A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to rental agreements for residential tenancies; amending s. 83.47, F.S.; prohibiting the imposition of certain fees, surcharges, and time periods in rental agreements; amending s. 83.56, F.S.; revising the time period for nonpayment of rent from 3 days to 5 days; prohibiting landlords from imposing any fees or surcharges during such time period; amending s. 83.60, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraphs (c) and (d) are added to subsection (1) of section 83.47, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 83.47 Prohibited provisions in rental agreements.-
- (1) A provision in a rental agreement is void and unenforceable to the extent that it:
- (c) Imposes any fees or surcharges during the 5-day period for paying rent as required under s. 83.56(3).
- (d) Imposes a period of time, regardless of the phrase used, in which a tenant must pay an additional fee each rental period for a specified duration because the tenant missed a rent payment or was late in paying rent.

Section 2. Subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection

Page 1 of 4

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(5) of section 83.56, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

83.56 Termination of rental agreement.

default continues for 5 3 days, excluding Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays, after delivery of written demand by the landlord for payment of the rent or possession of the premises, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement. Legal holidays for the purpose of this section are shall be court-observed holidays only. The landlord may not impose any fees or surcharges during the 5-day period. The 5-day 3-day notice must shall contain a statement in substantially the following form:

You are hereby notified that you are indebted to me in the sum of dollars for the rent and use of the premises ... (address of leased premises, including county)..., Florida, now occupied by you and that I demand payment of the rent or possession of the premises within 5 + 3 days (excluding Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays) after from the date of delivery of this notice, to wit: on or before the day of ..., ... (year)....

...(landlord's name, address and phone number)...

(5)(a) If the landlord accepts rent with actual knowledge of a noncompliance by the tenant or accepts performance by the tenant of any other provision of the rental agreement that is at variance with its provisions, or if the tenant pays rent with

Page 2 of 4

actual knowledge of a noncompliance by the landlord or accepts performance by the landlord of any other provision of the rental agreement that is at variance with its provisions, the landlord or tenant waives his or her right to terminate the rental agreement or to bring a civil action for that noncompliance, but not for any subsequent or continuing noncompliance. However, a landlord does not waive the right to terminate the rental agreement or to bring a civil action for that noncompliance by accepting partial rent for the period. If partial rent is accepted after posting the notice for nonpayment, the landlord must:

- 1. Provide the tenant with a receipt stating the date and amount received and the agreed upon date and balance of rent due before filing an action for possession;
- 2. Place the amount of partial rent accepted from the tenant in the registry of the court upon filing the action for possession; or
- 3. Post a new $\frac{5-\text{day}}{3-\text{day}}$ notice reflecting the new amount due.

Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 83.60, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 83.60 Defenses to action for rent or possession; procedure.—
- (2) In an action by the landlord for possession of a dwelling unit, if the tenant interposes any defense other than

Page 3 of 4

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payment, including, but not limited to, the defense of a defective 5-day 3-day notice, the tenant shall pay into the registry of the court the accrued rent as alleged in the complaint or as determined by the court and the rent that accrues during the pendency of the proceeding, when due. The clerk shall notify the tenant of such requirement in the summons. Failure of the tenant to pay the rent into the registry of the court or to file a motion to determine the amount of rent to be paid into the registry within 5 days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after the date of service of process constitutes an absolute waiver of the tenant's defenses other than payment, and the landlord is entitled to an immediate default judgment for removal of the tenant with a writ of possession to issue without further notice or hearing thereon. If a motion to determine rent is filed, documentation in support of the allegation that the rent as alleged in the complaint is in error is required. Public housing tenants or tenants receiving rent subsidies are required to deposit only that portion of the full rent for which they are responsible pursuant to the federal, state, or local program in which they are participating.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2026.

Page 4 of 4

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