1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to instructional personnel and school 3 administrator salaries; providing a short title; 4 amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; increasing the minimum base 5 salary for certain teachers; revising the purpose of the classroom teacher and other instructional 6 7 personnel salary increase; revising requirements for 8 funding for the increase; revising the definition of 9 the term "minimum base salary"; revising the 10 requirements for specified school district reporting 11 requirements beginning on a date certain; requiring 12 school districts to provide a specified plan to the Department of Education beginning on a specified date; 13 14 providing requirements for the plan; providing charter 15 school requirements relating to such plan; requiring 16 the department to establish and oversee a phased implementation of specified requirements; providing 17 requirements for such implementation; requiring the 18 department to provide specified grants to certain 19 school districts and charter schools for specified 20 21 purposes; amending s. 1012.22, F.S.; providing 22 requirements for school district relating to salary 23 structures and schedules; requiring performance salary 24 schedules to include step-based salary increases and 25 compression relief supplements; providing requirements

Page 1 of 15

for such increases and supplements; providing that certain duties qualify as additional academic responsibilities; providing an effective date.

2930

26

27

28

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

3132

33

3435

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

- Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Save Our Teachers Act."
- Section 2. Subsection (14) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:
- (14) CLASSROOM TEACHER AND OTHER INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL SALARY INCREASE.—
- (a) The Legislature shall annually apportion an amount of funds provided in the Florida Education Finance Program to:
- $\underline{1.}$ Assist school districts and charter schools in their compliance with the requirement that the minimum base salary for full-time classroom teachers, as defined in s. 1012.01(2)(a), and certified prekindergarten teachers funded in the Florida Education Finance Program is at least $\underline{\$65,000}$ $\underline{\$47,500}$ or to

Page 2 of 15

provide salary increases to instructional personnel, as defined in s. 1012.01(2)(a)-(d), in a manner that best meets the needs of the school district or charter school.

- 2. Assist with school districts and charter schools in addressing salary compression pursuant to this subsection and s. 1012.22(1)(c).
- 3. Provide funding for an annual cost-of-living adjustment and longevity pay for experienced teachers.
- (b) This subsection does not apply to substitute teachers. The amount and distribution methodology for the funding shall be specified in the General Appropriations Act, including a methodology that accounts for the number of experienced teachers and their years of service. The allocation must be sufficient to adjust the entire salary schedule.
- (c) (a) The term "minimum base salary" means the lowest annual base salary reported on the salary schedule for a full-time classroom teacher, with additional considerations for regional economic conditions and salary progression for experienced classroom teachers. A full-time classroom teacher may not receive a salary less than the minimum base salary as adjusted by this subsection.
- (d) (b) A school district or charter school shall maintain the minimum base salary achieved for classroom teachers provided in the prior fiscal year and may not reduce the salary increases in any subsequent fiscal year.

(e) (c) Before distributing any additional funds received over the prior fiscal year, each school district and each charter school shall develop a salary distribution plan that clearly delineates the planned distribution of funds in accordance with modified salary schedules, as necessary, for the implementation of this subsection.

- 1. Each school district superintendent and each charter school administrator must submit its proposed salary distribution plan to the district school board or the charter school governing body, as appropriate, for approval.
- 2. Each school district shall submit the approved district salary distribution plan and the approved salary distribution plan for each charter school in the district to the department by October 1 of each fiscal year.
- $\underline{(f)1.(d)}$ Beginning August 1, $\underline{2027}$ $\underline{2024}$, and each year thereafter, in a format specified by the department, each school district shall provide a report to the department that includes a detailed summary explaining the school district's prior year's expenditures pursuant to this subsection. The report must include:
- \underline{a} . The amount of the increase to the minimum base salary for classroom teachers and the school district's salary schedule for the prior fiscal year and the fiscal year in which the base salary is increased.
 - b. The use of supplemental funds from state teacher

compensation grants established under paragraph (i), if applicable, and the outcomes of efforts to address pay compression.

- c. District-specific progress as determined under the department's phased implementation plan pursuant to paragraph(h).
- $\underline{2.}$ Each charter school governing board shall submit the information required under this subparagraph to the district school board for inclusion in the school district's report to the department.
- $\underline{(g)}$ (e) Although district school boards and charter school governing boards are not precluded from bargaining over wages, the classroom teacher and other instructional personnel salary increase must be used solely to comply with the requirements of this subsection. A district school board or charter school governing board that is unable to meet the reporting requirements in paragraph $\underline{(f)}$ (d) due to a collective bargaining impasse must provide written notification to the department or the district school board, as applicable, detailing the reasons for the impasse with a proposed timeline and details for a resolution.
- (h)1. Beginning August 1, 2027, and each year thereafter, in a format prescribed by the department, each school district shall provide to the department a localized salary adjustment plan to address pay compression and provide equitable

Page 5 of 15

compensation to experienced teachers while considering the unique economic condition and fiscal capacity of the school district. The plan must include the following:

