide copies to the Department of
829	Children and Families, the inmate, and the state attorney and
830	public defender of the judicial circuit in which the inmate is
831	located. A fee may not be charged for the filing of a petition
832	under chapter 394. Within 1 court working day after the filing
833	of a petition for involuntary inpatient placement, the court
834	shall appoint the public defender to represent the inmate who is
835	the subject of the petition, unless the inmate is otherwise
836	represented by counsel. The clerk of the court shall immediately
837	notify the public defender of such appointment. Any attorney
838	representing the inmate shall have access to the inmate,
839	witnesses, and records relevant to the presentation of the
840	patient's case and shall represent the interests of the inmate,
841	regardless of the source of payment to the attorney. The state
842	attorney for the circuit in which the inmate is located shall
843	represent the state, rather than the petitioning warden, as the
844	real party in interest in the proceeding. The remainder of the
845	proceedings shall be governed by chapter 394.
846	(4) After considering the public safety and security
847	concerns presented by transporting the inmate or in conducting
848	onsite hearings, the court may order that the hearing be
849	conducted by electronic means or in person at the facility or at
850	another location designated by the court. If the hearing is

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851 ordered by the court to be conducted at a location other than 852 the facility, the department is authorized to transport the 853 inmate to the location of the hearing.

854 (5) (3) The department may transport an individual who is 855 being released from its custody to a receiving or mental health 856 treatment facility for involuntary examination or placement. 857 Such transport shall be made to a facility that is specified by 858 the Department of Children and Families as able to meet the 859 specific needs of the individual. If the Department of Children 860 and Families does not specify a facility, transport shall may be 861 made to the nearest receiving facility.

862 Section 14. Section 945.47, Florida Statutes, is amended
863 to read:

945.47 Discharge of inmate from mental health treatment.(1) An inmate who has been <u>placed in a mental health</u>
treatment facility transferred for the purpose of mental health
treatment shall be discharged from treatment by the warden under
the following conditions:

(a) If the inmate is no longer in need of care and
treatment, as defined in s. 945.42, he or she may be transferred
out of the mental health treatment facility and provided with
appropriate mental health services; or

(b) If the inmate's sentence expires during his or her
treatment, but he or she is no longer in need of care and
treatment as an inpatient, the inmate may be released with a

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876 recommendation for outpatient treatment, pursuant to the 877 provisions of ss. 945.40-945.49. 878 At any time that an inmate who has received mental (2) 879 health treatment while in the custody of the department becomes 880 eligible for release under supervision or upon end of sentence, 881 a record of the inmate's mental health treatment may be provided 882 to the Florida Commission on Offender Review and to the 883 Department of Children and Families to arrange postrelease 884 aftercare placement and to prospective recipient inpatient 885 health care or residential facilities upon request. The record shall include, at a minimum, a summary of the inmate's 886 887 diagnosis, length of stay in treatment, clinical history, 888 prognosis, prescribed medication, treatment plan, and 889 recommendations for aftercare services. 890 Section 15. Section 945.48, Florida Statutes, is amended 891 to read: 892 (Substantial rewording of section. See 893 s. 945.48, F.S., for present text.) 894 945.48 Emergency treatment orders and use of force.-895 (1) EMERGENCY MEDICATION. - The department is authorized to involuntarily administer psychotropic medication to an inmate on 896 897 an emergency basis without following the procedure outlined in 898 s. 945.43 only as specified in this section. An emergency 899 treatment order for psychotropic medication may be provided to 900 the inmate upon the written order of a physician licensed

