

Journal of the Senate

Number 23—Regular Session

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CALL TO ORDER

The Senate was called to order by President Gardiner at 10:00 a.m. A quorum present—39:

Mr. President	Evers	Margolis
Abruzzo	Flores	Montford
Altman	Gaetz	Negron
Bean	Galvano	Richter
Benacquisto	Garcia	Ring
Bradley	Gibson	Sachs
Brandes	Grimsley	Simmons
Braynon	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
Detert	Latvala	Stargel
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	Thompson

PRAYER

The following prayer was offered by Pastor Jim Locke, Hillcrest Baptist Church, Pensacola:

Our Father in heaven, we begin today by thanking you for the precious gift of life, for you are the creator and the sustainer of all that is and ever will be. You've created the world and you've created us to know you, to enjoy you, and to magnify your great name throughout the world. "O Lord, our Lord, how majestic is your name in all the earth."

As we live in times of instability and oppression around the world, we thank you for the incredible blessing of being American. We acknowledge you as the author of our liberties and thank you for the gift of freedom purchased through sacrifice and blood. Freedom is not free. We remember and give thanks for those in our armed forces who stand watch today over our liberties and ask you to protect and encourage them as they defend us here and around the world.

Thank you for the members of the Florida Senate. What an honor and privilege to serve and lead the people of our great State. Fill the leaders of this honored chamber today with the very wisdom of heaven that they may love justice, show mercy, and walk in humility before God. Give them discerning minds, compassionate hearts, gentleness, and civility as they relate to one another, and, most of all, give them an understanding of the one to whom we must all one day give an account.

Wednesday, March 9, 2016

Finally, O Lord, forgive us, for we are sinful people, and we are in desperate need of your mercy and grace. Forgive us, and grant to us a real and lasting spiritual awakening that our state and our nation might be renewed from within and remain strong for generations to come.

With great thanksgiving, and respecting all faiths, I offer this prayer in the name of Christ my Lord. Amen.

PLEDGE

Senate Pages, Kollin Boje and Kaleb Boje of Apollo Beach, led the Senate in the Pledge of Allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

DOCTOR OF THE DAY

The President recognized Dr. Chris Pittman of Tampa, sponsored by Senator Gaetz, as the doctor of the day. Dr. Pittman specializes in venous and lymphatic medicine.

ADOPTION OF RESOLUTIONS

At the request of Senator Latvala-

By Senator Latvala-

SR 1762—A resolution recognizing and congratulating BayCare Health System, Inc., on its selection as the 2016 recipient of the National Association of Workforce Boards' W.O. Lawton Business Leadership Award.

WHEREAS, the National Association of Workforce Boards' (NAWB) W.O. Lawton Business Leadership Award annually recognizes an outstanding business or organization that makes the commitment of time, money, and leadership to make its community's workforce and economy more vibrant, and

WHEREAS, BayCare is a leading not-for-profit health care system that connects individuals and families to a wide range of services at 14 hospitals and other medical facilities, and

WHEREAS, one of the largest employers in the Tampa Bay region, with more than 23,000 employees, BayCare has taken a leadership role in working with CareerSource Pinellas to provide specialized health care training in high-wage, high-demand allied health care occupations, and

WHEREAS, BayCare has been an essential partner to CareerSource Pinellas in several initiatives, including its contribution of \$4.57 million in matching funds for the H-1B grant awarded to CareerSource Pinellas by the United States Department of Labor, and

WHEREAS, since 2011, this investment by BayCare in the health care workforce in the Tampa Bay region has allowed CareerSource Pinellas to train more than 550 persons and has created jobs for 140 new registered nurses at BayCare, and

WHEREAS, BayCare has entered into a number of community partnerships with, and provided financial support for, organizations that improve the lives of children and address the health and wellness needs of the community at large by providing health care to disadvantaged residents, and WHEREAS, BayCare will be recognized by NAWB at The Forum 2016, the organization's premier event, which will be held March 12-15, 2016, in Washington, D.C., and attended by workforce development professionals and leaders in business, government, labor, and education from across the nation, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of Florida:

That BayCare Health System, Inc., is recognized and congratulated on its selection as the 2016 recipient of the National Association of Workforce Boards' W.O. Lawton Business Leadership Award.

-was introduced, read, and adopted by publication.

BILLS ON THIRD READING

CS for HB 3517—A bill to be entitled An act for the relief of Rafael Zaldivar and Kyoko Zaldivar, parents of Alex Zaldivar, deceased, individually and as co-personal representatives of the Estate of Alex Zaldivar, and Brienna Campos and Remington Campos by Orange County; providing for an appropriation to compensate Rafael Zaldivar and Kyoko Zaldivar for the death of Alex Zaldivar and to compensate Brienna Campos and Remington Campos for the injuries and damages they sustained as a result of the negligence of Orange County; providing a limitation on the payment of fees and costs; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Diaz de la Portilla, **CS for HB 3517** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-38

Mr. President	Evers	Montford
Abruzzo	Flores	Negron
Altman	Gaetz	Richter
Bean	Galvano	Ring
Benacquisto	Garcia	Sachs
1	Gibson	Simmons
Bradley		
Brandes	Grimsley	Simpson
Braynon	Hays	Smith
Bullard	Hukill	Sobel
Clemens	Hutson	Soto
Dean	Joyner	Stargel
Detert	Latvala	Thompson
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	

Nays-None

CS for HB 3509—A bill to be entitled An act for the relief of Susana Castillo, as personal representative of the Estate of Andrea Castillo; providing for an appropriation to compensate the Estate of Andrea Castillo for her death as a result of the negligence of the City of Hialeah; providing a limitation on the payment of fees and costs; providing that the amounts awarded are intended to provide the sole compensation for all present and future claims related to the wrongful death of Andrea Castillo; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Garcia, **CS for HB 3509** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-38

Braynon	Flores
Bullard	Gaetz
Clemens	Galvano
Dean	Garcia
Detert	Gibson
Diaz de la Portilla	Grimsley
Evers	Hays
	Bullard Clemens Dean Detert Diaz de la Portilla

Hukill	Montford	Simpson
Hutson	Negron	Smith
Joyner	Richter	Sobel
Latvala	Ring	Soto
Legg	Sachs	Thompson
Margolis	Simmons	
Nays—1		
Stargel		

CS for HB 3525—A bill to be entitled An act for the relief of Melvin and Alma Colindres by the City of Miami; providing for an appropriation to compensate them for the wrongful death of their son, Kevin Colindres, which occurred as a result of the negligence of police officers of the City of Miami; providing a limitation on the payment of fees and costs; providing an effective date.

—was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Flores, **CS for HB 3525** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-39

Mr. President	Evers	Margolis
Abruzzo	Flores	Montford
Altman	Gaetz	Negron
Bean	Galvano	Richter
Benacquisto	Garcia	Ring
Bradley	Gibson	Sachs
Brandes	Grimsley	Simmons
Braynon	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
Detert	Latvala	Stargel
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	Thompson

Nays-None

Consideration of CS for HB 1157 and CS for CS for CS for HB 183 was deferred.

HB 7071—A bill to be entitled An act relating to public corruption; amending s. 838.014, F.S.; revising and providing definitions; amending s. 838.015, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "bribery"; revising requirements for prosecution; amending s. 838.016, F.S.; revising the prohibition against unlawful compensation or reward for official behavior to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 838.022, F.S.; revising the prohibition against official misconduct to conform to changes made by the act; revising applicability of the offense to include public contractors; amending s. 838.22, F.S.; revising the prohibition against bid tampering to conform to changes made by the act; revising applicability of the offense to include specified public contractors; reenacting s. 112.534(2)(a), F.S., relating to official misconduct, s. 117.01(4)(d), F.S., relating to appointment, application, suspension, revocation, application fee, bond, and oath, and s. 921.0022(3)(d), F.S., relating to the Criminal Punishment Code offense severity ranking chart, to incorporate amendments made by the act to s. 838.022, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 817.568(11), F.S., relating to criminal use of personal identification information, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 838.014, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting s. 921.0022(3)(g), F.S., relating to the Criminal Punishment Code offense severity ranking chart, to incorporate the amendments made by the act to ss. 838.015, 838.016, and 838.22, F.S., in references thereto; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Gaetz, **HB 7071** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-39

M D 11	P	M I
Mr. President	Evers	Margolis
Abruzzo	Flores	Montford
Altman	Gaetz	Negron
Bean	Galvano	Richter
Benacquisto	Garcia	Ring
Bradley	Gibson	Sachs
Brandes	Grimsley	Simmons
Braynon	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
Detert	Latvala	Stargel
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	Thompson

Nays-None

CS for CS for HB 427—A bill to be entitled An act relating to recreational vessel registration; amending s. 328.72, F.S.; providing definitions; providing a reduced recreational vessel registration fee schedule for vessels registered during a specified period which are equipped with an emergency position indicating radio beacon or for which the owner of the vessel owns a personal locator beacon; limiting application to one vessel per owner; authorizing the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to adopt rules relating to proof of qualification; providing for certain funds to supplement the reduced amounts collected; providing for use of the supplemental funds; amending s. 328.66, F.S., relating to the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund; providing for use of the supplemental funds; amending s. 328.66, F.S., relating to county and municipality optional registration fees; specifying that the reduced fees do not apply to the limitation on registration fees charged by a county; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Negron, **CS for CS for HB 427** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-39

Mr. President	Evers	Margolis
Abruzzo	Flores	Montford
Altman	Gaetz	Negron
Bean	Galvano	Richter
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Benacquisto	Garcia	Ring
Bradley	Gibson	Sachs
Brandes	Grimsley	Simmons
Braynon	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
Detert	Latvala	Stargel
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	Thompson

Nays-None

CS for CS for HB 1083—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Agency for Persons with Disabilities; amending s. 393.063, F.S.; revising and defining terms; repealing s. 393.0641, F.S., relating to a program for the prevention and treatment of severe self-injurious behavior; amending s. 393.065, F.S.; providing for the assignment of priority to clients waiting for waiver services; requiring an agency to allow a certain individual to receive such services if the individual's parent or legal guardian is an active-duty military servicemember; requiring the agency to send an annual letter to clients and their guardians or families; providing that certain agency action does not establish a right to a hearing or an administrative proceeding; amending s. 393.066, F.S.;

providing for the use of an agency data management system; providing requirements for persons or entities under contract with the agency; amending s. 393.0662, F.S.; adding client needs that qualify as extraordinary needs, which may result in the approval of an increase in a client's allocated funds; revising duties of the Agency for Health Care Administration relating to the iBudget system; creating s. 393.0679, F.S.; requiring the Agency for Persons with Disabilities to conduct a certain utilization review; requiring certain intermediate care facilities to comply with certain requests and inspections by the agency; amending s. 393.11, F.S.; providing for annual reviews for persons involuntarily admitted to residential services provided by the agency; requiring the agency to contract with a qualified evaluator; providing requirements for annual reviews; requiring a hearing to be held to consider the results of an annual review; requiring the agency to provide a copy of the review to certain persons; providing a definition; repealing ss. 24 and 26 of chapter 2015-222, Laws of Florida; abrogating the scheduled expiration and reversion of amendments to ss. 393.067(15) and 393.18, F.S.; providing for contingent retroactive operation; reenacting s. 393.067(15), F.S., relating to a provision specifying that the agency is not required to contract with certain licensed facilities; reenacting and amending s. 393.18, F.S.; revising the purposes of comprehensive transitional education programs; providing qualification requirements for the supervisor of the clinical director of a specified licensee; revising the organization and operation of components of such a program; providing for the integration of educational components with the local school district; providing that failure of certain licensees to comply with the terms of a settlement agreement is grounds for discipline; authorizing the agency to approve the admission or readmission of an individual to such a program; amending ss. 383.141 and 1002.385, F.S.; conforming cross-references to changes made by the act; providing an appropriation; providing a contingent appropriation; providing effective dates.

—was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Sobel, **CS for CS for HB 1083** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-39

Nays-None

Mr. President	Evers	Margolis
Abruzzo	Flores	Montford
Altman	Gaetz	Negron
Bean	Galvano	Richter
Benacquisto	Garcia	Ring
Bradley	Gibson	Sachs
Brandes	Grimsley	Simmons
Braynon	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
Detert	Latvala	Stargel
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	Thompson

CS for HB 1335-A bill to be entitled An act relating to long-term care managed care prioritization; amending s. 409.962, F.S.; providing definitions; amending s. 409.979, F.S.; requiring the Department Elderly Affairs to maintain a statewide wait list for enrollment for home and community-based services through the Medicaid long-term care managed care program; requiring the department to prioritize individuals for potential enrollment using a frailty-based screening tool that provides a priority score; providing for determinations regarding offers of enrollment; requiring screening and certain rescreening by aging resource center personnel of individuals requesting long-term care services from the program; requiring the department to adopt by rule a screening tool; requiring the department to make a specified methodology available on its website; requiring the department to notify applicants of placement on the wait list; requiring the department to document attempts to contact an individual to schedule a screening or rescreening; requiring the department to send a letter to an individual

who it is unable to contact to schedule an initial screening or rescreening; requiring the department to conduct prerelease assessments upon notification by the agency of available capacity; authorizing certain individuals to enroll in the long-term care managed care program; authorizing the department to terminate an individual from the wait list under certain circumstances; providing for priority enrollment for home and community-based services for certain individuals; authorizing the department and the Agency for Health Care Administration to adopt rules; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Bean, **CS for HB 1335** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-39

Mr. President	Evers	Margolis
Abruzzo	Flores	Montford
Altman	Gaetz	Negron
Bean	Galvano	Richter
Benacquisto	Garcia	Ring
Bradley	Gibson	Sachs
Brandes	Grimsley	Simmons
Braynon	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Jovner	Soto
Detert	Latvala	Stargel
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	Thompson
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Nays-None

CS for HB 703—A bill to be entitled An act relating to vessels; amending s. 327.33, F.S., relating to the reckless or careless operation of a vessel; providing that vessel overloading or excessive speed constitutes careless operation of a vessel; amending s. 327.70, F.S.; providing for issuance and display of vessel safety inspection decals; prohibiting law enforcement officers from stopping certain vessels solely to inspect for compliance with specified safety requirements; providing an exception; providing applicability; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Hutson, **CS for HB 703** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-39

Mr. President	Evers	Margolis
Abruzzo	Flores	Montford
Altman	Gaetz	Negron
Bean	Galvano	Richter
Benacquisto	Garcia	Ring
Bradley	Gibson	Sachs
Brandes	Grimsley	Simmons
Braynon	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
Detert	Latvala	Stargel
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	Thompson
Nays—None		

CS for HJR 1009—A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 6 of Article VII and the creation of a new section in Article XII of the State Constitution to authorize a first responder, who is totally and permanently disabled as a result of an injury sustained in the line of duty, to receive relief from ad valorem taxes assessed on homestead property, if authorized by general law, and to provide an effective date.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

That the following amendment to Section 6 of Article VII and the creation of a new section in Article XII of the State Constitution is agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that purpose:

ARTICLE VII

FINANCE AND TAXATION

SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.-

(a) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of twenty-five thousand dollars and, for all levies other than school district levies, on the assessed valuation greater than fifty thousand dollars and up to seventy-five thousand dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of ninety-eight years. The exemption shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first determined to be in compliance with the provisions of section 4 by a state agency designated by general law. This exemption is repealed on the effective date of any amendment to this Article which provides for the assessment of homestead property at less than just value.

(b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.

(c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the Legislature may provide to renters, who are permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and amount established by general law.

(d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant either or both of the following additional homestead tax exemptions:

(1) An exemption not exceeding fifty thousand dollars to any person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner and who has attained age sixtyfive and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not exceed twenty thousand dollars; or

(2) An exemption equal to the assessed value of the property to any person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate with a just value less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars and who has maintained thereon the permanent residence of the owner for not less than twenty-five years and who has attained age sixty-five and whose household income does not exceed the income limitation prescribed in paragraph (1).

The general law must allow counties and municipalities to grant these additional exemptions, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and must provide for the periodic adjustment of the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost of living.

(e) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was combat related and the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected disability as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property appraiser, by March 1, an official letter from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related and a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial, and the veteran may reapply. The Legislature may, by general law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent years. This subsection is self-executing and does not require implementing legislation.

(f) By general law and subject to conditions and limitations specified therein, the Legislature may provide ad valorem tax relief equal to the total amount or a portion of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property to the:

(1) The surviving spouse of a veteran who died from service-connected causes while on active duty as a member of the United States Armed Forces.

 $(2) \quad The surviving spouse of a first responder who died in the line of duty.$

(3) A first responder who is totally and permanently disabled as a result of an injury or injuries sustained in the line of duty. Causal connection between a disability and service in the line of duty shall not be presumed but must be determined as provided by general law. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "disability" does not include a chronic condition or chronic disease, unless the injury sustained in the line of duty was the sole cause of the chronic condition or chronic disease.

As used in this subsection and as further defined by general law, the term:

a. "first responder" means a law enforcement officer, a correctional officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical technician, or a paramedic, *and the term*.

b. "in the line of duty" means arising out of and in the actual performance of duty required by employment as a first responder.

ARTICLE XII

SCHEDULE

Tax exemption for totally and permanently disabled first responders.—The amendment to Section 6 of Article VII relating to relief from ad valorem taxes assessed on homestead property for first responders, who are totally and permanently disabled as a result of injuries sustained in the line of duty, takes effect January 1, 2017.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be placed on the ballot:

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

ARTICLE VII, SECTION 6

ARTICLE XII

TAX EXEMPTION FOR TOTALLY AND PERMANENTLY DIS-ABLED FIRST RESPONDERS.—Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to authorize a first responder, who is totally and permanently disabled as a result of injuries sustained in the line of duty, to receive relief from ad valorem taxes assessed on homestead property, if authorized by general law. If approved by voters, the amendment takes effect January 1, 2017.

—was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Negron, **CS for HJR 1009** was passed by the required constitutional three-fifths vote of the membership and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-39

Mr. President	Evers	Margolis
Abruzzo	Flores	Montford
Altman	Gaetz	Negron
Bean	Galvano	Richter
Benacquisto	Garcia	Ring
Bradley	Gibson	Sachs
Brandes	Grimsley	Simmons
Braynon	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
Detert	Latvala	Stargel
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	Thompson
Nays—None		

CS for HJR 275—A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 6 of Article VII and the creation of a new section in Article XII of the State Constitution to revise the homestead tax exemption that may be granted by counties or municipalities, if authorized by general law, for the assessed value of property with a just value less than \$250,000 and owned by persons age 65 or older who meet certain residence and income requirements to specify that just value shall be determined in the first tax year that the owner applies and is eligible for the exemption and to provide retroactive applicability and an effective date.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

That the following amendment to Section 6 of Article VII and the creation of a new section in Article XII of the State Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that purpose:

ARTICLE VII

FINANCE AND TAXATION

SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.-

(a) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of twenty-five thousand dollars and, for all levies other than school district levies, on the assessed valuation greater than fifty thousand dollars and up to seventy-five thousand dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of ninety-eight years. The exemption shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first determined to be in compliance with the provisions of section 4 by a state agency designated by general law. This exemption is repealed on the effective date of any amendment to this Article which provides for the assessment of homestead property at less than just value.

(b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.

(c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the Legislature may provide to renters, who are permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and amount established by general law.

(d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant either or both of the following additional homestead tax exemptions:

(1) An exemption not exceeding fifty thousand dollars to a any person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, and who has attained age sixty-five, and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not exceed twenty thousand dollars; or

(2) An exemption equal to the assessed value of the property to aany person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate with a just value less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as determined in the first tax year that the owner applies and is eligible for the exemption, and who has maintained thereon the permanent residence of the owner for not less than twenty-five years, and who has attained age sixty-five, and whose household income does not exceed the income limitation prescribed in paragraph (1).

The general law must allow counties and municipalities to grant these additional exemptions, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and must provide for the periodic adjustment of the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost of living.

(e) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was combat related and the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected disability as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property appraiser, by March 1, an official letter from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related and a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial, and the veteran may reapply. The Legislature may, by general law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent years. This subsection is self-executing and does not require implementing legislation.

(f) By general law and subject to conditions and limitations specified therein, the Legislature may provide ad valorem tax relief equal to the total amount or a portion of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property to the:

(1) Surviving spouse of a veteran who died from service-connected causes while on active duty as a member of the United States Armed Forces.

(2) Surviving spouse of a first responder who died in the line of duty.

(3) As used in this subsection and as further defined by general law, the term:

a. "First responder" means a law enforcement officer, a correctional officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical technician, or a paramedic.

b. "In the line of duty" means arising out of and in the actual performance of duty required by employment as a first responder.

ARTICLE XII

SCHEDULE

Additional ad valorem exemption for persons age sixty-five or older.-This section and the amendment to Section 6 of Article VII revising the just value determination for the additional ad valorem tax exemption for persons age sixty-five or older shall take effect January 1, 2017, following approval by the electors, and shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2013, for any person who received the exemption under paragraph (2) of Section 6(d) of Article VII before January 1, 2017.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be placed on the ballot:

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

ARTICLE VII, SECTION 6

ARTICLE XII

HOMESTEAD TAX EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN SENIOR, LOW-INCOME, LONG-TERM RESIDENTS: DETERMINATION OF JUST VALUE.-Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to revise the homestead tax exemption that may be granted by counties or municipalities for property with just value less than \$250,000 owned by certain senior, low-income, long-term residents to specify that just value is determined in the first tax year the owner applies and is eligible for the exemption. The amendment takes effect January 1, 2017, and applies retroactively to exemptions granted before January 1, 2017.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Flores, CS for HJR 275 was passed by the required constitutional three-fifths vote of the membership and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-39

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Mr. President	Evers	Margolis
Abruzzo	Flores	Montford
Altman	Gaetz	Negron
Bean	Galvano	Richter
Benacquisto	Garcia	Ring
Bradley	Gibson	Sachs
Brandes	Grimsley	Simmons
Braynon	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
Detert	Latvala	Stargel
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	Thompson
Nays—None		

CS for HB 277-A bill to be entitled An act relating to a county and municipality homestead tax exemption; amending s. 196.075, F.S.; revising the homestead tax exemption that may be adopted by a county or municipality by ordinance for the assessed value of property with a just value less than \$250,000 which is owned by persons age 65 or older who meet certain residence and income requirements; specifying that just value shall be determined in the first tax year that the owner applies and is eligible for the exemption; providing for a refund of overpaid taxes in prior years; providing retroactive applicability; providing a contingent effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Flores, CS for HB 277 was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-36

Mr. President	Bradley	Dean
Abruzzo	Braynon	Detert
Altman	Bullard	Diaz de la Portilla
Benacquisto	Clemens	Evers

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Flores	Hutson	Ring	Diaz de la Portilla	Hukill	Ring
Gaetz	Joyner	Sachs	Evers	Hutson	Sachs
Galvano	Latvala	Simmons	Flores	Joyner	Simmons
Garcia	Legg	Simpson	Gaetz	Latvala	Simpson
Gibson	Margolis	Smith	Galvano	Legg	Sobel
Grimsley	Montford	Sobel	Garcia	Margolis	Soto
Hays	Negron	Soto	Gibson	Montford	Stargel
Hukill	Richter	Thompson	Grimsley	Negron	Thompson
			Hays	Richter	
Nays—None					

Vote after roll call:

Yea-Bean, Brandes, Stargel

CS for CS for HB 499-A bill to be entitled An act relating to ad valorem taxation; amending s. 129.03, F.S.; revising the information required to be included on summaries of adopted tentative budgets; authorizing a summary statement to be published more than once in specified locations; amending s. 192.0105, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 193.073, F.S.; establishing procedures for the revision of an erroneous or incomplete personal property tax return; amending s. 193.122, F.S.; establishing deadlines for value adjustment boards to complete final assessment roll certifications; providing exceptions; providing applicability; amending s. 193.155, F.S.; providing timeframes in which taxpayers may appeal to the value adjustment board the application of the assessment limitation on homestead property; amending ss. 193.1554 and 193.1555, F.S.; providing timeframes in which taxpayers may appeal the application of the assessment limitation on certain property to the value adjustment board; authorizing the waiver of penalties and interest under certain circumstances; allowing certain taxpayers to pay taxes, penalties, and interest within a specified period to avoid the filing of a lien; amending s. 194.011, F.S.; revising the procedures for filing petitions to the value adjustment board; revising the procedures used during a value adjustment board hearing; revising the documentation required to be on evidence lists during value adjustment board hearings; specifying the period during which certain evidence remains confidential; amending s. 194.014, F.S.; revising the interest rate upon which certain unpaid and overpaid ad valorem taxes accrue; defining the term "bank prime loan rate"; amending s. 194.015, F.S.; revising procedures for appointment to a value adjustment board; amending s. 194.032, F.S.; revising requirements for the provision of property record cards to a petitioner; requiring the petitioner or property appraiser to show good cause to reschedule a hearing related to an assessment; defining the term "good cause"; requiring value adjustment boards to address issues concerning assessment rolls by a time certain; providing an exception; amending s. 194.034, F.S.; revising the authorization required for various entities that may represent a taxpayer before the value adjustment board; prohibiting a taxpayer from contesting an assessment unless the return was timely filed; defining the term "timely filed"; revising provisions relating to findings of fact; amending s. 194.035, F.S.; specifying that certain petitions must be heard by an attorney special magistrate; prohibiting consideration of assessment reductions recommended in previous hearings by special magistrates when appointing a special magistrate; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; revising dates for purposes of computing each school district's required local effort; repealing certain rules adopted by the Department of Revenue; providing a finding of important state interest; providing effective dates.

-as amended March 8, was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Flores, CS for CS for HB 499, as amended, was passed by the required constitutional two-thirds vote of the membership and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-38

Mr. President	Benacquisto	Bullard
Abruzzo	Bradley	Clemens
Altman	Brandes	Dean
Bean	Braynon	Detert

Diaz de la Portilla	Hukill	Ring
Evers	Hutson	Sachs
Flores	Joyner	Simmons
Gaetz	Latvala	Simpson
Galvano	Legg	Sobel
Garcia	Margolis	Soto
Gibson	Montford	Stargel
Grimsley	Negron	Thompson
Hays	Richter	
Nays—None		

CS for HB 837—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program; amending s. 1002.39, F.S.; exempting a foster child from specified eligibility provisions; providing that a student enrolled in a transition-to-work program is eligible for a John M. McKay Scholarship; creating a transitionto-work program for specific students enrolled in the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program; providing program requirements; providing participation requirements for students, schools, and businesses; exempting a John M. McKay Scholarship award from a specified funding calculation; amending s. 1011.61, F.S.; exempting a John M. McKay Scholarship award from a specified funding calculation for purposes of the Florida Education Finance Program; providing an effective date.

—as amended March 8, was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Stargel, CS for HB 837, as amended, was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-39

Mr. President	Evers	Margolis
Abruzzo	Flores	Montford
Altman	Gaetz	Negron
Bean	Galvano	Richter
Benacquisto	Garcia	Ring
Bradley	Gibson	Sachs
Brandes	Grimsley	Simmons
Braynon	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
Detert	Latvala	Stargel
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	Thompson
Nays—None		

CS for HB 1305—A bill to be entitled An act relating to emergency allergy treatment in schools; amending s. 381.88, F.S.; revising the term "authorized entity"; amending ss. 1002.20 and 1002.42, F.S.; authorizing a public school and a private school, respectively, to enter into certain arrangements with wholesale distributors or manufacturers for epinephrine auto-injectors; revising the storage requirements for epinephrine auto-injectors; providing an effective date.