- <u>a.</u> The step-based salary increases included in the school district's performance-based salary schedule.
- b. An analysis of the school district's economic conditions and the district's plan to adjust salary schedules and salary increases accordingly to reflect differences in the local cost of living, property tax revenue, and state funding allocations.
- c. Any state-level support provided to the district to help address pay compression.
- 2. Each charter school governing board shall submit to the district school board the information required under subparagraph 1. for inclusion in the school district's plan.
- 3. The department shall establish and oversee a phased implementation of the requirements of this paragraph and paragraph (i). The phased implementation must:
- a. Prioritize smaller school districts and charter schools and those with the greatest financial need or teacher retention challenges in the initial phase.
- b. Establish a timeline to phase in the requirements of this paragraph to larger school districts.
- c. Ensure that the requirements of this paragraph are fully implemented by the 2031-2032 school year.

Page 6 of 15

| d. Include an annual needs assessment for each school |
|---|
| district and charter school to determine funding priorities and |
| adjust the phased timeline as necessary. |
| e. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the |
| contrary, coordinate the integration of funding sources to meet |
| the requirements of this subsection and s. 1012.22(1)(c), |
| including: |
| (I) Redirected lottery revenue. |
| (II) Public-private partnerships. |
| (III) Administrative efficiency savings. |
| (IV) Grants and tourism-linked revenue. |
| 4. The department shall require school districts and |
| charter schools to annually report on the impacts of the plan |
| under subparagraph 1. and use the data from such reports to |
| refine its implementation strategy. |
| (i) The department shall provide state teacher |
| compensation grants to smaller school districts and charter |
| schools with limited financial resources to supplement local |
| budgets to help school districts and charter schools meet pay |
| differential goals without compromising other essential |
| 171 <u>services.</u> |
| Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and paragraph |
| (b) of subsection (3) of section 1012.22, Florida Statutes, are |
| amended to read: |

Page 7 of 15

1012.22 Public school personnel; powers and duties of the

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

176 district school board.—The district school board shall:

- (1) Designate positions to be filled, prescribe qualifications for those positions, and provide for the appointment, compensation, promotion, suspension, and dismissal of employees as follows, subject to the requirements of this chapter:
 - (c) Compensation and salary schedules.-
 - 1. Definitions.—As used in this paragraph:
- a. "Adjustment" means an addition to the base salary schedule that is not a bonus and becomes part of the employee's permanent base salary and shall be considered compensation under s. 121.021(22).
- b. "Grandfathered salary schedule" means the salary schedule or schedules adopted by a district school board before July 1, 2014, pursuant to subparagraph 4.
- c. "Instructional personnel" means instructional personnel as defined in s. 1012.01(2)(a)-(d), excluding substitute teachers.
- d. "Performance salary schedule" means the salary schedule or schedules adopted by a district school board pursuant to subparagraph 5.
- e. "Salary schedule" means the schedule or schedules used to provide the base salary for district school board personnel.
- f. "School administrator" means a school administrator as defined in s. 1012.01(3)(c).

Page 8 of 15

g. "Supplement" means an annual addition to the base salary for the term of the negotiated supplement as long as the employee continues his or her employment for the purpose of the supplement. A supplement does not become part of the employee's continuing base salary but shall be considered compensation under s. 121.021(22).

- 2. Cost-of-living adjustment.—A district school board may provide a cost-of-living salary adjustment if the adjustment:
- a. Does not discriminate among comparable classes of employees based upon the salary schedule under which they are compensated.
- b. Does not exceed 50 percent of the annual adjustment provided to instructional personnel rated as effective.
- 3. Advanced degrees.—A district school board may use advanced degrees in setting a salary schedule for instructional personnel or school administrators if the advanced degree is held in the individual's area of certification.
 - 4. Grandfathered salary schedule.-

a. The district school board shall adopt a salary schedule or salary schedules to be used as the basis for paying all school employees hired before July 1, 2014. Instructional personnel on annual contract as of July 1, 2014, shall be placed on the performance salary schedule adopted under subparagraph 5. Instructional personnel on continuing contract or professional service contract may opt into the performance salary schedule if

Page 9 of 15

the employee relinquishes such contract and agrees to be employed on an annual contract under s. 1012.335. Such an employee shall be placed on the performance salary schedule and may not return to continuing contract or professional service contract status. Any employee who opts into the performance salary schedule may not return to the grandfathered salary schedule.

- b. In determining the grandfathered salary schedule for instructional personnel, a district school board must base a portion of each employee's compensation upon performance demonstrated under s. 1012.34 and shall provide differentiated pay for both instructional personnel and school administrators based upon district-determined factors, including, but not limited to, additional responsibilities, school demographics, high-demand teacher needs areas, and level of job performance difficulties.
- 5. Performance salary schedule.—By July 1, 2014, the district school board shall adopt a performance salary schedule that provides annual salary adjustments for instructional personnel and school administrators based upon performance determined under s. 1012.34. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2014, or employees who choose to move from the grandfathered salary schedule to the performance salary schedule shall be compensated pursuant to the performance salary schedule once they have received the appropriate performance evaluation for

this purpose. Each school district must ensure that salary structures promote fairness and livable wages while adapting to local economic factors. Each school district shall collaborate with local stakeholders, including classroom teachers and community representatives, to ensure the performance salary schedule addresses regional disparities and teacher retention. A school district may not unilaterally implement changes to the performance salary schedule that exacerbate salary inequities for instructional personnel or school administrators and must, during any collective bargaining negotiations of salary schedules, tailor solutions to the needs of instructional personnel and school administrators.