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901	pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 in an emergency not
902	exceeding 72 hours, excluding weekends and legal holidays. An
903	emergency exists when an inmate with a mental illness presents
904	an immediate threat of:
905	(a) Bodily harm to self or others; or
906	(b) Extreme deterioration in behavioral functioning
907	secondary to the mental illness.
908	(2) PSYCHOTROPIC MEDICATIONPsychotropic medication may
909	be administered only when the medication constitutes an
910	appropriate treatment for a mental illness and its symptoms and
911	alternative treatments are not available or indicated, or would
912	not be effective. If after the 72-hour period the inmate has not
913	given express and informed consent to the medication initially
914	refused, the inmate's treating physician shall refer the inmate
915	to a mental health treatment facility for an involuntary
916	examination in accordance with the procedures described in s.
917	945.43. Upon such referral, the warden shall, within 48 hours,
918	excluding weekends and legal holidays, transfer the inmate to a
919	mental health treatment facility. Upon transfer of the inmate
920	for an involuntary examination, the emergency treatment order
921	may be continued upon the written order of a physician as long
922	as the physician has determined that the emergency continues to
923	present a danger to the safety of the inmate or others and the
924	criteria described in this subsection are satisfied. If
925	psychotropic medication is still recommended after the
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926	emergency, it may only be administered after following the
927	procedures outlined in s. 945.44.
928	(3) USE OF FORCE.—An employee or agent of the department
929	is authorized to apply physical force upon an inmate when and to
930	the extent that it reasonably appears necessary to effectuate
931	the treatment of an inmate as described in this section, for the
932	application of psychiatric restraint, to effectuate clinically
933	necessary hygiene, or pursuant to a valid court order issued
934	under s. 945.44 or s. 945.485. The requirements of s. 944.35
935	shall be followed when using force to effectuate such treatment,
936	apply such restraint, or effectuate such hygiene.
937	Section 16. Section 945.485, Florida Statutes, is created
938	to read:
939	945.485 Management and treatment for self-injurious
940	behaviors
941	(1) The Legislature finds that nonsuicidal self-injurious
942	behaviors in correctional institutions, or acts intended to
943	cause bodily harm but not death, have increased in the
944	correctional environment. Self-injurious behavior may include
945	nonsuicidal self-injury or self-mutilation, such as cutting,
946	reopening wounds, and ingesting or inserting foreign objects or
947	dangerous instruments into the body. These behaviors pose a
948	significant threat to inmates, staff, and, in many cases, the
949	safe and secure operation of the correctional institution. In
950	addition, self-injurious behaviors, coupled with repeated
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951	refusals to provide express and informed consent for medical
952	treatment and care, are a significant challenge for correctional
953	medical and mental health professionals, resulting in higher
954	costs for medical services, and may result in inadvertent
955	mortality in the incarcerated population.
956	(2) In accordance with s. 945.6042, the Legislature finds
957	that an inmate retains the fundamental right of self-
958	determination regarding decisions pertaining to his or her own
959	health, including the right to choose or refuse medical
960	treatment or life-saving medical procedures. However, the
961	inmate's right to privacy and decisionmaking regarding medical
962	treatment may be outweighed by compelling state interests.
963	(3) When an inmate is engaging in active or ongoing self-
964	injurious behavior and has refused to provide express and
965	informed consent for treatment related to the self-injurious
966	behavior, the warden of the facility where the inmate is housed
967	shall consult with the inmate's treating physician regarding the
968	inmate's medical and mental health status, current medical and
969	mental health treatment needs, and competency to provide express
970	and informed consent for treatment. The warden shall also
971	determine whether the inmate's self-injurious behavior presents
972	a danger to the safety of department staff or other inmates or
973	the security, internal order, or discipline of the institution.
974	(a) If the inmate's treating physician determines that the
975	inmate has a mental illness and is incompetent to consent to

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976 treatment, the physician shall proceed in accordance with s. 977 945.6042 for any necessary surgical or medical services. If the 978 inmate is in need of care and treatment as defined in s. 945.42, 979 the inmate shall be referred to a mental health treatment 980 facility for an involuntary examination in accordance with s. 981 945.44. 982 (b) If the inmate is competent, refusing necessary surgical or medical treatment, and engaging in active or ongoing 983 984 self-injurious behavior that presents a threat to the safety of 985 department staff or other inmates or the security, internal 986 order, or discipline of the institution, the warden shall follow 987 the procedure set forth in subsection (4). 988 (4) (a) The warden, or his or her designated 989 representative, shall, on behalf of the state, petition the circuit court of the county in which the inmate is residing or 990 991 the county in which the inmate is hospitalized for an order 992 compelling the inmate to submit to emergency surgical 993 intervention or other medical services to the extent necessary 994 to remedy the threat to the safety of staff or other inmates or 995 the security, internal order, or discipline of the institution. 996 The petition must be supported by the expert opinion of at least 997 one of the inmate's treating physicians and may be supported by 998 other staff as necessary. 999 The inmate shall be provided with a copy of the (b) 1000 petition along with the proposed intervention, the basis for the