—was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Bean, CS for HB 1305 was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-39

Mr. President	Braynon	Flores
Abruzzo	Bullard	Gaetz
Altman	Clemens	Galvano
Bean	Dean	Garcia
Benacquisto	Detert	Gibson
Bradley	Diaz de la Portilla	Grimsley
Brandes	Evers	Hays

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Hukill	Montford	Simpson
Hutson	Negron	Smith
Joyner	Richter	Sobel
Latvala	Ring	Soto
Legg	Sachs	Stargel
Margolis	Simmons	Thompson
Nays—None		

HB 1061—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Nurse Licensure Compact; amending s. 456.073, F.S.; requiring the Department of Health to report certain investigative information to the coordinated licensure information system; amending s. 456.076, F.S.; requiring an impaired practitioner consultant to disclose certain information to the department; requiring a nurse holding a multistate license to report participation in a treatment program to the department; amending s. 464.003, F.S.; revising definitions, to conform; amending s. 464.004, F.S.; requiring the executive director of the Board of Nursing or his or her designee to serve as state administrator of the Nurse Licensure Compact; amending s. 464.008, F.S.; providing eligibility criteria for a multistate license; requiring that multistate licenses be distinguished from single-state licenses; exempting certain persons from licensed practical nurse and registered nurse licensure requirements; amending s. 464.009, F.S.; exempting certain persons from requirements for licensure by endorsement; creating s. 464.0095, F.S.; creating the Nurse Licensure Compact; providing findings and purpose; providing definitions; providing for the recognition of nursing licenses in party states; requiring party states to perform criminal history checks of licensure applicants; providing requirements for obtaining and retaining a multistate license; authorizing party states to take adverse action against a nurse's multistate licensure privilege; requiring notification to the home licensing state of an adverse action against a licensee; requiring nurses practicing in party states to comply with state practice laws; providing limitations for licensees not residing in a party state; providing the effect of the act on a current licensee; providing application requirements for a multistate license; providing licensure requirements when a licensee moves between party states or to a nonparty state; providing certain authority to state licensing boards of party states; requiring deactivation of a nurse's multistate licensure privilege under certain circumstances; authorizing participation in an alternative program in lieu of adverse action against a license; requiring all party states to participate in a coordinated licensure information; providing for the development of the system, reporting procedures, and the exchange of certain information between party states; establishing the Interstate Commission of Nurse Licensure Compact Administrators; providing for the jurisdiction and venue for court proceedings; providing membership and duties; authorizing the commission to adopt rules; providing rulemaking procedures; providing for state enforcement of the compact; providing for the termination of compact membership; providing procedures for the resolution of certain disputes; providing an effective date of the compact; providing a procedure for membership termination; providing compact amendment procedures; authorizing nonparty states to participate in commission activities before adoption of the compact; providing construction and severability; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; authorizing a multistate licensee under the compact to be certified as an advanced registered nurse practitioner if certain eligibility criteria are met; amending s. 464.015, F.S.; authorizing registered nurses and licensed practical nurses holding a multistate license under the compact to use certain titles and abbreviations; amending s. 464.018, F.S.; revising the grounds for denial of a nursing license or disciplinary action against a nursing licensee; authorizing certain disciplinary action under the compact for certain prohibited acts; amending s. 464.0195, F.S.; revising the information required to be included in the database on nursing supply and demand; requiring the Florida Center for Nursing to analyze and make future projections of the supply and demand for nurses; authorizing the center to request, and requiring the Board of Nursing to provide, certain information about licensed nurses; amending s. 768.28, F.S.; designating the state administrator of the Nurse Licensure Compact and other members or employees of the commission as state agents for the purpose of applying sovereign immunity and waivers of sovereign immunity; requiring the commission to pay certain judgments or claims; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Grimsley, ${\bf HB}$ 1061 was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-39

Mr. President	Evers	Margolis
Abruzzo	Flores	Montford
Altman	Gaetz	Negron
Bean	Galvano	Richter
Benacquisto	Garcia	Ring
Bradley	Gibson	Sachs
Brandes	Grimsley	Simmons
Braynon	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
Detert	Latvala	Stargel
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	Thompson

Nays-None

CS for HB 195—A bill to be entitled An act relating to a special election; providing for a special election to be held August 30, 2016, pursuant to Section 5 of Article XI of the State Constitution, for the approval or rejection by the electors of this state of amendments to the State Constitution, proposed by joint resolution, relating to an exemption from the tangible personal property tax for solar or renewable energy source devices, a limitation on the assessed value of real property used for nonresidential purposes for the installation of such devices, and an effective date if such amendments are adopted; providing for publication of notice and for procedures; providing a contingent effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Brandes, **CS for HB 195** was passed by the required constitutional three-fourths vote of the membership and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-33

Mr. President	Diaz de la Portilla	Margolis
Abruzzo	Evers	Montford
Altman	Flores	Negron
Bean	Gaetz	Richter
Benacquisto	Galvano	Ring
Bradley	Garcia	Sachs
Brandes	Grimsley	Simmons
Braynon	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Sobel
Dean	Hutson	Soto
Detert	Legg	Stargel
Nays—6		
Clemens	Joyner	Smith
Gibson	Latvala	Thompson

CS for CS for HB 1411—A bill to be entitled An act relating to termination of pregnancies; creating s. 390.0001, F.S.; providing legislative findings regarding termination of pregnancies; amending s. 390.011, F.S.; defining the term "gestation" and revising the term "third trimester"; amending s. 390.0111, F.S.; revising the requirements for disposal of fetal remains; revising the criminal punishment for failure to properly dispose of fetal remains; prohibiting state agencies, local governmental entities, and Medicaid managed care plans from expending or paying funds to or initiating or renewing contracts under certain circumstances with certain organizations that perform abortions; providing exceptions; amending s. 390.0112, F.S.; requiring directors of

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Negron

Richter

Ring

Sachs

Simmons

Simpson

Smith

Sobel

Soto

Stargel

Thompson

certain hospitals and physicians' offices and licensed abortion clinics to submit monthly reports to the Agency for Health Care Administration on a specified form; prohibiting the report from including personal identifying information; requiring the agency to submit certain data to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention on a quarterly basis; amending s. 390.012, F.S.; requiring the agency to develop and enforce rules relating to license inspections and investigations of certain clinics; requiring the agency to adopt rules to require all physicians performing abortions to have admitting privileges at a hospital within a reasonable proximity unless the clinic has a transfer agreement with the hospital; revising requirements for rules that prescribe minimum recovery room standards; revising requirements for the disposal of fetal remains; requiring the agency to submit an annual report to the Legislature; amending s. 390.014, F.S.; providing a different limitation on the amount of a fee; amending s. 390.025, F.S.; requiring certain organizations that provide abortion referral services or abortion counseling services to register with the agency, pay a specified fee, and include certain information in advertisements; requiring biennial renewal of a registration; providing exemptions from the registration requirement; requiring the agency to adopt rules; providing for the assessment of costs in certain circumstances; amending s. 873.05, F.S.; prohibiting an offer to purchase, sell, donate, or transfer fetal remains obtained from an abortion and the purchase, sale, donation, or transfer of such remains, excluding costs associated with certain transportation of remains; providing an appropriation; providing effective dates.

-as amended March 8, was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Stargel, **CS for CS for HB 1411**, as amended, was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-25

Mr. President Altman Bean Benacquisto Bradley Brandes Dean Diaz de la Portilla Evers Nays—15	Flores Gaetz Galvano Garcia Grimsley Hays Hukill Hutson Latvala	Lee Legg Negron Richter Simmons Simpson Stargel
Abruzzo	Gibson	Sachs
Braynon	Joyner	Smith
Bullard	Margolis	Sobel
Clemens	Montford	Soto
Detert	Ring	Thompson

CS for HB 1297—A bill to be entitled An act relating to discretionary sales surtaxes; amending s. 112.64, F.S.; authorizing a county to apply proceeds of a pension liability surtax toward reducing the unfunded liability of a defined benefit retirement plan or system; specifying the method of determining the amortization schedule if a surtax is approved; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; authorizing a county to levy a pension liability surtax by ordinance if certain conditions are met; prescribing the form of the ballot statement; requiring the Department of Revenue to distribute the surtax proceeds, less administrative fees; specifying the manner in which a local government may use the surtax proceeds; prescribing requirements for the ordinance that provides for the imposition of the surtax; specifying conditions under which the surtax terminates; limiting the combined rate of specified discretionary sales surtaxes; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Bradley, **CS for HB 1297** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas—35	
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Abruzzo Altman Bean Benacquisto Bradley Braynon Bullard Clemens Dean Detert Diaz de la Portilla Evers Nays—1 Brandes Vote after roll call:

Yea-Mr. President, Galvano, Garcia

Flores

Gaetz

Gibson

Hays

Hukill

Hutson

Joyner

Lee

Legg

Margolis

Montford

Grimsley

CS for CS for HB 931-A bill to be entitled An act relating to operations of the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation; amending s. 627.351, F.S.; specifying that a consumer representative appointed by the Governor to the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation's board of governors is not prohibited from practicing in a certain profession if required or permitted by law or ordinance; revising the requirements for licensed agents of the corporation; revising provisions related to the corporation's use of certain public and private hurricane loss projection models in establishing certain rates; authorizing the use of specified information by certain entities in analyzing risks or developing rating plans; prohibiting the use of such information for the direct solicitation of policyholders; requiring the corporation to revise certain programs by a specified date; requiring the corporation to publish a periodic schedule of cycles for certain purposes; specifying information required to be included in certain take-out requests; requiring the corporation to maintain and make available specified lists of insurers requesting to take out a policy; requiring the corporation to provide policyholders and the agents of record with a specified notice regarding policy renewal options; providing an effective date.

-as amended March 8, was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Flores, **CS for CS for HB 931**, as amended, was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas—39		
Mr. President	Evers	Legg
Abruzzo	Flores	Margolis
Altman	Gaetz	Montford
Bean	Galvano	Negron
Benacquisto	Garcia	Richter
Bradley	Gibson	Ring
Brandes	Grimsley	Sachs
Braynon	Hays	Simmons
Bullard	Hukill	Simpson
Clemens	Hutson	Smith
Dean	Joyner	Sobel
Detert	Latvala	Soto
Diaz de la Portilla	Lee	Stargel

Nays-None

CS for HB 1157—A bill to be entitled An act relating to postsecondary education for veterans; amending s. 1004.096, F.S.; directing the Department of Education to award certain postsecondary course credit to veterans; amending s. 1007.27, F.S.; directing the Department of Education to award postsecondary course credit for specified examinations and tests; amending s. 1009.26, F.S.; revising the residency requirement for certain tuition waivers for recipients of specified military decorations; conforming provisions; amending s. 1012.56, F.S.; providing that specified programs and test scores meet certain educator certification requirements; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Lee, **CS for HB 1157** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-40

Mr. President	Flores	Montford
Abruzzo	Gaetz	Negron
Altman	Galvano	Richter
Bean	Garcia	Ring
Benacquisto	Gibson	Sachs
Bradley	Grimsley	Simmons
Brandes	Hays	Simpson
Braynon	Hukill	Smith
Bullard	Hutson	Sobel
Clemens	Joyner	Soto
Dean	Latvala	Stargel
Detert	Lee	Thompson
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	
Evers	Margolis	

Nays-None

CS for CS for CS for HB 183—A bill to be entitled An act relating to administrative procedures; amending s. 120.54, F.S.; providing procedures for agencies to follow when initiating rulemaking after certain public hearings; limiting reliance upon an unadopted rule in certain circumstances; amending s. 120.55, F.S.; providing for publication of notices of rule development and of rules filed for adoption; providing for additional notice of rule development, proposals, and adoptions in the Florida Administrative Register; requiring certain agencies to provide additional e-mail notifications concerning specified rulemaking and rule development activities; providing that failure to follow certain provisions does not constitute grounds to challenge validity of a rule; amending s. 120.56, F.S.; clarifying language; amending s. 120.57, F.S.; conforming proceedings that oppose agency action based on an invalid or unadopted rule to proceedings used for challenging rules; authorizing the administrative law judge to make certain findings on the validity of certain alleged unadopted rules; authorizing a petitioner to file certain collateral challenges regarding the validity of a rule; authorizing the administrative law judge to consolidate proceedings in such rule challenges; providing that agency action may not be based on an invalid or unadopted rule; amending s. 120.68, F.S.; specifying legal authority to file a petition challenging an agency rule as an invalid exercise of delegated legislative authority; amending s. 120.695, F.S.; removing obsolete provisions with respect to required agency review and designation of minor violations; requiring agency review and certification of minor violation rules by a specified date; requiring minor violation certification for all rules adopted after a specified date; requiring public notice; providing applicability; amending s. 403.8141, F.S.; requiring administrative challenges to proposed regulatory permits related to special events to follow certain summary hearing provisions; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Lee, **CS for CS for CS for HB 183** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-40

Mr. President	Benacquisto	Bullard
Abruzzo	Bradley	Clemens
Altman	Brandes	Dean
Bean	Braynon	Detert

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Nays-None

CS for CS for HB 7007-A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; creating s. 15.0521, F.S.; designating tupelo honey as the official state honey; amending s. 482.111, F.S.; revising requirements for issuance of an original pest control operator's certificate; amending s. 482.1562, F.S.; revising the date by which an application for recertification of a limited certification for urban landscape commercial fertilizer application is required; removing provisions imposing late renewal charges; providing a grace period for such recertification; amending s. 500.03, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "food" and defining the term "vehicle" for purposes of the Florida Food Safety Act; amending s. 500.10, F.S.; providing that food transported under specified conditions or containing ingredients for which there is inadequate information is deemed adulterated; providing conditions under which a dietary supplement or its ingredients is deemed adulterated; amending s. 500.11, F.S.; providing that a food is deemed misbranded for noncompliance with specified allergen information; creating s. 500.90, F.S.; preempting to the department the regulatory authority for the use and sale of polystyrene products by certain entities; providing applicability; amending s. 570.07, F.S.; revising powers and duties of the department to include sponsoring events; authorizing the department to secure letters of patent, copyrights, and trademarks on work products and to engage in acts accordingly; amending s. 570.30, F.S.; removing electronic data processing and management information systems support for the department as a power and duty of the Division of Administration; amending s. 570.441, F.S.; authorizing the use of funds in the Pest Control Trust Fund for activities of the Division of Agricultural Environmental Services; amending s. 570.53, F.S.; revising duties of the Division of Marketing and Development to remove enforcement of provisions relating to dealers in agricultural products; amending s. 570.544, F.S.; revising duties of the director of the Division of Consumer Services to include enforcement of provisions relating to dealers in agricultural products and grain dealers; creating s. 570.68, F.S.; authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to create an Office of Agriculture Technology Services; providing duties of the office; amending s. 570.681, F.S.; revising legislative findings with regard to the Florida Agriculture Center and Horse Park; amending s. 570.685, F.S.; authorizing, rather than requiring, the department to provide administrative and staff support services, meeting space, and record storage for the Florida Agriculture Center and Horse Park Authority; amending s. 571.24, F.S.; providing legislative intent for the Florida Agricultural Promotional Campaign to serve as a marketing program for certain purposes; removing an obsolete provision relating to the designation of a Division of Marketing and Development employee as a member of the Advertising Interagency Coordinating Council; amending s. 571.27, F.S.; removing obsolete provisions relating to the authority of the department to adopt rules for entering into contracts with advertising agencies for services which are directly related to the Florida Agricultural Promotional Campaign; amending s. 571.28, F.S.; revising provisions specifying membership criteria of the Florida Agricultural Promotional Campaign Advisory Council; amending s. 576.041, F.S.; revising the frequency of fertilizer sales reports and the payment of related inspection fees; providing for such reports and fees to be made through the department's website; revising the time by which such reports must be made and fees must be paid; creating s. 580.0365, F.S.; providing legislative intent with regard to regulation of commercial feed and feedstuff; preempting to the department the regulatory authority for commercial feed and feedstuff; amending s. 581.181, F.S.; providing applicability of provisions requiring treatment or destruction of infested or infected plants and plant

products; creating s. 581.189, F.S.; creating the Grove Removal or Vector Elimination (GROVE) Program within the department to provide cost-share funding for the removal or destruction of abandoned citrus groves; providing definitions; providing program procedures and requirements; directing the department to adopt rules; specifying that funding for the program is contingent upon specific legislative appropriation; amending s. 582.01, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 582.02, F.S.; revising legislative findings and intent with regard to the purpose of soil and water conservation districts; repealing s. 582.03, F.S., relating to the consequences of soil erosion; repealing s. 582.04, F.S., relating to appropriate corrective methods for conservation, development, and use of soil and water resources; repealing s. 582.05, F.S., relating to legislative policy for the conservation, development, and use of such resources; amending s. 582.055, F.S.; revising provisions relating to powers and duties of the department with regard to soil and water conservation districts; amending s. 582.06, F.S.; revising provisions relating to powers and duties of the Soil and Water Conservation Council; repealing s. 582.08, F.S., relating to additional powers of the department with regard to soil and water conservation districts; repealing s. 582.09, F.S., relating to the employment of an administrative officer of soil and water conservation; amending s. 582.16, F.S.; revising provisions for modifying soil and water conservation district boundaries; repealing s. 582.17, F.S., relating to the presumption that districts are established in accordance with specified provisions; amending s. 582.20, F.S.; revising provisions relating to powers and duties of soil and water conservation districts and district supervisors; repealing s. 582.21, F.S., relating to the adoption of land use regulations by soil and water conservation district supervisors; repealing s. 582.22, F.S., relating to the content of land use regulations adopted by soil and water conservation district supervisors; repealing s. 582.23, F.S., relating to the performance of work under land use regulations adopted by soil and water conservation district supervisors; repealing s. 582.24, F.S., relating to the board of adjustment; repealing s. 582.25, F.S., relating to rules of procedure of the board of adjustment; repealing s. 582.26, F.S., relating to petitions to the board of adjustment for land use variances; amending s. 582.29, F.S.; revising provisions directing state agencies and other governmental subdivisions of the state that manage publicly owned lands to cooperate with soil and water conservation district supervisors in implementing district programs and operations; repealing s. 582.331, F.S., relating to the establishment of a watershed improvement district within a soil and water conservation district; repealing s. 582.34, F.S., relating to the petition for establishment of a watershed improvement district within a soil and water conservation district; repealing s. 582.35, F.S., relating to notice and hearing on petition for establishment of a watershed improvement district within a soil and water conservation district and determination of need for such district; repealing s. 582.36, F.S., relating to determination of feasibility and referendum for a watershed improvement district within a soil and water conservation district; repealing s. 582.37, F.S., relating to consideration of referendum results for determination of feasibility and declaration of organization of a watershed improvement district within a soil and water conservation district; repealing s. 582.38, F.S., relating to organization of a watershed improvement district within a soil and water conservation district; repealing s. 582.39, F.S., relating to establishment of a watershed improvement district situated in more than one soil and water conservation district; repealing s. 582.40, F.S., relating to change of district boundaries including additions, detachments, transfers of land from one district to another, and change of district name; repealing s. 582.41, F.S., relating to the board of directors of a soil and water conservation district; repealing s. 582.42, F.S., relating to officers, agents, and employees of a watershed improvement district within a soil and water conservation district and issuance of surety bonds by, and annual audits of, such district; repealing s. 582.43, F.S., relating to the power of a watershed improvement district within a soil and water conservation district to levy taxes and to construct, operate, improve, and maintain works of improvement in such district and to obtain necessary lands or interests therein; repealing s. 582.44, F.S., relating to procedures for a watershed improvement district within a soil and water conservation district to levy taxes; repealing s. 582.45, F.S., relating to the fiscal power of the board of directors of a watershed improvement district within a soil and water conservation district to issue bonds; repealing s. 582.46, F.S., relating to additional powers of the board of directors of a watershed improvement district within a soil and water conservation district; repealing s. 582.47, F.S., relating to the authority of a watershed improvement district within a soil and water conservation district to coordinate work with flood control districts; repealing s. 582.48, F.S., relating to discontinuance of a watershed improvement district within a soil and water conservation district; repealing s. 582.49, F.S., relating to discontinuance of a soil and water conservation district; repealing s. 589.26, F.S., relating to the authority of the Florida Forest Service to dedicate and reserve state park lands for public use; amending s. 595.402, F.S.; defining terms relating to school food and nutrition service programs; conforming a reference to changes made by the act; amending s. 595.404, F.S.; revising powers and duties of the department with regard to school food and nutrition programs; authorizing the department to conduct, supervise, and administer a farmers' market nutrition program for certain purposes; directing the department to collect and publish data on food purchased through specified programs; authorizing the department to enter into agreements with federal and state agencies to implement nutrition programs; amending s. 595.405, F.S.; revising requirements for school nutrition programs; providing for breakfast meals to be available to all students in schools that serve specified grade levels; conforming a reference to changes made by the act; amending s. 595.406, F.S.; renaming the "Florida Farm Fresh Schools Program" as the "Florida Farm to School Program"; authorizing the department to establish by rule a recognition program for certain sponsors; amending s. 595.407, F.S.; revising provisions of the children's summer nutrition program to include certain schools that serve specified grade levels; revising provisions relating to the duration of the program; authorizing school districts to exclude holidays and weekends; amending s. 595.408, F.S.; conforming references to changes made by the act; amending s. 595.501, F.S.; requiring entities to complete corrective action plans required by the department or a federal agency to be in compliance with school food and nutrition service programs; amending s. 595.601, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; amending s. 601.31, F.S.; requiring citrus inspectors to be licensed and certified by the department rather than by the United States Department of Agriculture; amending s. 604.21, F.S.; revising affidavit requirements for an agricultural products dealer who files a complaint against another such dealer; amending s. 604.33, F.S.; removing provisions requiring grain dealers to submit monthly reports; authorizing, rather than requiring, the department to make at least one spot check annually of each grain dealer; providing an effective date.

-as amended March 8, was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Montford, **CS for CS for HB 7007**, as amended, was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Y	eas-	-38

Mr. President	Evers	Margolis
Abruzzo	Flores	Montford
Altman	Gaetz	Negron
Bean	Galvano	Richter
Benacquisto	Garcia	Ring
Bradley	Gibson	Sachs
Brandes	Grimsley	Simmons
Braynon	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
Detert	Lee	Thompson
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	
Nays—None		

Vote after roll call:

Yea-Stargel

CS for HB 1233—A bill to be entitled An act relating to Federal Home Loan Banks; amending s. 655.057, F.S.; authorizing the Office of Financial Regulation to furnish certain information relating to Federal Home Loan Banks pursuant to an information sharing agreement; requiring the office to execute such agreement by a specified date; providing an effective date.

—was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Garcia, **CS for HB 1233** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-38

Mr. President	Flores	Montford
Abruzzo	Gaetz	Negron
Altman	Galvano	Richter
Bean	Garcia	Ring
Benacquisto	Gibson	Sachs
Bradley	Grimsley	Simmons
Brandes	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
Detert	Lee	Stargel
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	Thompson
Evers	Margolis	-
	-	

Nays—None

Consideration of CS for CS for SJR 170 was deferred.

CS for CS for CS for HB 535—A bill to be entitled An act relating to building codes; amending s. 468.609, F.S.; revising the certification examination requirements for building code inspectors, plans examiners, and building code administrators; requiring the Florida Building Code Administrators and Inspectors Board to provide for issuance of certain provisional certificates; amending s. 489.103, F.S.; providing an exemption for certain employees who make minor repairs to existing electric water heaters and to existing electric heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning systems under specified circumstances; providing that the exemption does not limit the authority of a municipality or county to adopt or enforce certain ordinances, rules, or regulations; amending s. 489.105, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "plumbing contractor"; amending s. 489.1401, F.S.; revising legislative intent with respect to the purpose of the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund; providing legislative intent that Division II contractors set apart funds to participate in the fund; amending s. 489.1402, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 489.141, F.S.; authorizing certain claimants to make a claim against the recovery fund for certain contracts entered into before a specified date; amending s. 489.1425, F.S.; revising a notification provided by contractors to certain residential property owners to state that payment from the recovery fund is limited; amending s. 489.143, F.S.; revising provisions concerning payments from the recovery fund; specifying claim amounts for certain contracts entered into on or after specified dates; providing aggregate caps for payments; amending s. 489.503, F.S.; exempting certain low-voltage landscape lighting from licensed electrical contractor installation requirements; amending s. 514.011, F.S.; defining the term "temporary pool"; amending s. 514.0115, F.S.; prohibiting a portable pool from being regulated as a public pool in certain circumstances; prohibiting a temporary pool from being regulated as a public pool; amending s. 553.77, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 514.031, F.S.; prohibiting a portable pool from being used as a public pool unless it is exempt under s. 514.0115, F.S.; amending s. 515.27, F.S.; revising minimum requirements for a residential swimming pool to pass final inspection and receive a certificate of completion to include specified swimming pool alarms; amending s. 553.512, F.S.; revising the membership of the Accessibility Advisory Council; amending s. 553.721, F.S.; directing the Florida Building Code Compliance and Mitigation Program to fund, from existing resources, the recommendations made by the Building Code System Uniform Implementation Evaluation Workgroup; providing a limitation; requiring that a specified amount of funds from the surcharge be used to fund certain Florida Fire Prevention Code informal interpretations; requiring the State Fire Marshal to adopt rules; amending s. 553.73, F.S.; authorizing local boards created to address specified issues to combine the appeals boards to create a single, local board; authorizing the local board to grant alternatives or modifications through specified procedures; providing quorum requirements; authorizing the appeal to a local administrative board of specified decisions made by a local fire official; specifying the decisions of the local building official and the local fire official which are subject to review; providing requirements for fire service access elevators and elevator lobbies in certain buildings; specifying standards for standpipes in high-rise buildings; amending s. 553.775, F.S.; revising membership on a panel that hears requests to review decisions of local building officials; amending s. 553.79, F.S.; providing grounds for disciplinary action against a plans reviewer or building code administrator; authorizing a building official to issue a permit for the construction of the foundation or any other part of a building or structure before the construction documents for the entire building or structure have been submitted; providing that the holder of such permit begins building at the holder's own risk and without assurance that a permit for the entire structure will be granted; creating s. 553.7931, F.S.; defining the term "applicable local governmental entity"; requiring the owner, lessee, or occupant of a property to register an alarm system under certain circumstances; requiring contractors and alarm system monitoring companies to provide notice to an owner, lessee, or occupant that registration of the alarm system may be required; exempting a contractor or alarm system monitoring company from specified fines and penalties; prohibiting local governmental entities from requiring notarization of an alarm system registration form; providing for preemption; amending s. 553.80, F.S.; prohibiting a local enforcement agency from charging additional fees related to the recording of a contractor's license or workers' compensation insurance; amending s. 553.842, F.S.; specifying additional approved evaluation entities; amending s. 553.844, F.S.; excluding certain work associated with the prevention of degradation of a residence from certain building permit requirements; reviving, readopting, and amending s. 553.844(4), F.S.; deleting an obsolete provision providing for expiration of requirements for the adoption of certain mitigation techniques by the Florida Building Commission within the Florida Building Code for certain structures; revising such requirements; amending s. 553.883, F.S.; exempting certain devices from certain smoke alarm battery requirements; amending s. 553.908, F.S.; providing for the amendment of portions of the Florida Building Code, Energy Conservation, related to certain buildings and dwelling units after a specified date; delaying the effective date of certain portions of the Florida Building Code, Energy Conservation, related to blower door testing; providing for the amendment of portions of the Florida Building Code, Mechanical, and Florida Building Code, Residential, related to air infiltration rates in a dwelling after a specified date; amending s. 553.998, F.S.; specifying the types of individuals from whom local enforcement agencies shall accept duct and air infiltration tests and may accept inspections; amending s. 633.202, F.S.; requiring all new high-rise and existing high-rise buildings to maintain a minimum radio signal strength for fire department communications; providing a transitory period for compliance; requiring existing apartment buildings that are not in compliance to initiate an application for an appropriate permit by a specified date; requiring areas of refuge to be required as determined by the Florida Building Code, Accessibility; amending s. 633.208, F.S.; authorizing fire officials to consider certain systems acceptable when identifying low-cost alternatives; amending s. 633.336, F.S.; authorizing a licensed fire protection contractor to subcontract for advanced technical services under certain circumstances; creating the Calder Sloan Swimming Pool Electrical-Safety Task Force within the commission; specifying the purpose of the task force; requiring a report to the Governor and Legislature; providing for membership; requiring the commission to provide staff, information, and other assistance to the task force; providing that members of the task force serve without compensation; providing for meetings; providing for expiration of the task force; creating the Construction Industry Workforce Task Force within the University of Florida M. E. Rinker, Sr., School of Construction Management; specifying the goals of the task force; providing for membership; requiring the school to provide assistance to the task force; providing for meetings; requiring a report to the Governor and Legislature; providing an appropriation from specified funds available to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation; providing for expiration of the task force; requiring the commission to amend the Florida Building Code to define the term "fire separation distance," to specify openings and roof overhang projection requirements, to adopt a specific energy rating index as an option for compliance, to provide for Climate Zone indices, to provide exceptions to shower lining requirements, and to provide minimum fire separation distances; requiring a restaurant, cafeteria, or similar dining facility to have sprinklers only under specified circumstances; amending ss. 125.56 and 553.79, F.S.; requiring counties and local enforcement agencies, respectively, to post all types of building permit applications on their websites; specifying the format in which completed applications must be submitted and the format in which payments, attachments, and drawings may be submitted; providing effective dates.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Hutson, **CS for CS for HB 535** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-38

Mr. President	Evers	Montford
Abruzzo	Flores	Negron
Altman	Gaetz	Richter
Bean	Galvano	Ring
Benacquisto	Garcia	Sachs
Bradley	Gibson	Simmons
Brandes	Grimsley	Simpson
Braynon	Hays	Smith
Bullard	Hukill	Sobel
Clemens	Hutson	Soto
Dean	Joyner	Stargel
Detert	Lee	Thompson
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	

Nays-None

CS for HB 627—A bill to be entitled An act relating to community contribution tax credits; amending s. 220.03, F.S.; providing definitions related to community contribution tax credits that may apply to business firms against certain income tax liabilities; amending s. 212.08, F.S.; providing definitions related to community contribution tax credits that may apply against sales and use tax liabilities; amending s. 624.5105, F.S.; providing definitions related to community contribution tax credits that may apply against certain premium tax liabilities; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Smith, **CS for HB 627** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-40

Mr. President Abruzzo	Flores Gaetz	Montford Negron
Altman	Galvano	Richter
Bean	Garcia	Ring
Benacquisto	Gibson	Sachs
Bradley	Grimsley	Simmons
Brandes	Hays	Simpson
Braynon	Hukill	Smith
Bullard	Hutson	Sobel
Clemens	Joyner	Soto
Dean	Latvala	Stargel
Detert	Lee	Thompson
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	-
Evers	Margolis	
Nays—None		

HB 85—A bill to be entitled An act relating to recovery care services; amending s. 395.001, F.S.; providing legislative intent regarding recovery care centers; amending s. 395.002, F.S.; revising and providing definitions; amending s. 395.003, F.S.; including recovery care centers as facilities licensed under chapter 395, F.S.; creating s. 395.0171, F.S.; providing admission criteria for a recovery care center; requiring emergency care, transfer, and discharge protocols; authorizing the Agency for Health Care Administration to adopt rules; amending s. 395.1055, F.S.; authorizing the agency to establish separate standards for the care and treatment of patients in recovery care centers; amending s. 395.10973, F.S.; directing the agency to enforce specialoccupancy provisions of the Florida Building Code applicable to recovery care centers; amending s. 395.301, F.S.; providing for format and content of a patient bill from a recovery care center; amending s. 408.802, F.S.; providing applicability of the Health Care Licensing Procedures Act to recovery care centers; amending s. 408.820, F.S.; exempting recovery care centers from specified minimum licensure requirements; amending ss. 394.4787 and 409.975, F.S.; conforming crossreferences; providing an effective date.

-as amended March 8, was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Gaetz, **HB 85**, as amended, was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-40

Mr. President	Flores	Montford
Abruzzo	Gaetz	Negron
Altman	Galvano	Richter
Bean	Garcia	Ring
Benacquisto	Gibson	Sachs
Bradley	Grimsley	Simmons
Brandes	Hays	Simpson
Braynon	Hukill	Smith
Bullard	Hutson	Sobel
Clemens	Joyner	Soto
Dean	Latvala	Stargel
Detert	Lee	Thompson
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	
Evers	Margolis	

Nays-None

Consideration of CS for CS for HB 1175 was deferred.

