By the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources; and Senator Berman

592-02514A-25 2025978c1

 A bill to be entitled
An act relating to advanced wastewater treatment;
providing legislative findings; requiring the
Department of Environmental Protection, in
consultation with water management districts and
wastewater facilities, to submit to the Governor and
the Legislature specified reports on certain sewage
disposal facilities in this state by specified dates;
providing requirements for the reports; providing an
effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. (1) The Legislature finds that the discharge of inadequately treated wastewater and aging sewage disposal facilities compromises the quality of the environment, including freshwater, brackish water, and nearshore and offshore salt waters, and threatens the quality of life and local economies in this state which depend on those resources. The Legislature also finds that the only practical and cost-effective way to fundamentally improve wastewater management is to implement advanced wastewater treatment or better at all sewage disposal facilities with a permitted capacity of greater than 1 million gallons per day in the state.

(2) In order to prioritize the upgrade of sewage disposal facilities, by December 31, 2025, the Department of

Environmental Protection, in consultation with the water

management districts and wastewater facilities, shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of

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403.064(16), Florida Statutes.

the watershed.

592-02514A-25 2025978c1 30 the House of Representatives a report detailing all of the 31 following for all sewage disposal facilities with a permitted capacity of greater than 1 million gallons per day in this 32 33 state: 34 (a) Year of construction for the facility and any 35 maintenance or upgrades. 36 (b) Total permitted volume of wastewater treated daily. 37 (c) Actual permitted volume of wastewater treated daily, 38 including the most recent 1-year and 5-year averages. 39 (d) Current level of treatment, including concentrations 40 for all of the following: 41 1. Biochemical oxygen demand. 42 2. Suspended solids. 3. Total nitrogen. 43 44 4. Total phosphorus. 45 5. 1,4-dioxane. 46 6. Perfluorooctanoic acid. 47 7. Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid. 8. Molybdenum. 48 49 9. Other contaminants of emerging concern as determined by 50 the Department of Environmental Protection. 51 (e) Estimated total pollutant load based on permitted 52 volume and concentrations. 53 (f) Disposal methods and the volume discharged to any receiving water bodies, if applicable, pursuant to s. 54

(g) Impairment status of any receiving water bodies within

(h) Implementation status of total maximum daily loads and

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basin management action plans and recommended reductions for load allocations and wasteload allocations for pollutants of concern.

- (i) Total volume and concentration of any permitted and nonpermitted wastewater spills since 2010.
- (j) Elevation of the facility and supporting infrastructure.
- (k) Location within a floodplain, flood zone, or coastal high-hazard area and, if applicable, the corresponding zone number.
- (3) By December 31, 2026, the Department of Environmental Protection, in consultation with the water management districts and sewage disposal facilities, shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report outlining a priority ranking process to upgrade all sewage disposal facilities with a permitted capacity of greater than 1 million gallons per day in this state to advanced wastewater treatment by 2036, based on all of the following:
 - (a) Overall environmental benefit of a project based on:
- 1. Water quality in receiving waterbodies, including impairment status;
 - 2. Severity and duration of documented algal blooms;
 - 3. Loss of submerged vegetation;
 - 4. Death of fish and wildlife;
 - 5. Public health advisories;
- 6. Quantity and concentration of permitted and nonpermitted spills; and
 - 7. Risk of failure.

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(b) Estimated reduction in nutrient and pollutant loads with advanced wastewater treatment.

- (c) An explanation of additional projects necessary to meet any adopted total maximum daily loads and basin management action plans if upgrading to advanced wastewater treatment is not sufficient.
- (d) Cost-effectiveness as determined by a planning-level cost estimate.
- (e) Potential financial assistance available, including the water quality improvement grant program under s. 403.0673, Florida Statutes, and availability of local matching funds.
 - (f) Project readiness and estimated date of completion.
- (4) By June 30, 2027, the Department of Environmental Protection, in consultation with the water management districts and sewage disposal facilities, shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a progress report on the status of upgrades established under subsection (3) for each sewage disposal facility with a permitted capacity of greater than 1 million gallons per day in this state. The report must include the priority list identified pursuant to subsection (3), the preliminary cost estimates for the upgrades, a projected timeline of the dates by which the upgrades would begin and be completed, and the date by which operations of the upgraded sewage disposal facilities would begin.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.