- a. Base salary.—The base salary shall be established as follows:
- (I) The base salary for instructional personnel or school administrators who opt into the performance salary schedule shall be the salary paid in the prior year, including adjustments only.
- (II) Instructional personnel or school administrators new to the district, returning to the district after a break in service without an authorized leave of absence, or appointed for the first time to a position in the district in the capacity of instructional personnel or school administrator shall be placed on the performance salary schedule.
 - b. Step-based salary increases.—Step-based salary

Page 11 of 15

increases shall be established within the performance-based salary schedule to offer consistent and predictable salary increases based on the years of experience of instructional personnel or school administrators. Such increases must be higher for the instructional personnel and school administrators with more years of experience and must align with the school district's fiscal capacity, cost of living, and teacher retention needs and meet the following minimum requirements:

2.76

- (I) For instructional personnel or school administrators with at least 5 years of experience but not more than 10 years of experience with the school district, a minimum pay increase of \$1,500 per year.
- (II) For instructional personnel or school administrators with at least 10 years of experience but not more than 20 years of experience with the school district, a minimum pay increase of \$2,000 per year.
- (III) For instructional personnel or school administrators with at least 20 years of experience with the school district, a minimum pay increase of \$3,000 per year.
- $\underline{\text{c.b.}}$ Salary adjustments.—Salary adjustments for highly effective or effective performance shall be established as follows:
- (I) The annual salary adjustment under the performance salary schedule for an employee rated as highly effective must be at least 25 percent greater than the highest annual salary

Page 12 of 15

adjustment available to an employee of the same classification through any other salary schedule adopted by the district.

- (II) The annual salary adjustment under the performance salary schedule for an employee rated as effective must be equal to at least 50 percent and no more than 75 percent of the annual adjustment provided for a highly effective employee of the same classification.
- (III) A salary schedule shall not provide an annual salary adjustment for an employee who receives a rating other than highly effective or effective for the year.
- <u>d.c.</u> Salary supplements.—In addition to the salary adjustments, each district school board shall provide for salary supplements for activities that must include, but are not limited to:
 - (I) Assignment to a Title I eligible school.
- (II) Assignment to a school that earned a grade of "F" or three consecutive grades of "D" pursuant to s. 1008.34 such that the supplement remains in force for at least 1 year following improved performance in that school.
- (III) Certification and teaching in high-demand teacher needs areas. Statewide high-demand teacher needs areas shall be identified by the State Board of Education under s. 1012.07. However, the district school board may identify other areas of high-demand needs within the school district for purposes of this sub-sub-subparagraph and may remove areas identified by the

Page 13 of 15

state board which do not apply within the school district.

- (IV) Assignment of additional academic responsibilities, including as a department chair, an instructional coach, or a mentor to instructional personnel.
 - e. Compression relief supplements.—

- salary increases, each district school board shall provide for a compression relief supplement for experienced instructional personnel and school administrators. Such supplements may be a one-time supplement that occurs when instructional personnel or school administrators reach a specified number of years of employment with the school district or may be recurring increases for instructional personnel and school administrators who reach specified years of employment with the school district.
- (II) The Department of Education shall provide school districts with guidelines for the equitable implementation of compression relief supplements. Each school district shall annually conduct an audit of its performance salary schedule to identify and address salary compression issues.
- f. Retention incentives for experienced instructional personnel.—Each district school board shall provide a retention incentive for instructional personnel with significant years of service with the district. Such incentives must be awarded as follows:

(I) Instructional personnel who have at least 10 years of service but less than 20 years of service shall be awarded an incentive of \$5,000.

(II) Instructional personnel who have at least 20 years of service with the school district shall be awarded an incentive of \$10,000.

If budget constraints in any given year limit a district school board's ability to fully fund all adopted salary schedules, the performance salary schedule shall not be reduced on the basis of total cost or the value of individual awards in a manner that is proportionally greater than reductions to any other salary schedules adopted by the district. Any compensation for longevity of service awarded to instructional personnel who are on any other salary schedule must be included in calculating the salary adjustments required by sub-subparagraph b.

367 (3)

- (b) Appearances before the board.—If a district school superintendent appears before the state board to provide an update under $\underline{s.\ 1011.62(14)(g)}\ \underline{s.\ 1011.62(14)(e)}$, the state board must require that the president of the collective bargaining unit that represents the school district also must appear.
 - Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2026.

Page 15 of 15