CS for HB 375—A bill to be entitled An act relating to physician assistants; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; revising circumstances under which a physician assistant may prescribe medication; authorizing a licensed physician assistant to perform certain services as delegated by a supervising physician; revising physician assistant licensure and license renewal requirements; removing a requirement for letters of recommendation; deleting provisions related to examination by the Department of Health; amending s. 459.022, F.S.; revising circumstances under which a physician assistant may prescribe medication; authorizing a licensed physician assistant to perform certain services as delegated by a supervising physician; revising physician assistant licensure and license renewal requirements; removing a requirement for letters of letters of recommendation; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Flores, **CS for HB 375** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-40

Mr. President	Benacquisto	Bullard
Abruzzo	Bradley	Clemens
Altman	Brandes	Dean
Bean	Braynon	Detert

Diaz de la Portilla	Hutson	Sachs
Evers	Joyner	Simmons
Flores	Latvala	Simpson
Gaetz	Lee	Smith
Galvano	Legg	Sobel
Garcia	Margolis	Soto
Gibson	Montford	Stargel
Grimsley	Negron	Thompson
Hays	Richter	
Hukill	Ring	
Nays—None		

CS for CS for CS for HB 589—A bill to be entitled An act relating to environmental control; repealing s. 373.245, F.S., relating to violations of consumptive use permit conditions; amending s. 373.323, F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for taking the water well contractor licensure examination; amending s. 378.209, F.S.; providing conditions under which certain constructed clay settling areas are exempt from reclamation rate and financial responsibility requirements; amending s. 403.067, F.S.; authorizing the use of land set-asides and land use modifications, including constructed wetlands or other water quality improvement projects, in water quality credit trading; amending s. 403.201, F.S.; providing applicability of prohibited variances concerning discharges of waste into waters of the state and hazardous waste management; amending s. 403.709, F.S.; revising conditions under which the Department of Environmental Protection may use specified funds to contract with a third party for the closing and long-term care of solid waste management facilities; abrogating the scheduled expiration of such authorization; amending s. 403.814, F.S.; requiring Florida registered professionals to certify that certain stormwater management systems will meet additional requirements for a general permit; requiring that such certification be submitted to the department or water management district before construction of such stormwater management systems begins; reenacting s. 373.414(17), F.S., relating to variances for activities in surface waters and wetlands, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 403.201, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Hays, CS for CS for CS for HB 589 was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-39

Mr. President	Evers	Legg
Abruzzo	Flores	Margolis
Altman	Gaetz	Montford
Bean	Galvano	Negron
Benacquisto	Garcia	Richter
Bradley	Gibson	Ring
Brandes	Grimsley	Sachs
Braynon	Hays	Simmons
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
_		

Nays-None

Vote after roll call:

Yea—Simpson

CS for CS for CS for HB 439—A bill to be entitled An act relating to mental health services in the criminal justice system; amending ss. 39.001, 39.507, and 39.521, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 394.4655, F.S.; defining the terms "court" and "criminal county court" for purposes of involuntary outpatient placement; conforming provisions to changes made by act; amending ss.

394.4599 and 394.463, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by act; conforming cross-references; amending s. 394.455 and 394.4615, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 394.47891, F.S.; expanding eligibility for military veterans and servicemembers court programs; creating s. 394.47892, F.S.; authorizing the creation of treatment-based mental health court programs; providing for eligibility; providing program requirements; providing for an advisory committee; amending s. 790.065, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by this act; amending s. 910.035, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "problem-solving court"; creating s. 916.185, F.S.; creating the Forensic Hospital Diversion Pilot Program; providing legislative findings and intent; providing definitions; authorizing the Department of Children and Families to implement a Forensic Hospital Diversion Pilot Program in specified judicial circuits; authorizing the department to request specified budget amendments; providing for eligibility for the program; providing legislative intent concerning training; authorizing rulemaking; amending s. 948.001, F.S.; defining the term "mental health probation"; amending ss. 948.01 and 948.06, F.S.; authorizing courts to order certain offenders on probation or community control to postadjudicatory mental health court programs; amending s. 948.08, F.S.; expanding eligibility requirements for certain pretrial intervention programs; providing for voluntary admission into a pretrial mental health court program; creating s. 916.185, F.S.; creating the Forensic Hospital Diversion Pilot Program; providing legislative findings and intent; providing definitions; requiring the Department of Children and Families to implement a Forensic Hospital Diversion Pilot Program in specified judicial circuits; providing for eligibility for the program; providing legislative intent concerning training; authorizing rulemaking; amending ss. 948.01 and 948.06, F.S.; providing for courts to order certain defendants on probation or community control to postadjudicatory mental health court programs; amending s. 948.08, F.S.; expanding eligibility requirements for certain pretrial intervention programs; providing for voluntary admission into pretrial mental health court program; amending s. 948.16, F.S.; expanding eligibility of veterans for a misdemeanor pretrial veterans' treatment intervention program; providing eligibility of misdemeanor defendants for a misdemeanor pretrial mental health court program; amending s. 948.21, F.S.; expanding veterans' eligibility for participating in treatment programs while on court-ordered probation or community control; amending s. 985.345, F.S.; authorizing delinquency pretrial mental health court intervention programs for certain juvenile offenders; providing for disposition of pending charges after completion of the program; authorizing expunction of specified criminal history records after successful completion of the program; reenacting s. 397.334(3)(a) and (5), F.S., relating to treatment-based drug court programs, to incorporate the amendments made by the act to ss. 948.01 and 948.06, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 948.012(2)(b), F.S., relating to split sentence probation or community control and imprisonment, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 948.06, F.S., in a reference thereto;

-was read the third time by title.

providing an effective date.

On motion by Senator Diaz de la Portilla, CS for CS for CS for HB 439 was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Montford

Negron

Richter

Ring

Sachs

Simmons

Simpson

Smith

Sobel

Soto

Stargel

Thompson

Yeas-40

Mr. President	Flama
Mr. President	Flores
Abruzzo	Gaetz
Altman	Galvano
Bean	Garcia
Benacquisto	Gibson
Bradley	Grimsley
Brandes	Hays
Braynon	Hukill
Bullard	Hutson
Clemens	Joyner
Dean	Latvala
Detert	Lee
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg
Evers	Margolis

Nays-None

CS for CS for HB 769—A bill to be entitled An act relating to mental health treatment; amending s. 916.107, F.S.; provides for continuation of psychotropic medication by forensic and civil facilities for individuals receiving such medication before admission; amending s. 916.13, F.S.; providing a timeframe within which competency hearings must be held; requiring that a defendant be transported for the hearing; amending s. 916.145, F.S.; revising the time for dismissal of certain charges for defendants who remain incompetent to proceed to trial; providing exceptions; amending s. 916.15, F.S.; providing a timeframe within which commitment hearings must be held; requiring that a defendant be transported for the hearing structure within which commitment hearings must be held; requiring that a defendant be transported for the hearing that a defendant be transported for the hearing; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Legg, **CS for CS for HB 769** was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-40

Mr. President	Flores	Montford
Abruzzo	Gaetz	Negron
Altman	Galvano	Richter
Bean	Garcia	Ring
Benacquisto	Gibson	Sachs
Bradley	Grimsley	Simmons
Brandes	Hays	Simpson
Braynon	Hukill	Smith
Bullard	Hutson	Sobel
Clemens	Joyner	Soto
Dean	Latvala	Stargel
Detert	Lee	Thompson
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	-
Evers	Margolis	
Nays—None		

CS for HB 1155—A bill to be entitled An act relating to membership associations; creating s. 617.221, F.S.; defining the term "membership association"; requiring a membership association to file an annual report with the Legislature; specifying report requirements; prohibiting a membership association from expending public funds on litigation against the state; requiring the Auditor General to conduct an annual financial and operational audit of membership associations; providing an effective date.

-was read the third time by title.

On motion by Senator Stargel, further consideration of \mathbf{CS} for \mathbf{HB} 1155 was deferred.

CS for CS for HB 7029-A bill to be entitled An act relating to school choice; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; making technical changes relating to requirements for the creation of a virtual charter school; conforming cross-references; specifying that a sponsor may not require a charter school to adopt the sponsor's reading plan and that charter schools are eligible for the research-based reading allocation if certain criteria are met; revising required contents of charter school applications; conforming provisions regarding the appeal process for denial of a highperforming charter school application; requiring an applicant to provide the sponsor with a copy of an appeal to an application denial; authorizing a charter school to defer the opening of its operations for up to a specified time; requiring the charter school to provide written notice to certain entities by a specified date; revising provisions relating to longterm charters and charter terminations; specifying notice requirements for voluntary closure of a charter school; deleting a requirement that students in a blended learning course receive certain instruction in a classroom setting; providing that a student may not be dismissed from a charter school based on his or her academic performance; requiring a charter school applicant to provide monthly financial statements before opening; requiring a sponsor to review each financial statement of a charter school to identify the existence of certain conditions: providing for the automatic termination of a charter contract if certain conditions

are met; requiring a sponsor to notify certain parties when a charter contract is terminated for specific reasons; authorizing governing board members to hold a certain number of public meetings and participate in such meetings in person or through communications media technology; revising charter school student eligibility requirements; revising requirements for payments to charter schools; providing eligibility requirements for receipt of public education capital outlay (PECO) funds; allowing for the use of certain surpluses and assets by specific entities for certain educational purposes; providing for an injunction under certain circumstances; establishing the administrative fee that a sponsor may withhold for charter schools operating in a critical need area; providing an exemption from certain administrative fees; amending s. 1002.331, F.S.; providing an exemption from the replication limitations for a high-performing charter school; conforming a cross-reference; deleting obsolete provisions; providing deadlines for a high-performing charter contract renewal; providing for an appeal to an administrative law judge under certain circumstances; creating s. 1002.333, F.S.; providing definitions; establishing a High Impact Charter Network status for charter school operators serving educationally disadvantaged students; defining eligibility criteria; authorizing charter operators holding the High Impact Charter Network status to submit applications for charter schools in certain areas; exempting certain charter schools from specified fees; requiring the department to give priority to certain charter schools applying for specified grants; prohibiting the use of certain school grades when determining areas of critical need; providing for rulemaking; amending s. 1002.37, F.S.; revising the calculation of "full-time equivalent student"; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1002.45, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; deleting a provision related to educational funding for students enrolled in certain virtual education courses; revising conditions for termination of a virtual instruction provider's contract; repealing s. 1002.455, F.S., relating to student eligibility for K-12 virtual instruction; amending s. 1003.4295, F.S.; revising the purpose of the Credit Acceleration Program; requiring students to earn passing scores on specified assessments and examinations to earn course credit; amending s. 1003.498, F.S.; deleting a requirement that students in a blended learning course must receive certain instruction in a classroom setting; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1011.61, F.S.; revising the definition of "full-time equivalent student"; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1012.56, F.S.; authorizing a charter school to develop and operate a professional development certification and education competency program; amending s. 1013.62, F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for charter school capital outlay funding; revising charter school funding allocations; providing an effective date.

—as amended March 4, was read the third time by title.

RECONSIDERATION OF AMENDMENT

On motion by Senator Gaetz, the Senate reconsidered the vote by which engrossed **Amendment 1 (620160)** was adopted.

Senator Gaetz moved the following amendment:

Amendment 1 (620160) (with title amendment)—Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Present subsection (27) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (28), and a new subsection (27) is added to that section, to read:

1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.—The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

(27) VISITATION OF SCHOOLS.—Visit the schools, observe the management and instruction, give suggestions for improvement, and advise citizens with the view of promoting interest in education and improving the school.

Section 2. Section 1001.67, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

March 9, 2016

1001.67 Distinguished Florida College System Program.—A collaborative partnership is established between the State Board of Education and the Legislature to recognize the excellence of Florida's highest-performing Florida College system institutions.

(1) EXCELLENCE STANDARDS.—The following excellence standards are established for the program:

(a) A 150 percent-of-normal-time completion rate of 50 percent or higher, as calculated by the Division of Florida Colleges.

(b) A 150 percent-of-normal-time completion rate for Pell Grant recipients of 40 percent or higher, as calculated by the Division of Florida Colleges.

(c) A retention rate of 70 percent or higher, as calculated by the Division of Florida Colleges.

(d) A continuing education, or transfer, rate of 72 percent or higher for students graduating with an associate of arts degree, as reported by the Florida Education and Training Placement Information Program (FETPIP).

(e) A licensure passage rate on the National Council Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses (NCLEX-RN) of 90 percent or higher for first-time exam takers, as reported by the Board of Nursing.

(f) A job placement or continuing education rate of 88 percent or higher for workforce programs, as reported by FETPIP.

(g) A time-to-degree for students graduating with an associate of arts degree of 2.25 years or less for first-time-in-college students with accelerated college credits, as reported by the Southern Regional Education Board.

(2) DISTINGUISHED COLLEGE DESIGNATION.—The State Board of Education shall designate each Florida College System institution that meets five of the seven standards identified in subsection (1) as a distinguished college.

(3) DISTINGUISHED COLLEGE SUPPORT.—A Florida College System institution designated as a distinguished college by the State Board of Education is eligible for funding as specified in the General Appropriations Act.

Section 3. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (6), subsection (16), paragraph (a) of subsection (17), and paragraph (a) of subsection (22) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (25) is added to that section, to read:

1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.—Parents of public school students must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

(6) EDUCATIONAL CHOICE.—

(a) Public educational school choices.—Parents of public school students may seek any whatever public educational school choice options that are applicable and available to students throughout the state in their school districts. These options may include controlled open enrollment, single-gender programs, lab schools, virtual instruction programs, charter schools, charter technical career centers, magnet schools, alternative schools, special programs, auditory-oral education programs, advanced placement, dual enrollment, International Baccalaureate, International General Certificate of Secondary Education (pre-AICE), CAPE digital tools, CAPE industry certifications, collegiate high school programs, Advanced International Certificate of Education, early admissions, credit by examination or demonstration of competency, the New World School of the Arts, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind, and the Florida Virtual School. These options may also include the public educational school choice options of the Opportunity

Scholarship Program and the McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.

(b) *Private educational school choices.*—Parents of public school students may seek private *educational school* choice options under certain programs.

1. Under the McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program, the parent of a public school student with a disability may request and receive a McKay Scholarship for the student to attend a private school in accordance with s. 1002.39.

2. Under the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program, the parent of a student who qualifies for free or reduced-price school lunch or who is currently placed, or during the previous state fiscal year was placed, in foster care as defined in s. 39.01 may seek a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization in accordance with s. 1002.395.

3. Under the Florida Personal Learning Scholarship Accounts Program, the parent of a student with a qualifying disability may apply for a personal learning scholarship to be used for individual educational needs in accordance with s. 1002.385.

(16) SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY AND SCHOOL IMPROVE-MENT RATING REPORTS; FISCAL TRANSPARENCY.—Parents of public school students have the right are entitled to an easy-to-read report card about the school's grade designation or, if applicable under s. 1008.341, the school's improvement rating, and the school's accountability report, including the school financial report as required under s. 1010.215. The school financial report must be provided to the parents and indicate the average amount of money expended per student in the school, which must also be included in the student handbook or a similar publication.

(17) ATHLETICS; PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL.

(a) *Eligibility.*—Eligibility requirements for all students participating in high school athletic competition must allow a student to be *immediately* eligible in the school in which he or she first enrolls each school year, the school in which the student makes himself or herself a candidate for an athletic team by engaging in practice before enrolling, or the school to which the student has transferred with approval of the district school board, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.20(2)(a).

(22) TRANSPORTATION.-

(a) Transportation to school.—Public school students shall be provided transportation to school, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.21(3)(a). Public school students may be provided transportation to school in accordance with the controlled open enrollment provisions of s. 1002.31(2).

(25) FISCAL TRANSPARENCY.—A parent has the right to know the average amount of money estimated to be expended from all local, state, and federal sources for the education of his or her child, including operating and capital outlay expenses. By December 31 of each year, the department shall publish on its website from each school district's annual financial report, expenditures on a per FTE basis for general, special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds and a total of such expenditures. Fiduciary, enterprise, and internal service funds may not be included. By December 31 of each year, each school district shall publish the school district's funding information in the same format on its website. With the exception of expenditures from debt service and capital project funds, the same information regarding the specific school shall be made available to students on each school's website, provided to parents in the school financial report, and published in the student handbook or a similar publication.

Section 4. Section 1002.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.31 Controlled open enrollment; Public school parental choice.—

(1) As used in this section, "controlled open enrollment" means a public education delivery system that allows school districts to make student school assignments using parents' indicated preferential *educational* school choice as a significant factor.

(2)(a) Beginning by the 2017-2018 school year, as part of a school district's or charter school's controlled open enrollment process, and in addition to the existing public school choice programs provided in s. 1002.20(6)(a), each district school board or charter school shall allow a parent from any school district in the state whose child is not subject to a current expulsion or suspension to enroll his or her child in and transport his or her child to any public school, including charter schools, that has not reached capacity in the district, subject to the maximum class size pursuant to s. 1003.03 and s. 1, Art. IX of the State Constitution. The school district's or charter school's controlled open enrollment process, and report the student for purposes of the school district's or charter school school district's or charter school as school district or charter school may provide transportation to students described under this section.

(b) Each school district and charter school capacity determinations for its schools must be current and must be identified on the school district and charter school's websites. In determining the capacity of each district school, the district school board shall incorporate the specifications, plans, elements, and commitments contained in the school district educational facilities plan and the long-term work programs required under s. 1013.35. Each charter school governing board shall determine capacity based upon its charter school contract.

(c) Each district school board and charter school governing board must provide preferential treatment in its controlled open enrollment process to all of the following:

1. Dependent children of active duty military personnel whose move resulted from military orders.

2. Children who have been relocated due to a foster care placement in a different school zone.

3. Children who move due to a court ordered change in custody due to separation or divorce, or the serious illness or death of a custodial parent.

4. Students residing in the school district.

(d) As part of its controlled open enrollment process, a charter school must provide preferential treatment in its controlled open enrollment participation process to the enrollment limitations pursuant to s. 1002.33(10)(e)1., 2., 5., 6., and 7, and may provide preferential treatment for the enrollment preferences pursuant to s. 1002.33(10)(d)4.b., if such special purposes are identified in the charter agreement. Each charter school shall annually post on its website the application process required to participate in controlled open enrollment, consistent with this section and s. 1002.33.

(e) Students residing in the district, including charter school students, may not be displaced by a student from another district seeking enrollment under the controlled open enrollment process.

(f) For purposes of continuity of educational choice, a student who transfers pursuant to this section may remain at the school chosen by the parent until the student completes the highest grade level at the school may offer controlled open enrollment within the public schools which is in addition to the existing choice programs such as virtual instruction programs, magnet schools, alternative schools, special programs, advanced placement, and dual enrollment.

(3) Each district school board offering controlled open enrollment shall adopt by rule and post on its website *the process required to participate in controlled open enrollment. The process* $\frac{a}{a}$ controlled open enrollment plan which must:

(a) Adhere to federal desegregation requirements.

(b) Allow Include an application process required to participate in controlled open enrollment that allows parents to declare school preferences, including placement of siblings within the same school.

(c) Provide a lottery procedure to determine student assignment and establish an appeals process for hardship cases.

(d) Afford parents of students in multiple session schools preferred access to controlled open enrollment.

(e) Maintain socioeconomic, demographic, and racial balance.

(f) Address the availability of transportation.

(g) Maintain existing academic eligibility criteria for public school choice programs pursuant to s. 1002.20(6)(a).

(h) Identify schools that have not reached capacity, as determined by the school district.

(i) Ensure that each district school board adopts a policy to provide preferential treatment pursuant to paragraph (2)(c).

(4) In accordance with the reporting requirements of s. 1011.62, each district school board shall annually report the number of students *exercising public school choice, by type* attending the various types of public schools of choice in the district, in accordance with including schools such as virtual instruction programs, magnet schools, and public charter schools, according to rules adopted by the State Board of Education.

(5) For a school or program that is a public school of choice under this section, the calculation for compliance with maximum class size pursuant to s. 1003.03 is the average number of students at the school level.

(6)(a) A school district or charter school may not delay eligibility or otherwise prevent a student participating in controlled open enrollment or a choice program from being immediately eligible to participate in interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular activities.

(b) A student may not participate in a sport if the student participated in that same sport at another school during that school year, unless the student meets one of the following criteria:

1. Dependent children of active duty military personnel whose move resulted from military orders.

2. Children who have been relocated due to a foster care placement in a different school zone.

3. Children who move due to a court ordered change in custody due to separation or divorce, or the serious illness or death of a custodial parent.

4. Authorized for good cause in district or charter school policy.

Section 5. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (6), paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (7), paragraphs (g), (n), and (p) of subsection (9), paragraph (d) of subsection (10), paragraphs (b) and (e) of subsection (17), paragraph (a) of subsection (18), and paragraph (a) of subsection (20) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, are amended, and a new paragraph (g) is added to subsection (17) of that section, to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.—

(1) AUTHORIZATION.—Charter schools shall be part of the state's program of public education. All charter schools in Florida are public schools. A charter school may be formed by creating a new school or converting an existing public school to charter status. A charter school may operate a virtual charter school pursuant to s. 1002.45(1)(d) to provide full-time online instruction to eligible students, pursuant to s. 1002.455, in kindergarten through grade 12. An existing A charter school *that is seeking to become a virtual charter school* must amend its charter or submit a new application pursuant to subsection (6) to be-

come a virtual charter school. A virtual charter school is subject to the requirements of this section; however, a virtual charter school is exempt from subsections (18) and (19), subparagraphs (20)(a)2., 4., 5., and 7., paragraph (20)(c), and s. 1003.03. A public school may not use the term charter in its name unless it has been approved under this section.

(2) GUIDING PRINCIPLES; PURPOSE.-

(a) Charter schools in Florida shall be guided by the following principles:

1. Meet high standards of student achievement while providing parents flexibility to choose among diverse educational opportunities within the state's public school system.

2. Promote enhanced academic success and financial efficiency by aligning responsibility with accountability.

3. Provide parents with sufficient information on whether their child is reading at grade level and whether the child gains at least a year's worth of learning for every year spent in the charter school. For a student who exhibits a substantial deficiency in reading, as determined by the charter school, the school shall notify the parent of the deficiency, the intensive interventions and supports used, and the student's progress in accordance with s. 1008.25(5).

(6) APPLICATION PROCESS AND REVIEW.—Charter school applications are subject to the following requirements:

(a) A person or entity *seeking* wishing to open a charter school shall prepare and submit an application on a model application form prepared by the Department of Education which:

1. Demonstrates how the school will use the guiding principles and meet the statutorily defined purpose of a charter school.

2. Provides a detailed curriculum plan that illustrates how students will be provided services to attain the Sunshine State Standards.

3. Contains goals and objectives for improving student learning and measuring that improvement. These goals and objectives must indicate how much academic improvement students are expected to show each year, how success will be evaluated, and the specific results to be attained through instruction.

4. Describes the reading curriculum and differentiated strategies that will be used for students reading at grade level or higher and a separate curriculum and strategies for students who are reading below grade level. A sponsor shall deny an application a charter if the school does not propose a reading curriculum that is evidence-based and includes explicit, systematic, and multisensory reading instructional strategies; however, a sponsor may not require the charter school to implement the reading plan adopted by the school district pursuant to s. 1011.62(9) consistent with effective teaching strategies that are grounded in scientifically based reading research.

5. Contains an annual financial plan for each year requested by the charter for operation of the school for up to 5 years. This plan must contain anticipated fund balances based on revenue projections, a spending plan based on projected revenues and expenses, and a description of controls that will safeguard finances and projected enrollment trends.

6. Discloses the name of each applicant, governing board member, and all proposed education services providers; the name and sponsor of any charter school operated by each applicant, each governing board member, and each proposed education services provider that has closed and the reasons for the closure; and the academic and financial history of such charter schools, which the sponsor shall consider in deciding whether to approve or deny the application.

7.6. Contains additional information a sponsor may require, which shall be attached as an addendum to the charter school application described in this paragraph.

8.7. For the establishment of a virtual charter school, documents that the applicant has contracted with a provider of virtual instruction services pursuant to s. 1002.45(1)(d).

(b) A sponsor shall receive and review all applications for a charter school using the an evaluation instrument developed by the Department of Education. A sponsor shall receive and consider charter school applications received on or before August 1 of each calendar year for charter schools to be opened at the beginning of the school district's next school year, or to be opened at a time agreed to by the applicant and the sponsor. A sponsor may not refuse to receive a charter school application submitted before August 1 and may receive an application submitted later than August 1 if it chooses. In order to facilitate greater collaboration in the application process, an applicant may submit a draft charter school application on or before May 1 with an application fee of \$500. If a draft application is timely submitted, the sponsor shall review and provide feedback as to material deficiencies in the application by July 1. The applicant shall then have until August 1 to resubmit a revised and final application. The sponsor may approve the draft application. Except as provided for a draft application, a sponsor may not charge an applicant for a charter any fee for the processing or consideration of an application, and a sponsor may not base its consideration or approval of a final application upon the promise of future payment of any kind. Before approving or denying any final application, the sponsor shall allow the applicant, upon receipt of written notification, at least 7 calendar days to make technical or nonsubstantive corrections and clarifications, including, but not limited to, corrections of grammatical, typographical, and like errors or missing signatures, if such errors are identified by the sponsor as cause to deny the final application.

1. In order to facilitate an accurate budget projection process, a sponsor shall be held harmless for FTE students who are not included in the FTE projection due to approval of charter school applications after the FTE projection deadline. In a further effort to facilitate an accurate budget projection, within 15 calendar days after receipt of a charter school application, a sponsor shall report to the Department of Education the name of the applicant entity, the proposed charter school location, and its projected FTE.

2. In order to ensure fiscal responsibility, an application for a charter school shall include a full accounting of expected assets, a projection of expected sources and amounts of income, including income derived from projected student enrollments and from community support, and an expense projection that includes full accounting of the costs of operation, including start-up costs.

3.a. A sponsor shall by a majority vote approve or deny an application no later than 60 calendar days after the application is received, unless the sponsor and the applicant mutually agree in writing to temporarily postpone the vote to a specific date, at which time the sponsor shall by a majority vote approve or deny the application. If the sponsor fails to act on the application, an applicant may appeal to the State Board of Education as provided in paragraph (c). If an application is denied, the sponsor shall, within 10 calendar days after such denial, articulate in writing the specific reasons, based upon good cause, supporting its denial of the charter application and shall provide the letter of denial and supporting documentation to the applicant and to the Department of Education.

b. An application submitted by a high-performing charter school identified pursuant to s. 1002.331 may be denied by the sponsor only if the sponsor demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that:

 ${\rm (I)}~{\rm The}$ application does not materially comply with the requirements in paragraph (a);

(II) The charter school proposed in the application does not materially comply with the requirements in paragraphs (9)(a)-(f);

(III) The proposed charter school's educational program does not substantially replicate that of the applicant or one of the applicant's high-performing charter schools; (IV) The applicant has made a material misrepresentation or false statement or concealed an essential or material fact during the application process; or

 $\left(V\right)$ The proposed charter school's educational program and financial management practices do not materially comply with the requirements of this section.

Material noncompliance is a failure to follow requirements or a violation of prohibitions applicable to charter school applications, which failure is quantitatively or qualitatively significant either individually or when aggregated with other noncompliance. An applicant is considered to be replicating a high-performing charter school if the proposed school is substantially similar to at least one of the applicant's high-performing charter schools and the organization or individuals involved in the establishment and operation of the proposed school are significantly involved in the operation of replicated schools.

c. If the sponsor denies an application submitted by a high-performing charter school, the sponsor must, within 10 calendar days after such denial, state in writing the specific reasons, based upon the criteria in sub-subparagraph b., supporting its denial of the application and must provide the letter of denial and supporting documentation to the applicant and to the Department of Education. The applicant may appeal the sponsor's denial of the application directly to the State Board of Education *and*, *if an appeal is filed*, *must provide a copy of the appeal to the sponsor* pursuant to *paragraph* (c) sub-subparagraph (c)3.b.

4. For budget projection purposes, the sponsor shall report to the Department of Education the approval or denial of an a charter application within 10 calendar days after such approval or denial. In the event of approval, the report to the Department of Education shall include the final projected FTE for the approved charter school.

5. Upon approval of *an* a charter application, the initial startup shall commence with the beginning of the public school calendar for the district in which the charter is granted unless the sponsor allows a waiver of this subparagraph for good cause.

(7) CHARTER.—The major issues involving the operation of a charter school shall be considered in advance and written into the charter. The charter shall be signed by the governing board of the charter school and the sponsor, following a public hearing to ensure community input.

(a) The charter shall address and criteria for approval of the charter shall be based on:

1. The school's mission, the students to be served, and the ages and grades to be included.

2. The focus of the curriculum, the instructional methods to be used, any distinctive instructional techniques to be employed, and identification and acquisition of appropriate technologies needed to improve educational and administrative performance which include a means for promoting safe, ethical, and appropriate uses of technology which comply with legal and professional standards.

a. The charter shall ensure that reading is a primary focus of the curriculum and that resources are provided to identify and provide specialized instruction for students who are reading below grade level. The curriculum and instructional strategies for reading must be consistent with the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards and *evidence-based* grounded in scientifically based reading research.

b. In order to provide students with access to diverse instructional delivery models, to facilitate the integration of technology within traditional classroom instruction, and to provide students with the skills they need to compete in the 21st century economy, the Legislature encourages instructional methods for blended learning courses consisting of both traditional classroom and online instructional techniques. Charter schools may implement blended learning courses which combine traditional classroom instruction and virtual instruction. Students in a blended learning course must be full-time students of the charter school and receive the online instruction in a classroom setting at the charter school. Instructional personnel certified pursuant to s. 1012.55 who provide virtual instruction for blended learning courses may be employees of the charter school or may be under contract to provide instructional services to charter school students. At a minimum, such instructional personnel must hold an active state or school district adjunct certification under s. 1012.57 for the subject area of the blended learning course. The funding and performance accountability requirements for blended learning courses are the same as those for traditional courses.

