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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to incentive gain-time; amending s. 921.002, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 944.275, F.S.; authorizing the award of incentive gain-time for inmates who attain vocational certificates or complete educational or rehabilitation programs, who participate in vocational or workforce preparedness programs, or who use time constructively and commit to rehabilitation; requiring an inmate to serve a minimum of 65 percent of his or her sentence for a nonviolent felony and 85 percent for an offense other than a nonviolent felony; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

## Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 921.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 921.002 The Criminal Punishment Code.—The Criminal Punishment Code shall apply to all felony offenses, except capital felonies, committed on or after October 1, 1998.
- (1) The provision of criminal penalties and of limitations upon the application of such penalties is a matter of predominantly substantive law and, as such, is a matter properly addressed by the Legislature. The Legislature, in the exercise

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of its authority and responsibility to establish sentencing criteria, to provide for the imposition of criminal penalties, and to make the best use of state prisons so that violent criminal offenders are appropriately incarcerated, has determined that it is in the best interest of the state to develop, implement, and revise a sentencing policy. The Criminal Punishment Code embodies the principles that:

- (e) The sentence imposed by the sentencing judge reflects the length of actual time to be served, shortened only by the application of incentive and meritorious gain-time as provided by law, and may not be shortened if the defendant would consequently serve less than the required percentage 85 percent of his or her term of imprisonment as provided in s. 944.275(4). The provisions of chapter 947, relating to parole, shall not apply to persons sentenced under the Criminal Punishment Code.
- Section 2. Paragraphs (e) and (f) of subsection (4) of section 944.275, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (h) and (i), respectively, present paragraph (f) is amended, and new paragraphs (e), (f), and (g) are added to that subsection, to read:
  - 944.275 Gain-time.-
- 47 (4)

(e) Notwithstanding the monthly maximum awards of incentive gain-time under subparagraphs (b)1., 2., and 3., the department may grant an award of 60 to 180 additional days of

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vocational or workforce preparedness incentive gain-time to an inmate who is otherwise eligible and who successfully completes requirements for and is, or has been during the current commitment, awarded a vocational certificate not resulting in credit under paragraph (d), or who completes any other career or workforce preparedness or technical education program, including the prison entrepreneurship program. The department may also grant an award of 30 to 90 days to an inmate who completes an educational or rehabilitation program not resulting in credit under paragraph (d) or this paragraph, including, but not limited to, a drug, behavioral health, or mental health treatment program, a life skills program, a reentry program, or any character-based program.

- incentive gain-time under subparagraphs (b)1., 2., and 3., the department may grant up to 5 days per month of vocational or workforce preparedness incentive gain-time for each month in which an inmate participates in a vocational or workforce preparedness program as designated by the department. Under no circumstances may an inmate receive vocational or workforce preparedness incentive gain-time under this subsection of more than 15 percent of the sentence imposed for that inmate.
- (g) Notwithstanding the monthly maximum awards of incentive gain-time under subparagraphs (b)1., 2., and 3., the department may grant up to three additional incentive gain-time

awards of up to 60 days each to an inmate who has used his or her time constructively and demonstrated a diligent commitment to rehabilitation considering the availability and accessibility of education, work assignments, workforce preparation training, and other programming in the inmate's place, or places, of incarceration.

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(i) (f) An inmate who is subject to subparagraph (b) 3. is not eligible to earn or receive gain-time under paragraph (a), paragraph (b), paragraph (c), or paragraph (d), paragraph (e), paragraph (f), or paragraph (g) or any other type of gain-time in an amount that would cause a sentence to expire, end, or terminate, or that would result in a prisoner's release, before prior to serving a minimum of 65 percent of the sentence imposed for a nonviolent felony as defined in s. 948.20(1), or 85 percent of the sentence imposed for an offense other than a nonviolent felony as defined in s. 948.20(1). For purposes of this paragraph, credits awarded by the court for time physically incarcerated shall be credited toward satisfaction of the applicable minimum percentage 85 percent of the sentence imposed. Except as provided by this section, a prisoner may not accumulate further gain-time awards at any point when the tentative release date is the same as that date at which the prisoner will have served the applicable minimum percentage 85 percent of the sentence imposed. State prisoners sentenced to life imprisonment shall be incarcerated for the rest of their

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natural lives, unless granted pardon or clemency.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2026.

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