

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 1139 (2026)

Amendment No.

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE ACTION

ADOPTED _____ (Y/N)

ADOPTED AS AMENDED _____ (Y/N)

ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION _____ (Y/N)

FAILED TO ADOPT _____ (Y/N)

WITHDRAWN _____ (Y/N)

OTHER

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Intergovernmental Affairs
Subcommittee

Representative Gentry offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:

**Section 1. Present subsections (39) through (54) of
section 163.3164, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
subsection (40) through (55), respectively, and a new
subsection (39) is added to that section, to read:**

163.3164 Community Planning Act; definitions.—As used in
this act:

(39) "Plan-based methodology" means a study methodology
that uses the most recent and localized data to project growth
within a jurisdiction over a 10-year period, anticipate capacity
impacts on relevant systems which will be created by the

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projected growth, and establish a list of capital projects to be constructed or purchased in a defined time period to mitigate the anticipated capacity impacts as part of a new or updated impact fee study. The capital projects identified in the study and any necessary interlocal agreement must comport with the requirements of s. 163.3177(6)(h).

Section 2. Paragraph (h) of subsection (6) of section 163.3177, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive plan; studies and surveys.—

(6) In addition to the requirements of subsections (1)–(5), the comprehensive plan shall include the following elements:

(h)1. An intergovernmental coordination element showing relationships and stating principles and guidelines to be used in coordinating the adopted comprehensive plan with the plans of school boards, regional water supply authorities, and other units of local government providing services but not having regulatory authority over the use of land, with the comprehensive plans of adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the region, with the state comprehensive plan and with the applicable regional water supply plan approved pursuant to s. 373.709, as the case may require and as such adopted plans or plans in preparation may exist. This element of the local comprehensive plan must demonstrate consideration of

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42 the particular effects of the local plan, when adopted, upon the
43 development of adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent
44 counties, or the region, or upon the state comprehensive plan,
45 as the case may require.

46 a. The intergovernmental coordination element must provide
47 procedures for identifying and implementing joint planning
48 areas, especially for the purpose of annexation, municipal
49 incorporation, and joint infrastructure service areas.

50 b. The intergovernmental coordination element shall
51 provide for a dispute resolution process, as established
52 pursuant to s. 186.509, for bringing intergovernmental disputes
53 to closure in a timely manner.

54 c. The intergovernmental coordination element shall
55 provide for interlocal agreements as established pursuant to s.
56 333.03(1)(b).

57 2. The intergovernmental coordination element shall also
58 state principles and guidelines to be used in coordinating the
59 adopted comprehensive plan with the plans of school boards and
60 other units of local government providing facilities and
61 services but not having regulatory authority over the use of
62 land. In addition, the intergovernmental coordination element
63 must describe joint processes for collaborative planning and
64 decisionmaking on population projections and public school
65 siting, the location and extension of public facilities subject
66 to concurrency, and siting facilities with countywide

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significance, including locally unwanted land uses whose nature and identity are established in an agreement.

3. Within 1 year after adopting their intergovernmental coordination elements, each county, all the municipalities within that county, the district school board, and any unit of local government service providers in that county shall establish by interlocal or other formal agreement executed by all affected entities, the joint processes described in this subparagraph consistent with their adopted intergovernmental coordination elements. The agreement must:

a. Ensure that the local government addresses through coordination mechanisms the impacts of development proposed in the local comprehensive plan upon development in adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, the region, and the state. The area of concern for municipalities shall include adjacent municipalities, the county, and counties adjacent to the municipality. The area of concern for counties shall include all municipalities within the county, adjacent counties, and adjacent municipalities. Such coordination mechanisms must include plans to provide mitigation funding to address any extrajurisdictional impacts of development, consistent with the requirements of s. 163.3180(5)(j).

b. Ensure coordination in establishing level of service standards for public facilities with any state, regional, or local entity having operational and maintenance responsibility

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92 for such facilities.

93 **Section 3. Paragraph (j) of subsection (5) of section**
94 **163.3180, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:**

95 163.3180 Concurrency.—

96 (5)

97 (j)1. If a county and municipality charge the developer of
98 a new development or redevelopment a fee for transportation
99 capacity impacts, the county and municipality must create and
100 execute an interlocal agreement to coordinate the mitigation of
101 their respective transportation capacity impacts.

102 2. The interlocal agreement must, at a minimum:

103 a. Ensure that any new development or redevelopment is not
104 charged twice for the same transportation capacity impacts.

105 b. Establish a plan-based methodology for determining the
106 legally permissible fee to be charged to a new development or
107 redevelopment.