3. The current incoming baseline standard of student academic achievement, the outcomes to be achieved, and the method of measurement that will be used. The criteria listed in this subparagraph shall include a detailed description of:

a. How the baseline student academic achievement levels and prior rates of academic progress will be established.

b. How these baseline rates will be compared to rates of academic progress achieved by these same students while attending the charter school.

c. To the extent possible, how these rates of progress will be evaluated and compared with rates of progress of other closely comparable student populations.

The district school board is required to provide academic student performance data to charter schools for each of their students coming from the district school system, as well as rates of academic progress of comparable student populations in the district school system.

4. The methods used to identify the educational strengths and needs of students and how well educational goals and performance standards are met by students attending the charter school. The methods shall provide a means for the charter school to ensure accountability to its constituents by analyzing student performance data and by evaluating the effectiveness and efficiency of its major educational programs. Students in charter schools shall, at a minimum, participate in the statewide assessment program created under s. 1008.22.

5. In secondary charter schools, a method for determining that a student has satisfied the requirements for graduation in s. 1002.3105(5), s. 1003.4281, or s. 1003.4282.

6. A method for resolving conflicts between the governing board of the charter school and the sponsor.

7. The admissions procedures and dismissal procedures, including the school's code of student conduct. Admission or dismissal must not be based on a student's academic performance.

8. The ways by which the school will achieve a racial/ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves or within the racial/ethnic range of other public schools in the same school district.

9. The financial and administrative management of the school, including a reasonable demonstration of the professional experience or competence of those individuals or organizations applying to operate the charter school or those hired or retained to perform such professional services and the description of clearly delineated responsibilities and the policies and practices needed to effectively manage the charter school. A description of internal audit procedures and establishment of controls to ensure that financial resources are properly managed must be included. Both public sector and private sector professional experience shall be equally valid in such a consideration.

10. The asset and liability projections required in the application which are incorporated into the charter and shall be compared with information provided in the annual report of the charter school.

11. A description of procedures that identify various risks and provide for a comprehensive approach to reduce the impact of losses; plans to ensure the safety and security of students and staff; plans to identify, minimize, and protect others from violent or disruptive student behavior; and the manner in which the school will be insured, including

whether or not the school will be required to have liability insurance, and, if so, the terms and conditions thereof and the amounts of coverage.

12. The term of the charter which shall provide for cancellation of the charter if insufficient progress has been made in attaining the student achievement objectives of the charter and if it is not likely that such objectives can be achieved before expiration of the charter. The initial term of a charter shall be for 4 or 5 years. In order to facilitate access to long-term financial resources for charter school construction, charter schools that are operated by a municipality or other public entity as provided by law are eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the district school board. A charter lab school is eligible for a charter for a term of up to 15 years. In addition, to facilitate access to long-term financial resources for charter school construction, charter schools that are operated by a private, not-for-profit, s. 501(c)(3) status corporation are eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the district school board. Such long-term charters remain subject to annual review and may be terminated during the term of the charter, but only according to the provisions set forth in subsection (8).

13. The facilities to be used and their location. The sponsor may not require a charter school to have a certificate of occupancy or a temporary certificate of occupancy for such a facility earlier than 15 calendar days before the first day of school.

14. The qualifications to be required of the teachers and the potential strategies used to recruit, hire, train, and retain qualified staff to achieve best value.

15. The governance structure of the school, including the status of the charter school as a public or private employer as required in paragraph (12)(i).

16. A timetable for implementing the charter which addresses the implementation of each element thereof and the date by which the charter shall be awarded in order to meet this timetable.

17. In the case of an existing public school that is being converted to charter status, alternative arrangements for current students who choose not to attend the charter school and for current teachers who choose not to teach in the charter school after conversion in accordance with the existing collective bargaining agreement or district school board rule in the absence of a collective bargaining agreement. However, alternative arrangements shall not be required for current teachers who choose not to teach in a charter lab school, except as authorized by the employment policies of the state university which grants the charter to the lab school.

18. Full disclosure of the identity of all relatives employed by the charter school who are related to the charter school owner, president, chairperson of the governing board of directors, superintendent, governing board member, principal, assistant principal, or any other person employed by the charter school who has equivalent decisionmaking authority. For the purpose of this subparagraph, the term "relative" means father, mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, first cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half sister.

19. Implementation of the activities authorized under s. 1002.331 by the charter school when it satisfies the eligibility requirements for a high-performing charter school. A high-performing charter school shall notify its sponsor in writing by March 1 if it intends to increase enrollment or expand grade levels the following school year. The written notice shall specify the amount of the enrollment increase and the grade levels that will be added, as applicable.

(d)1. A charter may be terminated by a charter school's governing board through voluntary closure. The decision to cease operations must be determined at a public meeting. The governing board shall notify the parents and sponsor of the public meeting in writing before the public meeting. The governing board must notify the sponsor, parents of enrolled students, and the department in writing within 24 hours after the public meeting of its determination. The notice shall state the charter school's intent to continue operations or the reason for the closure and acknowledge that the governing board agrees to follow the procedures for dissolution and reversion of public funds pursuant to paragraphs (8)(e)-(g) and (9)(o) Each charter school's governing board must appoint a representative to facilitate parental involvement, provide access to information, assist parents and others with questions and concerns, and resolve disputes. The representative must reside in the school district in which the charter school is located and may be a governing board member, charter school employee, or individual contracted to represent the governing board. If the governing board oversees multiple charter schools in the same school district, the governing board must appoint a separate individual representative for each charter school in the district. The representative's contact information must be provided annually in writing to parents and posted prominently on the charter school's website if a website is maintained by the school. The sponsor may not require that governing board members reside in the school district in which the charter school is located if the charter school complies with this paragraph.

2. Each charter school's governing board must hold at least two public meetings per school year in the school district. The meetings must be noticed, open, and accessible to the public, and attendees must be provided an opportunity to receive information and provide input regarding the charter school's operations. The appointed representative and charter school principal or director, or his or her equivalent, must be physically present at each meeting.

(9) CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS.—

(g)1. In order to provide financial information that is comparable to that reported for other public schools, charter schools are to maintain all financial records that constitute their accounting system:

a. In accordance with the accounts and codes prescribed in the most recent issuance of the publication titled "Financial and Program Cost Accounting and Reporting for Florida Schools"; or

b. At the discretion of the charter school's governing board, a charter school may elect to follow generally accepted accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, but must reformat this information for reporting according to this paragraph.

2. Charter schools shall provide annual financial report and program cost report information in the state-required formats for inclusion in district reporting in compliance with s. 1011.60(1). Charter schools that are operated by a municipality or are a component unit of a parent nonprofit organization may use the accounting system of the municipality or the parent but must reformat this information for reporting according to this paragraph.

3. A charter school shall, upon approval of the charter contract, provide the sponsor with a concise, uniform, monthly financial statement summary sheet that contains a balance sheet and a statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. The balance sheet and the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance shall be in the governmental funds format prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. A high-performing charter school pursuant to s. 1002.331 may provide a quarterly financial statement in the same format and requirements as the uniform monthly financial statement summary sheet. The sponsor shall review each monthly or quarterly financial statement to identify the existence of any conditions identified in s. 1002.345(1)(a).

4. A charter school shall maintain and provide financial information as required in this paragraph. The financial statement required in subparagraph 3. must be in a form prescribed by the Department of Education.

(n)1. The director and a representative of the governing board of a charter school that has earned a grade of "D" or "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34 shall appear before the sponsor to present information concerning each contract component having noted deficiencies. The director and a representative of the governing board shall submit to the sponsor for approval a school improvement plan to raise student performance. Upon approval by the sponsor, the charter school shall begin im-

plementation of the school improvement plan. The department shall offer technical assistance and training to the charter school and its governing board and establish guidelines for developing, submitting, and approving such plans.

2.a. If a charter school earns three consecutive grades of "D," two consecutive grades of "D" followed by a grade of "F," or two non-consecutive grades of "F" within a 3-year period, the charter school governing board shall choose one of the following corrective actions:

(I) Contract for educational services to be provided directly to students, instructional personnel, and school administrators, as prescribed in state board rule;

(II) Contract with an outside entity that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school;

(III) Reorganize the school under a new director or principal who is authorized to hire new staff; or

(IV) Voluntarily close the charter school.

b. The charter school must implement the corrective action in the school year following receipt of a third consecutive grade of "D," a grade of "F" following two consecutive grades of "D," or a second non-consecutive grade of "F" within a 3-year period.

c. The sponsor may annually waive a corrective action if it determines that the charter school is likely to improve a letter grade if additional time is provided to implement the intervention and support strategies prescribed by the school improvement plan. Notwithstanding this sub-subparagraph, a charter school that earns a second consecutive grade of "F" is subject to subparagraph 4.

d. A charter school is no longer required to implement a corrective action if it improves by at least one letter grade. However, the charter school must continue to implement strategies identified in the school improvement plan. The sponsor must annually review implementation of the school improvement plan to monitor the school's continued improvement pursuant to subparagraph 5.

e. A charter school implementing a corrective action that does not improve by at least one letter grade after 2 full school years of implementing the corrective action must select a different corrective action. Implementation of the new corrective action must begin in the school year following the implementation period of the existing corrective action, unless the sponsor determines that the charter school is likely to improve a letter grade if additional time is provided to implement the existing corrective action. Notwithstanding this sub-subparagraph, a charter school that earns a second consecutive grade of "F" while implementing a corrective action is subject to subparagraph 4.

3. A charter school with a grade of "D" or "F" that improves by at least one letter grade must continue to implement the strategies identified in the school improvement plan. The sponsor must annually review implementation of the school improvement plan to monitor the school's continued improvement pursuant to subparagraph 5.

4. A charter school's charter contract is automatically terminated if the school earns two consecutive grades of "F" after all school grade appeals are final The sponsor shall terminate a charter if the charter school earns two consecutive grades of "F" unless:

a. The charter school is established to turn around the performance of a district public school pursuant to s. 1008.33(4)(b)3. Such charter schools shall be governed by s. 1008.33;

b. The charter school serves a student population the majority of which resides in a school zone served by a district public school that earned a grade of "F" in the year before the charter school opened and the charter school earns at least a grade of "D" in its third year of operation. The exception provided under this sub-subparagraph does not apply to a charter school in its fourth year of operation and thereafter; or c. The state board grants the charter school a waiver of termination. The charter school must request the waiver within 15 days after the department's official release of school grades. The state board may waive termination if the charter school demonstrates that the Learning Gains of its students on statewide assessments are comparable to or better than the Learning Gains of similarly situated students enrolled in nearby district public schools. The waiver is valid for 1 year and may only be granted once. Charter schools that have been in operation for more than 5 years are not eligible for a waiver under this sub-sub-paragraph.

The sponsor shall notify the charter school's governing board, the charter school principal, and the department in writing when a charter contract is terminated under this subparagraph. The letter of termination must meet the requirements of paragraph (8)(c). A charter terminated under this subparagraph must follow the procedures for dissolution and reversion of public funds pursuant to paragraphs (8)(e)-(g) and (9)(o).

5. The director and a representative of the governing board of a graded charter school that has implemented a school improvement plan under this paragraph shall appear before the sponsor at least once a year to present information regarding the progress of intervention and support strategies implemented by the school pursuant to the school improvement plan and corrective actions, if applicable. The sponsor shall communicate at the meeting, and in writing to the director, the services provided to the school to help the school address its deficiencies.

6. Notwithstanding any provision of this paragraph except subsubparagraphs 4.a.-c., the sponsor may terminate the charter at any time pursuant to subsection (8).

(p)1. Each charter school shall maintain a website that enables the public to obtain information regarding the school; the school's academic performance; the names of the governing board members; the programs at the school; any management companies, service providers, or education management corporations associated with the school; the school's annual budget and its annual independent fiscal audit; the school's grade pursuant to s. 1008.34; and, on a quarterly basis, the minutes of governing board meetings.

2. Each charter school's governing board must appoint a representative to facilitate parental involvement, provide access to information, assist parents and others with questions and concerns, and resolve disputes. The representative must reside in the school district in which the charter school is located and may be a governing board member, a charter school employee, or an individual contracted to represent the governing board. If the governing board oversees multiple charter schools in the same school district, the governing board must appoint a separate representative for each charter school in the district. The representative's contact information must be provided annually in writing to parents and posted prominently on the charter school's website. The sponsor may not require governing board members to reside in the school district in which the charter school is located if the charter school complies with this subparagraph.

3. Each charter school's governing board must hold at least two public meetings per school year in the school district where the charter school is located. The meetings must be noticed, open, and accessible to the public, and attendees must be provided an opportunity to receive information and provide input regarding the charter school's operations. The appointed representative and charter school principal or director, or his or her designee, must be physically present at each meeting. Members of the governing board may attend in person or by means of communications media technology used in accordance with rules adopted by the Administration Commission under s. 120.54(5).

(10) ELIGIBLE STUDENTS.—

(d) A charter school may give enrollment preference to the following student populations:

1. Students who are siblings of a student enrolled in the charter school.

2. Students who are the children of a member of the governing board of the charter school.

3. Students who are the children of an employee of the charter school.

4. Students who are the children of:

a. An employee of the business partner of a charter school-in-theworkplace established under paragraph (15)(b) or a resident of the municipality in which such charter school is located; or

b. A resident or employee of a municipality that operates a charter school-in-a-municipality pursuant to paragraph (15)(c) or allows a charter school to use a school facility or portion of land provided by the municipality for the operation of the charter school.

5. Students who have successfully completed a voluntary prekindergarten education program under ss. 1002.51-1002.79 provided by the charter school or the charter school's governing board during the previous year.

6. Students who are the children of an active duty member of any branch of the United States Armed Forces.

7. Students who attended or are assigned to failing schools pursuant to s. 1002.38(2).

(17) FUNDING.—Students enrolled in a charter school, regardless of the sponsorship, shall be funded as if they are in a basic program or a special program, the same as students enrolled in other public schools in the school district. Funding for a charter lab school shall be as provided in s. 1002.32.

(b) The basis for the agreement for funding students enrolled in a charter school shall be the sum of the school district's operating funds from the Florida Education Finance Program as provided in s. 1011.62 and the General Appropriations Act, including gross state and local funds, discretionary lottery funds, and funds from the school district's current operating discretionary millage levy; divided by total funded weighted full-time equivalent students in the school district; multiplied by the weighted full-time equivalent students for the charter school. Charter schools whose students or programs meet the eligibility criteria in law are entitled to their proportionate share of categorical program funds included in the total funds available in the Florida Education Finance Program by the Legislature, including transportation, the research-based reading allocation, and the Florida digital classrooms allocation. Total funding for each charter school shall be recalculated during the year to reflect the revised calculations under the Florida Education Finance Program by the state and the actual weighted fulltime equivalent students reported by the charter school during the fulltime equivalent student survey periods designated by the Commissioner of Education.

(e) District school boards shall make timely and efficient payment and reimbursement to charter schools, including processing paperwork required to access special state and federal funding for which they may be eligible. Payments of funds under paragraph (b) shall be made monthly or twice a month, beginning with the start of the district school board's fiscal year. Each payment shall be one-twelfth, or one twentyfourth, as applicable, of the total state and local funds described in paragraph (b) and adjusted as set forth therein. For the first 2 years of a charter school's operation, if a minimum of 75 percent of the projected enrollment is entered into the sponsor's student information system by the first day of the current month, the district school board shall may distribute funds to the a charter school for the up to 3 months of July through October based on the projected full-time equivalent student membership of the charter school as submitted in the approved application. If less than 75 percent of the projected enrollment is entered into the sponsor's student information system by the first day of the current month, the sponsor shall base payments on the actual number of student enrollment entered into the sponsor's student information system. Thereafter, the results of full-time equivalent student membership surveys shall be used in adjusting the amount of funds distributed monthly to the charter school for the remainder of the fiscal year. The payments payment shall be issued no later than 10 working days after the district school board receives a distribution of state or federal funds or the date the payment is due pursuant to this subsection. If a warrant for payment is not issued within 10 working days after receipt of funding by the district school board, the school district shall pay to the charter school, in addition to the amount of the scheduled disbursement, interest at a rate of 1 percent per month calculated on a daily basis on the unpaid balance from the expiration of the 10 working days until such time as the warrant is issued. The district school board may not delay payment to a charter school of any portion of the funds provided in paragraph (b) based on the timing of receipt of local funds by the district school board.

(g) To be eligible for public education capital outlay (PECO) funds, a charter school must be located in the State of Florida.

(18) FACILITIES.—

(a) A startup charter school shall utilize facilities which comply with the Florida Building Code pursuant to chapter 553 except for the State Requirements for Educational Facilities. Conversion charter schools shall utilize facilities that comply with the State Requirements for Educational Facilities provided that the school district and the charter school have entered into a mutual management plan for the reasonable maintenance of such facilities. The mutual management plan shall contain a provision by which the district school board agrees to maintain charter school facilities in the same manner as its other public schools within the district. Charter schools, with the exception of conversion charter schools, are not required to comply, but may choose to comply, with the State Requirements for Educational Facilities of the Florida Building Code adopted pursuant to s. 1013.37. The local governing authority shall not adopt or impose any local building requirements or site-development restrictions, such as parking and site-size criteria, that are addressed by and more stringent than those found in the State Requirements for Educational Facilities of the Florida Building Code. Beginning July 1, 2011, A local governing authority must treat charter schools equitably in comparison to similar requirements, restrictions, and site planning processes imposed upon public schools that are not charter schools. The agency having jurisdiction for inspection of a facility and issuance of a certificate of occupancy or use shall be the local municipality or, if in an unincorporated area, the county governing authority. If an official or employee of the local governing authority refuses to comply with this paragraph, the aggrieved school or entity has an immediate right to bring an action in circuit court to enforce its rights by injunction. An aggrieved party that receives injunctive relief may be awarded attorney fees and court costs.

(20) SERVICES .--

(a)1. A sponsor shall provide certain administrative and educational services to charter schools. These services shall include contract management services; full-time equivalent and data reporting services; exceptional student education administration services; services related to eligibility and reporting duties required to ensure that school lunch services under the federal lunch program, consistent with the needs of the charter school, are provided by the school district at the request of the charter school, that any funds due to the charter school under the federal lunch program be paid to the charter school as soon as the charter school begins serving food under the federal lunch program, and that the charter school is paid at the same time and in the same manner under the federal lunch program as other public schools serviced by the sponsor or the school district; test administration services, including payment of the costs of state-required or district-required student assessments; processing of teacher certificate data services; and information services, including equal access to student information systems that are used by public schools in the district in which the charter school is located. Student performance data for each student in a charter school, including, but not limited to, FCAT scores, standardized test scores, previous public school student report cards, and student performance measures, shall be provided by the sponsor to a charter school in the same manner provided to other public schools in the district.

2. A total administrative fee for the provision of such services shall be calculated based upon up to 5 percent of the available funds defined in paragraph (17)(b) for all students, except that when 75 percent or more of the students enrolled in the charter school are exceptional students as defined in s. 1003.01(3), the 5 percent of those available funds shall be calculated based on unweighted full-time equivalent students. However, a sponsor may only withhold up to a 5-percent administrative fee for enrollment for up to and including 250 students. For charter schools with a population of 251 or more students, the difference between the total administrative fee calculation and the amount of the administrative fee withheld may only be used for capital outlay purposes specified in s. $1013.62(3) \frac{s}{s}.1013.62(2)$.

3. For high-performing charter schools, as defined in *s.* 1002.331 ch. 2011 232, a sponsor may withhold a total administrative fee of up to 2 percent for enrollment up to and including 250 students per school.

4. In addition, a sponsor may withhold only up to a 5-percent administrative fee for enrollment for up to and including 500 students within a system of charter schools which meets all of the following:

a. Includes both conversion charter schools and nonconversion charter schools;

b. Has all schools located in the same county;

c. Has a total enrollment exceeding the total enrollment of at least one school district in the state;

d. Has the same governing board; and

e. Does not contract with a for-profit service provider for management of school operations.

5. The difference between the total administrative fee calculation and the amount of the administrative fee withheld pursuant to subparagraph 4. may be used for instructional and administrative purposes as well as for capital outlay purposes specified in s. $1013.62(3) \approx 1013.62(2)$.

6. For a high-performing charter school system that also meets the requirements in subparagraph 4., a sponsor may withhold a 2-percent administrative fee for enrollments up to and including 500 students per system.

7. Sponsors shall not charge charter schools any additional fees or surcharges for administrative and educational services in addition to the maximum 5-percent administrative fee withheld pursuant to this paragraph.

8. The sponsor of a virtual charter school may withhold a fee of up to 5 percent. The funds shall be used to cover the cost of services provided under subparagraph 1. and implementation of the school district's digital classrooms plan pursuant to s. 1011.62.

Section 6. Section 1001.66, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1001.66 Florida College System Performance-Based Incentive.—

(1) A Florida College System Performance-Based Incentive shall be awarded to Florida College System institutions using performancebased metrics adopted by the State Board of Education. The performance-based metrics must include retention rates; program completion and graduation rates; postgraduation employment, salaries, and continuing education for workforce education and baccalaureate programs, with wage thresholds that reflect the added value of the certificate or degree; and outcome measures appropriate for associate of arts degree recipients. The state board shall adopt benchmarks to evaluate each institution's performance on the metrics to measure the institution's achievement of institutional excellence or need for improvement and minimum requirements for eligibility to receive performance funding.

(2) Each fiscal year, the amount of funds available for allocation to the Florida College System institutions based on the performance-based funding model shall consist of the state's investment in performance funding plus institutional investments consisting of funds to be redistributed from the base funding of the Florida College System Program Fund as determined in the General Appropriations Act. The State Board of Education shall establish minimum performance funding eligibility thresholds for the state's investment and the institutional investments. An institution that fails to meet the minimum state investment performance funding eligibility threshold is ineligible for a share of the state's investment in performance funding. The institutional investment shall be restored for all institutions eligible for the state's investment under the performance-based funding model.

(3)(a) Each Florida College System institution's share of the performance funding shall be calculated based on its relative performance on the established metrics in conjunction with the institutional size and scope.

(b) A Florida College System institution that fails to meet the State Board of Education's minimum institutional investment performance funding eligibility threshold shall have a portion of its institutional investment withheld by the state board and must submit an improvement plan to the state board which specifies the activities and strategies for improving the institution's performance. The state board must review and approve the improvement plan and, if the plan is approved, must monitor the institution's progress in implementing the activities and strategies specified in the improvement plan. The institution shall submit monitoring reports to the state board by December 31 and May 31 of each year in which an improvement plan is in place. Beginning in the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the ability of an institution to submit an improvement plan to the state board is limited to 1 fiscal year.

(c) The Commissioner of Education shall withhold disbursement of the institutional investment until the monitoring report is approved by the State Board of Education. A Florida College System institution determined by the state board to be making satisfactory progress on implementing the improvement plan shall receive no more than one-half of the withheld institutional investment in January and the balance of the withheld institutional investment in June. An institution that fails to make satisfactory progress may not have its full institutional investment restored. Any institutional investment funds that are not restored shall be redistributed in accordance with the state board's performance-based metrics.

(4) Distributions of performance funding, as provided in this section, shall be made to each of the Florida College System institutions listed in the Florida Colleges category in the General Appropriations Act.

(5) By October 1 of each year, the State Board of Education shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report on the previous fiscal year's performance funding allocation, which must reflect the rankings and award distributions.

(6) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this section.

Section 7. Section 1001.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.92 State University System Performance-Based Incentive.—

(1) A State University System Performance-Based Incentive shall be awarded to state universities using performance-based metrics adopted by the Board of Governors of the State University System. The performance-based metrics must include graduation rates; retention rates; postgraduation education rates; degree production; affordability; postgraduation employment and salaries, including wage thresholds that reflect the added value of a baccalaureate degree; access; and other metrics approved by the board in a formally noticed meeting. The board shall adopt benchmarks to evaluate each state university's performance on the metrics to measure the state university's achievement of institutional excellence or need for improvement and minimum requirements for eligibility to receive performance funding.

(2) Each fiscal year, the amount of funds available for allocation to the state universities based on the performance-based *funding model* metrics shall consist of the state's *investment in* appropriation for per-

formance funding, including increases in base funding plus institutional investments consisting of funds deducted from the base funding of each state university in the State University System; in an amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. The Board of Governors shall establish minimum performance funding eligibility thresholds for the state's investment and the institutional investments. A state university that fails to meet the minimum state investment performance funding eligibility threshold is ineligible for a share of the state's investment in performance funding. The institutional investment shall be restored for each institution eligible for the state's investment under the performance-based funding model metrics.

(3)(a) A state university that fails to meet the Board of Governors' minimum *institutional investment* performance funding *eligibility* threshold shall have a portion of its institutional investment withheld by the board and must submit an improvement plan to the board that specifies the activities and strategies for improving the state university's performance. The board must review and approve the improvement plan and, if the plan is approved, must monitor the state university's progress in implementing the activities and strategies specified in the improvement plan. The state university shall submit monitoring reports to the board by December 31 and May 31 of each year in which an improvement plan is in place. The ability of a state university to submit an improvement plan to the board is limited to 1 fiscal year.

(b) The Chancellor of the State University System shall withhold disbursement of the institutional investment until the monitoring report is approved by the Board of Governors. A state university that is determined by the board to be making satisfactory progress on implementing the improvement plan shall receive no more than one-half of the withheld institutional investment in January and the balance of the withheld institutional investment in June. A state university that fails to make satisfactory progress may not have its full institutional investment restored. Any institutional investment funds that are not restored shall be redistributed in accordance with the board's performance-based metrics.

(4) Distributions of performance funding, as provided in this section, shall be made to each of the state universities listed in the Education and General Activities category in the General Appropriations Act.

(5) By October 1 of each year, the Board of Governors shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report on the previous fiscal year's performance funding allocation which must reflect the rankings and award distributions.

(6) The Board of Governors shall adopt regulations to administer this section expires July 1, 2016.

Section 8. Subsection (4) of section 1003.4282, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4282 Requirements for a standard high school diploma.--

(4) ONLINE COURSE REQUIREMENT.—At least one course within the 24 credits required under this section must be completed through online learning. A school district may not require a student to take the online course outside the school day or in addition to a student's courses for a given semester.

(a) An online course taken in grade 6, grade 7, or grade 8 fulfills *the* this requirement *in this subsection. The* This requirement is met through an online course offered by the Florida Virtual School, a virtual education provider approved by the State Board of Education, a high school, or an online dual enrollment course. A student who is enrolled in a full-time or part-time virtual instruction program under s. 1002.45 meets *the* this requirement.

(b) A district school board or a charter school governing board, as applicable, may offer students the following options to satisfy the online course requirement in this subsection: 1. Completion of a course in which a student earns a nationally recognized industry certification in information technology that is identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to s. 1008.44 or passage of the information technology certification examination without enrollment in or completion of the corresponding course or courses, as applicable.

2. Passage of an online content assessment, without enrollment in or completion of the corresponding course or courses, as applicable, by which the student demonstrates skills and competency in locating information and applying technology for instructional purposes.

For purposes of this subsection, a school district may not require a student to take the online course outside the school day or in addition to a student's courses for a given semester. This subsection requirement does not apply to a student who has an individual education plan under s. 1003.57 which indicates that an online course would be inappropriate or to an out-of-state transfer student who is enrolled in a Florida high school and has 1 academic year or less remaining in high school.

Section 9. Effective July 1, 2016, and upon the expiration of the amendment to section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, made by chapter 2015-222, Laws of Florida, paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of that section is amended, present subsections (13), (14), and (15) of that section are redesignated as subsections (14), (15), and (16), respectively, a new subsection (13) is added to that section, and present subsection (14) of that section is amended, to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

(4) COMPUTATION OF DISTRICT REQUIRED LOCAL EF-FORT.—The Legislature shall prescribe the aggregate required local effort for all school districts collectively as an item in the General Appropriations Act for each fiscal year. The amount that each district shall provide annually toward the cost of the Florida Education Finance Program for kindergarten through grade 12 programs shall be calculated as follows:

(a) Estimated taxable value calculations.—

1.a. Not later than 2 working days before prior to July 19, the Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of Education its most recent estimate of the taxable value for school purposes in each school district and the total for all school districts in the state for the current calendar year based on the latest available data obtained from the local property appraisers. The value certified shall be the taxable value for school purposes for that year, and no further adjustments shall be made, except those made pursuant to paragraphs (c) and (d), or an assessment roll change required by final judicial decisions as specified in paragraph (15)(b) (14)(b). Not later than July 19, the Commissioner of Education shall compute a millage rate, rounded to the next highest one one-thousandth of a mill, which, when applied to 96 percent of the estimated state total taxable value for school purposes, would generate the prescribed aggregate required local effort for that year for all districts. The Commissioner of Education shall certify to each district school board the millage rate, computed as prescribed in this subparagraph, as the minimum millage rate necessary to provide the district required local effort for that year.

b. The General Appropriations Act shall direct the computation of the statewide adjusted aggregate amount for required local effort for all school districts collectively from ad valorem taxes to ensure that no school district's revenue from required local effort millage will produce more than 90 percent of the district's total Florida Education Finance Program calculation as calculated and adopted by the Legislature, and the adjustment of the required local effort millage rate of each district that produces more than 90 percent of its total Florida Education Finance Program entitlement to a level that will produce only 90 percent of its total Florida Education Finance Program entitlement in the July calculation.

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2. On the same date as the certification in sub-subparagraph 1.a., the Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of Education for each district:

a. Each year for which the property appraiser has certified the taxable value pursuant to s. 193.122(2) or (3), if applicable, since the prior certification under sub-subparagraph 1.a.

b. For each year identified in sub-subparagraph a., the taxable value certified by the appraiser pursuant to s. 193.122(2) or (3), if applicable, since the prior certification under sub-subparagraph 1.a. This is the certification that reflects all final administrative actions of the value adjustment board.

