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2 An act relating to flood disclosures; creating s.
3 83.512, F.S.; requiring a landlord of residential real
4 property to provide specified information to a
5 prospective tenant at or before the time the rental
6 agreement is executed; specifying how such information
7 must be disclosed; defining the term "flooding";
8 providing that if a landlord fails to disclose flood
9 information truthfully and a tenant suffers
10 substantial loss or damage, the tenant may terminate
11 the rental agreement by giving a written notice of
12 termination and surrendering possession of the
13 premises to the landlord within a specified timeframe;
14 defining the term "substantial loss"; requiring a
15 landlord to refund the tenant all amounts paid in
16 advance for any period after the effective date of the
17 termination of the rental agreement; providing that a
18 tenant is still liable for any sum owed to the
19 landlord before the termination of the rental
20 agreement; amending s. 689.302, F.S.; revising the
21 flood information that must be disclosed to
22 prospective purchasers of residential real property;
23 amending s. 718.503, F.S.; requiring a developer of a
24 residential condominium unit to provide specified
25 information to a prospective purchaser at or before
26 the time the sales contract is executed; specifying
27 how such information must be disclosed; defining the
28 term "flooding"; amending s. 719.503, F.S.; requiring
29 a developer of a residential condominium unit to

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provide specified information to a prospective purchaser at or before the time the sales contract is executed; specifying how such information must be disclosed; defining the term "flooding"; amending s. 723.011, F.S.; requiring a park owner of a mobile home park to provide specified information to a prospective lessee at or before the time the rental agreement is executed; specifying how such information must be disclosed; defining the term "flooding"; providing that if a park owner fails to disclose flood information truthfully and a lessee suffers substantial loss or damage, the lessee may terminate the rental agreement by giving a written notice of termination to the park owner within a specified timeframe; specifying when the termination of a rental agreement is deemed effective; defining the term "substantial loss"; requiring a park owner to refund the lessee all amounts paid in advance for any period after the effective date of the termination of the rental agreement; providing that a lessee is still liable for any sum owed to the park owner before the termination of the rental agreement; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 83.512, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

83.512 Disclosure of flood risks to prospective tenant of

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residential real property.—

(1) A landlord must complete and provide a flood disclosure to a prospective tenant of residential real property at or before the execution of a rental agreement for a term of 1 year or longer. The flood disclosure must be in a separate document. The flood disclosure must be made in substantially the following form:

FLOOD DISCLOSURE

Flood Insurance: Renters' insurance policies do not include coverage for damage resulting from floods. Tenant is encouraged to discuss the need to purchase separate flood insurance coverage with Tenant's insurance agent.

1. Landlord has has no knowledge of any flooding that has damaged the dwelling unit during Landlord's ownership of the dwelling unit.

2. Landlord has has not filed a claim with an insurance provider relating to flood damage in the dwelling unit, including, but not limited to, a claim with the National Flood Insurance Program.

3. Landlord has has not received assistance for flood damage to the dwelling unit, including, but not limited to, assistance from the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

4. For the purposes of this disclosure, the term "flooding" means a general or temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of the dwelling unit caused by any of the following:

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88 a. The overflow of inland or tidal waters.

89 b. The unusual and rapid accumulation of runoff
90 or surface waters from any established water source,
91 such as a river, stream, or drainage ditch.

92 c. Sustained periods of standing water resulting
93 from rainfall.

94
95 (2) If a landlord violates this section and a tenant
96 suffers a substantial loss or damage to the tenant's personal
97 property as a result of flooding, the tenant may terminate the
98 rental agreement by giving a written notice of termination and
99 surrendering possession of the premises to the landlord no later
100 than 30 days after the date of the damage or loss. Termination
101 of a rental agreement under this section is effective upon the
102 tenant surrendering possession of the dwelling unit. For the
103 purpose of this section, the term "substantial loss or damage"
104 means the total cost of repairs to or replacement of the
105 personal property is 50 percent or more of the personal
106 property's market value on the date the flooding occurred.

107 (3) A landlord shall refund the tenant all rent or other
108 amounts paid in advance under the rental agreement for any
109 period after the effective date of the termination of the rental
110 agreement.

111 (4) This section does not affect a tenant's liability for
112 delinquent, unpaid rent or other sums owed to the landlord
113 before the date the rental agreement was terminated by the
114 tenant under this section.