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1001	proposed intervention, the names of the testifying experts and
1002	witnesses, and the date, time, and location of the hearing.
1003	After considering the medical status of the inmate, public
1004	safety, and security concerns presented by transporting the
1005	inmate, the court may order that the hearing be conducted by
1006	electronic means or in person at the institution or at another
1007	location designated by the court. If the hearing is ordered by
1008	the court to be conducted at a location other than the
1009	institution, the department is authorized to transport the
1010	inmate to the location of the hearing.
1011	(c) The inmate may have an attorney represent him or her
1012	at the hearing, and, if the inmate is indigent, the court shall
1013	appoint the office of the public defender or private counsel
1014	pursuant to s. 27.40(1) to represent the inmate at the hearing.
1015	An attorney representing the inmate shall have access to the
1016	inmate and any records, including medical or mental health
1017	records, which are relevant to the representation of the inmate.
1018	(d) The hearing on the petition shall be held as
1019	expeditiously as possible after the petition is filed, but no
1020	later than 5 calendar days after filing. The court may appoint a
1021	general or special magistrate to preside. The inmate may testify
1022	or not, as he or she chooses, may cross-examine witnesses
1023	testifying on behalf of the institution, and may present his or
1024	her own witnesses.
1025	(e) The court may waive the presence of the inmate at the
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1026	hearing if the waiver is consistent with the best interests of
1027	the inmate and the inmate's counsel does not object.
1028	(f) The court shall determine whether the warden has
1029	established, by clear and convincing evidence, a compelling
1030	state interest sufficient to outweigh the inmate's right to
1031	refuse treatment. The court shall consider all of the following:
1032	1. Preservation of the life of the inmate.
1033	2. Prevention of suicide.
1034	3. Protection of innocent third parties.
1035	4. Maintenance of the ethical integrity of the medical
1036	profession.
1037	5. Preservation of the security, internal order, or
1038	discipline of the institution.
1039	6. Rehabilitation of the inmate.
1040	7. Any other compelling state interest.
1041	(g) If the court determines that there are compelling
1042	state interests sufficient to override the inmate's right to
1043	refuse treatment, the court shall enter an order authorizing
1044	emergency surgical intervention or other medical services,
1045	narrowly tailored and in the least intrusive manner possible,
1046	only as necessary to remedy the threat to the safety of third
1047	parties or the security, internal order, or discipline of the
1048	institution. Emergency surgical intervention or other medical
1049	services authorized by the court may be carried out at the
1050	institution or at a licensed hospital, as applicable.
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1051	(5) This section does not repeal by implication any
1052	provision of s. 766.103, the Florida Medical Consent Law, or s.
1053	768.13, the Good Samaritan Act. For all purposes, the Florida
1054	Medical Consent Law and the Good Samaritan Act shall be
1055	considered alternatives to this section.
1056	Section 17. Subsection (2) of section 945.49, Florida
1057	Statutes, is amended to read:
1058	945.49 Operation and administration
1059	(2) RULESThe department, in cooperation with the Mental
1060	Health Program Office of the Department of Children and
1061	Families, shall adopt rules necessary for administration of ss.
1062	945.40-945.49 in accordance with chapter 120.
1063	Section 18. Section 945.6402, Florida Statutes, is created
1064	to read:
1065	945.6402 Inmate health care advance directives
1066	(1) DEFINITIONSThe terms used in this section have the
1067	same meanings as in s. 765.101 unless otherwise specified in
1068	this section. For purposes of this section, the term:
1069	(a) "Health care facility" has the same meaning as in s.
1070	765.101 and includes any correctional institution or facility
1071	where health care is provided.
1072	(b) "Incapacity" or "incompetent" means an inmate is
1073	physically or mentally unable to communicate a willful and
1074	knowing health care decision.
1075	(c) "Informed consent" means consent voluntarily given by
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1076 an inmate after a sufficient explanation and disclosure of the 1077 subject matter involved to enable the inmate to have a general 1078 understanding of the treatment or procedure and the medically acceptable alternatives, including the substantial risks and 1079 1080 hazards inherent in the proposed treatment or procedures, and to 1081 make a knowing health care decision without coercion or undue 1082 influence. 1083 "Inmate" means any person committed to the custody of (d) 1084 the department. 1085 "Ombudsman" means an individual designated and (e) specifically trained by the department to identify conditions 1086 1087 that may pose a threat to the rights, health, safety, and 1088 welfare of inmates in a health care facility and who may be 1089 appointed to serve as a proxy for an inmate who is physically or 1090 mentally unable to communicate a willful and knowing health care 1091 decision. 1092 "Proxy" means a competent adult who has not been (f) expressly designated to make health care decisions for a 1093 1094 particular incapacitated inmate, but who, nevertheless, is 1095 authorized pursuant to s. 765.401 and as specified in this 1096 section to make health care decisions for such inmate. 1097 (q) "Proxy review team" means a team of at least five 1098 members, appointed by the Assistant Secretary for Health 1099 Services. The team shall be composed of, at a minimum, one physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459, one 1100