(13) FEDERALLY CONNECTED STUDENT SUPPLEMENT.— The federally connected student supplement is created to provide supplemental funding for school districts to support the education of students connected with federally owned military installations, National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) real property, and Indian lands. To be eligible for this supplement, the district must be eligible for federal Impact Aid Program funds under s. 8003 of Title VIII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. The supplement shall be allocated annually to each eligible school district in the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. The supplement shall be the sum of the student allocation and an exempt property allocation.

(a) The student allocation shall be calculated based on the number of students reported for federal Impact Aid Program funds, including students with disabilities, who meet one of the following criteria:

1. The student has a parent who is on active duty in the uniformed services or is an accredited foreign government official and military officer. Students with disabilities shall also be reported separately for this category.

2. The student resides on eligible federally owned Indian land. Students with disabilities shall also be reported separately for this category.

3. The student resides with a civilian parent who lives or works on eligible federal property connected with a military installation or NASA. The number of these students shall be multiplied by a factor of 0.5.

(b) The total number of federally connected students calculated under paragraph (a) shall be multiplied by a percentage of the base student allocation as provided in the General Appropriations Act. The total of the number of students with disabilities as reported separately under subparagraphs (a)1. and (a)2. shall be multiplied by an additional percentage of the base student allocation as provided in the General Appropriations Act. The base amount and the amount for students with disabilities shall be summed to provide the student allocation.

(c) The exempt property allocation shall be equal to the tax-exempt value of federal impact aid lands reserved as military installations, real property owned by NASA, or eligible federally owned Indian lands located in the district, as of January 1 of the previous year, multiplied by the millage authorized and levied under s. 1011.71(2).

(14)(13) QUALITY ASSURANCE GUARANTEE.—The Legislature may annually in the General Appropriations Act determine a percentage increase in funds per K-12 unweighted FTE as a minimum guarantee to each school district. The guarantee shall be calculated from prior year base funding per unweighted FTE student which shall include the adjusted FTE dollars as provided in subsection (15) (14), quality guarantee funds, and actual nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. From the base funding per unweighted FTE, the increase shall be calculated for the current year. The current year funds from which the guarantee shall be determined shall include the adjusted FTE dollars as provided in subsection (15) (14) and potential nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. A comparison of current year funds per unweighted FTE to prior year funds per unweighted FTE shall be computed. For those school districts which have less than the legislatively assigned percentage increase, funds shall be provided to guarantee the assigned percentage increase in funds per unweighted FTE student. Should appropriated funds be less than the sum of this calculated amount for all districts, the commissioner shall prorate each district's allocation. This provision shall be implemented to the extent specifically funded.

Section 10. Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1013.62 Charter schools capital outlay funding.-

(1) In each year in which funds are appropriated for charter school capital outlay purposes, the Commissioner of Education shall allocate the funds among eligible charter schools *as specified in this section*.

(a) To be eligible for a funding allocation, a charter school must:

1.a. Have been in operation for 3 or more years;

b. Be governed by a governing board established in the state for 3 or more years which operates both charter schools and conversion charter schools within the state;

c. Be an expanded feeder chain of a charter school within the same school district that is currently receiving charter school capital outlay funds;

d. Have been accredited by the Commission on Schools of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools; or

e. Serve students in facilities that are provided by a business partner for a charter school-in-the-workplace pursuant to s. 1002.33(15)(b).

2. Have an annual audit that does not reveal any of the financial emergency conditions provided in s. 218.503(1) for the most recent fiscal year for which such audit results are available stability for future operation as a charter school.

3. Have satisfactory student achievement based on state accountability standards applicable to the charter school.

4. Have received final approval from its sponsor pursuant to s. 1002.33 for operation during that fiscal year.

5. Serve students in facilities that are not provided by the charter school's sponsor.

(b) The first priority for charter school capital outlay funding is to allocate to charter schools that received funding in the 2005-2006 fiscal year an allocation of the same amount per capital outlay full-time equivalent student, up to the lesser of the actual number of capital outlay full-time equivalent students in the current year, or the capital outlay full-time equivalent students in the 2005-2006 fiscal year. After calculating the first priority, the second priority is to allocate excess funds remaining in the appropriation in an amount equal to the per capital outlay full-time equivalent student amount in the first priority calculation to eligible charter schools not included in the first priority calculation and to schools in the first priority calculation with growth greater than the 2005-2006 capital outlay full-time equivalent students. After calculating the first and second priorities, excess funds remaining in the appropriation must be allocated to all eligible charter schools.

(c) A charter school's allocation may not exceed one fiftcenth of the cost per student station specified in s. 1013.64(6)(b). Before releasing capital outlay funds to a school district on behalf of the charter school, the Department of Education must ensure that the district school board and the charter school governing board enter into a written agreement that provides for the reversion of any unencumbered funds and all equipment and property purchased with public education funds to the ownership of the district school board, as provided for in subsection (3) if the school terminates operations. Any funds recovered by the state shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund.

(b)(d) A charter school is not eligible for a funding allocation if it was created by the conversion of a public school and operates in facilities provided by the charter school's sponsor for a nominal fee, or at no charge, or if it is directly or indirectly operated by the school district.

(c) It is the intent of the Legislature that the public interest be protected by prohibiting personal financial enrichment by owners, operators, managers, and other affiliated parties of charter schools. A charter school is not eligible for a funding allocation unless the chair of the governing board and the chief administrative officer of the charter school annually certify under oath that the funds will be used solely and exclusively for constructing, renovating, or improving charter school facilities that are:

1. Owned by a school district, political subdivision of the state, municipality, Florida College System institution, or state university;

2. Owned by an organization, qualified as an exempt organization under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, whose articles of incorporation specify that upon the organization's dissolution, the subject property will be transferred to a school district, political subdivision of the state, municipality, Florida College System institution, or state university; or

3. Owned by and leased, at a fair market value in the school district in which the charter school is located, from a person or entity that is not an affiliated party of the charter school. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "affiliated party of the charter school" means the applicant for the charter school pursuant to s. 1002.33; the governing board of the charter school or a member of the governing board; the charter school owner; the charter school principal; an employee of the charter school; an independent contractor of the charter school or the governing board of the charter school; a relative, as defined in s. 1002.33(24)(a)2., of a charter school governing board member, a charter school owner, a charter school principal, a charter school employee, or an independent contractor of a charter school or charter school governing board; a subsidiary corporation, a service corporation, an affiliated corporation, a parent corporation, a limited liability company, a limited partnership, a trust, a partnership, or a related party that individually or through one or more entities that share common ownership or control that directly or indirectly manages, administers, controls, or oversees the operation of the charter school; or any person or entity, individually or through one or more entities that share common ownership, that directly or indirectly manages, administers, controls, or oversees the operation of any of the foregoing.

(d) The funding allocation for eligible charter schools shall be calculated as follows:

1. Eligible charter schools shall be grouped into categories based on their student populations according to the following criteria:

a. Seventy-five percent or greater who are eligible for free or reducedprice school lunch.

b. Twenty-five percent or greater with disabilities as defined in state board rule and consistent with the requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

2. If an eligible charter school does not meet the criteria for either category under subparagraph 1., its FTE shall be provided as the base amount of funding and shall be assigned a weight of 1.0. An eligible charter school that meets the criteria under sub-subparagraph 1.a. or sub-subparagraph 1.b. shall be provided an additional 25 percent above the base funding amount, and the total FTE shall be multiplied by a weight of 1.25. An eligible charter school that meets the criteria under both sub-subparagraphs 1.a. and 1.b. shall be provided an additional 50 percent above the base funding amount, and the FTE for that school shall be multiplied by a weight of 1.5.

3. The state appropriation for charter school capital outlay shall be divided by the total weighted FTE for all eligible charter schools to determine the base charter school per weighted FTE allocation amount. The per weighted FTE allocation amount shall be multiplied by the weighted FTE to determine each charter school's capital outlay allocation.

(e) Unless otherwise provided in the General Appropriations Act, the funding allocation for each eligible charter school is determined by multiplying the school's projected student enrollment by one fifteenth of the cost per student station specified in s. 1013.64(6)(b) for an elementary, middle, or high school, as appropriate. If the funds appropriated are not sufficient, the commissioner shall prorate the available funds among eligible charter schools. However, a charter school or charter lab school may not receive state charter school capital outlay funds greater than the one fifteenth cost per student station formula if the charter school's combination of state charter school capital outlay funds, capital outlay funds calculated through the reduction in the administrative fee provided in s. 1002.33(20), and capital outlay funds allowed in s. 1002.32(9)(e) and (h) exceeds the one fifteenth cost per student station formula.

(2)(a)(f) The department shall calculate the eligible charter school funding allocations. Funds shall be allocated using distributed on the basis of the capital outlay full-time equivalent membership from by grade level, which is calculated by averaging the results of the second and third enrollment surveys and free and reduced-price school lunch data. The department shall recalculate the allocations periodically based on the receipt of revised information, on a schedule established by the Commissioner of Education.

(b) The department of Education shall distribute capital outlay funds monthly, beginning in the first quarter of the fiscal year, based on one-twelfth of the amount the department reasonably expects the charter school to receive during that fiscal year. The commissioner shall adjust subsequent distributions as necessary to reflect each charter school's *recalculated allocation* actual student enrollment as reflected in the second and third enrollment surveys. The commissioner shall establish the intervals and procedures for determining the projected and actual student enrollment of eligible charter schools.

(3)(2) A charter school's governing body may use charter school capital outlay funds for the following purposes:

(a) Purchase of real property.

(b) Construction of school facilities.

(c) Purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of permanent or relocatable school facilities.

 $\left(d\right)$ Purchase of vehicles to transport students to and from the charter school.

(e) Renovation, repair, and maintenance of school facilities that the charter school owns or is purchasing through a lease-purchase or long-term lease of 5 years or longer.

(f) Effective July 1, 2008, purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of new and replacement equipment, and enterprise resource software applications that are classified as capital assets in accordance with definitions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, have a useful life of at least 5 years, and are used to support schoolwide administration or state-mandated reporting requirements.

(g) Payment of the cost of premiums for property and casualty insurance necessary to insure the school facilities.

(h) Purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of driver's education vehicles; motor vehicles used for the maintenance or operation of plants and equipment; security vehicles; or vehicles used in storing or distributing materials and equipment.

Conversion charter schools may use capital outlay funds received through the reduction in the administrative fee provided in s. 1002.33(20) for renovation, repair, and maintenance of school facilities that are owned by the sponsor.

(4)(3) If When a charter school is nonrenewed or terminated, any unencumbered funds and all equipment and property purchased with district public funds shall revert to the ownership of the district school board, as provided for in s. 1002.33(8)(e) and (f). In the case of a charter lab school, any unencumbered funds and all equipment and property purchased with university public funds shall revert to the ownership of the state university that issued the charter. The reversion of such

equipment, property, and furnishings shall focus on recoverable assets, but not on intangible or irrecoverable costs such as rental or leasing fees, normal maintenance, and limited renovations. The reversion of all property secured with public funds is subject to the complete satisfaction of all lawful liens or encumbrances. If there are additional local issues such as the shared use of facilities or partial ownership of facilities or property, these issues shall be agreed to in the charter contract prior to the expenditure of funds.

(5)(4) The Commissioner of Education shall specify procedures for submitting and approving requests for funding under this section and procedures for documenting expenditures.

(6) (5) The annual legislative budget request of the Department of Education shall include a request for capital outlay funding for charter schools. The request shall be based on the projected number of students to be served in charter schools who meet the eligibility requirements of this section. A dedicated funding source, if identified in writing by the Commissioner of Education and submitted along with the annual charter school legislative budget request, may be considered an additional source of funding.

(6) Unless authorized otherwise by the Legislature, allocation and proration of charter school capital outlay funds shall be made to eligible charter schools by the Commissioner of Education in an amount and in a manner authorized by subsection (1).

Section 11. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) and paragraphs (b) through (e) of subsection (6) of section 1013.64, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1013.64 Funds for comprehensive educational plant needs; construction cost maximums for school district capital projects.—Allocations from the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund to the various boards for capital outlay projects shall be determined as follows:

(2)(a) The department shall establish, as a part of the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund, a separate account, in an amount determined by the Legislature, to be known as the "Special Facility Construction Account." The Special Facility Construction Account shall be used to provide necessary construction funds to school districts which have urgent construction needs but which lack sufficient resources at present, and cannot reasonably anticipate sufficient resources within the period of the next 3 years, for these purposes from currently authorized sources of capital outlay revenue. A school district requesting funding from the Special Facility Construction Account shall submit one specific construction project, not to exceed one complete educational plant, to the Special Facility Construction Committee. A No district may not shall receive funding for more than one approved project in any 3-year period or while any portion of the district's participation requirement is outstanding. The first year of the 3year period shall be the first year a district receives an appropriation. The department shall encourage a construction program that reduces the average size of schools in the district. The request must meet the following criteria to be considered by the committee:

1. The project must be deemed a critical need and must be recommended for funding by the Special Facility Construction Committee. Before Prior to developing construction plans for the proposed facility, the district school board must request a preapplication review by the Special Facility Construction Committee or a project review subcommittee convened by the chair of the committee to include two representatives of the department and two staff members from school districts not eligible to participate in the program. A school district may request a preapplication review at any time; however, if the district school board seeks inclusion in the department's next annual capital outlay legislative budget request, the preapplication review request must be made before February 1. Within 90 60 days after receiving the preapplication review request, the committee or subcommittee must meet in the school district to review the project proposal and existing facilities. To determine whether the proposed project is a critical need, the committee or subcommittee shall consider, at a minimum, the capacity of all existing facilities within the district as determined by the Florida

Inventory of School Houses; the district's pattern of student growth; the district's existing and projected capital outlay full-time equivalent student enrollment as determined by the *demographic, revenue, and education estimating conferences established in s. 216.136* department; the district's existing satisfactory student stations; the use of all existing district property and facilities; grade level configurations; and any other information that may affect the need for the proposed project.

2. The construction project must be recommended in the most recent survey or survey amendment cooperatively prepared surveys by the district and the department, and approved by the department under the rules of the State Board of Education. If a district employs a consultant in the preparation of a survey or survey amendment, the consultant may not be employed by or receive compensation from a third party that designs or constructs a project recommended by the survey.

3. The construction project must appear on the district's approved project priority list under the rules of the State Board of Education.

4. The district must have selected and had approved a site for the construction project in compliance with s. 1013.36 and the rules of the State Board of Education.

5. The district shall have developed a district school board adopted list of facilities that do not exceed the norm for net square feet occupancy requirements under the State Requirements for Educational Facilities, using all possible programmatic combinations for multiple use of space to obtain maximum daily use of all spaces within the facility under consideration.

6. Upon construction, the total cost per student station, including change orders, must not exceed the cost per student station as provided in subsection (6) except for cost overruns created by a disaster as defined in s. 252.34 or an unforeseeable circumstance beyond the district's control as determined by the Special Facility Construction Committee.

7. There shall be an agreement signed by the district school board stating that it will advertise for bids within 30 days of receipt of its encumbrance authorization from the department.

8. For construction projects for which Special Facilities Construction Account funding is sought before the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the district shall, at the time of the request and for a continuing period necessary to meet the district's participation requirement of 3 years, levy the maximum millage against its their nonexempt assessed property value as allowed in s. 1011.71(2) or shall raise an equivalent amount of revenue from the school capital outlay surtax authorized under s. 212.055(6). Beginning with construction projects for which Special Facilities Construction Account funding is sought in the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the district shall, for a minimum of 3 years before submitting the request and for a continuing period necessary to meet its participation requirement, levy the maximum millage against the district's nonexempt assessed property value as authorized under s. 1011.71(2) or shall raise an equivalent amount of revenue from the school capital outlay surtax authorized under s. 212.055(6). Any district with a new or active project, funded under the provisions of this subsection, shall be required to budget no more than the value of 1 mill 1.5 mills per year to the project until the district's to satisfy the annual participation requirement relating to the local discretionary capital improvement millage or the equivalent amount of revenue from the school capital outlay surtax is satisfied in the Special Facility Construction Account.

9. If a contract has not been signed 90 days after the advertising of bids, the funding for the specific project shall revert to the Special Facility New Construction Account to be reallocated to other projects on the list. However, an additional 90 days may be granted by the commissioner.

10. The department shall certify the inability of the district to fund the survey-recommended project over a continuous 3-year period using projected capital outlay revenue derived from s. 9(d), Art. XII of the State Constitution, as amended, paragraph (3)(a) of this section, and s. 1011.71(2).

11. The district shall have on file with the department an adopted resolution acknowledging its $\frac{3 \text{ year}}{2}$ commitment to satisfy its participation requirement, which is equivalent to of all unencumbered and future revenue acquired from s. 9(d), Art. XII of the State Constitution, as amended, paragraph (3)(a) of this section, and s. 1011.71(2), in the year of the initial appropriation and for the 2 years immediately following the initial appropriation.

12. Final phase III plans must be certified by the *district school* board as complete and in compliance with the building and life safety codes *before June 1 of the year the application is made* prior to August 1.

(b) The Special Facility Construction Committee shall be composed of the following: two representatives of the Department of Education, a representative from the Governor's office, a representative selected annually by the district school boards, and a representative selected annually by the superintendents. A representative of the department shall chair the committee.

(6)

(b)1. A district school board *may* must not use funds from the following sources: Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund; School District and Community College District Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund; Classrooms First Program funds provided in s. 1013.68; nonvoted 1.5-mill levy of ad valorem property taxes provided in s. 1011.71(2); Classrooms for Kids Program funds provided in s. 1013.735; District Effort Recognition Program funds provided in s. 1013.736; or High Growth District Capital Outlay Assistance Grant Program funds provided in s. 1013.738 for any new construction of educational plant space with a total cost per student station, including change orders, that equals more than:

- a. \$17,952 for an elementary school,
- b. \$19,386 for a middle school, or
- c. \$25,181 for a high school,

(January 2006) as adjusted annually to reflect increases or decreases in the Consumer Price Index.

2. School districts shall maintain accurate documentation related to the costs of all new construction of educational plant space reported to the Department of Education pursuant to paragraph (d). The Auditor General shall review the documentation maintained by the school districts and verify compliance with the limits under this paragraph during its scheduled operational audits of the school district. The department shall make the final determination on district compliance based on the recommendation of the Auditor General.

3. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability (OPPAGA), in consultation with the department, shall:

a. Conduct a study of the cost per student station amounts using the most recent available information on construction costs. In this study, the costs per student station should represent the costs of classroom construction and administrative offices as well as the supplemental costs of core facilities, including required media centers, gymnasiums, music rooms, cafeterias and their associated kitchens and food service areas, vocational areas, and other defined specialty areas, including exceptional student education areas. The study must take into account appropriate cost-effectiveness factors in school construction and should include input from industry experts. OPPAGA must provide the results of the study and recommendations on the cost per student station to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than January 31, 2017.

b. Conduct a study of the State Requirements for Education Facilities (SREF)to identify current requirements that can be eliminated or modified in order to decrease the cost of construction of educational facilities while ensuring student safety. OPPAGA must provide the results of the study, and an overall recommendation as to whether SREF should be retained, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than January 31, 2017. 4. Effective July 1, 2017, in addition to the funding sources listed in subparagraph 1., a district school board may not use funds from any sources for new construction of educational plant space with a total cost per student station, including change orders, which equals more than the current adjusted amounts provided in sub-subparagraphs 1.a.-c. which shall subsequently be adjusted annually to reflect increases or decreases in the Consumer Price Index.

5.2. A district school board must not use funds from the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund or the School District and Community College District Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund for any new construction of an ancillary plant that exceeds 70 percent of the average cost per square foot of new construction for all schools.

(c) Except as otherwise provided, new construction initiated by a district school board on or after July 1, 2017, may after June 30, 1997, must not exceed the cost per student station as provided in paragraph (b). A school district that exceeds the cost per student station provided in paragraph (b), as determined by the Auditor General, shall be subject to sanctions. If the Auditor General determines that the cost per student station overage is de minimus or due to extraordinary circumstances outside the control of the district, the sanctions shall not apply. The sanctions are as follows:

1. The school district shall be ineligible for allocations from the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund for the next 3 years in which the school district would have received allocations had the violation not occurred.

2. The school district shall be subject to the supervision of a district capital outlay oversight committee. The oversight committee is authorized to approve all capital outlay expenditures of the school district, including new construction, renovations, and remodeling, for 3 fiscal years following the violation.

a. Each oversight committee shall be composed of the following:

(1) One appointee of the Commissioner of Education who has significant financial management, school facilities construction, or related experience.

(II) One appointee of the office of the state attorney with jurisdiction over the district.

(III) One appointee of the Chief Financial Officer who is a licensed certified public accountant.

b. An appointee to the oversight committee may not be employed by the school district; be a relative, as defined in s. 1002.33(24)(a)2., of any school district employee; or be an elected official. Each appointee must sign an affidavit attesting to these conditions and affirming that no conflict of interest exists in his or her oversight role.

(d) The department shall:

1. Compute for each calendar year the statewide average construction costs for facilities serving each instructional level, for relocatable educational facilities, for administrative facilities, and for other ancillary and auxiliary facilities. The department shall compute the statewide average costs per student station for each instructional level.

2. Annually review the actual completed construction costs of educational facilities in each school district. For any school district in which the total actual cost per student station, including change orders, exceeds the statewide limits established in paragraph (b), the school district shall report to the department the actual cost per student station and the reason for the school district's inability to adhere to the limits established in paragraph (b). The department shall collect all such reports and shall provide these reports to the Auditor General for verification purposes report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 31 of each year a summary of each school district's spending in excess of the cost per student station provided in paragraph (b) as reported by the school districts. Cost per student station includes contract costs, legal and administrative costs, fees of architects and engineers, furniture and equipment, and site improvement costs. Cost per student station does not include the cost of purchasing or leasing the site for the construction or the cost of related offsite improvements.

(e) The restrictions of this subsection on the cost per student station of new construction do not apply to a project funded entirely from proecceds received by districts through provisions of ss. 212.055 and 1011.73 and s. 9, Art. VII of the State Constitution, if the school board approves the project by majority vote.

Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1002.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.37 The Florida Virtual School.-

(3) Funding for the Florida Virtual School shall be provided as follows:

(a)1. The calculation of "full-time equivalent student" shall be as prescribed in s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(V) and is subject to s. 1011.61(4) For a student in grades 9 through 12, a "full time equivalent student" is one student who has successfully completed six full-credit courses that count toward the minimum number of credits required for high school graduation. A student who completes fewer than six full-credit courses is a fraction of a full time equivalent student. Half credit course completions shall be included in determining a full-time equivalent student.

2. For a student in kindergarten through grade 8, a "full time equivalent student" is one student who has successfully completed six courses or the prescribed level of content that counts toward promotion to the next grade. A student who completes fewer than six courses or the prescribed level of content shall be a fraction of a full time equivalent student.

2.3. For a student in a home education program, funding shall be provided in accordance with this subsection upon course completion if the parent verifies, upon enrollment for each course, that the student is registered with the school district as a home education student pursuant to s. 1002.41(1)(a). Beginning in the 2016 2017 fiscal year, the reported full time equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end of course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall be adjusted if the student does not pass the end of course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for home education program students who choose not to take an end of course assessment or for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.

For purposes of this paragraph, the calculation of "full-time equivalent student" shall be as prescribed in s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(V) and is subject to the requirements in s. 1011.61(4).

Section 13. Subsection (4) is added to section 1002.391, Florida Statutes, to read:

1002.391 Auditory-oral education programs.-

(4) Beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, a school district shall add four special consideration points to the calculation of a matrix of services for a student who is deaf and enrolled in an auditory-oral education program.

Section 14. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (1), paragraph (e) of subsection (7), and paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (8) of section 1002.45, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.45 Virtual instruction programs.--

(1) PROGRAM.-

(c) To provide students with the option of participating in virtual instruction programs as required by paragraph (b), a school district may:

1. Contract with the Florida Virtual School or establish a franchise of the Florida Virtual School for the provision of a program under paragraph (b). Using this option is subject to the requirements of this section and s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(III) and (IV) and (4). A district may report full-time equivalent student membership for credit earned by a student who is enrolled in a virtual education course provided by the district which was completed after the end of the regular school year if the FTE is reported no later than the deadline for amending the final student membership report for that year.

2. Contract with an approved provider under subsection (2) for the provision of a full-time or part-time program under paragraph (b).

3. Enter into an agreement with other school districts to allow the participation of its students in an approved virtual instruction program provided by the other school district. The agreement must indicate a process for the transfer of funds required by paragraph (7)(e) (7)(f).

4. Establish school district operated part-time or full-time kindergarten through grade 12 virtual instruction programs under paragraph (b) for students enrolled in the school district. A full-time program shall operate under its own Master School Identification Number.

5. Enter into an agreement with a virtual charter school authorized by the school district under s. 1002.33.

Contracts under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. may include multidistrict contractual arrangements that may be executed by a regional consortium for its member districts. A multidistrict contractual arrangement or an agreement under subparagraph 3. is not subject to s. 1001.42(4)(d) and does not require the participating school districts to be contiguous. These arrangements may be used to fulfill the requirements of paragraph (b).

(d) A virtual charter school may provide full-time virtual instruction for students in kindergarten through grade 12 if the virtual charter school has a charter approved pursuant to s. 1002.33 authorizing fulltime virtual instruction. A virtual charter school may:

1. Contract with the Florida Virtual School.

2. Contract with an approved provider under subsection (2).

3. Enter into an agreement with a school district to allow the participation of the virtual charter school's students in the school district's virtual instruction program. The agreement must indicate a process for reporting of student enrollment and the transfer of funds required by paragraph (7)(e) (7)(f).

(7) VIRTUAL INSTRUCTION PROGRAM AND VIRTUAL CHARTER SCHOOL FUNDING.—

(e) Beginning in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the reported full-time equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end of course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall be adjusted if the student does not pass the end-of-course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.

(8) ASSESSMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.--

(c) An approved provider that receives a school grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34 or a school improvement rating of "Unsatisfactory" "Declining" under s. 1008.341 must file a school improvement plan with the department for consultation to determine the causes for low performance and to develop a plan for correction and improvement.

(d) An approved provider's contract must be terminated if the provider receives a school grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34 or a school improvement rating of "Unsatisfactory" "Declining" under s. 1008.341 for 2 years during any consecutive 4-year period or has violated any qualification requirement pursuant to subsection (2). A provider that has a contract terminated under this paragraph may not be an approved provider for a period of at least 1 year after the date upon which the

contract was terminated and until the department determines that the provider is in compliance with subsection (2) and has corrected each cause of the provider's low performance.

Section 15. Section 1003.3101, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1003.3101 Additional educational choice options.—Each school district board shall establish a transfer process for a parent to request his or her child be transferred to another classroom teacher. This section does not give a parent the right to choose a specific classroom teacher. A school must approve or deny the transfer within 2 weeks after receiving a request. If a request for transfer is denied, the school must notify the parent and specify the reasons for the denial. An explanation of the transfer process must be made available in the student handbook or a similar publication.

Section 16. Subsection (3) of section 1003.4295, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4295 Acceleration options.-

(3) The Credit Acceleration Program (CAP) is created for the purpose of allowing a student to earn high school credit in courses required for high school graduation through passage of an end-of-course assessment Algebra I, Algebra II, geometry, United States history, or biology if the student passes the statewide, standardized assessment administered under s. 1008.22, an Advanced Placement Examination, or a College Level Examination Program (CLEP). Notwithstanding s. 1003.436, a school district shall award course credit to a student who is not enrolled in the course, or who has not completed the course, if the student attains a passing score on the corresponding end-of-course assessment, Advanced Placement Examination, or CLEP statewide, standardized assessment. The school district shall permit a public school or home education student who is not enrolled in the course, or who has not completed the course, to take the assessment or examination during the regular administration of the assessment or examination.

Section 17. Effective June 29, 2016, section 1004.935, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.935 Adults with Disabilities Workforce Education $\frac{\text{Pilot}}{\text{Program.}-}$

(1) The Adults with Disabilities Workforce Education Pilot Program is established in the Department of Education through June 30, 2016, in Hardee, DeSoto, Manatee, and Sarasota Counties to provide the option of receiving a scholarship for instruction at private schools for up to 30 students who:

- (a) Have a disability;
- (b) Are 22 years of age;

(c) Are receiving instruction from an instructor in a private school to meet the high school graduation requirements in s. 1002.3105(5) or s. 1003.4282;

(d) Do not have a standard high school diploma or a special high school diploma; and

(e) Receive "supported employment services," which means employment that is located or provided in an integrated work setting with earnings paid on a commensurate wage basis and for which continued support is needed for job maintenance.

As used in this section, the term "student with a disability" includes a student who is documented as having an intellectual disability; a speech impairment; a language impairment; a hearing impairment, including deafness; a visual impairment, including blindness; a dual sensory impairment; an orthopedic impairment; another health impairment; an emotional or behavioral disability; a specific learning disability, including, but not limited to, dyslexia, dyscalculia, or developmental aphasia; a traumatic brain injury; a developmental delay; or autism spectrum disorder.

(2) A student participating in the pilot program may continue to participate in the program until the student graduates from high school or reaches the age of 40 years, whichever occurs first.

(3) Supported employment services may be provided at more than one site.

(4) The provider of supported employment services must be a nonprofit corporation under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code which serves Hardee County, DeSoto County, Manatee County, or Sarasota County and must contract with a private school in this state which meets the requirements in subsection (5).

(5) A private school that participates in the pilot program may be sectarian or nonsectarian and must:

(a) Be academically accountable for meeting the educational needs of the student by annually providing to the provider of supported employment services a written explanation of the student's progress.

(b) Comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 2000d.

(c) Meet state and local health and safety laws and codes.

(d) Provide to the provider of supported employment services all documentation required for a student's participation, including the private school's and student's fee schedules, at least 30 days before any quarterly scholarship payment is made for the student. A student is not eligible to receive a quarterly scholarship payment if the private school fails to meet this deadline.

The inability of a private school to meet the requirements of this subsection constitutes a basis for the ineligibility of the private school to participate in the pilot program.

(6)(a) If the student chooses to participate in the pilot-program and is accepted by the provider of supported employment services, the student must notify the Department of Education of his or her acceptance into the program 60 days before the first scholarship payment and before participating in the pilot program in order to be eligible for the scholarship.