115 Section 2. Section 689.302, Florida Statutes, is amended to
116 read:

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689.302 Disclosure of flood risks to prospective purchaser.—A seller must complete and provide a flood disclosure to a purchaser of residential real property at or before the time the sales contract is executed. The flood disclosure must be made in the following form:

FLOOD DISCLOSURE

Flood Insurance: Homeowners' insurance policies do not include coverage for damage resulting from floods. Buyer is encouraged to discuss the need to purchase separate flood insurance coverage with Buyer's insurance agent.

(1) Seller has ☐ has no ☐ knowledge of any flooding that has damaged the property during Seller's ownership of the property.

(2) Seller has ☐ has not ☐ filed a claim with an insurance provider relating to flood damage on the property, including, but not limited to, a claim with the National Flood Insurance Program.

(3)~~(2)~~ Seller has ☐ has not ☐ received ~~federal~~ assistance for flood damage to the property, including, but not limited to, assistance from the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

(4)~~(3)~~ For the purposes of this disclosure, the term "flooding" means a general or temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of the property caused by any of the following:

- (a) The overflow of inland or tidal waters.
- (b) The unusual and rapid accumulation of runoff

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or surface waters from any established water source,
such as a river, stream, or drainage ditch.

(c) Sustained periods of standing water resulting
from rainfall.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
718.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.503 Developer disclosure prior to sale; nondeveloper
unit owner disclosure prior to sale; voidability.—

(1) DEVELOPER DISCLOSURE.—

(a) *Contents of contracts.*—Any contract for the sale of a
residential unit or a lease thereof for an unexpired term of
more than 5 years shall:

1. Contain the following legend in conspicuous type:

THIS AGREEMENT IS VOIDABLE BY BUYER BY DELIVERING
WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE BUYER'S INTENTION TO CANCEL
WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF EXECUTION OF THIS
AGREEMENT BY THE BUYER, AND RECEIPT BY BUYER OF ALL OF
THE ITEMS REQUIRED TO BE DELIVERED TO HIM OR HER BY
THE DEVELOPER UNDER SECTION 718.503, FLORIDA STATUTES.
THIS AGREEMENT IS ALSO VOIDABLE BY BUYER BY DELIVERING
WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE BUYER'S INTENTION TO CANCEL
WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF RECEIPT FROM THE
DEVELOPER OF ANY AMENDMENT WHICH MATERIALLY ALTERS OR
MODIFIES THE OFFERING IN A MANNER THAT IS ADVERSE TO
THE BUYER. ANY PURPORTED WAIVER OF THESE VOIDABILITY
RIGHTS SHALL BE OF NO EFFECT. BUYER MAY EXTEND THE
TIME FOR CLOSING FOR A PERIOD OF NOT MORE THAN 15 DAYS

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AFTER THE BUYER HAS RECEIVED ALL OF THE ITEMS
REQUIRED. BUYER'S RIGHT TO VOID THIS AGREEMENT SHALL
TERMINATE AT CLOSING. FIGURES CONTAINED IN ANY BUDGET
DELIVERED TO THE BUYER PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
CONDOMINIUM ACT ARE ESTIMATES ONLY AND REPRESENT AN
APPROXIMATION OF FUTURE EXPENSES BASED ON FACTS AND
CIRCUMSTANCES EXISTING AT THE TIME OF THE PREPARATION
OF THE BUDGET BY THE DEVELOPER. ACTUAL COSTS OF SUCH
ITEMS MAY EXCEED THE ESTIMATED COSTS. SUCH CHANGES IN
COST DO NOT CONSTITUTE MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGES IN THE
OFFERING.

2. Contain the following caveat in conspicuous type on the
first page of the contract:

ORAL REPRESENTATIONS CANNOT BE RELIED UPON AS
CORRECTLY STATING THE REPRESENTATIONS OF THE
DEVELOPER. FOR CORRECT REPRESENTATIONS, REFERENCE
SHOULD BE MADE TO THIS CONTRACT AND THE DOCUMENTS
REQUIRED BY SECTION 718.503, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO BE
FURNISHED BY A DEVELOPER TO A BUYER OR LESSEE.