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1101 psychologist licensed pursuant to chapter 490, one nurse 1102 licensed pursuant to chapter 464, and one department chaplain. 1103 LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.-(2) In accordance with chapter 765, the Legislature finds 1104 (a) 1105 that an inmate retains the fundamental right of selfdetermination regarding decisions pertaining to his or her own 1106 1107 health, including the right to choose or refuse medical 1108 treatment. In accordance with chapter 765, this right is subject 1109 to certain institutional interests including the protection of 1110 human life, the preservation of ethical standards in the medical profession, and, for inmates committed to the custody of the 1111 1112 department, the security and good order of the institutional 1113 setting. 1114 (b) To ensure that such right is not lost or diminished by 1115 virtue of later physical or mental incapacity, the Legislature 1116 intends that the procedures specified in chapter 765, and as 1117 modified in this section for the institutional health care 1118 setting, apply to incarcerated inmates. These procedures should 1119 be less expensive and less restrictive than quardianship and 1120 allow an inmate to plan for incapacity by executing a document or orally designating another person to direct the course of his 1121 1122 or her health care or receive his or her health information, or both, upon his or her incapacity. These procedures permit a 1123 1124 previously incapacitated inmate to exercise his or her full 1125 right to make health care decisions as soon as the capacity to

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1126 make such decisions has been regained. 1127 In order to ensure that the rights and intentions of (C) 1128 an inmate are respected when the inmate is not able to 1129 participate actively in decisions concerning himself or herself, 1130 and to encourage communication among such inmate, his or her 1131 family, and his or her treating physicians, the Legislature 1132 declares that the laws of this state recognize the right of a 1133 competent incarcerated adult to make an advance directive 1134 instructing his or her physicians to provide, withhold, or 1135 withdraw life-prolonging procedures or to designate another person to make the health care decision for him or her in the 1136 1137 event that such incarcerated person should become incapacitated 1138 and unable to personally direct his or her health care. It is 1139 further the intent of the Legislature that the department provide the opportunity for inmates to make advance directives 1140 1141 as specified in this section. 1142 The Legislature further recognizes that incarcerated (d) 1143 inmates may not avail themselves of the opportunity to make an 1144 advance directive or, because of incarceration, may not have a 1145 surrogate, as defined in s. 765.101, willing, able, or 1146 reasonably available to make health care decisions on his or her 1147 behalf. Additionally, because of incarceration, the individuals 1148 designated in s. 765.401 who are eligible to serve as an 1149 appointed proxy may not be reasonably available, willing, or 1150 competent to make health care decisions for the inmate in the Page 46 of 56

