

1 A bill to be entitled
2 An act relating to public records and public meetings;
3 amending ss. 394.464 and 397.6760, F.S.; specifying
4 that all hearings relating to mental health and
5 substance abuse, respectively, are confidential and
6 closed to the public; providing exceptions; exempting
7 certain information from public records requirements;
8 expanding a public records exemption to include
9 certain petitions and applications; authorizing
10 disclosure of certain confidential and exempt
11 documents to certain service providers; authorizing
12 courts to use a respondent's name for certain
13 purposes; revising applicability; providing for future
14 legislative review and repeal of the exemption; making
15 technical changes; providing statements of public
16 necessity; providing a contingent effective date.

17
18 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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20 **Section 1. Section 394.464, Florida Statutes, is amended**
21 **to read:**

22 394.464 Court proceedings and records; confidentiality.—

23 (1) Absent the respondent's consent or a finding of good
24 cause by a judge or an administrative law judge, all hearings
25 conducted under this part are confidential and closed to the

26 public.

27 (2)(a) The respondent's name, at a hearing or on appeal,
28 and all petitions or applications for voluntary and involuntary
29 admission for mental health examination or treatment, court
30 orders, and related records that are filed with or by a court
31 under this part are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1)
32 and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Pleadings and
33 other documents made confidential and exempt by this section may
34 be disclosed by the clerk of the court, upon request, to any of
35 the following:

36 1.(a) The petitioner.

37 2.(b) The petitioner's attorney.

38 3.(c) The respondent.

39 4.(d) The respondent's attorney.

40 5.(e) The respondent's guardian or guardian advocate, if
41 applicable.

42 6.(f) In the case of a minor respondent, the respondent's
43 parent, guardian, legal custodian, or guardian advocate.

44 7.(g) The respondent's treating health care practitioner
45 and service provider.

46 8.(h) The respondent's health care surrogate or proxy.

47 9.(i) The Department of Children and Families, without
48 charge.

49 10.(j) The Department of Corrections, without charge, if
50 the respondent is committed or is to be returned to the custody

51 of the Department of Corrections from the Department of Children
52 and Families.

53 11.~~(k)~~ A person or an entity authorized to view records
54 upon a court order for good cause. In determining whether ~~if~~
55 there is good cause for the disclosure of records, the court
56 must weigh the person's ~~person~~ or entity's need for the
57 information against potential harm to the respondent from the
58 disclosure.

59 (b)~~(2)~~ This subsection ~~section~~ does not preclude the clerk
60 of the court from submitting the information required by s.
61 790.065 to the Department of Law Enforcement.

62 (c)~~(3)~~ The clerk of the court may not publish personal
63 identifying information on a court docket or in a publicly
64 accessible file, but the court may use the respondent's name to
65 schedule and adjudicate cases, including the transmission of any
66 court order to the parties or the service provider.

67 (d)~~(4)~~ A person or an entity receiving information
68 pursuant to this subsection ~~section~~ shall maintain that
69 information as confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s.
70 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

71 (e)~~(5)~~ The exemption under this subsection ~~section~~ applies
72 to all documents filed with a court before, on, or after July 1,
73 2019, and appeals pending or filed on or after July 1, 2026.

74 (f) This subsection applies to records held by the
75 Division of Administrative Hearings to the same extent as

76 records held by a court.

77 (g) This subsection is subject to the Open Government
78 Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand
79 repealed on October 2, 2031, unless reviewed and saved from
80 repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

81 **Section 2. Section 397.6760, Florida Statutes, is amended**
82 **to read:**

83 397.6760 Court proceedings and records; confidentiality.-

84 (1) Absent a judicial finding of good cause or the
85 respondent's consent, all hearings under this part or part IV
86 are confidential and closed to the public.

87 (2)(a) The respondent's name, at trial and on appeal, and
88 all petitions or applications for voluntary and involuntary
89 substance abuse treatment or assessment and stabilization, court
90 orders, and related records that are filed with or by a court
91 under this part or part IV are confidential and exempt from s.
92 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
93 Pleadings and other documents made confidential and exempt by
94 this section may be disclosed by the clerk of the court, upon
95 request, to any of the following:

96 1.(a) The petitioner.

97 2.(b) The petitioner's attorney.

98 3.(c) The respondent.