108 c. Require the county or municipality issuing the building
109 permit to collect the fee, unless agreed to otherwise.

110 d. Provide a method for the proportionate distribution of
111 the revenue collected by the county or municipality to address
112 the transportation capacity impacts of a new development or
113 redevelopment, or provide a method of assigning responsibility
114 for the mitigation of the transportation capacity impacts
115 belonging to the county and the municipality.

116 e. Use a plan-based methodology in complying with the

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117 requirements of s. 163.3177(6)(h).

118 3. By October 1, 2025, if an interlocal agreement is not
119 executed pursuant to this paragraph:

120 a. The fee charged to a new development or redevelopment
121 shall be based on the transportation capacity impacts
122 apportioned to the county and municipality as identified in the
123 developer's traffic impact study or the mobility plan adopted by
124 the county or municipality.

125 b. The developer shall receive a 10 percent reduction in
126 the total fee calculated pursuant to sub-subparagraph a.

127 c. The county or municipality issuing the building permit
128 must collect the fee charged pursuant to sub-subparagraphs a.
129 and b. and distribute the proceeds of such fee to the county and
130 municipality within 60 days after the developer's payment.

131 4. This paragraph does not apply to:

132 a. A county as defined in s. 125.011(1).

133 b. A county or municipality that has entered into, or
134 otherwise updated, an existing interlocal agreement, as of
135 October 1, 2024, to coordinate the mitigation of transportation
136 impacts. However, if such existing interlocal agreement is
137 terminated, the affected county and municipality that have
138 entered into the agreement are ~~shall be~~ subject to the
139 requirements of this paragraph. An interlocal agreement entered
140 into before October 1, 2024, may not extend beyond October 1,
141 2031 unless the county and municipality mutually agree to extend

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142 ~~the existing interlocal agreement before the expiration of the~~
143 ~~agreement.~~

144 **Section 4. Present paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection**
145 **(3) of section 163.31801, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as**
146 **paragraphs (b) and (c), respectively, a new paragraph (a) is**
147 **added to that subsection, and paragraph (g) of subsection (6)**
148 **and subsection (9) of that section are amended, to read:**

149 163.31801 Impact fees; short title; intent; minimum
150 requirements; audits; challenges.—

151 (3) For purposes of this section, the term:

152 (a) "Extraordinary circumstances" means measurable effects
153 of development which will require mitigation by the affected
154 local government, school district, or special district and which
155 exceed the total of the current adopted impact fee amount and
156 any increase as provided in paragraphs (6)(c), (d), and (e) in
157 less than 4 years.

158 (6) A local government, school district, or special
159 district may increase an impact fee only as provided in this
160 subsection.

161 (g)1. A local government, school district, or special
162 district may increase an impact fee rate beyond the phase-in
163 limitations established under paragraph (b), paragraph (c),
164 paragraph (d), or paragraph (e) by establishing the need for
165 such increase in full compliance with the requirements of
166 subsection (4), provided the following criteria are met:

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167 a. A demonstrated-need study using a plan-based
168 methodology which justifies ~~justifying~~ any increase in excess of
169 those authorized in paragraph (b), paragraph (c), paragraph (d),
170 or paragraph (e) has been completed within the 12 months before
171 the adoption of the impact fee increase and expressly
172 demonstrates the extraordinary circumstances necessitating the
173 need to exceed the phase-in limitations. The capacity standards
174 used to support the existence of such extraordinary
175 circumstances must be specified in the impact fee study adopted
176 under paragraph (4) (a). The demonstrated-need study must be
177 accompanied by a declaration stating how and the timeframe
178 during which the proposed impact fee increase will be used to
179 construct or purchase the improvements necessary to increase
180 capacity. The local government, school district, or special
181 district must use localized data reflecting differences in costs
182 and modality of projects between urban, emerging urban, and
183 rural areas, as applicable within the study area, to project the
184 anticipated growth or capacity impacts which underlie the
185 extraordinary circumstances necessitating the impact fee
186 increase.

187 b. The local government jurisdiction has held at least two
188 publicly noticed workshops dedicated to the extraordinary
189 circumstances necessitating the need to exceed the phase-in
190 limitations set forth in paragraph (b), paragraph (c), paragraph
191 (d), or paragraph (e).

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192 c. The impact fee increase ordinance is approved by a
193 unanimous vote of the governing body.

194 2. An impact fee increase approved under this paragraph
195 must be implemented in at least two but not more than four equal
196 annual increments beginning with the date on which the impact
197 fee increase ordinance is adopted.