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1151	event of incapacity. Thus, it is the intent of the Legislature
1152	that the department have an efficient process that is less
1153	expensive and less restrictive than guardianship for the
1154	appointment of a proxy to allow for the expedient delivery of
1155	necessary health care to an incarcerated inmate.
1156	(e) This section does not supersede the process for inmate
1157	involuntary mental health treatment in ss. 945.40-945.49.
1158	(3) CAPACITY OF INMATE; PROCEDURE.—
1159	(a) An inmate is presumed to be capable of making health
1160	care decisions for himself or herself unless he or she is
1161	determined to be incapacitated. When an inmate has
1162	decisionmaking capacity, the inmate's wishes are controlling.
1163	Each physician or health care provider must clearly communicate
1164	the treatment plan and any change to the treatment plan before
1165	implementation of the plan or any change to the plan. Incapacity
1166	may not be inferred from an inmate's involuntary hospitalization
1167	for mental illness or from his or her intellectual disability.
1168	(b) If an inmate's capacity to make health care decisions
1169	for himself or herself or provide informed consent is in
1170	question, the inmate's treating physician at the health care
1171	facility where the inmate is located shall evaluate the inmate's
1172	capacity and, if the evaluating physician concludes that the
1173	inmate lacks capacity, enter that evaluation in the inmate's
1174	medical record. If the evaluating physician has a question as to
1175	whether the inmate lacks capacity, another physician shall also
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1176 evaluate the inmate's capacity, and if the second physician 1177 finds that the inmate lacks the capacity to make health care 1178 decisions for himself or herself or provide informed consent, 1179 both physicians' evaluations shall be entered in the inmate's 1180 medical record. 1181 (c) If the inmate is found to be incapacitated and has 1182 designated a health care surrogate in accordance with chapter 1183 765, the institution's or facility's health care staff shall 1184 notify the surrogate and proceed as specified in chapter 765. If 1185 the incapacitated inmate has not designated a health care 1186 surrogate, the health care facility shall appoint a proxy to 1187 make health care decisions for the inmate as specified in this 1188 section. 1189 (d) A determination made pursuant to this section that an 1190 inmate lacks the capacity to make health care decisions for 1191 himself or herself may not be construed as a finding that an 1192 inmate lacks capacity for any other purpose. 1193 (4) HEALTH CARE ADVANCE DIRECTIVE; PROCEDURE.-1194 In accordance with chapter 765, the department shall (a) 1195 offer inmates the opportunity to execute an advance directive as 1196 defined in s. 765.101. 1197 (b) The department shall provide to each inmate written 1198 information concerning advance directives and necessary forms to 1199 allow inmates to execute an advance directive. The department and its health care providers shall document in the inmate's 1200

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1201	medical records whether the inmate has executed an advance
1202	directive. Neither the department nor its health care providers
1203	may require an inmate to execute an advance directive using the
1204	department's forms. The inmate's advance directive shall travel
1205	with the inmate within the department as part of the inmate's
1206	medical record.
1207	(c) An advance directive may be amended or revoked at any
1208	time by a competent inmate by means of:
1209	1. A signed, dated writing of intent to amend or revoke;
1210	2. The physical cancellation or destruction of the advance
1211	directive by the inmate or by another person in the inmate's
1212	presence and at the inmate's direction;
1213	3. An oral expression of intent to amend or revoke; or
1214	4. A subsequently executed advance directive that is
1215	materially different from a previously executed advance
1216	directive.
1217	(5) PROXY
1218	(a) If an incapacitated inmate has not executed an advance
1219	directive, or designated a health care surrogate in accordance
1220	with the procedures specified in chapter 765 or the designated
1221	health care surrogate is no longer available to make health care
1222	decisions, health care decisions may be made for the inmate by
1223	any of the individuals specified in the priority order provided
1224	in s. 765.401(1)(a)-(g) as proxy. Documentation of the efforts
1225	to locate a proxy from the classes specified in s.

