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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMI	TTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Civil Justice & Claims Subcommittee

Representative Gottlieb offered the following:

### Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:

# Section 1. Section 61.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 61.16 Attorney Attorney's fees, suit money, and costs.-
- (1) The court may from time to time, after considering the financial resources of both parties, order a party to pay a reasonable amount for attorney attorney's fees, suit money, and the cost to the other party of maintaining or defending any proceeding seeking relief under this chapter, including enforcement, and modification, and appellate proceedings and appeals.

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- (2) An award of attorney fees, suit money, and costs, whether temporary or final, may be awarded retroactively and prospectively as equity requires. Attorney fees, suit money, and costs incurred in pursuing an award of such fees, money, and costs may be included in any award under this section.
- (3) In those cases in which an action is brought for enforcement and the court finds that the noncompliant party is without justification in the refusal to follow a court order, the court <u>must may</u> not award <u>attorney attorney's</u> fees, suit money, and costs to the noncompliant party.
- (4) An application for <u>attorney</u> attorney's fees, suit money, or costs, whether temporary or <u>final</u> otherwise, <u>must</u> shall not require corroborating expert testimony in order to support an award under this chapter.
- (5) The trial court <u>has shall have</u> continuing jurisdiction to make temporary <u>attorney</u> attorney's fees and costs awards reasonably necessary to prosecute or defend an appeal on the same basis and criteria as though the matter were pending before it at the trial level.
- (6) In determining entitlement to, and the amount of, an award of attorney fees, suit money, and costs, the court may consider whether a good faith offer of settlement was rejected.
- (7) (a) If a party, directly or through the party's attorney, engages in vexatious or bad faith litigation, the court may:

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- 1. Award attorney fees, suit money, and costs as a sanction against the opposing party; or
- 2. Deny or reduce an award of attorney fees, suit money, and costs to the offending party.
- (b) An order entered under this subsection addressing vexatious or bad faith litigation must include written findings identifying the specific conduct the party engaged in and the reasons the court granted, denied, or reduced such fees, money, and costs In all cases, the court may order that the amount be paid directly to the attorney, who may enforce the order in that attorney's name.
- (8) In determining whether to make <u>attorney attorney's</u> fees and costs awards at the appellate level, the court shall primarily consider the relative financial resources of the parties, unless an appellate party's cause is deemed to be frivolous.
- (9) In all cases, the court may order that the award of attorney fees, suit money, and costs be paid directly to the attorney, who may enforce such order in his or her name.
- (10) In Title IV-D cases, attorney attorney's fees, suit money, and costs, including filing fees, recording fees, mediation costs, service of process fees, and other expenses incurred by the clerk of the circuit court, shall be assessed only against the nonprevailing obligor after the court makes a determination of the nonprevailing obligor's ability to pay such

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costs and fees. The Department of Revenue <u>must shall</u> not be considered a party for purposes of this section; however, fees may be assessed against the department pursuant to s. 57.105(1).

 $\underline{(11)}$  In an action brought pursuant to Rule 3.840, Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure, whether denominated direct or indirect criminal contempt, the court  $\underline{\text{may}}$  shall have authority to:

- (a) Appoint an attorney to prosecute said contempt.
- (b) Assess <u>attorney</u> attorney's fees and costs against the <u>contemnor</u> contemptor after the court makes a determination of the contemnor's contemptor's ability to pay such costs and fees.
- (c) Order that the amount be paid directly to the attorney, who may enforce the order in his or her name.
- 12) Except in Title IV-D cases, where a party to a proceeding under this chapter files and prevails on a motion for civil contempt under any applicable provision of the Florida

  Family Law Rules of Procedure, there is a presumption that such party is entitled to recover his or her attorney fees and costs from the contemnor, irrespective of his or her need and the contemnor's ability to pay.
- (13) The relief provided under this section shall be cumulative to any other relief or remedy available under the laws of this state or the rules of court.
- Section 2. Section 742.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 742.045 Attorney Attorney's fees, suit money, and costs.—
- (1) The court may from time to time, after considering the financial resources of both parties, order a party to pay a reasonable amount for attorney attorney's fees, suit money, and the cost to the other party of maintaining or defending any proceeding seeking relief under this chapter, including enforcement, and modification, and appellate proceedings.
- (2) An award of attorney fees, suit money, and costs, whether temporary or final, may be awarded retroactively and prospectively as equity requires. Attorney fees, suit money, and costs incurred in pursuing an award of such fees, money, and costs may be included in any award under this section.
- (3) In those cases in which an action is brought for enforcement and the court finds that the noncompliant party is without justification in the refusal to follow a court order, the court must not award attorney fees, suit money, and costs to the noncompliant party.
- (4) An application for attorney attorney's fees, suit money, or costs, whether temporary or final otherwise, must shall not require corroborating expert testimony in order to support an award under this chapter.
- (5) The trial court has continuing jurisdiction to make temporary attorney fees and costs awards reasonably necessary to prosecute or defend an appeal on the same basis and criteria as though the matter were pending before it at the trial level.