99 4.(d) The respondent's attorney.

100 5.(e) The respondent's guardian or guardian advocate, if

101 applicable.

102 6.~~(f)~~ In the case of a minor respondent, the respondent's
103 parent, guardian, legal custodian, or guardian advocate.

104 7.~~(g)~~ The respondent's treating health care practitioner
105 and service provider.

106 8.~~(h)~~ The respondent's health care surrogate or proxy.

107 9.~~(i)~~ The Department of Children and Families, without
108 charge.

109 10.~~(j)~~ The Department of Corrections, without charge, if
110 the respondent is committed or is to be returned to the custody
111 of the Department of Corrections from the Department of Children
112 and Families.

113 11.~~(k)~~ A person or an entity authorized to view records
114 upon a court order for good cause. In determining whether ~~if~~
115 there is good cause for the disclosure of records, the court
116 must weigh the person's ~~person~~ or entity's need for the
117 information against potential harm to the respondent from the
118 disclosure.

119 (b)~~(2)~~ This subsection ~~section~~ does not preclude the clerk
120 of the court from submitting the information required by s.
121 790.065 to the Department of Law Enforcement.

122 (c)~~(3)~~ The clerk of the court may not publish personal
123 identifying information on a court docket or in a publicly
124 accessible file, but the court may use the respondent's name to
125 schedule and adjudicate cases, including the transmission of any

126 court order to the parties or the service provider.

127 (d) ~~(4)~~ A person or an entity receiving information
128 pursuant to this subsection ~~section~~ shall maintain that
129 information as confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s.
130 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

131 (e) ~~(5)~~ The exemption under this subsection ~~section~~ applies
132 to all documents filed with a court before, on, or after July 1,
133 2017, and appeals pending or filed on or after July 1, 2026.

134 (f) This subsection is subject to the Open Government
135 Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand
136 repealed on October 2, 2031, unless reviewed and saved from
137 repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

138 **Section 3.** (1) The Legislature finds that it is a public
139 necessity that court hearings under part I of chapter 394 and
140 part IV or part V of chapter 397, Florida Statutes, be made
141 confidential and closed to the public unless the court finds
142 good cause to open a hearing to the public or the respondent
143 consents to a hearing being open to the public. The mental
144 health or substance abuse disorders of a person are medical
145 conditions that should be protected from public disclosure. A
146 person's health and sensitive personal information regarding his
147 or her mental health or substance abuse disorders are intensely
148 private matters. Making hearings confidential and closed to the
149 public when such disorders, conditions, and personal information
150 may be communicated will protect such persons from the release

151 of sensitive personal information that could damage their and
152 their families' reputations. Allowing public hearings relating
153 to such information defeats the purpose of protections otherwise
154 provided. Further, the knowledge that such sensitive personal
155 information is subject to disclosure could have a chilling
156 effect on a person's willingness to seek out and comply with
157 mental health or substance abuse treatment services.

158 (2) The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity
159 that voluntary applications or petitions for involuntary
160 examination or treatment, court orders, and related records that
161 are filed with or by a court or relevant service provider under
162 part I of chapter 394 and part IV or part V of chapter 397,
163 Florida Statutes, and the personal identifying information of a
164 person with a potential mental, emotional, or behavioral
165 disorder or a substance abuse disorder which is published on a
166 court docket and maintained by the clerk of the court under part
167 I of chapter 394 and part IV or part V of chapter 397, Florida
168 Statutes, or with the relevant service provider be made
169 confidential and exempt from disclosure under s. 119.07(1),
170 Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State
171 Constitution. The mental health or substance abuse disorders of
172 a person are medical conditions that should be protected from
173 public disclosure. A person's health and sensitive personal
174 information regarding his or her mental health or substance
175 abuse disorders are intensely private matters. Making such

applications, petitions, orders, records, and personal
identifying information confidential and exempt from disclosure
will protect such persons from the release of sensitive personal
information that could damage their and their families'
reputations. The publication of personal identifying information
on a physical or virtual docket, regardless of whether any other
record is published, defeats the purpose of protections
otherwise provided. Further, the knowledge that such sensitive
personal information is subject to disclosure could have a
chilling effect on a person's willingness to seek out and comply
with mental health or substance abuse treatment services.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2026.