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1226	765.401(1)(a)-(g) shall be recorded in the inmate's medical
1227	file.
1228	(b) If there are no individuals as specified in s.
1229	765.401(1)(a)-(g) available, willing, or competent to act on
1230	behalf of the inmate, and the inmate is housed in a correctional
1231	institution or facility where health care is provided in a
1232	nonhospital setting, the warden of the institution where the
1233	inmate is housed, or the warden's designee, shall consult with
1234	the Assistant Secretary for Health Services or his or her
1235	designee who shall appoint a department ombudsman to serve as
1236	the proxy. This appointment terminates when the inmate regains
1237	capacity or is no longer incarcerated in the custody of the
1238	department. In accordance with chapter 765 and as provided in
1239	this section, decisions to withhold or withdraw life-prolonging
1240	procedures will be reviewed by the department's proxy review
1241	team for compliance with chapter 765 and the requirements of
1242	this section.
1243	(c) The ombudsman appointed to serve as the proxy is
1244	authorized to request the assistance of the treating physician
1245	and, upon request, a second physician not involved in the
1246	inmate's care to assist the proxy in evaluating the inmate's
1247	treatment.
1248	(d) In accordance with chapter 765, any health care
1249	decision made by any appointed proxy under this section must be
1250	based on the proxy's informed consent and on the decision that

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1251 the proxy reasonably believes the inmate would have made under 1252 the circumstances. If there is no indication of what decision 1253 the inmate would have made, the proxy may consider the inmate's 1254 best interest in deciding that proposed treatments are to be 1255 withheld or that treatments currently in effect are to be 1256 withdrawn. 1257 (e) Before exercising the incapacitated inmate's rights to 1258 select or decline health care, the proxy must comply with ss. 1259 765.205 and 765.305, except that any proxy's decision to 1260 withhold or withdraw life-prolonging procedures must be supported by clear and convincing evidence that the decision 1261 1262 would have been the one the inmate would have made had he or she 1263 been competent or, if there is no indication of what decision 1264 the inmate would have made, that the decision is in the inmate's 1265 best interest. 1266 (f) Notwithstanding s. 456.057 and pursuant to s. 945.10 1267 and 45 C.F.R. part 164, subpart E, relevant protected health 1268 information and mental health and medical records of an 1269 incapacitated inmate may be disclosed to a proxy appointed to 1270 make health care decisions for an inmate. 1271 (6) USE OF FORCE.-In addition to s. 944.35(1), an employee of the department may apply reasonable physical force upon an 1272 1273 incapacitated inmate to administer medical treatment only by or 1274 under the clinical supervision of a physician or his or her 1275 designee and only to carry out a health care decision made in

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1276 accordance with this section and chapter 765. 1277 IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY.-A department health care (7) 1278 provider, ombudsman, or other employee who acts under the 1279 direction of a health care provider as authorized in this 1280 section or chapter 765 is not subject to criminal prosecution or 1281 civil liability and may not be deemed to have engaged in 1282 unprofessional conduct as a result of carrying out a health care 1283 decision made in accordance with this section or chapter 765 on 1284 an inmate's behalf. 1285 Section 19. Section 947.02, Florida Statutes, is amended 1286 to read: 1287 947.02 Florida Commission on Offender Review; members, 1288 appointment.-1289 Except as provided in s. 947.021, The members of the (1)1290 Florida Commission on Offender Review shall be directly 1291 appointed by the Governor and Cabinet from a list of eligible 1292 applicants submitted by a parole qualifications committee. The appointments of members of the commission shall be certified to 1293 1294 the Senate by the Governor and Cabinet for confirmation, and the 1295 membership of the commission shall include representation from 1296 minority persons as defined in s. 288.703. 1297 (2) If the Legislature decreases the membership of the commission, all commission member terms of office shall expire 1298 1299 and new members of the commission must be appointed in 1300 accordance with subsection (1). Members appointed to the

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1301 commission may be selected from incumbents A parole 1302 qualifications committee shall consist of five persons who are appointed by the Governor and Cabinet. One member shall be 1303 1304 designated as chair by the Governor and Cabinet. The committee 1305 shall provide for statewide advertisement and the receiving of 1306 applications for any position or positions on the commission and 1307 shall devise a plan for the determination of the qualifications of the applicants by investigations and comprehensive 1308 1309 evaluations, including, but not limited to, investigation and evaluation of the character, habits, and philosophy of each 1310 1311 applicant. Each parole qualifications committee shall exist for 1312 2 years. If additional vacancies on the commission occur during this 2-year period, the committee may advertise and accept 1313 1314 additional applications; however, all previously submitted 1315 applications shall be considered along with the new applications 1316 according to the previously established plan for the evaluation 1317 of the qualifications of applicants. 1318