198 3. A local government, school district, or special
199 district may not:

200 a. Increase an impact fee rate beyond the phase-in
201 limitations under this paragraph if the local government, school
202 district, or special district has not increased the impact fee
203 within the past 5 years. Any year in which the local government,
204 school district, or special district is prohibited from
205 increasing an impact fee because the jurisdiction is in a
206 hurricane disaster area is not included in the 5-year period.

207 b. Use data that is older than 4 years to demonstrate
208 extraordinary circumstances.

209 c. Include in the impact fee increase any deduction
210 authorized by a previous or existing impact fee.

211 d. Increase an impact fee rate beyond the phase-in
212 limitations under this paragraph by more than 100 percent
213 divided equally over a 4-year period.

214 (9) In any action challenging an impact fee or the
215 government's failure to provide required dollar-for-dollar
216 credits for the payment of impact fees as provided in s.

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217 163.3180(6)(h)2.b.:7

218 (a) The government has the burden of proving by a
219 preponderance of the evidence that the imposition or amount of
220 the fee or credit meets the requirements of state legal
221 precedent and this section. The court may not use a deferential
222 standard for the benefit of the government. If the court
223 determines that the petitioner made an overpayment due to an
224 improperly assessed impact fee, the petitioner is entitled to a
225 refund in the amount of the overpayment with interest, with such
226 interest amount determined by the court. The local government,
227 school district, or special district that assessed the impact
228 fee must issue the refund within 90 days after the judgment
229 becomes final.

230 (b) A prevailing petitioner who is a resident of or an
231 owner of a business located within the jurisdiction of the local
232 government, school district, or special district that imposed
233 the impact fee in violation of this section is entitled to
234 reasonable attorney fees and costs. Such petitioner is further
235 entitled to reasonable attorney fees and costs in any subsequent
236 action necessary to collect a refund ordered by the court for
237 any impact fee overpayment.

238 **Section 5. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section**
239 **212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:**

240 212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent;
241 authorization and use of proceeds.—It is the legislative intent

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that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as provided in s. 212.054.

(2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX.—

(d) The proceeds of the surtax authorized by this subsection and any accrued interest shall be expended by the school district, within the county and municipalities within the county, or, in the case of a negotiated joint county agreement, within another county, to finance, plan, and construct infrastructure; to acquire any interest in land for public recreation, conservation, or protection of natural resources or to prevent or satisfy private property rights claims resulting from limitations imposed by the designation of an area of critical state concern; to provide loans, grants, or rebates to residential or commercial property owners who make energy efficiency improvements to their residential or commercial property, if a local government ordinance authorizing such use

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is approved by referendum; or to finance the closure of county-owned or municipally owned solid waste landfills that have been closed or are required to be closed by order of the Department of Environmental Protection. Any use of the proceeds or interest for purposes of landfill closure before July 1, 1993, is ratified. The proceeds and any interest may not be used for the operational expenses of infrastructure, except that a county that has a population of fewer than 75,000 and that is required to close a landfill may use the proceeds or interest for long-term maintenance costs associated with landfill closure. Counties, as defined in s. 125.011, and charter counties may, in addition, use the proceeds or interest to retire or service indebtedness incurred for bonds issued before July 1, 1987, for infrastructure purposes, and for bonds subsequently issued to refund such bonds. Any use of the proceeds or interest for purposes of retiring or servicing indebtedness incurred for refunding bonds before July 1, 1999, is ratified.

1. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "infrastructure" means:

a. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement of public facilities that have a life expectancy of 5 or more years, any related land acquisition, land improvement, design, and engineering costs, and all other professional and related costs required to bring the public facilities into service. For

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292 purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term "public facilities"
293 means facilities as defined in s. 163.3164(42) ~~s. 163.3164(41)~~,
294 s. 163.3221(13), or s. 189.012(5), and includes facilities that
295 are necessary to carry out governmental purposes, including, but
296 not limited to, fire stations, general governmental office
297 buildings, and animal shelters, regardless of whether the
298 facilities are owned by the local taxing authority or another
299 governmental entity.

300 b. A fire department vehicle, an emergency medical service
301 vehicle, a sheriff's office vehicle, a police department
302 vehicle, or any other vehicle, and the equipment necessary to
303 outfit the vehicle for its official use or equipment that has a
304 life expectancy of at least 5 years.

305 c. Any expenditure for the construction, lease, or
306 maintenance of, or provision of utilities or security for,
307 facilities, as defined in s. 29.008.

