By Senator Gruters

22-00859-26 2026822

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to community association management; amending ss. 718.111, 718.405, 719.106, and 720.303, F.S.; requiring certain community associations to contract with a community association management firm; requiring the community association management firm to possess all applicable licenses; providing that association board members, officers, and directors have a duty to ensure such community association management firm or community association management firm or community association manager is properly licensed; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

2.6

Section 1. Paragraph (g) of subsection (3) of section 718.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.111 The association.

- (3) POWER TO MANAGE CONDOMINIUM PROPERTY AND TO CONTRACT, SUE, AND BE SUED; CONFLICT OF INTEREST.—
- association manager or a community association management firm, the community association manager or community association management firm must possess all applicable licenses required by part VIII of chapter 468. An association with total annual revenues of \$500,000 or more must contract with a community association management firm. Each board member or officer All board members or officers of an association that contracts with a community association management firm has have a duty to ensure that the community

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association manager or community association management firm is properly licensed before entering into a contract.

Section 2. Subsection (6) is added to section 718.405, Florida Statutes, to read:

718.405 Multicondominiums; multicondominium associations.-

- (6) An association operating a multicondominium must contract with a community association management firm. The community association management firm must possess all applicable licenses required by part VIII of chapter 468. Each board member or officer of an association that contracts with a community association manager or a community association management firm has a duty to ensure that the community association management firm is properly licensed before entering into a contract.
- Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 719.106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 719.106 Bylaws; cooperative ownership.
- (1) MANDATORY PROVISIONS.—The bylaws or other cooperative documents shall provide for the following, and if they do not, they shall be deemed to include the following:
 - (a) Administration.
- 1. The form of administration of the association shall be described, indicating the titles of the officers and board of administration and specifying the powers, duties, manner of selection and removal, and compensation, if any, of officers and board members. In the absence of such a provision, the board of administration shall be composed of five members, unless the cooperative has five or fewer units. The board shall be composed consist of not fewer than three members in cooperatives with

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five or fewer units that are not-for-profit corporations. In a residential cooperative association of more than 10 units, coowners of a unit may not serve as members of the board of directors at the same time unless the co-owners own more than one unit or unless there are not enough eligible candidates to fill the vacancies on the board at the time of the vacancy. In the absence of provisions to the contrary, the board of administration shall have a president, a secretary, and a treasurer, who shall perform the duties of those offices customarily performed by officers of corporations. Unless prohibited in the bylaws, the board of administration may appoint other officers and grant them those duties it deems appropriate. Unless otherwise provided in the bylaws, the officers shall serve without compensation and at the pleasure of the board. Unless otherwise provided in the bylaws, the members of the board shall serve without compensation.

2. A person who has been suspended or removed by the division under this chapter, or who is delinquent in the payment of any monetary obligation due to the association, is not eligible to be a candidate for board membership and may not be listed on the ballot. A director or officer charged by information or indictment with a felony theft or embezzlement offense involving the association's funds or property is suspended from office. The board shall fill the vacancy according to general law until the end of the period of the suspension or the end of the director's term of office, whichever occurs first. However, if the charges are resolved without a finding of guilt or without acceptance of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, the director or officer shall be

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reinstated for any remainder of his or her term of office. A member who has such criminal charges pending may not be appointed or elected to a position as a director or officer. A person who has been convicted of any felony in this state or in any United States District Court, or who has been convicted of any offense in another jurisdiction which would be considered a felony if committed in this state, is not eligible for board membership unless such felon's civil rights have been restored for at least 5 years as of the date such person seeks election to the board. The validity of an action by the board is not affected if it is later determined that a board member is ineligible for board membership due to having been convicted of a felony.

3. When a unit owner files a written inquiry by certified mail with the board of administration, the board shall respond in writing to the unit owner within 30 days of receipt of the inquiry. The board's response shall either give a substantive response to the inquirer, notify the inquirer that a legal opinion has been requested, or notify the inquirer that advice has been requested from the division. If the board requests advice from the division, the board shall, within 10 days of its receipt of the advice, provide in writing a substantive response to the inquirer. If a legal opinion is requested, the board shall, within 60 days after the receipt of the inquiry, provide in writing a substantive response to the inquirer. The failure to provide a substantive response to the inquirer as provided herein precludes the board from recovering attorney's fees and costs in any subsequent litigation, administrative proceeding, or arbitration arising out of the inquiry. The association may,

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through its board of administration, adopt reasonable rules and regulations regarding the frequency and manner of responding to the unit owners' inquiries, one of which may be that the association is obligated to respond to only one written inquiry per unit in any given 30-day period. In such case, any additional inquiry or inquiries must be responded to in the subsequent 30-day period, or periods, as applicable.

- 4. An association with total annual revenues of \$500,000 or more must contract with a community association management firm.

 The community association management firm must possess all applicable licenses required by part VIII of chapter 468.
- 5. Each board member or officer of an association that contracts with a community association manager or a community association management firm has a duty to ensure that the community association manager or community association management firm is properly licensed before entering into a contract.

Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 720.303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

720.303 Association powers and duties; meetings of board; official records; budgets; financial reporting; association funds; recalls.—

(1) POWERS AND DUTIES.—An association that operates a community as defined in s. 720.301 must be operated by an association that is a Florida corporation. After October 1, 1995, the association must be incorporated and the initial governing documents must be recorded in the official records of the county in which the community is located. An association may operate more than one community. An association with total

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annual revenues of \$500,000 or more must contract with a community association management firm. The community association management firm must possess all applicable licenses required by part VIII of chapter 468. The officers and directors of an association are subject to s. 617.0830 and have a fiduciary relationship to the members who are served by the association. Each officer and director of an association that contracts with a community association manager or a community association management firm has a duty to ensure that the community association manager or community association management firm is properly licensed before entering into a contract. The powers and duties of an association include those set forth in this chapter and, except as expressly limited or restricted in this chapter, those set forth in the governing documents. After control of the association is obtained by members other than the developer, the association may institute, maintain, settle, or appeal actions or hearings in its name on behalf of all members concerning matters of common interest to the members, including, but not limited to, the common areas; roof or structural components of a building, or other improvements for which the association is responsible; mechanical, electrical, or plumbing elements serving an improvement or building for which the association is responsible; representations of the developer pertaining to any existing or proposed commonly used facility; and protest of ad valorem taxes on commonly used facilities. The association may defend actions in eminent domain or bring inverse condemnation actions. Before commencing litigation against any party in the name of the association involving amounts in controversy in excess of \$100,000, the association

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must obtain the affirmative approval of a majority of the voting interests at a meeting of the membership at which a quorum has been attained. This subsection does not limit any statutory or common-law right of any individual member or class of members to bring any action without participation by the association. A member does not have authority to act for the association by virtue of being a member. An association may have more than one class of members and may issue membership certificates. An association of 15 or fewer parcel owners may enforce only the requirements of those deed restrictions established prior to the purchase of each parcel upon an affected parcel owner or owners. Section 5. This act shall take effect January 1, 2027.

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