(b) Upon receipt of a scholarship warrant, the student or parent to whom the warrant is made must restrictively endorse the warrant to the provider of supported employment services for deposit into the account of the provider. The student or parent may not designate any entity or individual associated with the participating provider of supported employment services as the student's or parent's attorney in fact to endorse a scholarship warrant. A participant who fails to comply with this paragraph forfeits the scholarship.

(7) Funds for the scholarship shall be provided from the appropriation from the school district's Workforce Development Fund in the General Appropriations Act for students who reside in the Hardee County School District, the DeSoto County School District, the Manatee County School District, or the Sarasota County School District. During the pilot program, The scholarship amount granted for an eligible student with a disability shall be equal to the cost per unit of a full-time equivalent adult general education student, multiplied by the adult general education funding factor, and multiplied by the district cost differential pursuant to the formula required by s. 1011.80(6)(a) for the district in which the student resides.

(8) Upon notification by the Department of Education that it has received the required documentation, the Chief Financial Officer shall make scholarship payments in four equal amounts no later than September 1, November 1, February 1, and April 1 of each academic year in which the scholarship is in force. The initial payment shall be made after the Department of Education verifies that the student was accepted into the pilot program, and subsequent payments shall be made upon verification of continued participation in the pilot program. Payment must be by individual warrant made payable to the student or parent and mailed by the Department of Education to the provider of supported employment services, and the student or parent shall re-

strictively endorse the warrant to the provider of supported employment services for deposit into the account of that provider.

(9) Subsequent to each scholarship payment, the Department of Education shall request from the Department of Financial Services a sample of endorsed warrants to review and confirm compliance with endorsement requirements.

Section 18. Subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 1006.15, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:

1006.15 Student standards for participation in interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular student activities; regulation.—

(3)(a) As used in this section and s. 1006.20, the term "eligible to participate" includes, but is not limited to, a student participating in tryouts, off-season conditioning, summer workouts, preseason conditioning, in-season practice, or contests. The term does not mean that a student must be placed on any specific team for interscholastic or intrascholastic extracurricular activities. To be eligible to participate in interscholastic extracurricular student activities, a student must:

1. Maintain a grade point average of 2.0 or above on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the previous semester or a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or above on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by s. 1002.3105(5) or s. 1003.4282.

2. Execute and fulfill the requirements of an academic performance contract between the student, the district school board, the appropriate governing association, and the student's parents, if the student's cumulative grade point average falls below 2.0, or its equivalent, on a 4.0 scale in the courses required by s. 1002.3105(5) or s. 1003.4282. At a minimum, the contract must require that the student attend summer school, or its graded equivalent, between grades 9 and 10 or grades 10 and 11, as necessary.

3. Have a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or above on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by s. 1002.3105(5) or s. 1003.4282 during his or her junior or senior year.

4. Maintain satisfactory conduct, including adherence to appropriate dress and other codes of student conduct policies described in s. 1006.07(2). If a student is convicted of, or is found to have committed, a felony or a delinquent act that would have been a felony if committed by an adult, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld, the student's participation in interscholastic extracurricular activities is contingent upon established and published district school board policy.

(b) Any student who is exempt from attending a full school day based on rules adopted by the district school board for double session schools or programs, experimental schools, or schools operating under emergency conditions must maintain the grade point average required by this section and pass each class for which he or she is enrolled.

(c) An individual home education student is eligible to participate at the public school to which the student would be assigned according to district school board attendance area policies or which the student could choose to attend pursuant to district or interdistrict controlled open enrollment provisions, or may develop an agreement to participate at a private school, in the interscholastic extracurricular activities of that school, provided the following conditions are met:

1. The home education student must meet the requirements of the home education program pursuant to s. 1002.41.

2. During the period of participation at a school, the home education student must demonstrate educational progress as required in paragraph (b) in all subjects taken in the home education program by a method of evaluation agreed upon by the parent and the school principal which may include: review of the student's work by a certified teacher chosen by the parent; grades earned through correspondence; grades earned in courses taken at a Florida College System institution, university, or trade school; standardized test scores above the 35th percentile; or any other method designated in s. 1002.41. 3. The home education student must meet the same residency requirements as other students in the school at which he or she participates.

4. The home education student must meet the same standards of acceptance, behavior, and performance as required of other students in extracurricular activities.

5. The student must register with the school his or her intent to participate in interscholastic extracurricular activities as a representative of the school before the beginning date of the season for the activity in which he or she wishes to participate. A home education student must be able to participate in curricular activities if that is a requirement for an extracurricular activity.

6. A student who transfers from a home education program to a public school before or during the first grading period of the school year is academically eligible to participate in interscholastic extracurricular activities during the first grading period provided the student has a successful evaluation from the previous school year, pursuant to sub-paragraph 2.

7. Any public school or private school student who has been unable to maintain academic eligibility for participation in interscholastic extracurricular activities is ineligible to participate in such activities as a home education student until the student has successfully completed one grading period in home education pursuant to subparagraph 2. to become eligible to participate as a home education student.

(d) An individual charter school student pursuant to s. 1002.33 is eligible to participate at the public school to which the student would be assigned according to district school board attendance area policies or which the student could choose to attend, pursuant to district or interdistrict controlled open enrollment provisions, in any interscholastic extracurricular activity of that school, unless such activity is provided by the student's charter school, if the following conditions are met:

1. The charter school student must meet the requirements of the charter school education program as determined by the charter school governing board.

2. During the period of participation at a school, the charter school student must demonstrate educational progress as required in paragraph (b).

3. The charter school student must meet the same residency requirements as other students in the school at which he or she participates.

4. The charter school student must meet the same standards of acceptance, behavior, and performance that are required of other students in extracurricular activities.

5. The charter school student must register with the school his or her intent to participate in interscholastic extracurricular activities as a representative of the school before the beginning date of the season for the activity in which he or she wishes to participate. A charter school student must be able to participate in curricular activities if that is a requirement for an extracurricular activity.

6. A student who transfers from a charter school program to a traditional public school before or during the first grading period of the school year is academically eligible to participate in interscholastic extracurricular activities during the first grading period if the student has a successful evaluation from the previous school year, pursuant to subparagraph 2.

7. Any public school or private school student who has been unable to maintain academic eligibility for participation in interscholastic extracurricular activities is ineligible to participate in such activities as a charter school student until the student has successfully completed one grading period in a charter school pursuant to subparagraph 2. to become eligible to participate as a charter school student. (e) A student of the Florida Virtual School full-time program may participate in any interscholastic extracurricular activity at the public school to which the student would be assigned according to district school board attendance area policies or which the student could choose to attend, pursuant to district or interdistrict controlled open enrollment policies, if the student:

1. During the period of participation in the interscholastic extracurricular activity, meets the requirements in paragraph (a).

2. Meets any additional requirements as determined by the board of trustees of the Florida Virtual School.

3. Meets the same residency requirements as other students in the school at which he or she participates.

4. Meets the same standards of acceptance, behavior, and performance that are required of other students in extracurricular activities.

5. Registers his or her intent to participate in interscholastic extracurricular activities with the school before the beginning date of the season for the activity in which he or she wishes to participate. A Florida Virtual School student must be able to participate in curricular activities if that is a requirement for an extracurricular activity.

(f) A student who transfers from the Florida Virtual School full-time program to a traditional public school before or during the first grading period of the school year is academically eligible to participate in interscholastic extracurricular activities during the first grading period if the student has a successful evaluation from the previous school year pursuant to paragraph (a).

(g) A public school or private school student who has been unable to maintain academic eligibility for participation in interscholastic extracurricular activities is ineligible to participate in such activities as a Florida Virtual School student until the student successfully completes one grading period in the Florida Virtual School pursuant to paragraph (a).

(h)1. A school district or charter school may not delay eligibility or otherwise prevent a student participating in controlled open enrollment, or a choice program, from being immediately eligible to participate in interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular activities.

2. A student may not participate in a sport if the student participated in that same sport at another school during that school year, unless the student meets one of the following criteria:

a. Dependent children of active duty military personnel whose move resulted from military orders.

b. Children who have been relocated due to a foster care placement in a different school zone.

c. Children who move due to a court ordered change in custody due to separation or divorce, or the serious illness or death of a custodial parent.

d. Authorized for good cause in district or charter school policy.

(8)(a) The Florida High School Athletic Association (FHSAA), in cooperation with each district school board, shall facilitate a program in which a middle school or high school student who attends a private school shall be eligible to participate in an interscholastic or intrascholastic sport at a public high school, a public middle school, or a 6-12 public school that is zoned for the physical address at which the student resides if:

1. The private school in which the student is enrolled is not a member of the FHSAA and does not offer an interscholastic or intrascholastic athletic program.

2. The private school student meets the guidelines for the conduct of the program established by the FHSAA's board of directors and the district school board. At a minimum, such guidelines shall provide: a. A deadline for each sport by which the private school student's parents must register with the public school in writing their intent for their child to participate at that school in the sport.

b. Requirements for a private school student to participate, including, but not limited to, meeting the same standards of eligibility, acceptance, behavior, educational progress, and performance which apply to other students participating in interscholastic or intrascholastic sports at a public school or FHSAA member private school.

(9)(a) A student who transfers to a school during the school year may seek to immediately join an existing team if the roster for the specific interscholastic or intrascholastic extracurricular activity has not reached the activity's identified maximum size and if the coach for the activity determines that the student has the requisite skill and ability to participate. The FHSAA and school district or charter school may not declare such a student ineligible because the student did not have the opportunity to comply with qualifying requirements.

(b) A student may not participate in a sport if the student participated in that same sport at another school during that school year, unless the student meets one of the following criteria:

1. Dependent children of active duty military personnel whose move resulted from military orders.

2. Children who have been relocated due to a foster care placement in a different school zone.

3. Children who move due to a court ordered change in custody due to separation or divorce, or the serious illness or death of a custodial parent.

4. Authorized for good cause in district or charter school policy.

Section 19. Section 1006.195, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1006.195 District school board, charter school authority and responsibility to establish student eligibility regarding participation in interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular activities.—Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in ss. 1006.15, 1006.18, and 1006.20, regarding student eligibility to participate in interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular activities:

(1)(a) A district school board must establish, through its code of student conduct, student eligibility standards and related student disciplinary actions regarding student participation in interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular activities. The code of student conduct must provide that:

1. A student not currently suspended from interscholastic or intrascholastic extracurricular activities, or suspended or expelled from school, pursuant to a district school board's suspension or expulsion powers provided in law, including ss. 1006.07, 1006.08, and 1006.09, is eligible to participate in interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular activities.

2. A student may not participate in a sport if the student participated in that same sport at another school during that school year, unless the student meets the criteria in s. 1006.15(3)(h).

3. A student's eligibility to participate in any interscholastic or intrascholastic extracurricular activity may not be affected by any alleged recruiting violation until final disposition of the allegation pursuant to s. 1006.20(2)(b).

(b) Students who participate in interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular activities for, but are not enrolled in, a public school pursuant to s. 1006.15(3)(c)-(e) and (8), are subject to the district school board's code of student conduct for the limited purpose of establishing and maintaining the student's eligibility to participate at the school.

(c) The provisions of this subsection apply to interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular activities conducted by charter schools and private schools, as applicable, except that the charter school governing board, or equivalent private school authority, is responsible for the authority and responsibility otherwise provided to district school boards.

(2)(a) The Florida High School Athletic Association (FHSAA) continues to retain jurisdiction over the following provisions in s. 1006.20, which may not be implemented in a manner contrary to this section: membership in the FHSAA; recruiting prohibitions and violations; student medical evaluations; investigations; and sanctions for coaches; school eligibility and forfeiture of contests; student concussions or head injuries; the sports medical advisory committee; and the general operational provisions of the FHSAA.

(b) The FHSAA must adopt, and prominently publish, the text of this section on its website and in its bylaws, rules, procedures, training and education materials, and all other governing authority documents by August 1, 2016.

Section 20. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (g) of subsection (2) of section 1006.20, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1006.20 Athletics in public K-12 schools.-

(1) GOVERNING NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.-The Florida High School Athletic Association (FHSAA) is designated as the governing nonprofit organization of athletics in Florida public schools. If the FHSAA fails to meet the provisions of this section, the commissioner shall designate a nonprofit organization to govern athletics with the approval of the State Board of Education. The FHSAA is not a state agency as defined in s. 120.52. The FHSAA shall be subject to the provisions of s. 1006.19. A private school that wishes to engage in high school athletic competition with a public high school may become a member of the FHSAA. Any high school in the state, including charter schools, virtual schools, and home education cooperatives, may become a member of the FHSAA and participate in the activities of the FHSAA. However, membership in the FHSAA is not mandatory for any school. The FHSAA must allow a private school the option of maintaining full membership in the association or joining by sport and may not discourage a private school from simultaneously maintaining membership in another athletic association. The FHSAA may allow a public school the option to apply for consideration to join another athletic association. The FHSAA may not deny or discourage interscholastic competition between its member schools and non-FHSAA member Florida schools, including members of another athletic governing organization, and may not take any retributory or discriminatory action against any of its member schools that participate in interscholastic competition with non-FHSAA member Florida schools. The FHSAA may not unreasonably withhold its approval of an application to become an affiliate member of the National Federation of State High School Associations submitted by any other organization that governs interscholastic athletic competition in this state. The bylaws of the FHSAA are the rules by which high school athletic programs in its member schools, and the students who participate in them, are governed, unless otherwise specifically provided by statute. For the purposes of this section, "high school" includes grades 6 through 12.

(2) ADOPTION OF BYLAWS, POLICIES, OR GUIDELINES.-

(a) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that, unless specifically provided by statute, establish eligibility requirements for all students who participate in high school athletic competition in its member schools. The bylaws governing residence and transfer shall allow the student to be immediately eligible in the school in which he or she first enrolls each school year or the school in which the student makes himself or herself a candidate for an athletic team by engaging in a practice prior to enrolling in the school. The bylaws shall also allow the student to be immediately eligible in the school to which the student has transferred during the school year if the transfer is made by a deadline established by the FHSAA, which may not be prior to the date authorized for the beginning of practice for the sport. These transfers shall be allowed pursuant to the district school board policies in the case of transfer to a public school or pursuant to the private school policies in the case of transfer to a private school. The student shall be eligible in that school so long as he or she remains enrolled in that school. Subsequent eligibility shall be determined and enforced through the FHSAA's bylaws.

Requirements governing eligibility and transfer between member schools shall be applied similarly to public school students and private school students.

(b) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that specifically prohibit the recruiting of students for athletic purposes. The bylaws shall prescribe penalties and an appeals process for athletic recruiting violations.

1. If it is determined that a school has recruited a student in violation of FHSAA bylaws, the FHSAA may require the school to participate in a higher classification for the sport in which the recruited student competes for a minimum of one classification cycle, in addition to *the penalties in subparagraphs 2. and 3., and* any other appropriate fine or and sanction imposed on the school, its coaches, or adult representatives who violate recruiting rules.

2. Any recruitment by a school district employee or contractor in violation of FHSAA bylaws results in escalating punishments as follows:

a. For a first offense, a \$5,000 forfeiture of pay for the school district employee or contractor who committed the violation.

b. For a second offense, suspension without pay for 12 months from coaching, directing, or advertising an extracurricular activity and a \$5,000 forfeiture of pay for the school district employee or contractor who committed the violation.

c. For a third offense, a \$5,000 forfeiture of pay for the school district employee or contractor who committed the violation. If the individual who committed the violation holds an educator certificate, the FHSAA shall also refer the violation to the department for review pursuant to s. 1012.796 to determine whether probable cause exists, and, if there is a finding of probable cause, the commissioner shall file a formal complaint against the individual. If the complaint is upheld, the individual's educator certificate shall be revoked for 3 years, in addition to any penalties available under s. 1012.796. Additionally, the department shall revoke any adjunct teaching certificates issued pursuant to s. 1012.57 and all permissions under ss. 1012.39 and 1012.43, and the educator is ineligible for such certificates or permissions for a period of time equal to the period of revocation of his or her state-issued certificate.

3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a school, team, or activity shall forfeit all competitions, including honors resulting from such competitions, in which a student who participated in any fashion was recruited in a manner prohibited pursuant to state law or the FHSAA bylaws.

4. A student may not be declared ineligible based on violation of recruiting rules unless the student or parent has falsified any enrollment or eligibility document or accepted any benefit or any promise of benefit if such benefit is not generally available to the school's students or family members or is based in any way on athletic interest, potential, or performance.

5. A student's eligibility to participate in any interscholastic or intrascholastic extracurricular activity, as determined by a district school board pursuant to s. 1006.195(1)(a)3., may not be affected by any alleged recruiting violation until final disposition of the allegation.

(c) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that require all students participating in interscholastic athletic competition or who are candidates for an interscholastic athletic team to satisfactorily pass a medical evaluation each year prior to participating in interscholastic athletic competition or engaging in any practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic team. Such medical evaluation may be administered only by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or s. 464.012, and in good standing with the practitioner's regulatory board. The bylaws shall establish requirements for eliciting a student's medical history and performing the medical evaluation required under this paragraph, which shall include a physical assessment of the student's physical capabilities to participate in interscholastic athletic competition as contained in a uniform preparticipation physical evaluation and history form. The evaluation form shall incorporate the recommendations of the American Heart Association for participation

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cardiovascular screening and shall provide a place for the signature of the practitioner performing the evaluation with an attestation that each examination procedure listed on the form was performed by the practitioner or by someone under the direct supervision of the practitioner. The form shall also contain a place for the practitioner to indicate if a referral to another practitioner was made in lieu of completion of a certain examination procedure. The form shall provide a place for the practitioner to whom the student was referred to complete the remaining sections and attest to that portion of the examination. The preparticipation physical evaluation form shall advise students to complete a cardiovascular assessment and shall include information concerning alternative cardiovascular evaluation and diagnostic tests. Results of such medical evaluation must be provided to the school. A student is not No student shall be eligible to participate, as provided in s. 1006.15(3), in any interscholastic athletic competition or engage in any practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic team until the results of the medical evaluation have been received and approved by the school.

(g) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws establishing the process and standards by which FHSAA determinations of eligibility are made. Such bylaws shall provide that:

1. Ineligibility must be established by a preponderance of the clear and convincing evidence;

2. Student athletes, parents, and schools must have notice of the initiation of any investigation or other inquiry into eligibility and may present, to the investigator and to the individual making the eligibility determination, any information or evidence that is credible, persuasive, and of a kind reasonably prudent persons rely upon in the conduct of serious affairs;

3. An investigator may not determine matters of eligibility but must submit information and evidence to the executive director or a person designated by the executive director or by the board of directors for an unbiased and objective determination of eligibility; and

4. A determination of ineligibility must be made in writing, setting forth the findings of fact and specific violation upon which the decision is based.

Section 21. Section 1009.893, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.893 Benacquisto Scholarship Florida National Merit Scholar Incentive Program.—

(1) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Department" means the Department of Education.

(b) "Scholarship Incentive program" means the Benacquisto Scholarship Florida National Merit Scholar Incentive Program.

(2) The *Benacquisto Scholarship* Florida National Merit Scholar Incentive Program is created to reward any Florida high school graduate who receives recognition as a National Merit Scholar or National Achievement Scholar and who initially enrolls in the 2014-2015 academic year or, later, in a baccalaureate degree program at an eligible Florida public or independent postsecondary educational institution.

(3) The department shall administer the *scholarship* incentive program according to rules and procedures established by the State Board of Education. The department shall advertise the availability of the *scholarship* incentive program and notify students, teachers, parents, certified school counselors, and principals or other relevant school administrators of the criteria.

(4) In order to be eligible for an award under the *scholarship* incentive program, a student must:

(a) Be a state resident as determined in s. 1009.40 and rules of the State Board of Education;

(b) Earn a standard Florida high school diploma or its equivalent pursuant to s. 1002.3105, s. 1003.4281, s. 1003.4282, or s. 1003.435 unless:

1. The student completes a home education program according to s. 1002.41; or

2. The student earns a high school diploma from a non-Florida school while living with a parent who is on military or public service assignment out of this state;

(c) Be accepted by and enroll in a Florida public or independent postsecondary educational institution that is regionally accredited; and

(d) Be enrolled full-time in a baccalaureate degree program at an eligible regionally accredited Florida public or independent postsecondary educational institution during the fall academic term following high school graduation.

(5)(a) An eligible student who is a National Merit Scholar or National Achievement Scholar and who attends a Florida public postsecondary educational institution shall receive *a scholarship* an incentive award equal to the institutional cost of attendance minus the sum of the student's Florida Bright Futures Scholarship and National Merit Scholarship or National Achievement Scholarship.

(b) An eligible student who is a National Merit Scholar or National Achievement Scholar and who attends a Florida independent postsecondary educational institution shall receive *a scholarship* an incentive award equal to the highest cost of attendance at a Florida public university, as reported by the Board of Governors of the State University System, minus the sum of the student's Florida Bright Futures Scholarship and National Merit Scholarship or National Achievement Scholarship.

(6)(a) To be eligible for a renewal award, a student must earn all credits for which he or she was enrolled and maintain a 3.0 or higher grade point average.

(b) A student may receive the *scholarship* incentive award for a maximum of 100 percent of the number of credit hours required to complete a baccalaureate degree program, or until completion of a baccalaureate degree program, whichever comes first.

(7) The department shall annually issue awards from the *scholar-ship* incentive program. Before the registration period each semester, the department shall transmit payment for each award to the president or director of the postsecondary educational institution, or his or her representative, except that the department may withhold payment if the receiving institution fails to report or to make refunds to the department as required in this section.

(a) Each institution shall certify to the department the eligibility status of each student to receive a disbursement within 30 days before the end of its regular registration period, inclusive of a drop and add period. An institution is not required to reevaluate the student eligibility after the end of the drop and add period.

(b) An institution that receives funds from the *scholarship* incentive program must certify to the department the amount of funds disbursed to each student and remit to the department any undisbursed advances within 60 days after the end of regular registration.

(c) If funds appropriated are not adequate to provide the maximum allowable award to each eligible student, awards must be prorated using the same percentage reduction.

(8) Funds from any award within the *scholarship* incentive program may not be used to pay for remedial coursework or developmental education.

(9) A student may use an award for a summer term if funds are available and appropriated by the Legislature.

(10) The department shall allocate funds to the appropriate institutions and collect and maintain data regarding the *scholarship* incentive program within the student financial assistance database as specified in s. 1009.94.

 $(11)\;$ Section 1009.40(4) does not apply to awards issued under this section.

(12) A student who receives an award under the scholarship program shall be known as a Benacquisto Scholar.

(13) All eligible Florida public or independent postsecondary educational institutions are encouraged to become, and all eligible state universities shall become, college sponsors of the National Merit Scholarship Program.

 $(14)\!(\!12)$ The State Board of Education shall adopt rules necessary to administer this section.

Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 1011.61, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.61 Definitions.—Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 1000.21, the following terms are defined as follows for the purposes of the Florida Education Finance Program:

(1) A "full-time equivalent student" in each program of the district is defined in terms of full-time students and part-time students as follows:

(a) A "full-time student" is one student on the membership roll of one school program or a combination of school programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) for the school year or the equivalent for:

1. Instruction in a standard school, comprising not less than 900 net hours for a student in or at the grade level of 4 through 12, or not less than 720 net hours for a student in or at the grade level of kindergarten through grade 3 or in an authorized prekindergarten exceptional program; or

2. Instruction in a double session school or a school utilizing an experimental school calendar approved by the Department of Education, comprising not less than the equivalent of 810 net hours in grades 4 through 12 or not less than 630 net hours in kindergarten through grade 3; or

2.3. Instruction comprising the appropriate number of net hours set forth in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. for students who, within the past year, have moved with their parents for the purpose of engaging in the farm labor or fish industries, if a plan furnishing such an extended school day or week, or a combination thereof, has been approved by the commissioner. Such plan may be approved to accommodate the needs of migrant students only or may serve all students in schools having a high percentage of migrant students. The plan described in this subparagraph is optional for any school district and is not mandated by the state.

(b) A "part-time student" is a student on the active membership roll of a school program or combination of school programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) who is less than a full-time student. A student who receives instruction in a school that operates for less than the minimum term shall generate full-time equivalent student membership proportional to the amount of instructional hours provided by the school divided by the minimum term requirement as provided in s. 1011.60(2).

 $(c) 1. \quad A \ ``full-time \ equivalent \ student'' \ is:$

a. A full-time student in any one of the programs listed in s. $1011.62(1)(c);\, or$

b. A combination of full-time or part-time students in any one of the programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) which is the equivalent of one full-time student based on the following calculations:

(I) A full-time student in a combination of programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) shall be a fraction of a full-time equivalent membership in each special program equal to the number of net hours per school year

for which he or she is a member, divided by the appropriate number of hours set forth in subparagraph (a)1. or subparagraph (a)2. The difference between that fraction or sum of fractions and the maximum value as set forth in subsection (4) for each full-time student is presumed to be the balance of the student's time not spent in a special program and shall be recorded as time in the appropriate basic program.

(II) A prekindergarten student with a disability shall meet the requirements specified for kindergarten students.

(III) A full-time equivalent student for students in kindergarten through grade 12 in a full-time virtual instruction program under s. 1002.45 or a virtual charter school under s. 1002.33 shall consist of six full-credit completions or the prescribed level of content that counts toward promotion to the next grade in programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c). Credit completions may be a combination of full-credit courses or half-credit courses. Beginning in the 2016 2017 fiscal year, the reported full-time equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end of course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall be adjusted if the student does not pass the end of course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.

(IV) A full-time equivalent student for students in kindergarten through grade 12 in a part-time virtual instruction program under s. 1002.45 shall consist of six full-credit completions in programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c)1. and 3. Credit completions may be a combination of full-credit courses or half-credit courses. Beginning in the 2016 2017 fiscal year, the reported full-time equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end of course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall be adjusted if the student does not pass the end of course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.

(V) A Florida Virtual School full-time equivalent student shall consist of six full-credit completions or the prescribed level of content that counts toward promotion to the next grade in the programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c)1. and 3. for students participating in kindergarten through grade 12 part-time virtual instruction and the programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) for students participating in kindergarten through grade 12 full-time virtual instruction. Credit completions may be a combination of full-credit courses or half-credit courses. Beginning in the 2016 2017 fiscal year, the reported full time equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end of course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall be adjusted if the student does not pass the end of course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.

(VI) Each successfully completed full-credit course earned through an online course delivered by a district other than the one in which the student resides shall be calculated as 1/6 FTE.

(VII) A full-time equivalent student for courses requiring passage of a statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall be defined and reported based on the number of instructional hours as provided in this subsection until the 2016 2017 fiscal year. Beginning in the 2016 2017 fiscal year, the FTE for the course shall be assessment based and shall be equal to 1/6 FTE. The reported FTE shall be adjusted if the student does not pass the end of course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online.

(VIII) For students enrolled in a school district as a full-time student, the district may report 1/6 FTE for each student who passes a statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment without being enrolled in the corresponding course. e or less that exceptional students are provided a free, appropriate public eduified by cation.

2. A student in membership in a program scheduled for more or less than 180 school days or the equivalent on an hourly basis as specified by rules of the State Board of Education is a fraction of a full-time equivalent membership equal to the number of instructional hours in membership divided by the appropriate number of hours set forth in subparagraph (a)1.; however, for the purposes of this subparagraph, membership in programs scheduled for more than 180 days is limited to students enrolled in:

- a. Juvenile justice education programs.
- b. The Florida Virtual School.

c. Virtual instruction programs and virtual charter schools for the purpose of course completion and credit recovery pursuant to ss. 1002.45 and 1003.498. Course completion applies only to a student who is reported during the second or third membership surveys and who does not complete a virtual education course by the end of the regular school year. The course must be completed no later than the deadline for amending the final student enrollment survey for that year. Credit recovery applies only to a student who has unsuccessfully completed a traditional or virtual education course during the regular school year and must re-take the course in order to be eligible to graduate with the student's class.

The full-time equivalent student enrollment calculated under this subsection is subject to the requirements in subsection (4).

The department shall determine and implement an equitable method of equivalent funding for experimental schools and for schools operating under emergency conditions, which schools have been approved by the department to operate for less than the minimum *term* as provided in s. 1011.60(2) school day.

Section 23. Effective July 1, 2016, and upon the expiration of the amendment to section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, made by chapter 2015-222, Laws of Florida, paragraphs (e) and (o) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (4), and present subsection (13) of that section are amended, present subsections (13), (14), and (15) of that section are redesignated as subsections (14), (15), and (16), respectively, and a new subsection (13) is added to that section, to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

(1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE IN-CLUDED FOR OPERATION.—The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:

(e) Funding model for exceptional student education programs.—

1.a. The funding model uses basic, at-risk, support levels IV and V for exceptional students and career Florida Education Finance Program cost factors, and a guaranteed allocation for exceptional student education programs. Exceptional education cost factors are determined by using a matrix of services to document the services that each exceptional student will receive. The nature and intensity of the services indicated on the matrix shall be consistent with the services described in each exceptional student's individual educational plan. The Department of Education shall review and revise the descriptions of the services and supports included in the matrix of services for exceptional students and shall implement those revisions before the beginning of the 2012-2013 school year.

b. In order to generate funds using one of the two weighted cost factors, a matrix of services must be completed at the time of the student's initial placement into an exceptional student education program and at least once every 3 years by personnel who have received approved training. Nothing listed in the matrix shall be construed as limiting the services a school district must provide in order to ensure c. Students identified as exceptional, in accordance with chapter 6A-6, Florida Administrative Code, who do not have a matrix of services as specified in sub-subparagraph b. shall generate funds on the basis of full-time-equivalent student membership in the Florida Education Finance Program at the same funding level per student as provided for basic students. Additional funds for these exceptional students will be provided through the guaranteed allocation designated in subparagraph 2.

