A bill to be entitled An act relating to U-visa certification policy; creating s. 908.112, F.S.; defining terms; specifying duties of certifying officials from certifying agencies concerning certification forms in support of U-visa applications; providing a rebuttable presumption; requiring a certifying official from a certifying agency that denies a certification to provide the petitioner with specified written notice; requiring certifying agencies to grant or deny requests for certifications within specified timeframes; authorizing applicants to petition the circuit court if the certifying agency fails to respond within those timeframes; prohibiting certifying agencies and certifying officials from disclosing the immigration status of victims or persons seeking a certification; providing initial and annual reporting requirements; providing immunity for certifying officials; specifying duties of certifying agencies; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 908.112, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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26	908.112 U-visa certification policy
27	(1) As used in this section, the term:
28	(a) "Certification form" means Form I-918, Supplement B, U
29	Nonimmigrant Status Certification as required by 8 U.S.C. s.
30	1184 (p) .
31	(b) "Certifying agency" means a state or local law
32	enforcement agency, a prosecutor, a judge, or any other
33	governmental agency that has criminal, civil, administrative,
34	investigative, or prosecutorial authority.
35	(c) "Certifying official" means any of the following:
36	1. The head of the certifying agency.
37	2. A person in a supervisory role who has been
38	specifically designated by the head of the certifying agency to
39	issue Form I-918 Supplement B certifications on behalf of the
10	agency.
11	3. A judge.
12	4. Any other certifying official described in 8 C.F.R. s.
13	214.14(a)(3).
14	(d) "Petitioner" means a person who requests a
15	certification, including indirect and bystander victims.
16	(e) "Qualifying criminal activity" means an offense for
17	which the elements are substantially similar to an offense
18	described in 8 U.S.C. s. 1101(a)(15)(U)(iii) of the Immigration
19	and Nationality Act or the attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy
- 0	to commit such an offence. Qualifying animinal activity purguant

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    to 8 U.S.C. s. 1011(a)(15)(U)(iii) includes, but is not limited
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    to, the following crimes:
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         1. Rape.
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             Torture.
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         3. Human trafficking.
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             Incest.
         5. Domestic violence.
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         6. Sexual assault.
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         7. Abusive sexual contact.
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         8. Prostitution.
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             Sexual Exploitation.
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         10. Female genital mutilation.
         11. Being held hostage.
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         12. Peonage.
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         13. Perjury.
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              Involuntary servitude.
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              Slavery.
              Kidnapping.
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         17. Abduction.
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         18. Unlawful criminal restraint.
         19. False imprisonment.
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         20. Blackmail.
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         21. Extortion.
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         22. Manslaughter.
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         23. Murder.
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- 76 24. Felonious assault.
 - 25. Witness tampering.
 - 26. Obstruction of justice.
 - 27. Fraud in foreign labor contracting.
- 80 <u>28. Stalking.</u>

- (2) Upon the request of a petitioner or a victim's family member, a certifying official from a certifying agency must certify victim helpfulness on the Form I-918 Supplement B certification if the victim was a victim of a qualifying criminal activity and has been helpful, is being helpful, or is likely to be helpful to the detection or investigation or prosecution of such qualifying criminal activity.
- (3) For purposes of determining helpfulness pursuant to subsection (2), there is a rebuttable presumption that a victim is helpful, has been helpful, or is likely to be helpful to the detection or investigation or prosecution of that qualifying criminal activity if the victim has not refused or failed to provide information and assistance reasonably requested by law enforcement.
- (4) The certifying official shall fully complete and sign the Form I-918 Supplement B certification and, regarding victim helpfulness, include specific details about the nature of the crime investigated or prosecuted and a detailed description of the victim's helpfulness or likely helpfulness to the detection, investigation, or prosecution of the criminal activity. The

101	certifying agency may not consider any other factors in deciding
102	whether to sign the certification form, except whether the
103	victim was a victim of qualifying criminal activity and the
104	victim's helpfulness.
105	(5) A current investigation or an arrest, the filing of
106	charges, or a prosecution or conviction are not required for the
107	victim to request and obtain the Form I-918 Supplement B
108	certification from a certifying official.
109	(6) A certifying official may withdraw the certification
110	only if the victim refuses to provide information and assistance
111	when reasonably requested.
112	(7)(a) If a certifying official or certifying agency
113	denies certification under this section, the official or agency
114	must, in writing, notify the petitioner of the reason for the
115	denial. The denial notification must contain all of the
116	following information:
117	1. An internal case number that allows the certifying
118	agency to identify each certification request individually.
119	2. The date of the denial.

