1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to health care; providing a short 3 title; repealing s. 1 of chapter 2025-114, Laws of 4 Florida, and s. 9 of chapter 2023-43, Laws of Florida, 5 relating to the repeal of the definition of the term 6 "messenger ribonucleic acid vaccine" by a specified 7 date; amending s. 381.00315, F.S.; defining the term 8 "treat," "treated," and "treatment"; amending s. 9 381.026, F.S.; prohibiting discrimination against a 10 patient based on the patient's vaccination status; 11 amending s. 456.072, F.S.; revising the list of acts 12 that constitute grounds for disciplinary actions for health care practitioners; amending s. 456.0575, F.S.; 13 14 requiring licensed health care practitioners to inform 15 the parent or legal guardian of a minor child of the 16 risks, benefits, safety, and efficacy of specified vaccines, obtain a signature from the parent or legal 17 quardian before the administration of the vaccine, and 18 provide the parent or legal guardian with the option 19 of an alternative vaccination schedule; creating s. 20 21 465.1897, F.S.; authorizing a pharmacist to provide 22 ivermectin without a prescription under certain 23 circumstances; requiring the pharmacist to provide 24 specified information to the patient; providing pharmacists with immunity from civil and criminal 25

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liability and disciplinary action under certain circumstances; authorizing the Board of Pharmacy to adopt rules; amending s. 1003.22, F.S.; authorizing a parent to exempt their child from a health examination or from the administration of immunizing agents based on conscience grounds; requiring the Department of Health to make publicly available, by posting on its Internet website, an exemption form for parents and legal guardians; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Health Care Medical Freedom Act."

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Section 2. Section 9 of chapter 2023-43, Laws of Florida, as amended by section 1 of chapter 2025-114, Laws of Florida, is repealed.

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Section 3. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of section 381.00315, Florida Statutes, to read:

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381.00315 Public health advisories; public health emergencies; isolation and quarantines.—The State Health Officer is responsible for declaring public health emergencies, issuing public health advisories, and ordering isolation or quarantines.

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- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (e) "Treat," "treated," and "treatment" do not include the

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administration of vaccinations.

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Section 4. Subsection (3), paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (4), and subsection (6) of section 381.026, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

381.026 Florida Patient's Bill of Rights and Responsibilities.—

PURPOSE.-It is the purpose of this section to promote the interests and well-being of the patients of health care providers and health care facilities and to promote better communication between the patient and the health care provider. It is the intent of the Legislature that health care providers understand their responsibility to give their patients a general understanding of the procedures to be performed on them and to provide information pertaining to their health care so that they may make decisions in an informed manner after considering the information relating to their condition, the available treatment alternatives, and substantial risks and hazards inherent in the treatments. It is the intent of the Legislature that patients have a general understanding of their responsibilities toward health care providers and health care facilities. It is the intent of the Legislature that the provision of such information to a patient eliminate potential misunderstandings between patients and health care providers. It is a public policy of the state that the interests of patients be recognized in a patient's bill of rights and responsibilities and that a health

care facility or health care provider may not require a patient to waive his or her rights as a condition of treatment. <u>Unless otherwise provided by law</u>, this section <u>may shall</u> not be used for any purpose in any civil or administrative action and neither expands nor limits any rights or remedies provided under any other law.

- (4) RIGHTS OF PATIENTS.—Each health care facility or provider shall observe the following standards:
 - (b) Information.-

- 1. A patient has the right to know the name, function, and qualifications of each health care provider who is providing medical services to the patient. A patient may request such information from his or her responsible provider or the health care facility in which he or she is receiving medical services.
- 2. A patient in a health care facility has the right to know what patient support services are available in the facility.
- 3. A patient has the right to be given by his or her health care provider information concerning diagnosis, planned course of treatment, alternatives, risks, and prognosis, unless it is medically inadvisable or impossible to give this information to the patient, in which case the information must be given to the patient's guardian or a person designated as the patient's representative. A patient has the right to refuse this information.

4. A patient has the right to refuse any treatment based on information required by this paragraph, except as otherwise provided by law. The responsible provider shall document any such refusal.