1318 (3) Within 90 days before an anticipated vacancy by expiration of term pursuant to s. 947.03 or upon any other vacancy, the Governor and Cabinet shall appoint a parole qualifications committee if one has not been appointed during the previous 2 years. The committee shall consider applications for the commission seat, including the application of an incumbent commissioner if he or she applies, according to subsection (2). The committee shall submit a list of three

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1326	eligible applicants, which may include the incumbent if the
1327	committee so decides, without recommendation, to the Governor
1328	and Cabinet for appointment to the commission. In the case of an
1329	unexpired term, the appointment must be for the remainder of the
1330	unexpired term and until a successor is appointed and qualified.
1331	If more than one seat is vacant, the committee shall submit a
1332	list of eligible applicants, without recommendation, containing
1333	a number of names equal to three times the number of vacant
1334	seats; however, the names submitted may not be distinguished by
1335	seat, and each submitted applicant shall be considered eligible
1336	for each vacancy.
1337	(4) Upon receiving a list of eligible persons from the
1338	parole qualifications committee, the Governor and Cabinet may
1339	reject the list. If the list is rejected, the committee shall
1340	reinitiate the application and examination procedure according
1341	to subsection (2).
1342	(5) Section 120.525 and chapters 119 and 286 apply to all
1343	activities and proceedings of a parole qualifications committee.
1344	Section 20. Section 947.021, Florida Statutes, is
1345	repealed.
1346	Section 21. Subsection (2) of section 947.12, Florida
1347	Statutes, is amended to read:
1348	947.12 Members, employees, expenses
1349	(2) The members of the examining board created in s.
1350	947.02 shall each be paid per diem and travel expenses pursuant

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1351 to s. 112.061 when traveling in the performance of their duties. 1352 Section 22. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) and subsection 1353 (5) of section 957.04, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1354 957.04 Contract requirements.-1355 A contract entered into under this chapter for the (1)1356 operation of contractor-operated correctional facilities shall 1357 maximize the cost savings of such facilities and: 1358 Require the contractor to be responsible for a range (q) 1359 of dental, medical, and psychological services; diet; education; 1360 and work programs at least equal to those provided by the 1361 department in comparable facilities. The work and education 1362 programs must be designed to reduce recidivism, and include 1363 opportunities to participate in such work programs as authorized 1364 pursuant to s. 946.523. However, with respect to the dental, 1365 medical, psychological, and dietary services, the department is 1366 authorized to exclude any or all of these services from a 1367 contract for private correctional services entered into under 1368 this chapter and retain responsibility for the delivery of those 1369 services, whenever the department finds it to be in the best 1370 interests of the state. 1371 (5) Each contract entered into by the department must 1372 include substantial minority participation unless demonstrated 1373 by evidence, after a good faith effort, as impractical and must 1374 also include any other requirements the department considers 1375 necessary and appropriate for carrying out the purposes of this

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1376	chapter.
1377	Section 23. Subsection (3) of section 957.09, Florida
1378	Statutes, is amended to read:
1379	957.09 Applicability of chapter to other provisions of
1380	law
1381	(3) The provisions of law governing the participation of
1382	minority business enterprises are applicable to this chapter.
1383	Section 24. Subsection (2) of section 20.32, Florida
1384	Statutes, is amended to read:
1385	20.32 Florida Commission on Offender Review
1386	(2) All powers, duties, and functions relating to the
1387	appointment of the Florida Commission on Offender Review as
1388	provided in s. 947.02 or s. 947.021 shall be exercised and
1389	performed by the Governor and Cabinet. Except as provided in s.
1390	947.021, each appointment shall be made from among the first
1391	three eligible persons on the list of the persons eligible for
1392	said position.
1393	Section 25. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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