3. If the unit has been occupied by someone other than the
buyer, contain a statement that the unit has been occupied.

4. If the contract is for the sale or transfer of a unit
subject to a lease, include as an exhibit a copy of the executed
lease and shall contain within the text in conspicuous type:

"THE UNIT IS SUBJECT TO A LEASE (OR SUBLEASE)."

5. If the contract is for the lease of a unit for a term of

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5 years or more, include as an exhibit a copy of the proposed lease.

6. If the contract is for the sale or lease of a unit that is subject to a lien for rent payable under a lease of a recreational facility or other commonly used facility, contain within the text the following statement in conspicuous type:

THIS CONTRACT IS FOR THE TRANSFER OF A UNIT THAT IS SUBJECT TO A LIEN FOR RENT PAYABLE UNDER A LEASE OF COMMONLY USED FACILITIES. FAILURE TO PAY RENT MAY RESULT IN FORECLOSURE OF THE LIEN.

7. State the name and address of the escrow agent required by s. 718.202 and state that the purchaser may obtain a receipt for his or her deposit from the escrow agent upon request.

8. If the contract is for the sale or transfer of a unit in a condominium in which timeshare estates have been or may be created, contain within the text in conspicuous type: "UNITS IN THIS CONDOMINIUM ARE SUBJECT TO TIMESHARE ESTATES." The contract for the sale of a fee interest in a timeshare estate shall also contain, in conspicuous type, the following:

FOR THE PURPOSE OF AD VALOREM TAXES OR SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS LEVIED BY TAXING AUTHORITIES AGAINST A FEE INTEREST IN A TIMESHARE ESTATE, THE MANAGING ENTITY IS GENERALLY CONSIDERED THE TAXPAYER UNDER FLORIDA LAW. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO CHALLENGE AN ASSESSMENT BY A TAXING AUTHORITY RELATING TO YOUR TIMESHARE ESTATE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 194, FLORIDA

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STATUTES.

9. Contain within the text the following statement in
conspicuous type:

HOMEOWNERS' INSURANCE POLICIES DO NOT INCLUDE COVERAGE
FOR DAMAGE RESULTING FROM FLOODING. BUYER IS
ENCOURAGED TO DISCUSS THE NEED TO PURCHASE SEPARATE
FLOOD INSURANCE COVERAGE WITH BUYER'S INSURANCE AGENT.

DEVELOPER HAS HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF ANY
FLOODING THAT HAS DAMAGED THE PROPERTY DURING
DEVELOPER'S OWNERSHIP OF THE PROPERTY.

DEVELOPER HAS HAS NOT FILED A CLAIM WITH AN
INSURANCE PROVIDER RELATING TO FLOOD DAMAGE ON THE
PROPERTY OR COMMON ELEMENTS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT
LIMITED TO, A CLAIM WITH THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE
PROGRAM.

DEVELOPER HAS HAS NOT RECEIVED ASSISTANCE
FOR FLOOD DAMAGE TO THE PROPERTY OR COMMON ELEMENTS,
INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ASSISTANCE FROM THE
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS DISCLOSURE, THE TERM
"FLOODING" MEANS A GENERAL OR TEMPORARY CONDITION OF
PARTIAL OR COMPLETE INUNDATION OF THE PROPERTY OR
COMMON ELEMENTS CAUSED BY THE OVERFLOW OF INLAND OR

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TIDAL WATERS; THE UNUSUAL AND RAPID ACCUMULATION OF
RUNOFF OR SURFACE WATERS FROM ANY ESTABLISHED WATER
SOURCE, SUCH AS A RIVER, STREAM, OR DRAINAGE DITCH; OR
SUSTAINED PERIODS OF STANDING WATER RESULTING FROM
RAINFALL.

Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
719.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

719.503 Disclosure prior to sale.—

(1) DEVELOPER DISCLOSURE.—

(a) *Contents of contracts.*—Any contracts for the sale of a
unit or a lease thereof for an unexpired term of more than 5
years shall contain:

1. The following legend in conspicuous type:

THIS AGREEMENT IS VOIDABLE BY BUYER BY DELIVERING
WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE BUYER'S INTENTION TO CANCEL
WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF EXECUTION OF THIS
AGREEMENT BY THE BUYER, AND RECEIPT BY BUYER OF ALL OF
THE ITEMS REQUIRED TO BE DELIVERED TO HIM OR HER BY
THE DEVELOPER UNDER SECTION 719.503, FLORIDA STATUTES.
THIS AGREEMENT IS ALSO VOIDABLE BY BUYER BY DELIVERING
WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE BUYER'S INTENTION TO CANCEL
WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF RECEIPT FROM THE
DEVELOPER OF ANY AMENDMENT WHICH MATERIALLY ALTERS OR
MODIFIES THE OFFERING IN A MANNER THAT IS ADVERSE TO
THE BUYER. ANY PURPORTED WAIVER OF THESE VOIDABILITY
RIGHTS SHALL BE OF NO EFFECT. BUYER MAY EXTEND THE
TIME FOR CLOSING FOR A PERIOD OF NOT MORE THAN 15 DAYS

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AFTER THE BUYER HAS RECEIVED ALL OF THE ITEMS
REQUIRED. BUYER'S RIGHT TO VOID THIS AGREEMENT SHALL
TERMINATE AT CLOSING. FIGURES CONTAINED IN ANY BUDGET
DELIVERED TO THE BUYER PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
COOPERATIVE ACT ARE ESTIMATES ONLY AND REPRESENT AN
APPROXIMATION OF FUTURE EXPENSES BASED ON FACTS AND
CIRCUMSTANCES EXISTING AT THE TIME OF THE PREPARATION
OF THE BUDGET BY THE DEVELOPER. ACTUAL COSTS OF SUCH
ITEMS MAY EXCEED THE ESTIMATED COSTS. SUCH CHANGES IN
COST DO NOT CONSTITUTE MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGES IN THE
OFFERING.

2. The following caveat in conspicuous type shall be placed
upon the first page of the contract:

ORAL REPRESENTATIONS CANNOT BE RELIED UPON AS
CORRECTLY STATING THE REPRESENTATIONS OF THE
DEVELOPER. FOR CORRECT REPRESENTATIONS, REFERENCE
SHOULD BE MADE TO THIS CONTRACT AND THE DOCUMENTS
REQUIRED BY SECTION 719.503, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO BE
FURNISHED BY A DEVELOPER TO A BUYER OR LESSEE.

3. If the unit has been occupied by someone other than the
buyer, a statement that the unit has been occupied.

4. If the contract is for the sale or transfer of a unit
subject to a lease, the contract shall include as an exhibit a
copy of the executed lease and shall contain within the text in
conspicuous type: "THE UNIT IS SUBJECT TO A LEASE (OR
SUBLEASE) ."

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5. If the contract is for the lease of a unit for a term of 5 years or more, the contract shall include as an exhibit a copy of the proposed lease.

6. If the contract is for the sale or lease of a unit that is subject to a lien for rent payable under a lease of a recreational facility or other common areas, the contract shall contain within the text the following statement in conspicuous type: "THIS CONTRACT IS FOR THE TRANSFER OF A UNIT THAT IS SUBJECT TO A LIEN FOR RENT PAYABLE UNDER A LEASE OF COMMON AREAS. FAILURE TO PAY RENT MAY RESULT IN FORECLOSURE OF THE LIEN."

7. The contract shall state the name and address of the escrow agent required by s. 719.202 and shall state that the purchaser may obtain a receipt for his or her deposit from the escrow agent, upon request.

8. If the contract is for the sale or transfer of a unit in a cooperative in which timeshare estates have been or may be created, the following text in conspicuous type: "UNITS IN THIS COOPERATIVE ARE SUBJECT TO TIMESHARE ESTATES." The contract for the sale of a timeshare estate must also contain, in conspicuous type, the following:

FOR THE PURPOSE OF AD VALOREM TAXES OR SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS LEVIED BY TAXING AUTHORITIES AGAINST A TIMESHARE ESTATE, THE MANAGING ENTITY IS GENERALLY CONSIDERED THE TAXPAYER UNDER FLORIDA LAW. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO CHALLENGE AN ASSESSMENT BY A TAXING AUTHORITY RELATING TO YOUR TIMESHARE ESTATE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 194, FLORIDA STATUTES.

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350 9. Contain within the text the following statement in
351 conspicuous type:

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353 HOMEOWNERS' INSURANCE POLICIES DO NOT INCLUDE COVERAGE
354 FOR DAMAGE RESULTING FROM FLOODING. BUYER IS
355 ENCOURAGED TO DISCUSS THE NEED TO PURCHASE SEPARATE
356 FLOOD INSURANCE COVERAGE WITH BUYER'S INSURANCE AGENT.