- 5. A patient in a health care facility has the right to know what facility rules and regulations apply to patient conduct.
- 6. A patient has the right to express grievances to a health care provider, a health care facility, or the appropriate state licensing agency regarding alleged violations of patients' rights. A patient has the right to know the health care provider's or health care facility's procedures for expressing a grievance.
- 7. A patient in a health care facility who does not speak English has the right to be provided an interpreter when receiving medical services if the facility has a person readily available who can interpret on behalf of the patient.
- 8. A health care provider or health care facility shall respect a patient's right to privacy and should refrain from making a written inquiry or asking questions concerning the ownership of a firearm or ammunition by the patient or by a family member of the patient, or the presence of a firearm in a private home or other domicile of the patient or a family member of the patient. Notwithstanding this provision, a health care provider or health care facility that in good faith believes

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126 that this information is relevant to the patient's medical care or safety, or safety of others, may make such a verbal or written inquiry.

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- 9. A patient may decline to answer or provide any information regarding ownership of a firearm by the patient or a family member of the patient, or the presence of a firearm in the domicile of the patient or a family member of the patient. A patient's decision not to answer a question relating to the presence or ownership of a firearm does not alter existing law regarding a physician's authorization to choose his or her patients.
- 10. A health care provider or health care facility may not discriminate against a patient based solely upon the patient's exercise of the constitutional right to own and possess firearms or ammunition.
- 11. A health care provider or health care facility shall respect a patient's legal right to own or possess a firearm and should refrain from unnecessarily harassing a patient about firearm ownership during an examination.
- 12. A health care provider or health care facility may not discriminate against a patient based upon the patient's vaccination status.
 - (d) Access to health care.-
- A patient has the right to impartial access to medical treatment or accommodations, regardless of race, national

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origin, religion, handicap, <u>vaccination status</u>, or source of payment.

- 2. A patient has the right to treatment for any emergency medical condition that will deteriorate from failure to provide such treatment.
- 3. A patient has the right to access any mode of treatment that is, in his or her own judgment and the judgment of his or her health care practitioner, in the best interests of the patient, including complementary or alternative health care treatments, in accordance with the provisions of s. 456.41.
- (6) SUMMARY OF RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—Any health care provider who treats a patient in an office or any health care facility licensed under chapter 395 that provides emergency services and care or outpatient services and care to a patient, or admits and treats a patient, shall adopt and make available to the patient, in writing, a statement of the rights and responsibilities of patients, including the following:

SUMMARY OF THE FLORIDA PATIENT'S BILL

OF RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Florida law requires that your health care provider or health care facility recognize your rights while you are receiving medical care and that you respect the health care provider's or health care facility's right to expect certain behavior on the part of patients. You may request a copy of the full text of this law from your health care provider or health

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care facility. A summary of your rights and responsibilities follows:

A patient has the right to be treated with courtesy and respect, with appreciation of his or her individual dignity, and with protection of his or her need for privacy.

A patient has the right to a prompt and reasonable response to questions and requests.

A patient has the right to know who is providing medical services and who is responsible for his or her care.

A patient has the right to know what patient support services are available, including whether an interpreter is available if he or she does not speak English.

A patient has the right to bring any person of his or her choosing to the patient-accessible areas of the health care facility or provider's office to accompany the patient while the patient is receiving inpatient or outpatient treatment or is consulting with his or her health care provider, unless doing so would risk the safety or health of the patient, other patients, or staff of the facility or office or cannot be reasonably accommodated by the facility or provider.

A patient has the right to know what rules and regulations apply to his or her conduct.

A patient has the right to be given by the health care provider information concerning diagnosis, planned course of treatment, alternatives, risks, and prognosis.

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A patient has the right to refuse any treatment, except as otherwise provided by law.

A patient has the right to be given, upon request, full information and necessary counseling on the availability of known financial resources for his or her care.

A patient who is eligible for Medicare has the right to know, upon request and in advance of treatment, whether the health care provider or health care facility accepts the Medicare assignment rate.

A patient has the right to receive, upon request, prior to treatment, a reasonable estimate of charges for medical care.

A patient has the right to receive a copy of a reasonably clear and understandable, itemized bill and, upon request, to have the charges explained.

A patient has the right to impartial access to medical treatment or accommodations, regardless of race, national origin, religion, handicap, vaccination status, or source of payment.

A patient has the right to treatment for any emergency medical condition that will deteriorate from failure to provide treatment.

A patient has the right to know if medical treatment is for purposes of experimental research and to give his or her consent or refusal to participate in such experimental research.