2. For students identified as exceptional who do not have a matrix of services and students who are gifted in grades K through 8, there is created a guaranteed allocation to provide these students with a free appropriate public education, in accordance with s. 1001.42(4)(l) and rules of the State Board of Education, which shall be allocated *initially* annually to each school district in the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. These funds shall be supplemental in addition to the funds appropriated for the basic funding level on the basis of FTE student membership in the Florida Education Finance Program, and the amount allocated for each school district shall not be recalculated once during the year, based on actual student membership from the October FTE survey. Upon recalculation, if the generated allocation is greater than the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act, the total shall be prorated to the level of the appropriation based on each district's share of the total recalculated amount. These funds shall be used to provide special education and related services for exceptional students and students who are gifted in grades K through 8. Beginning with the 2007-2008 fiscal year, A district's expenditure of funds from the guaranteed allocation for students in grades 9 through 12 who are gifted may not be greater than the amount expended during the 2006-2007 fiscal year for gifted students in grades 9 through 12.

(o) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based on successful completion of a career-themed course pursuant to ss. 1003.491, 1003.492, and 1003.493, or courses with embedded CAPE industry certifications or CAPE Digital Tool certificates, and issuance of industry certification identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education or CAPE Digital Tool certificates pursuant to s. 1003.4203.—

1.a. A value of 0.025 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Digital Tool certificates earned by students in elementary and middle school grades.

b. A value of 0.1 or 0.2 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student who completes a course as defined in s. 1003.493(1)(b) or courses with embedded CAPE industry certifications and who is issued an industry certification identified annually on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List approved under rules adopted by the State Board of Education. A value of 0.2 full-time equivalent membership shall be calculated for each student who is issued a CAPE industry certification that has a statewide articulation agreement for college credit approved by the State Board of Education. For CAPE industry certifications that do not articulate for college credit, the Department of Education shall assign a full-time equivalent value of 0.1 for each certification. Middle grades students who earn additional FTE membership for a CAPE Digital Tool certificate pursuant to sub-subparagraph a. may not use the previously funded examination to satisfy the requirements for earning an industry certification under this sub-subparagraph. Additional FTE membership for an elementary or middle grades student may shall not exceed 0.1 for certificates or certifications earned within the same fiscal year. The State Board of Education shall include the assigned values on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List under rules adopted by the state board. Such value shall be added to the total full-time equivalent student membership for grades 6 through 12 in the subsequent year for courses that were not provided through dual enrollment. CAPE industry certifications earned through dual enrollment must be reported and funded pursuant to s. 1011.80. However, if a student earns a certification through a dual enrollment course and the certification is not a fundable certification on the postsecondary certification funding list, or the dual enrollment certification is earned as a result of an agreement

between a school district and a nonpublic postsecondary institution, the bonus value shall be funded in the same manner as other nondual enrollment course industry certifications. In such cases, the school district may provide for an agreement between the high school and the technical center, or the school district and the postsecondary institution may enter into an agreement for equitable distribution of the bonus funds.

c. A value of 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for student completion of the courses and the embedded certifications identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List and approved by the commissioner pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(a) and 1008.44.

d. A value of 0.5 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that articulate for 15 to 29 college credit hours, and 1.0 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that articulate for 30 or more college credit hours pursuant to CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications approved by the commissioner pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(b) and 1008.44.

2. Each district must allocate at least 80 percent of the funds provided for CAPE industry certification, in accordance with this paragraph, to the program that generated the funds. This allocation may not be used to supplant funds provided for basic operation of the program.

3. For CAPE industry certifications earned in the 2013-2014 school year and in subsequent years, the school district shall distribute to each classroom teacher who provided direct instruction toward the attainment of a CAPE industry certification that qualified for additional full-time equivalent membership under subparagraph 1.:

a. A bonus in the amount of \$25 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.1.

b. A bonus in the amount of \$50 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.2, 0.3, 0.5, and 1.0.

c. A bonus of \$75 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.3.

d. A bonus of \$100 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.5 or 1.0.

Bonuses awarded pursuant to this paragraph shall be provided to teachers who are employed by the district in the year in which the additional FTE membership calculation is included in the calculation. Bonuses shall be calculated based upon the associated weight of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List for the year in which the certification is earned by the student. Any bonus awarded to a teacher under this paragraph may not exceed \$2,000 in any given school year and is in addition to any regular wage or other bonus the teacher received or is scheduled to receive.

(4) COMPUTATION OF DISTRICT REQUIRED LOCAL EF-FORT.—The Legislature shall prescribe the aggregate required local effort for all school districts collectively as an item in the General Appropriations Act for each fiscal year. The amount that each district shall provide annually toward the cost of the Florida Education Finance Program for kindergarten through grade 12 programs shall be calculated as follows:

(a) Estimated taxable value calculations.—

1.a. Not later than 2 working days *before* prior to July 19, the Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of Education its most recent estimate of the taxable value for school purposes in each

school district and the total for all school districts in the state for the current calendar year based on the latest available data obtained from the local property appraisers. The value certified shall be the taxable value for school purposes for that year, and no further adjustments shall be made, except those made pursuant to paragraphs (c) and (d), or an assessment roll change required by final judicial decisions as specified in paragraph (15)(b) (14)(b). Not later than July 19, the Commissioner of Education shall compute a millage rate, rounded to the next highest one one-thousandth of a mill, which, when applied to 96 percent of the estimated state total taxable value for school purposes, would generate the prescribed aggregate required local effort for that year for all districts. The Commissioner of Education shall certify to each district school board the millage rate, computed as prescribed in this subparagraph, as the minimum millage rate necessary to provide the district required local effort for that year.

b. The General Appropriations Act shall direct the computation of the statewide adjusted aggregate amount for required local effort for all school districts collectively from ad valorem taxes to ensure that no school district's revenue from required local effort millage will produce more than 90 percent of the district's total Florida Education Finance Program calculation as calculated and adopted by the Legislature, and the adjustment of the required local effort millage rate of each district that produces more than 90 percent of its total Florida Education Finance Program entitlement to a level that will produce only 90 percent of its total Florida Education Finance Program entitlement in the July calculation.

2. On the same date as the certification in sub-subparagraph 1.a., the Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of Education for each district:

a. Each year for which the property appraiser has certified the taxable value pursuant to s. 193.122(2) or (3), if applicable, since the prior certification under sub-subparagraph 1.a.

b. For each year identified in sub-subparagraph a., the taxable value certified by the appraiser pursuant to s. 193.122(2) or (3), if applicable, since the prior certification under sub-subparagraph 1.a. This is the certification that reflects all final administrative actions of the value adjustment board.

(13) FEDERALLY CONNECTED STUDENT SUPPLEMENT.— The federally connected student supplement is created to provide supplemental funding for school districts to support the education of students connected with federally owned military installations, National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) real property, and Indian lands. To be eligible for this supplement, the district must be eligible for federal Impact Aid Program funds under s. 8003 of Title VIII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. The supplement shall be allocated annually to each eligible school district in the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. The supplement shall be the sum of the student allocation and an exempt property allocation.

(a) The student allocation shall be calculated based on the number of students reported for federal Impact Aid Program funds, including students with disabilities, who meet one of the following criteria:

1. The student has a parent who is on active duty in the uniformed services or is an accredited foreign government official and military officer. Students with disabilities shall also be reported separately for this category.

2. The student resides on eligible federally owned Indian land. Students with disabilities shall also be reported separately for this category.

3. The student resides with a civilian parent who lives or works on eligible federal property connected with a military installation or NASA. The number of these students shall be multiplied by a factor of 0.5.

(b) The total number of federally connected students calculated under paragraph (a) shall be multiplied by a percentage of the base student allocation as provided in the General Appropriations Act. The total of the number of students with disabilities as reported separately under subparagraphs (a)1. and (a)2. shall be multiplied by an additional percentage of the base student allocation as provided in the General Appropriations Act. The base amount and the amount for students with disabilities shall be summed to provide the student allocation.

(c) The exempt property allocation shall be equal to the tax-exempt value of federal impact aid lands reserved as military installations, real property owned by NASA, or eligible federally owned Indian lands located in the district, as of January 1 of the previous year, multiplied by the millage authorized and levied under s. 1011.71(2).

(14)(13) QUALITY ASSURANCE GUARANTEE.—The Legislature may annually in the General Appropriations Act determine a percentage increase in funds per K-12 unweighted FTE as a minimum guarantee to each school district. The guarantee shall be calculated from prior year base funding per unweighted FTE student which shall include the adjusted FTE dollars as provided in subsection (15) (14), quality guarantee funds, and actual nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. From the base funding per unweighted FTE, the increase shall be calculated for the current year. The current year funds from which the guarantee shall be determined shall include the adjusted FTE dollars as provided in subsection (15) (14) and potential nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. A comparison of current year funds per unweighted FTE to prior year funds per unweighted FTE shall be computed. For those school districts which have less than the legislatively assigned percentage increase, funds shall be provided to guarantee the assigned percentage increase in funds per unweighted FTE student. Should appropriated funds be less than the sum of this calculated amount for all districts, the commissioner shall prorate each district's allocation. This provision shall be implemented to the extent specifically funded.

Section 24. Effective July 1, 2016, and upon the expiration of the amendment to section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, made by chapter 2015-222, Laws of Florida, subsection (1) of that section is amended to read:

1011.71 District school tax.-

(1) If the district school tax is not provided in the General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing the General Appropriations Act, each district school board desiring to participate in the state allocation of funds for current operation as prescribed by *s*. $1011.62(15) \, \text{s.} \, 1011.62(14)$ shall levy on the taxable value for school purposes of the district, exclusive of millage voted under the provisions of s. 9(b) or s. 12, Art. VII of the State Constitution, a millage rate not to exceed the amount certified by the commissioner as the minimum millage rate necessary to provide the district required local effort for the current year, pursuant to s. 1011.62(4)(a)1. In addition to the required local effort millage levy, each district school board may levy a nonvoted annually in the appropriations act the maximum amount of millage a district may levy.

Section 25. Subsection (2) of section 1012.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.42 Teacher teaching out-of-field.-

(2) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.—When a teacher in a district school system is assigned teaching duties in a class dealing with subject matter that is outside the field in which the teacher is certified, outside the field that was the applicant's minor field of study, or outside the field in which the applicant has demonstrated sufficient subject area expertise, as determined by district school board policy in the subject area to be taught, the parents of all students in the class shall be notified in writing of such assignment, and each school district shall report out-of-field teachers on the district's website within 30 days before the beginning of each semester. A parent whose student is assigned an out-of-field teacher may request that his or her child be transferred to an in-field classroom teacher within the school and grade in which the student is currently enrolled. The school district must approve or deny the parent's request and transfer the student to a different classroom teacher within a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 2 weeks, if an infield teacher for that course or grade level is employed by the school and the transfer does not violate maximum class size pursuant to s. 1003.03 and s. 1, Art. IX of the State Constitution. If a request for transfer is denied, the school must notify the parent and specify the reasons for the denial. An explanation of the transfer process must be made available in the student handbook or a similar publication. This subsection does not provide a parent the right to choose a specific teacher.

Section 26. Paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 1012.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.56 Educator certification requirements.-

(8) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT CERTIFICATION AND EDUCATION COMPETENCY PROGRAM.—

(b)1. Each school district must and a *private school or state-supported* state supported public school, *including a charter school*, or a private school may develop and maintain a system by which members of the instructional staff may demonstrate mastery of professional preparation and education competence as required by law. Each program must be based on classroom application of the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices and instructional performance and, for public schools, must be aligned with the district's or state-supported public school's evaluation system established approved under s. 1012.34, as applicable.

2. The Commissioner of Education shall determine the continued approval of programs implemented under this paragraph, based upon the department's review of performance data. The department shall review the performance data as a part of the periodic review of each school district's professional development system required under s. 1012.98.

Section 27. Section 1012.583, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1012.583 Continuing education and inservice training for youth suicide awareness and prevention.—

(1) Beginning with the 2016-2017 school year, the Department of Education shall incorporate 2 hours of training in youth suicide awareness and prevention into existing requirements for continuing education or inservice training for instructional personnel in elementary school, middle school, and high school.

(2) The department, in consultation with the Statewide Office for Suicide Prevention and suicide prevention experts, shall develop a list of approved youth suicide awareness and prevention training materials. The materials:

(a) Must include training on how to identify appropriate mental health services and how to refer youth and their families to those services.

(b) May include materials currently being used by a school district if such materials meet any criteria established by the department.

(c) May include programs that instructional personnel can complete through a self-review of approved youth suicide awareness and prevention materials.

(3) The training required by this section must be included in the existing continuing education or inservice training requirements for instructional personnel and may not add to the total hours currently required by the department.

(4) A person has no cause of action for any loss or damage caused by an act or omission resulting from the implementation of this section or resulting from any training required by this section unless the loss or damage was caused by willful or wanton misconduct. This section does not create any new duty of care or basis of liability.

(5) The State Board of Education may adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 28. Paragraph (o) is added to subsection (1) of section 1012.795, Florida Statutes, and subsection (5) of that section is amended, to read:

1012.795 Education Practices Commission; authority to discipline.—

(1) The Education Practices Commission may suspend the educator certificate of any person as defined in s. 1012.01(2) or (3) for up to 5 years, thereby denying that person the right to teach or otherwise be employed by a district school board or public school in any capacity requiring direct contact with students for that period of time, after which the holder may return to teaching as provided in subsection (4); may revoke the educator certificate of any person, thereby denying that person the right to teach or otherwise be employed by a district school board or public school in any capacity requiring direct contact with students for up to 10 years, with reinstatement subject to the provisions of subsection (4); may revoke permanently the educator certificate of any person thereby denying that person the right to teach or otherwise be employed by a district school board or public school in any capacity requiring direct contact with students; may suspend the educator certificate, upon an order of the court or notice by the Department of Revenue relating to the payment of child support; or may impose any other penalty provided by law, if the person:

(o) Has committed a third recruiting offense as determined by the Florida High School Athletic Association (FHSAA) pursuant to s. 1006.20(2)(b).

(5) Each district school superintendent and the governing authority of each university lab school, state-supported school, or private school, *and the FHSAA* shall report to the department the name of any person certified pursuant to this chapter or employed and qualified pursuant to s. 1012.39:

(a) Who has been convicted of, or who has pled nolo contendere to, a misdemeanor, felony, or any other criminal charge, other than a minor traffic infraction;

(b) Who that official has reason to believe has committed or is found to have committed any act which would be a ground for revocation or suspension under subsection (1); or

(c) Who has been dismissed or severed from employment because of conduct involving any immoral, unnatural, or lascivious act.

Section 29. Subsections (3) and (7) of section 1012.796, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1012.796~ Complaints against teachers and administrators; procedure; penalties.—

(3) The department staff shall advise the commissioner concerning the findings of the investigation and of all referrals by the Florida High School Athletic Association (FHSAA) pursuant to ss. 1006.20(2)(b) and 1012.795. The department general counsel or members of that staff shall review the investigation or the referral and advise the commissioner concerning probable cause or lack thereof. The determination of probable cause shall be made by the commissioner. The commissioner shall provide an opportunity for a conference, if requested, prior to determining probable cause. The commissioner may enter into deferred prosecution agreements in lieu of finding probable cause if, in his or her judgment, such agreements are in the best interests of the department, the certificateholder, and the public. Such deferred prosecution agreements shall become effective when filed with the clerk of the Education Practices Commission. However, a deferred prosecution agreement shall not be entered into if there is probable cause to believe that a felony or an act of moral turpitude, as defined by rule of the State Board of Education, has occurred, or for referrals by the FHSAA. Upon finding no probable cause, the commissioner shall dismiss the complaint.

(7) A panel of the commission shall enter a final order either dismissing the complaint or imposing one or more of the following penalties: (a) Denial of an application for a teaching certificate or for an administrative or supervisory endorsement on a teaching certificate. The denial may provide that the applicant may not reapply for certification, and that the department may refuse to consider that applicant's application, for a specified period of time or permanently.

(b) Revocation or suspension of a certificate.

(c) Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed \$2,000 for each count or separate offense.

(d) Placement of the teacher, administrator, or supervisor on probation for a period of time and subject to such conditions as the commission may specify, including requiring the certified teacher, administrator, or supervisor to complete additional appropriate college courses or work with another certified educator, with the administrative costs of monitoring the probation assessed to the educator placed on probation. An educator who has been placed on probation shall, at a minimum:

1. Immediately notify the investigative office in the Department of Education upon employment or termination of employment in the state in any public or private position requiring a Florida educator's certificate.

2. Have his or her immediate supervisor submit annual performance reports to the investigative office in the Department of Education.

3. Pay to the commission within the first 6 months of each probation year the administrative costs of monitoring probation assessed to the educator.

4. Violate no law and shall fully comply with all district school board policies, school rules, and State Board of Education rules.

5. Satisfactorily perform his or her assigned duties in a competent, professional manner.

 ${\bf 6.}~{\bf Bear}$ all costs of complying with the terms of a final order entered by the commission.

(e) Restriction of the authorized scope of practice of the teacher, administrator, or supervisor.

(f) Reprimand of the teacher, administrator, or supervisor in writing, with a copy to be placed in the certification file of such person.

(g) Imposition of an administrative sanction, upon a person whose teaching certificate has expired, for an act or acts committed while that person possessed a teaching certificate or an expired certificate subject to late renewal, which sanction bars that person from applying for a new certificate for a period of 10 years or less, or permanently.

(h) Refer the teacher, administrator, or supervisor to the recovery network program provided in s. 1012.798 under such terms and conditions as the commission may specify.

The penalties imposed under this subsection are in addition to, and not in lieu of, the penalties required for a third recruiting offense pursuant to s. 1006.20(2)(b).

Section 30. Section 1013.385, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1013.385 School district construction flexibility.—

(1) A district school board may, with a supermajority vote at a public meeting that begins no earlier than 5 p.m., adopt a resolution to implement one or more of the exceptions to the educational facilities construction requirements provided in this section. Before voting on the resolution, a district school board must conduct a cost-benefit analysis prepared according to a professionally accepted methodology that describes how each exception selected by the district school board achieves cost savings, improves the efficient use of school district resources, and impacts the life-cycle costs and life span for each educational facility to be constructed, as applicable, and demonstrates that implementation of the exception will not compromise student safety or the quality of student instruction. The district school board must conduct at least one public workshop to discuss and receive public comment on the proposed resolution and cost-benefit analysis, which must begin no earlier than 5 p.m. and may occur at the same meeting at which the resolution will be voted upon.

(2) A resolution adopted under this section may propose implementation of exceptions to requirements of the uniform statewide building code for the planning and construction of public educational and ancillary plants adopted pursuant to ss. 553.73 and 1013.37 relating to:

(a) Interior non-load-bearing walls, by approving the use of firerated wood stud walls in new construction or remodeling for interior non-load-bearing wall assemblies that will not be exposed to water or located in wet areas.

(b) Walkways, roadways, driveways, and parking areas, by approving the use of designated, stabilized, and well-drained gravel or grassed student parking areas.

(c) Standards for relocatables used as classroom space, as specified in s. 1013.20, by approving construction specifications for installation of relocatable buildings that do not have covered walkways leading to the permanent buildings onsite.

(d) Site lighting, by approving construction specifications regarding site lighting that:

1. Do not provide for lighting of gravel or grassed auxiliary or student parking areas.

2. Provide lighting for walkways, roadways, driveways, paved parking lots, exterior stairs, ramps, and walkways from the exterior of the building to a public walkway through installation of a timer that is set to provide lighting only during periods when the site is occupied.

3. Allow lighting for building entrances and exits to be installed with a timer that is set to provide lighting only during periods in which the building is occupied. The minimum illumination level at single-door exits may be reduced to no less than 1 foot-candle.

Section 31. Notwithstanding s. 1002.69(5), Florida Statutes, for the 2014-2015 and 2015-2016 Voluntary Prekindergarten Education program years, the office shall not adopt a kindergarten readiness rate. Any private prekindergarten provider or public school that was on probation pursuant to s. 1002.67(4)(c), Florida Statutes, for the 2013-2014 program year, shall remain on probation until the provider or school meets the minimum rate adopted by the office. This section expires July 1, 2017.

Section 32. Upon becoming a law, subsection (8) of section 1012.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.33 Contracts with instructional staff, supervisors, and school principals.—

(8) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a retired member may interrupt retirement and be reemployed in any public school as instructional personnel under a 1-year probationary contract as defined in s. 1012.335(1). If the retiree successfully completes the probationary contract, the district school board may reemploy the retiree under an annual contract as defined in s. 1012.335(1). The retiree is not eligible for a professional service contract A member reemployed by the same district from which he or she retired may be employed on a probationary contractual basis as provided in subsection (1).

Section 33. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon this act becoming law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert: A bill to be entitled An act relating to education; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; revising the duties of a district school board; creating s. 1001.67, F.S.; establishing a collaboration between the state board and the Legislature to designate certain Florida College System institutions as distinguished colleges; specifying standards for the designation; requiring the state board to award the designation to certain Florida College System institutions; providing that the designated institutions are eligible for funding as specified in the General Appropriations Act; amending s. 1002.20, F.S.; revising public school choice options available to students to include CAPE digital tools, CAPE industry certifications, and collegiate high school programs; authorizing parents of public school students to seek private educational choice options through the Florida Personal Learning Scholarship Accounts Program under certain circumstances; revising student eligibility requirements for participating in high school athletic competitions; authorizing public schools to provide transportation to students participating in open enrollment; providing the right of a parent to know an estimated amount of money expended for the education of his or her child; requiring the Department of Education to annually publish certain financial information on its website by a specified date; requiring each school district to publish certain financial information on its website by a specified date; requiring certain financial information to be published on each school's website, provided in the school financial report, and authorizing the information to be published in the student handbook or a similar publication; amending s. 1002.31, F.S.; requiring each district school board and charter school governing board to authorize a parent to have his or her child participate in controlled open enrollment; requiring the school district to report the student for purposes of the school district's funding; authorizing a school district to provide transportation to such students; requiring that each district school board adopt and publish on its website a controlled open enrollment process; specifying criteria for the process; prohibiting a school district from delaying or preventing a student who participates in controlled open enrollment from being immediately eligible to participate in certain activities; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; making technical changes relating to requirements for the creation of a virtual charter school; conforming crossreferences; specifying that a sponsor may not require a charter school to adopt the sponsor's reading plan and that charter schools are eligible for the research-based reading allocation if certain criteria are met; revising required contents of charter school applications; conforming provisions regarding the appeal process for denial of a high-performing charter school application; requiring an applicant to provide the sponsor with a copy of an appeal to an application denial; authorizing a charter school to defer the opening of its operations for up to a specified time; requiring the charter school to provide written notice to certain entities by a specified date; revising provisions relating to long-term charters and charter terminations; specifying notice requirements for voluntary closure of a charter school; deleting a requirement that students in a blended learning course receive certain instruction in a classroom setting; providing that a student may not be dismissed from a charter school based on his or her academic performance; requiring a charter school applicant to provide monthly financial statements before opening; requiring a sponsor to review each financial statement of a charter school to identify the existence of certain conditions; providing for the automatic termination of a charter contract if certain conditions are met; requiring a sponsor to notify certain parties when a charter contract is terminated for specific reasons; authorizing governing board members to hold a certain number of public meetings and participate in such meetings in person or through communications media technology; revising charter school student eligibility requirements; revising requirements for payments to charter schools; allowing for the use of certain surpluses and assets by specific entities for certain educational purposes; providing for an injunction under certain circumstances; establishing the administrative fee that a sponsor may withhold for charter schools operating in a critical need area; providing an exemption from certain administrative fees; conforming cross-references; creating s. 1001.66, F.S.; creating a Florida College System Performance-Based Incentive for Florida College System institutions; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt certain metrics and benchmarks; providing for funding and allocation of the incentives; authorizing the state board to withhold an institution's incentive under certain circumstances; requiring the Commissioner of Education to

withhold certain disbursements under certain circumstances; providing for reporting and rulemaking; amending s. 1001.92, F.S.; requiring performance-based metrics to include specified wage thresholds; requiring the board to establish minimum performance funding eligibility thresholds; prohibiting a state university that fails to meet the state's threshold from eligibility for a share of the state's investment performance funding; requiring the board to adopt regulations; deleting an expiration; amending s. 1003.4282, F.S.; revising the online course requirement; authorizing a district school board or a charter school governing board to offer certain additional options to meet the requirement: amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; creating a federally connected student supplement for school districts; specifying eligibility requirements and calculations for allocations of the supplement; amending s. 1013.62, F.S.; revising requirements for a charter school to be eligible for funding appropriated for charter school capital outlay purposes; deleting provisions relating to priorities for charter school capital outlay funding; deleting provisions relating to a charter school's allocation; providing that a charter school is not eligible for funding unless it meets certain requirements; defining the term "affiliated party of the charter school"; revising the funding allocation calculation; requiring the Department of Education to calculate and periodically recalculate, as necessary, the eligible charter school funding allocations; deleting provisions relating to certain duties of the Commissioner of Education; amending s. 1013.64, F.S.; providing that a school district may not receive funds from the Special Facility Construction Account under certain circumstances; revising the criteria for a request for funding; authorizing the request for a preapplication review to take place at any time; providing exceptions; revising the timeframe for completion of the review; providing that certain capital outlay full-time equivalent student enrollment estimates be determined by specified estimating conferences; requiring surveys to be cooperatively prepared by certain entities and approved by the Department of Education; prohibiting certain consultants from specified employment and compensation; providing an exception to prohibiting the cost per student station from exceeding a certain amount; requiring a school district to levy the maximum millage against certain property value under certain circumstances; reducing the required millage to be budgeted for a project; requiring certain plans to be finalized by a specified date; requiring a representative of the department to chair the Special Facility Construction Committee; requiring school districts to maintain accurate documentation related to specified costs; requiring the Auditor General to review such documentation; providing that the department makes final determinations on compliance; requiring the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to conduct a study, in consultation with the department, on cost per student station amounts and on the State Requirements for Education Facilities; requiring reports to the Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; prohibiting a district school board from using funds for specified purposes for certain projects; providing sanctions for school districts that exceed certain costs; providing for the creation of a district capital outlay oversight committee; providing for membership of the oversight committee; requiring the department to provide certain reports to the Auditor General; deleting a provision relating to applicability of certain restrictions on the cost per student station of new construction; amending s. 1002.37, F.S.; revising the calculation of "full-time equivalent student"; conforming a crossreference; amending s. 1002.391, F.S.; requiring a school district to add a specified number of points to the calculation of a matrix of services for a student who is deaf and enrolled in an auditory-oral education program; amending s. 1002.45, F.S.; conforming cross-references; deleting a provision related to educational funding for students enrolled in certain virtual education courses; revising conditions for termination of a virtual instruction provider's contract; creating s. 1003.3101, F.S.; requiring each school district board to establish a classroom teacher transfer process for parents, to approve or deny a transfer request within a certain timeframe, to notify a parent of a denial, and to post an explanation of the transfer process in the student handbook or a similar publication; amending s. 1003.4295, F.S.; revising the purpose of the Credit Acceleration Program; requiring students to earn passing scores on specified assessments and examinations to earn course credit; amending s. 1004.935, F.S.; deleting the scheduled termination of the Adults with Disabilities Workforce Education Pilot Program; changing the name of the program to the "Adults with Disabilities Workforce Education Program"; amending s. 1006.15, F.S.; defining the term "eligible to participate"; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; prohibiting a school district from delaying or preventing a student who participates in open controlled enrollment from being immediately eligible to participate in certain activities; authorizing a transfer student to immediately participate in interscholastic or intrascholastic activities under certain circumstances; prohibiting a school district or the Florida High School Athletic Association (FHSAA) from declaring a transfer student ineligible under certain circumstances; creating s. 1006.195, F.S.; requiring district school boards to establish in codes of student conduct eligibility standards and disciplinary actions relating to students participating in interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular activities; providing guidelines and applicability; requiring the FHSAA to comply with certain requirements by a specified date; amending s. 1006.20, F.S.; requiring the FHSAA to allow a private school to maintain full membership in the association or to join by sport; prohibiting the FHSAA from discouraging a private school from maintaining membership in the FHSAA and another athletic association; authorizing the FHSAA to allow a public school to apply for consideration to join another athletic association; specifying penalties for recruiting violations; requiring a school to forfeit a competition, including resulting honors, in which a student who was recruited in a prohibitive manner; revising circumstances under which a student may be declared ineligible; requiring student ineligibility to be established by a preponderance of the evidence; amending s. 1009.893, F.S.; changing the name of the "Florida National Merit Scholar Incentive Program" to the "Benacquisto Scholarship Program"; providing that a student who receives a scholarship award under the program will be referred to as a Benacquisto Scholar; encouraging all eligible Florida public or independent postsecondary educational institutions, and requiring all eligible state universities, to become college sponsors of the National Merit Scholarship Program; amending s. 1011.61, F.S.; revising the definition of "full-time equivalent student"; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; revising the calculation for certain supplemental funds for exceptional student education programs; requiring the funds to be prorated under certain circumstances; revising the funding of full-time equivalent values for students who earn CAPE industry certifications through dual enrollment; deleting a provision prohibiting a teacher's bonus from exceeding a specified amount; creating a federally connected student supplement for school districts; specifying eligibility requirements and calculations for allocations of the supplement; amending s. 1011.71, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1012.42, F.S.; authorizing a parent of a child whose teacher is teaching outside the teacher's field to request that the child be transferred to another classroom teacher within the school and grade in which the child is currently enrolled within a specified timeframe; specifying that a transfer does not provide a parent the right to choose a specific teacher; amending s. 1012.56, F.S.; authorizing a charter school to develop and operate a professional development certification and education competency program; creating s. 1012.583, F.S.; requiring the Department of Education to incorporate training in youth suicide awareness and prevention into certain instructional personnel continuing education or inservice training requirements; requiring the department, in consultation with the Statewide Office for Suicide Prevention and suicide prevention experts, to develop a list of approved materials for the training; specifying requirements for training materials; requiring the training to be included in the existing continuing education or inservice training requirements; providing that no cause of action results from the implementation of this act; providing for rulemaking; amending ss. 1012.795 and 1012.796, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 1013.385, F.S.; providing for school district construction flexibility; authorizing exceptions to educational facilities construction requirements under certain circumstances; prohibiting the office from adopting a kindergarten readiness rate for the 2014-2015 and 2015-2016 Voluntary Prekindergarten Education program years; providing that any private prekindergarten provider or public school that was on probation for the 2013-2014 program year remains on probation until meeting the minimum kindergarten readiness rate adopted by the office; providing for future expiration; amending s. 1012.33, F.S.; revising provisions relating to reemployment of retirees as instructional personnel on a contract basis; providing that retirees are not eligible for a professional service contract; providing effective dates.