357
358 DEVELOPER HAS HAS NO KNOWLEDGE OF ANY
359 FLOODING THAT HAS DAMAGED THE PROPERTY DURING
360 DEVELOPER'S OWNERSHIP OF THE PROPERTY.

361
362 DEVELOPER HAS HAS NOT FILED A CLAIM WITH AN
363 INSURANCE PROVIDER RELATING TO FLOOD DAMAGE ON THE
364 PROPERTY OR COMMON ELEMENTS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT
365 LIMITED TO, A CLAIM WITH THE NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE
366 PROGRAM.

367
368 DEVELOPER HAS HAS NOT RECEIVED ASSISTANCE
369 FOR FLOOD DAMAGE TO THE PROPERTY OR COMMON ELEMENTS,
370 INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ASSISTANCE FROM THE
371 FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY.

372
373 FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS DISCLOSURE, THE TERM
374 "FLOODING" MEANS A GENERAL OR TEMPORARY CONDITION OF
375 PARTIAL OR COMPLETE INUNDATION OF THE PROPERTY OR
376 COMMON ELEMENTS CAUSED BY THE OVERFLOW OF INLAND OR
377 TIDAL WATERS; THE UNUSUAL AND RAPID ACCUMULATION OF

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RUNOFF OR SURFACE WATERS FROM ANY ESTABLISHED WATER
SOURCE, SUCH AS A RIVER, STREAM, OR DRAINAGE DITCH; OR
SUSTAINED PERIODS OF STANDING WATER RESULTING FROM
RAINFALL.

Section 5. Subsection (6) is added to section 723.011,
Florida Statutes, to read:

723.011 Disclosure prior to rental of a mobile home lot;
prospectus, filing, approval.—

(6) (a) A mobile home park owner must complete and provide a
flood disclosure to a prospective lessee of a mobile home lot.
Delivery must be made prior to execution of the lot rental
agreement or at the time of occupancy, whichever occurs first.
The flood disclosure must be in a separate document. The flood
disclosure must be made in substantially the following form:

FLOOD DISCLOSURE

Flood Insurance: Homeowners' and renters' insurance
policies do not include coverage for damage resulting
from floods. You are encouraged to discuss the need to
purchase separate flood insurance coverage with your
insurance agent.

1. The park owner has has no knowledge
of any flooding that has damaged the property during
park owner's ownership of the property.

2. The park owner has has not filed a
claim with an insurance provider relating to flood
damage on the property, including, but not limited to,
a claim with the National Flood Insurance Program.

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407 3. The park owner has has not received
408 assistance for flood damage to the property,
409 including, but not limited to, assistance from the
410 Federal Emergency Management Agency.

411 4. For the purposes of this disclosure, the term
412 "flooding" means a general or temporary condition of
413 partial or complete inundation of the property caused
414 by any of the following:

415 a. The overflow of inland or tidal waters.

416 b. The unusual and rapid accumulation of runoff
417 or surface waters from any established water source,
418 such as a river, stream, or drainage ditch.

419 c. Sustained periods of standing water resulting
420 from rainfall.

421
422 (b) If a park owner violates this section and a lessee
423 suffers a substantial loss or damage to the lessee's mobile home
424 or personal property as a result of flooding, the lessee may
425 terminate the rental agreement by giving a written notice of
426 termination to the park owner no later than 30 days after the
427 date of the damage or loss. Termination of a rental agreement
428 under this section is effective when the requirements of s.
429 723.023(5) are met. For the purpose of this paragraph, the term
430 "substantial loss or damage" means the total cost of repairs to
431 or replacement of the mobile home and personal property is 50
432 percent or more of the mobile home and personal property's
433 market value on the date the flooding occurred.

434 (c) A park owner shall refund the lessee all rent or other
435 amounts paid in advance under the rental agreement for any

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period after the effective date of the termination of the rental
agreement.

(d) This subsection does not affect a lessee's liability
for delinquent, unpaid rent or other sums owed to the park owner
before the date the rental agreement was terminated by the
lessee under this subsection.

Section 6. This act shall take effect October 1, 2025.