A patient has the right to express grievances regarding any

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violation of his or her rights, as stated in Florida law, through the grievance procedure of the health care provider or health care facility which served him or her and to the appropriate state licensing agency.

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A patient is responsible for providing to the health care provider, to the best of his or her knowledge, accurate and complete information about present complaints, past illnesses, hospitalizations, medications, and other matters relating to his or her health.

A patient is responsible for reporting unexpected changes in his or her condition to the health care provider.

A patient is responsible for reporting to the health care provider whether he or she comprehends a contemplated course of action and what is expected of him or her.

A patient is responsible for following the treatment plan recommended by the health care provider.

A patient is responsible for keeping appointments and, when he or she is unable to do so for any reason, for notifying the health care provider or health care facility.

A patient is responsible for his or her actions if he or she refuses treatment or does not follow the health care provider's instructions.

A patient is responsible for assuring that the financial obligations of his or her health care are fulfilled as promptly as possible.

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A patient is responsible for following health care facility rules and regulations affecting patient care and conduct.

Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 456.0575, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (5), and new subsections (2), (3), and (4) are added to that section, to read:

456.0575 Duty to notify patients, parents, or legal guardians.—

- (2) Each licensed health care practitioner authorized by law to administer vaccines, and paramedics acting pursuant to s. 401.272, shall inform the parent or legal guardian of a minor child under the age of 18 of the unique risks, benefits, safety, and efficacy of each vaccine included on the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Child and Adolescent Immunization Schedule, using materials jointly approved by the Board of Medicine and Board of Osteopathic Medicine.
- (3) Each licensed health care practitioner shall obtain a signature from the parent or guardian of a minor child under the age of 18 that acknowledges receipt of the materials before the administration of the vaccine.
- (4) Each licensed health care practitioner authorized by law to administer vaccines shall provide the parent or guardian of a minor child under the age of 18 the option of following alternative vaccination schedules that may consist of not more than one injection or oral administration at each encounter.
 - Section 6. Paragraph (u) of subsection (1) of section

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276	456.072,	Florida	Statutes,	is	amended	to	read:

- 456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.-
- (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (u) Failing to comply with the requirements of \underline{s} . $\underline{381.026(4)(b)12}$. prohibiting discrimination based on a patient's vaccination status or ss. $\underline{381.026}$ and $\underline{381.0261}$ to provide patients with information about their patient rights and how to file a patient complaint.
- Section 7. Section 465.1897, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 465.1897 Sale of ivermectin without a prescription.
- (1) A pharmacist may provide ivermectin to a person without a prescription from a licensed health care practitioner as a behind-the-counter medication until it is approved as an over-the-counter medication by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (2) The pharmacist shall provide written information that includes, but is not limited to, the indications and contraindications for use of ivermectin, the appropriate dosage for using ivermectin, and information advising the patient to seek follow-up care from his or her primary care physician.
- (3) A pharmacist acting in good faith is immune from civil or criminal liability or disciplinary action for providing

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ivermectin in accordance with this section.

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(4) The board may adopt rules necessary to implement this section.

Section 8. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 1003.22, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1003.22 School-entry health examinations; immunization against communicable diseases; exemptions; duties of Department of Health.—

Each district school board and the governing authority of each private school shall require that each child who is entitled to admittance to kindergarten, or is entitled to any other initial entrance into a public or private school in this state, present a certification of a school-entry health examination performed within 1 year before enrollment in school. Each district school board, and the governing authority of each private school, may establish a policy that permits a student up to 30 school days to present a certification of a school-entry health examination. Children and youths who are experiencing homelessness and children who are known to the department, as defined in s. 39.0016, shall be given a temporary exemption for 30 school days. Any district school board that establishes such a policy shall include provisions in its local school health services plan to assist students in obtaining the health examinations. However, a child shall be exempted from the requirement of a health examination upon written request of the

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parent of	the ch	hild	stating	objections	to	the	examination	on
religious	ground	ds or	conscie	ence.				

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- (5) The provisions of this section shall not apply if:
- (a) $\underline{1}$. The parent of the child objects in writing that the administration of immunizing agents conflicts with his or her religious tenets or practices or conscience.
- 2. The Department of Health shall make publicly available, by posting on its Internet website, an exemption form for parents and legal guardians;
 - Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2026.

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