- a. Lack of qualifying criminal activity;
- b. Lack of helpfulness;

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following:

c. Lack of jurisdiction over the certification request; or

3. The reason for the denial, which must be of one of the

d. Other circumstances for which a certifying official or

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126 agency may lawfully deny a certification.

- (b) Upon receiving notice that a request for certification under this section is denied, a petitioner may provide supplemental information to the certifying official or certifying agency and request that the certification denial be reviewed.
- (c) After a request is denied, a petitioner may submit a new request for certification to a different certifying official or certifying agency for processing if the initial certifying official or certifying agency was involved in investigating the qualifying criminal activity.
- (d) A certification official or agency shall keep a copy of a denial notification for at least 3 years after the date of the notification.
- (8) (a) Except under circumstances in which there is good cause for delay, a certifying official or certifying agency shall grant or deny a request for certification:
- 1. Within 90 days after the date of the certification request; or
- 2. Within 14 days after the date of the certification request if the victim is in removal proceedings.
- (b) If a certifying agency fails to respond within the statutory timeframe or refuses to certify that an applicant was a victim of qualifying criminal activity, the applicant may petition a circuit court to review the determination of the

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151 certifying agency within 30 days after such determination or 152 within 30 days after the expiration of the statutory timeframe. 153 The circuit court shall conduct an evidentiary hearing on such petition within 30 days after the petition is filed. 154 155 After conducting a hearing, if the circuit court is satisfied 156 that the applicant has proven his or her eligibility for Form I-157 918 Supplement B certification by a preponderance of the 158 evidence and if the circuit court finds that the certifying 159 official or agency's refusal to sign was unreasonable, the 160 circuit court judge may execute the certification form. In 161 assessing the reasonableness of the certifying official or 162 agency's decision or failure to respond, the circuit court may 163 consider whether the applicant has complied with the terms of 164 this section and whether circumstances exist that would justify 165 the deferral of a decision, including whether a certification 166 would jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation or the 167 prosecution or the safety of an individual, cause a suspect to 168 flee or evade detection, or result in the destruction of 169 evidence, or whether the applicant's cooperation is incomplete. 170 Upon finding that the certifying official or agency denied the 171 application without a factual or legal justification or failed 172 to respond to the applicant within the specified timeframes, the 173 circuit court shall make an award of reasonable costs and 174 attorney fees to a prevailing applicant. Such determination 175 shall be without prejudice to any future proceeding premised

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upon a material change in circumstances.

- (d) Any petition filed under paragraph (b), along with the record of all hearings and all other pleadings, papers filed, and orders entered in connection with such petition, must be kept under seal by the clerk unless otherwise ordered by the court.
- (9) Certifying officials and agencies are prohibited from disclosing the immigration status of a victim or person requesting the Form I-918 Supplement B certification, except to comply with federal law or legal process or if authorized by the victim or person requesting the Form I-918 Supplement B certification.
- request for a Form I-918 Supplement B certification shall report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, and the Governor on or before January 15, 2027, and annually thereafter, the number of victims or persons who requested such certifications from the official or agency, the number of certification forms that were signed, the number of certification forms that were denied, the reason for each denial, and the number of pending certifications on the date of the report.
- (11) A certifying official or agency is immune from civil and criminal liability for, in good faith, certifying or denying certification under this section.

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(12) A certifying agency shall:
(a) Designate a person or persons within the agency
responsible for processing requests for certification under this
section.
(b) Develop written procedures for processing requests for
certification under this section.
(c) Establish a process for each certifying agency to
train certifying officials and communicate with community-based
organizations and faith-based service providers about this
process.

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Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2026.