308 d. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay
309 associated with the improvement of private facilities that have
310 a life expectancy of 5 or more years and that the owner agrees
311 to make available for use on a temporary basis as needed by a
312 local government as a public emergency shelter or a staging area
313 for emergency response equipment during an emergency officially
314 declared by the state or by the local government under s.
315 252.38. Such improvements are limited to those necessary to
316 comply with current standards for public emergency evacuation

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shelters. The owner must enter into a written contract with the local government providing the improvement funding to make the private facility available to the public for purposes of emergency shelter at no cost to the local government for a minimum of 10 years after completion of the improvement, with the provision that the obligation will transfer to any subsequent owner until the end of the minimum period.

e. Any land acquisition expenditure for a residential housing project in which at least 30 percent of the units are affordable to individuals or families whose total annual household income does not exceed 120 percent of the area median income adjusted for household size, if the land is owned by a local government or by a special district that enters into a written agreement with the local government to provide such housing. The local government or special district may enter into a ground lease with a public or private person or entity for nominal or other consideration for the construction of the residential housing project on land acquired pursuant to this sub-subparagraph.

f. Instructional technology used solely in a school district's classrooms. As used in this sub-subparagraph, the term "instructional technology" means an interactive device that assists a teacher in instructing a class or a group of students and includes the necessary hardware and software to operate the interactive device. The term also includes support systems in

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342 which an interactive device may mount and is not required to be
343 affixed to the facilities.

344 2. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "energy
345 efficiency improvement" means any energy conservation and
346 efficiency improvement that reduces consumption through
347 conservation or a more efficient use of electricity, natural
348 gas, propane, or other forms of energy on the property,
349 including, but not limited to, air sealing; installation of
350 insulation; installation of energy-efficient heating, cooling,
351 or ventilation systems; installation of solar panels; building
352 modifications to increase the use of daylight or shade;
353 replacement of windows; installation of energy controls or
354 energy recovery systems; installation of electric vehicle
355 charging equipment; installation of systems for natural gas fuel
356 as defined in s. 206.9951; and installation of efficient
357 lighting equipment.

358 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection,
359 a local government infrastructure surtax imposed or extended
360 after July 1, 1998, may allocate up to 15 percent of the surtax
361 proceeds for deposit into a trust fund within the county's
362 accounts created for the purpose of funding economic development
363 projects having a general public purpose of improving local
364 economies, including the funding of operational costs and
365 incentives related to economic development. The ballot statement
366 must indicate the intention to make an allocation under the

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authority of this subparagraph.

4. Surtax revenues that are shared with eligible charter schools pursuant to paragraph (c) shall be allocated among such schools based on each school's proportionate share of total school district capital outlay full-time equivalent enrollment as adopted by the education estimating conference established in s. 216.136. Surtax revenues must be expended by the charter school in a manner consistent with the allowable uses provided in s. 1013.62(4). All revenues and expenditures shall be accounted for in a charter school's monthly or quarterly financial statement pursuant to s. 1002.33(9). If a school's charter is not renewed or is terminated and the school is dissolved under the provisions of law under which the school was organized, any unencumbered funds received under this paragraph shall revert to the sponsor.

Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2026.

T I T L E A M E N D M E N T

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:
An act relating to impact fees; amending s. 163.3164, F.S.; defining the term "plan-based methodology"; amending s. 163.3177, F.S.; providing requirements for coordination mechanisms that are required for certain agreements required as part of the intergovernmental

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coordination element of a comprehensive plan; amending
s. 163.3180, F.S.; requiring that certain interlocal
agreements use a plan-based methodology for a certain
purpose; prohibiting certain interlocal agreements
from extending beyond a specified date; deleting an
exception to an applicability provision relating to
concurrency; amending s. 163.31801, F.S.; defining the
term "extraordinary circumstances"; requiring that a
demonstrated-need study use a plan-based methodology
for a certain purpose; requiring that certain capacity
standards be specified in a certain impact fee study;
requiring that a demonstrated-need study be
accompanied by a certain declaration; requiring local
governments, school districts, and special districts
to use localized data for a certain purpose;
prohibiting local governments, school districts, and
special districts from using certain data for a
specified purpose; prohibiting local governments,
school districts, and special districts from including
certain deductions in certain impact fee increases and
from increasing impact fee rates beyond certain phase-
in limitations by more than a specified percentage
within a certain timeframe; providing that a
prevailing petitioner is entitled to an impact fee
overpayment refund, with interest, under certain

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417 | circumstances; requiring local governments, school
418 | districts, and special districts to issue such refunds
419 | within a specified timeframe; providing that certain
420 | prevailing petitioners are entitled to reasonable
421 | attorney fees and costs; amending s. 212.055, F.S.;
422 | conforming a cross-reference; providing an effective
423 | date.