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	(6)	In o	dete:	rmining	enti	tlement	to	, and	the	amoun	t of,	an
award	of	atto	rney	fees,	suit	money,	and	costs	s, th	ne cou	rt ma	<u>y</u>
consi	der	wheth	ner a	a good	faith	offer	of	settle	ement	. was	rejec	ted.

- (7) (a) If a party, directly or through the party's attorney, engages in vexatious or bad faith litigation, the court may:
- 1. Award attorney fees, suit money, and costs as a sanction against the opposing party; or
- 2. Deny or reduce an award of attorney fees, suit money, and costs to the offending party.
- (b) An order entered under this subsection addressing vexatious or bad faith litigation must include written findings identifying the specific conduct the party engaged in and the reasons the court granted, denied, or reduced such fees, money, and costs.
- (8) In determining whether to make attorney fees and costs awards at the appellate level, the court shall primarily consider the relative financial resources of the parties, unless an appellate party's cause is deemed to be frivolous.
- (9) In all cases, the court may order that the <u>award</u> amount of attorney fees, suit money, and costs be paid directly to the attorney, who may enforce <u>such</u> the order in his or her name.
- (10) In Title IV-D cases, attorney fees, suit money, and any costs, including filing fees, recording fees, mediation

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costs, service of process fees, and other expenses incurred by
the clerk of the circuit court, shall be assessed only against
the nonprevailing obligor after the court makes a determination
of the nonprevailing obligor's ability to pay such costs and
fees. The Department of Revenue $\underline{\text{must}} \ \text{shall}$ not be considered a
party for purposes of this section; however, fees may be
assessed against the department pursuant to s. 57.105(1).

- (11) In an action brought pursuant to Rule 3.840, Florida
  Rules of Criminal Procedure, whether denominated direct or
  indirect criminal contempt, the court may:
  - (a) Appoint an attorney to prosecute said contempt.
- (b) Assess attorney fees and costs against the contemnor after the court makes a determination of the contemnor's ability to pay such costs and fees.
- (c) Order that the amount be paid directly to the attorney, who may enforce the order in his or her name.
- 12) Except in Title IV-D cases, where a party to a proceeding under this chapter files and prevails on a motion for civil contempt under any applicable provision of the Florida

  Family Law Rules of Procedure, there is a presumption that such party is entitled to recover his or her attorney fees and costs from the contemnor, irrespective of his or her need and the contemnor's ability to pay.
- (13) The relief provided under this section shall be cumulative to any other relief or remedy available under the

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167	laws	of	this	state	or	the	rules	of	court.

Section 3. The amendments made to ss. 61.16 and 742.045, Florida Statutes, by this act apply to any action, including those initiated by a supplemental petition, filed on or after the effective date of this act.

Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

### 

#### TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert: An act relating to attorney fees, suit money, and costs; amending s. 61.16, F.S.; providing that attorney fees, suit money, and costs may be awarded retroactively and prospectively; authorizing the inclusion of certain fees, money, and costs in the total award of attorney fees, suit money, and costs; authorizing the court to consider whether a party rejected a good faith offer of settlement when awarding attorney fees, suit money, and costs; authorizing the court to award, deny, or reduce attorney fees, suit money, and costs under as a sanction for vexatious or bad faith litigation; requiring the court to make certain written findings pertaining to the award, denial, or reduction of

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attorney fees as a sanction for vexatious or bad faith litigation; providing that the remedies are cumulative and not exclusive; amending s. 742.045, F.S.; authorizing the award of appellate attorney fees in determination of parentage actions; providing that attorney fees, suit money, and costs may be awarded retroactively and prospectively; prohibiting a court from awarding attorney fees, suit money, and costs to a party found to be noncompliant in certain circumstances; specifying that a trial court has continuing jurisdiction to award temporary appellate attorney fees and costs under a specified basis and criteria; authorizing the inclusion of certain fees, money, and costs in the total award of attorney fees, suit money, and costs; authorizing the court to consider whether a party rejected a good faith offer of settlement when awarding attorney fees, suit money, and costs; authorizing the court to award, deny, or reduce attorney fees, suit money, and costs under as a sanction for vexatious or bad faith litigation; specifying the primary factor for a court to consider in making appellate attorney fees and costs awards; requiring the court to make certain written findings pertaining to the award, denial, or reduction of attorney fees as a sanction for vexatious or bad faith

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## COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. HB 413 (2026)

Amendment No.

217	litigation; providing that the remedies are	cumulative
218	and not exclusive; providing applicability;	providing
219	an effective date.	

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