Senator Gaetz moved the following amendments to **Amendment 1** (620160) which were adopted by two-thirds vote:

Amendment 1A (737686) (with directory and title amendments)—Delete lines 128-144.

And the directory clause is amended as follows:

Delete line 57 and insert: amended, to read:

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 3531-3542 and insert: enrollment; amending s. 1002.31, F.S.;

Amendment 1B (382070) (with title amendment)—Between lines 1136 and 1137 insert:

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 1001.7065, Florida Statutes, is reenacted, and subsections (2), (3), and (5) through (9) of that section are amended, to read:

1001.7065 Preeminent state research universities program.--

(1) STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM SHARED GOVERNANCE COLLABORATION.—A collaborative partnership is established between the Board of Governors and the Legislature to elevate the academic and research preeminence of Florida's highest-performing state research universities in accordance with this section. The partnership stems from the State University System Governance Agreement executed on March 24, 2010, wherein the Board of Governors and leaders of the Legislature agreed to a framework for the collaborative exercise of their joint authority and shared responsibility for the State University System. The governance agreement confirmed the commitment of the Board of Governors and the Legislature to continue collaboration on accountability measures, the use of data, and recommendations derived from such data.

(2) ACADEMIC AND RESEARCH EXCELLENCE STANDARDS.— Effective July 1, 2013, The following academic and research excellence standards are established for the preeminent state research universities program:

(a) An average weighted grade point average of 4.0 or higher on a 4.0 scale and an average SAT score of 1800 or higher on a 2400-point scale or 1200 or higher on a 1600-point scale for fall semester incoming freshmen, as reported annually.

(b) A top-50 ranking on at least two well-known and highly respected national public university rankings, *including*, *but not limited to, the U.S. News and World Report rankings*, reflecting national preeminence, using most recent rankings.

(c) A freshman retention rate of 90 percent or higher for full-time, first-time-in-college students, as reported annually to the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS).

(d) A 6-year graduation rate of 70 percent or higher for full-time, first-time-in-college students, as reported annually to the IPEDS.

(e) Six or more faculty members at the state university who are members of a national academy, as reported by the Center for Measuring University Performance in the Top American Research Universities (TARU) annual report or the official membership directories maintained by each national academy.

(f) Total annual research expenditures, including federal research expenditures, of \$200 million or more, as reported annually by the National Science Foundation (NSF).

(g) Total annual research expenditures in diversified nonmedical sciences of 150 million or more, based on data reported annually by the NSF.

(h) A top-100 university national ranking for research expenditures in five or more science, technology, engineering, or mathematics fields of study, as reported annually by the NSF.

(i) One hundred or more total patents awarded by the United States Patent and Trademark Office for the most recent 3-year period.

(j) Four hundred or more doctoral degrees awarded annually, *including professional doctoral degrees awarded in medical and health care disciplines*, as reported in the Board of Governors Annual Accountability Report.

(k) Two hundred or more postdoctoral appointees annually, as reported in the TARU annual report.

(1) An endowment of \$500 million or more, as reported in the Board of Governors Annual Accountability Report.

(3) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY DESIGNATION.—

(a) The Board of Governors shall designate each state research university that annually meets at least 11 of the 12 academic and research excellence standards identified in subsection (2) as a "preeminent state research university." preeminent state research university.

(b) The Board of Governors shall designate each state university that annually meets at least 6 of the 12 academic and research excellence standards identified in subsection (2) as an "emerging preeminent state research university."

(5) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITIES PRO-GRAM UNIVERSITY SUPPORT.—

(a) A state research university that is designated as a preeminent state research university, as of July 1, 2013, meets all 12 of the academic and research excellence standards identified in subsection (2), as verified by the Board of Governors, shall submit to the Board of Governors a 5-year benchmark plan with target rankings on key performance metrics for national excellence. Upon approval by the Board of Governors, and upon the university's meeting the benchmark plan goals annually, the Board of Governors shall award the university its proportionate share of any funds provided annually to support the program created under this section an amount specified in the General Appropriations Act to be provided annually throughout the 5 year period. Funding for this purpose is contingent upon specific appropriation in the General Appropriations Act.

(b) A state university designated as an emerging preeminent state research university shall submit to the Board of Governors a 5-year benchmark plan with target rankings on key performance metrics for national excellence. Upon approval by the Board of Governors, and upon the university's meeting the benchmark plan goals annually, the Board of Governors shall award the university its proportionate share of any funds provided annually to support the program created under this section.

(c) The award of funds under this subsection is contingent upon funding provided in the General Appropriations Act to support the preeminent state research universities program created under this section. Funding increases appropriated beyond the amounts funded in the previous fiscal year shall be distributed as follows:

1. Each designated preeminent state research university that meets the criteria in paragraph (a) shall receive an equal amount of funding.

2. Each designated emerging preeminent state research university that meets the criteria in paragraph (b) shall receive an amount of funding that is equal to one-half of the total increased amount awarded to each designated preeminent state research university.

(6) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY EN-HANCEMENT INITIATIVE.—A state research university that, as of July 1, 2013, meets 11 of the 12 academic and research excellence standards identified in subsection (2), as verified by the Board of Gov ernors, shall submit to the Board of Governors a 5 year benchmark plan with target rankings on key performance metrics for national excellence. Upon the university's meeting the benchmark plan goals annually, the Board of Governors shall award the university an amount specified in the Ceneral Appropriations Act to be provided annually throughout the 5 year period for the purpose of recruiting National Academy Members, expediting the provision of a master's degree in cloud virtualization, and instituting an entrepreneurs in residence program throughout its campus. Funding for this purpose is contingent upon specific appropriation in the General Appropriations Act.

(7) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY SPECIAL COURSE REQUIREMENT AUTHORITY. In order to provide a jointly shared educational experience, a university that is designated a preeminent state research university may require its incoming first timein-college students to take a 9-to-12-credit set of unique courses specifically determined by the university and published on the university's website. The university may stipulate that credit for such courses may not be carned through any acceleration mechanism pursuant to s. 1007.27 or s. 1007.271 or any other transfer credit. All accelerated credits carned up to the limits specified in ss. 1007.27 and 1007.271 shall be applied toward graduation at the student's request.

(6)(8) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY FLEX-IBILITY AUTHORITY.—The Board of Governors is encouraged to identify and grant all reasonable, feasible authority and flexibility to ensure that a designated preeminent state research university is free from unnecessary restrictions.

(7)(9) PROGRAMS OF EXCELLENCE THROUGHOUT THE STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM.—The Board of Governors is encouraged to establish standards and measures whereby individual programs in state universities that objectively reflect national excellence can be identified and make recommendations to the Legislature as to how any such programs could be enhanced and promoted.

And the title is amended as follows:

Between lines 3609 and 3610 insert: amending s. 1001.7065, F.S.; deleting obsolete provisions; revising the academic and research excellence standards for the preeminent state research universities program; requiring the Board of Governors to designate a state university that meets specified requirements as an "emerging preeminent state research university"; requiring an emerging preeminent state research university to submit a certain plan to the board and meet specified expectations to receive certain funds; providing for the distribution of certain funding increases; deleting provisions relating to the preeminent state research university enhancement initiative and special course requirement authorization;

Amendment 1C (971612) (with title amendment)—Delete lines 1248-1381.

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 3622-3625 and insert: s. 1013.62,

Senator Evers moved the following amendment to **Amendment 1** (620160) which was adopted by two-thirds vote:

Amendment 1D (471510) (with title amendment)—Between lines 3499 and 3500 insert:

Section 33. Subsection (1) of section 1003.44, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.44 Patriotic programs; rules.-

(1) Each district school board may adopt rules to require, in all of the schools of the district, programs of a patriotic nature to encourage greater respect for the government of the United States and its national anthem and flag, subject always to other existing pertinent laws of the United States or of the state. When the national anthem is played, students and all civilians shall stand at attention, men removing the headdress, except when such headdress is worn for religious purposes. The pledge of allegiance to the flag, "I pledge allegiance to the flag of the United States of America and to the republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all," shall be rendered by students standing with the right hand over the heart. The pledge of allegiance to the flag shall be recited at the beginning of the day in each public elementary, middle, and high school in the state. Each student shall be informed by a written notice published in the student handbook or a similar publication pursuant to s. 1006.07(2) posting a notice in a conspicuous place that the student has the right not to participate in reciting the pledge. Upon written request by his or her parent, the student must be excused from reciting the pledge. When the pledge is given, civilians must show full respect to the flag by standing at attention, men removing the headdress, except when such headdress is worn for religious purposes, as provided by Pub. L. ch. 77-435, s. 7, approved June 22, 1942, 56 Stat. 377, as amended by Pub. L. ch. 77-806, 56 Stat. 1074, approved December 22, 1942.

And the title is amended as follows:

Between lines 3805 and 3806 insert: amending s. 1003.44, F.S.; requiring a written notice of a student's right not to participate in the pledge of allegiance to be included in a specific publication;

Pursuant to Rule 7.1(1), there being no objection, consideration of the following late-filed amendment was allowed:

Senator Richter moved the following amendment to **Amendment 1** (620160) which was adopted by two-thirds vote:

Amendment 1E (174148) (with title amendment)—Between lines 2638 and 2639 insert:

Section 21. Subsection (5), paragraph (j) of subsection (6), and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 1007.35, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

 $1007.35\,$ Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement.—

(5) Each public high school, including, but not limited to, schools and alternative sites and centers of the Department of Juvenile Justice, shall provide for the administration of the Preliminary SAT/National Merit Scholarship Qualifying Test (PSAT/NMSQT), or *ACT Aspire* Preliminary ACT (PLAN) to all enrolled 10th grade students. However, a written notice shall be provided to each parent that shall include the opportunity to exempt his or her child from taking the PSAT/NMSQT or *ACT Aspire* PLAN.

(a) Test results will provide each high school with a database of student assessment data which certified school counselors will use to identify students who are prepared or who need additional work to be prepared to enroll and be successful in AP courses or other advanced high school courses.

(b) Funding for the PSAT/NMSQT or *ACT Aspire* <u>PLAN</u> for all 10th grade students shall be contingent upon annual funding in the General Appropriations Act.

(c) Public school districts must choose either the PSAT/NMSQT or *ACT Aspire* **PLAN** for districtwide administration.

(6) The partnership shall:

(j) Provide information to students, parents, teachers, counselors, administrators, districts, Florida College System institutions, and state universities regarding PSAT/NMSQT or *ACT Aspire* <u>PLAN</u> administration, including, but not limited to:

1. Test administration dates and times.

2. That participation in the PSAT/NMSQT or *ACT Aspire* PLAN is open to all *10th* grade 10 students.

3. The value of such tests in providing diagnostic feedback on student skills.

4. The value of student scores in predicting the probability of success on AP or other advanced course examinations.

(8)(a) By September 30 of each year, the partnership shall submit to the department a report that contains an evaluation of the effectiveness of the delivered services and activities. Activities and services must be evaluated on their effectiveness at raising student achievement and increasing the number of AP or other advanced course examinations in low-performing middle and high schools. Other indicators that must be addressed in the evaluation report include the number of middle and high school teachers trained; the effectiveness of the training; measures of postsecondary readiness of the students affected by the program; levels of participation in 10th grade PSAT/NMSQT or *ACT Aspire* PLAN testing; and measures of student, parent, and teacher awareness of and satisfaction with the services of the partnership.

And the title is amended as follows:

Between lines 3740 and 3741 insert: amending s. 1007.35, F.S.; revising the exams each public high school is required to administer to all enrolled 10th grade students to include ACT Aspire;

Pursuant to Rule 7.1(1), there being no objection, consideration of the following late-filed amendment was allowed:

Senator Stargel moved the following amendment to **Amendment 1** (620160) which was adopted by two-thirds vote:

Amendment 1F (716950) (with title amendment)—Before line 5 insert:

Section 1. Section 617.221, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

617.221 Membership associations; reporting requirements; restrictions on use of funds.—

(1) As used in this section, the term "membership association" means a not-for-profit corporation, including a department or division of such corporation, the majority of whose board members are constitutional officers who, pursuant to s. 1001.32(2), operate, control, and supervise public entities that receive annual state appropriations through a statutorily defined formulaic allocation that is funded and prescribed annually in the General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act. The term does not include a labor organization as defined in s. 447.02 or an entity funded through the Justice Administrative Commission.

(2) Dues paid to a membership association which are paid with public funds shall be assessed for each elected or appointed public officer and may be paid to a membership association. If a public officer elects not to join the membership association, the dues assessed to that public officer may not be paid to the membership association.

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 3509 and insert: An act relating to education; creating s. 617.221, F.S.; defining the term "membership association"; requiring the assessment of dues paid to a membership association by certain elected and appointed officials with public funds; amending s. 1001.42,

Amendment 1 (620160), as amended, was adopted by two-thirds vote.

On motion by Senator Gaetz, **CS for CS for HB 7029**, as amended, was passed and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-28

Mr. President	Detert	Grimsley
Altman	Diaz de la Portilla	Hays
Bean	Evers	Hukill
Benacquisto	Flores	Hutson
Bradley	Gaetz	Latvala
Brandes	Galvano	Lee
Dean	Garcia	Legg

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MOTIONS

Pursuant to Rule 4.7(1), on motion by Senator Simmons, by twothirds vote, **SM 798** was placed on the calendar of Bills on Second Reading, the unfavorable report of the Committee on Rules on February 10, 2016 notwithstanding.

RECESS

The President declared the Senate in recess at 12:41 p.m. to reconvene at 1:45 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The Senate was called to order by the President at 1:45 p.m. A quorum present—28:

Mr. President	Garcia	Montford
Altman	Gibson	Richter
Benacquisto	Grimsley	Simmons
Brandes	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Diaz de la Portilla	Joyner	Soto
Evers	Lee	Thompson
Gaetz	Legg	
Galvano	Margolis	

By direction of the President, the rules were waived and the Senate proceeded to—

LOCAL BILL CALENDAR

MOTION

On motion by Senator Simmons, the rules were waived and **HB 655**, **HB 709**, **HB 1039**, **CS for HB 1339**, and **HB 1417** on the Local Bill Calendar were withdrawn from the Committee on Rules, read a second and third time by title, and passed this day.

HB 655—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the City of Jacksonville, Duval County; amending chapter 87-471, Laws of Florida, as amended; establishing special zones in downtown Jacksonville; providing exceptions for space and seating requirements for liquor licenses for restaurants in the zones, subject to local zoning requirements; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title. On motion by Senator Bean, by two-thirds vote, **HB 655** was read the third time by title, passed, and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-28

Mr. President	Diaz de la Portilla	Grimsley
Altman	Evers	Hays
Benacquisto	Gaetz	Hukill
Brandes	Galvano	Hutson
Bullard	Garcia	Joyner
Clemens	Gibson	Lee

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Legg	Simmons	Soto	Galva
Margolis	Simpson	Thompson	Garci
Montford	Smith		Gibso
Richter	Sobel		Grim
			Hays
Nays—None			Hukil
Vote after roll ca	dll:		Hutso
Yea—Bean, Dean, Detert, Flores, Negron, Stargel		Nays	
TT (C			Vote

Vote preference:

March 10, 2016: Yea-Sachs

HB 709-A bill to be entitled An act relating to the City of Tallahassee, Leon County; amending chapter 2008-294, Laws of Florida; revising the boundaries of the downtown area for purposes of temporary permits for a nonprofit civic organization to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises at outdoor events on public right-of-way in the downtown area of Tallahassee; providing an effective date.

-was read the second time by title. On motion by Senator Montford, by two-thirds vote, HB 709 was read the third time by title, passed, and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

> Montford Richter Simmons Simpson Smith Sobel Soto Thompson

Yeas-28

Mr. President	Garcia
Altman	Gibson
Benacquisto	Grimsley
Brandes	Hays
Bullard	Hukill
Clemens	Hutson
Diaz de la Portilla	Joyner
Evers	Lee
Gaetz	Legg
Galvano	Margolis

Navs-None

Vote after roll call:

Yea-Bean, Dean, Detert, Flores, Negron, Stargel

Vote preference:

March 10, 2016: Yea-Sachs

HB 1039-A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Babcock Ranch Community Independent Special District, Charlotte and Lee Counties; amending chapter 2007-306, Laws of Florida; expanding the Babcock Ranch Community Independent Special District to include areas of Lee County; amending legislative intent, definitions, legislative policy, district creation and establishment, governing board administrative duties, district budgets and financial reports, and district powers to include references to Lee County; amending the district's legal boundaries to include areas of Lee County; requiring district governing board election procedures to involve officials from both counties; requiring general obligation bond elections to occur in both counties; authorizing the levy and collection of non-ad valorem maintenance taxes in both counties; providing for required notices to be published in both counties; requiring a referendum; providing an effective date.

-was read the second time by title. On motion by Senator Benacquisto, by two-thirds vote, HB 1039 was read the third time by title, passed, and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Brandes

Bullard

Clemens

Yeas-28

Mr. President Altman Benacquisto

Diaz de la Portilla Evers Gaetz

vano Joyner cia Lee son Legg nsley Margolis Montford ill Richter Simmons son vs—None

Simpson Smith Sobel Soto Thompson

Vote after roll call:

Yea-Bean, Dean, Detert, Flores, Negron, Stargel

Vote preference:

March 10, 2016: Yea-Sachs

CS for HB 1339-A bill to be entitled An act relating to the City of Webster, Sumter County; providing legislative intent; codifying, amending, repealing, and reenacting special acts relating to the city; repealing chapter 57-1944, Laws of Florida; providing an effective date.

was read the second time by title. On motion by Senator Simpson, by two-thirds vote, CS for HB 1339 was read the third time by title, passed, and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-28

Mr. President	Garcia	Montford
Altman	Gibson	Richter
Benacquisto	Grimsley	Simmons
Brandes	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Diaz de la Portilla	Joyner	Soto
Evers	Lee	Thompson
Gaetz	Legg	
Galvano	Margolis	

Nays-None

Vote after roll call:

Yea-Bean, Dean, Detert, Flores, Negron, Stargel

Vote preference:

March 10, 2016: Yea-Sachs

HB 1417-A bill to be entitled An act relating to Hillsborough County; amending chapter 70-718, Laws of Florida; revising space and seating requirements for the issuance of alcoholic beverage licenses to certain restaurants; providing an effective date.

-was read the second time by title. On motion by Senator Brandes, by two-thirds vote, HB 1417 was read the third time by title, passed, and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-28

Mr. President	Garcia	Montford
Altman	Gibson	Richter
Benacquisto	Grimsley	Simmons
Brandes	Hays	Simpson
Bullard	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Diaz de la Portilla	Joyner	Soto
Evers	Lee	Thompson
Gaetz	Legg	
Galvano	Margolis	

Nays-None

Vote after roll call:

Yea-Bean, Dean, Detert, Flores, Negron, Stargel

Vote preference:

March 10, 2016: Yea-Sachs

By direction of the President, the rules were waived and the Senate reverted to—

BILLS ON THIRD READING, continued

CS for CS for SJR 170—A joint resolution proposing amendments to Sections 3 and 4 of Article VII and the creation of Section 34 of Article XII of the State Constitution to authorize the Legislature, by general law, to exempt the assessed value of a solar or renewable energy source device from the tangible personal property tax, to authorize the Legislature, by general law, to prohibit the consideration of the installation of such device in determining the assessed value of residential and nonresidential real property for the purpose of ad valorem taxation, and to provide effective and expiration dates.

-was read the third time by title.

Pending further consideration of **CS for CS for SJR 170**, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, **CS for HJR 193** was withdrawn from the Committees on Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities; Community Affairs; Finance and Tax; and Appropriations.

On motion by Senator Brandes, by two-thirds vote-

CS for HJR 193—A joint resolution proposing amendments to Sections 3 and 4 of Article VII and the creation of Section 34 of Article XII of the State Constitution to authorize the Legislature, by general law, to exempt from ad valorem taxation the assessed value of solar devices or renewable energy source devices that are subject to tangible personal property tax, to authorize the Legislature, by general law, to prohibit the consideration of the installation of such devices in determining the assessed value of residential and nonresidential real property for the purpose of ad valorem taxation, and to provide effective and expiration dates.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

That the following amendments to Sections 3 and 4 of Article VII and the creation of Section 34 of Article XII of the State Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that purpose:

ARTICLE VII

FINANCE AND TAXATION

SECTION 3. Taxes; exemptions.-

(a) All property owned by a municipality and used exclusively by it for municipal or public purposes shall be exempt from taxation. A municipality, owning property outside the municipality, may be required by general law to make payment to the taxing unit in which the property is located. Such portions of property as are used predominantly for educational, literary, scientific, religious or charitable purposes may be exempted by general law from taxation.

(b) There shall be exempt from taxation, cumulatively, to every head of a family residing in this state, household goods and personal effects to the value fixed by general law, not less than one thousand dollars, and to every widow or widower or person who is blind or totally and permanently disabled, property to the value fixed by general law not less than five hundred dollars.

(c) Any county or municipality may, for the purpose of its respective tax levy and subject to the provisions of this subsection and general law,

grant community and economic development ad valorem tax exemptions to new businesses and expansions of existing businesses, as defined by general law. Such an exemption may be granted only by ordinance of the county or municipality, and only after the electors of the county or municipality voting on such question in a referendum authorize the county or municipality to adopt such ordinances. An exemption so granted shall apply to improvements to real property made by or for the use of a new business and improvements to real property related to the expansion of an existing business and shall also apply to tangible personal property of such new business and tangible personal property related to the expansion of an existing business. The amount or limits of the amount of such exemption shall be specified by general law. The period of time for which such exemption may be granted to a new business or expansion of an existing business shall be determined by general law. The authority to grant such exemption shall expire ten years from the date of approval by the electors of the county or municipality, and may be renewable by referendum as provided by general law.

(d) Any county or municipality may, for the purpose of its respective tax levy and subject to the provisions of this subsection and general law, grant historic preservation ad valorem tax exemptions to owners of historic properties. This exemption may be granted only by ordinance of the county or municipality. The amount or limits of the amount of this exemption and the requirements for eligible properties must be specified by general law. The period of time for which this exemption may be granted to a property owner shall be determined by general law.

(e) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein:,

(1) Twenty-five thousand dollars of the assessed value of property subject to tangible personal property tax shall be exempt from ad valorem taxation.

(2) The assessed value of solar devices or renewable energy source devices subject to tangible personal property tax may be exempt from ad valorem taxation, subject to limitations provided by general law.

(f) There shall be granted an ad valorem tax exemption for real property dedicated in perpetuity for conservation purposes, including real property encumbered by perpetual conservation easements or by other perpetual conservation protections, as defined by general law.

(g) By general law and subject to the conditions specified therein, each person who receives a homestead exemption as provided in section 6 of this article; who was a member of the United States military or military reserves, the United States Coast Guard or its reserves, or the Florida National Guard; and who was deployed during the preceding calendar year on active duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii in support of military operations designated by the legislature shall receive an additional exemption equal to a percentage of the taxable value of his or her homestead property. The applicable percentage shall be calculated as the number of days during the preceding calendar year the person was deployed on active duty outside the continental United States, Alaska, or Hawaii in support of military operations designated by the legislature divided by the number of days in that year.

SECTION 4. Taxation; assessments.—By general law regulations shall be prescribed which shall secure a just valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation, provided:

(a) Agricultural land, land producing high water recharge to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

(b) As provided by general law and subject to conditions, limitations, and reasonable definitions specified therein, land used for conservation purposes shall be classified by general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

(c) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property held for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued for taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.

(d) All persons entitled to a homestead exemption under Section 6 of this Article shall have their homestead assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year following the effective date of this amendment. This assessment shall change only as provided in this subsection.

(1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on January 1st of each year; but those changes in assessments shall not exceed the lower of the following:

a. Three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prior year.

b. The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or successor reports for the preceding calendar year as initially reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

(2) No assessment shall exceed just value.

(3) After any change of ownership, as provided by general law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the following year, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1st of the year following the establishment of the homestead, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. That assessment shall only change as provided in this subsection.

(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed as provided for by general law; provided, however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, the property shall be assessed as provided by general law.

(7) The provisions of this amendment are severable. If any of the provisions of this amendment shall be held unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the decision of such court shall not affect or impair any remaining provisions of this amendment.

(8)a. A person who establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2009, or January 1 of any subsequent year and who has received a homestead exemption pursuant to Section 6 of this Article as of January 1 of either of the two years immediately preceding the establishment of the new homestead is entitled to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value. If this revision is approved in January of 2008, a person who establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2008, is entitled to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value only if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1, 2007. The assessed value of the newly established homestead shall be determined as follows:

1. If the just value of the new homestead is greater than or equal to the just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be the just value of the new homestead minus an amount equal to the lesser of \$500,000 or the difference between the just value and the assessed value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

2. If the just value of the new homestead is less than the just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of the new homestead shall be equal to the just value of the new homestead divided by the just value of the prior homestead and multiplied by the assessed value of the prior homestead. However, if the difference between the just value of the new homestead and the assessed value of the new homestead calculated pursuant to this sub-subparagraph is greater than \$500,000,

the assessed value of the new homestead shall be increased so that the difference between the just value and the assessed value equals \$500,000. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

b. By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature shall provide for application of this paragraph to property owned by more than one person.

(e) The legislature may, by general law, for assessment purposes and subject to the provisions of this subsection, allow counties and municipalities to authorize by ordinance that historic property may be assessed solely on the basis of character or use. Such character or use assessment shall apply only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance. The requirements for eligible properties must be specified by general law.

(f) A county may, in the manner prescribed by general law, provide for a reduction in the assessed value of homestead property to the extent of any increase in the assessed value of that property which results from the construction or reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing living quarters for one or more natural or adoptive grandparents or parents of the owner of the property or of the owner's spouse if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the living quarters are provided is 62 years of age or older. Such a reduction may not exceed the lesser of the following:

(1) The increase in assessed value resulting from construction or reconstruction of the property.

(2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the property as improved.

(g) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of residential real property, as defined by general law, which contains nine units or fewer and which is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) shall change only as provided in this subsection.

(1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but those changes in assessments shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year.

(2) No assessment shall exceed just value.

(3) After a change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, including any change of ownership of a legal entity that owns the property, such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(4) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law; however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(h) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of real property that is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) and (g) shall change only as provided in this subsection.

 $(1)\,$ Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but those changes in assessments shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year.

(2) No assessment shall exceed just value.

(3) The legislature must provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a qualifying improvement, as defined by general law, is made to such property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection. (4) The legislature may provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, including any change of ownership of the legal entity that owns the property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law; however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(i) The legislature, by general law and subject to conditions specified therein, may prohibit the consideration of the following in the determination of the assessed value of real property used for residential purposes:

(1) Any change or improvement to real property used for residential purposes made to improve for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage.

(2) The installation of a *solar or* renewable energy source device.

(j)(1) The assessment of the following working waterfront properties shall be based upon the current use of the property:

a. Land used predominantly for commercial fishing purposes.

b. Land that is accessible to the public and used for vessel launches into waters that are navigable.

c. Marinas and drystacks that are open to the public.

d. Water-dependent marine manufacturing facilities, commercial fishing facilities, and marine vessel construction and repair facilities and their support activities.

(2) The assessment benefit provided by this subsection is subject to conditions and limitations and reasonable definitions as specified by the legislature by general law.

ARTICLE XII

SCHEDULE

SECTION 34. Solar devices or renewable energy source devices; exemption from certain taxation and assessment.-This section, the amendment to subsection (e) of Section 3 of Article VII authorizing the legislature, subject to limitations set forth in general law, to exempt the assessed value of solar devices or renewable energy source devices subject to tangible personal property tax from ad valorem taxation, and the amendment to subsection (i) of Section 4 of Article VII authorizing the legislature, by general law, to prohibit the consideration of the installation of a solar device or a renewable energy source device in determining the assessed value of real property for the purpose of ad valorem taxation shall take effect on January 1, 2018, and shall expire on December 31, 2037. Upon expiration, this section shall be repealed and the text of subsection (e) of Section 3 of Article VII and subsection (i) of Section 4 of Article VII shall revert to that in existence on December 31, 2017, except that any amendments to such text otherwise adopted shall be preserved and continue to operate to the extent that such amendments are not dependent upon the portions of text which expire pursuant to this section.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be placed on the ballot:

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 3 AND 4

ARTICLE XII, SECTION 34

SOLAR DEVICES OR RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCE DEVICES; EXEMPTION FROM CERTAIN TAXATION AND ASSESSMENT.— Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to authorize the Legislature, by general law, to exempt from ad valorem taxation the assessed value of solar or renewable energy source devices subject to tangible personal property tax, and to authorize the Legislature, by general law, to prohibit consideration of such devices in assessing the value of real property for ad valorem taxation purposes. This amendment takes effect January 1, 2018, and expires on December 31, 2037.

—a companion measure, was substituted for **CS for CS for SJR 170**, and by two-thirds vote, read the second time by title.

On motion by Senator Brandes, by two-thirds vote, **CS for HJR 193** was read the third time by title, passed by the required constitutional three-fifths vote of the membership, and was certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-37

Mr. President	Flores	Montford
Abruzzo	Gaetz	Richter
Altman	Galvano	Ring
Bean	Garcia	Sachs
Benacquisto	Gibson	Simmons
Brandes	Grimsley	Simpson
Braynon	Hays	Smith
Bullard	Hukill	Sobel
Clemens	Hutson	Soto
Dean	Joyner	Stargel
Detert	Lee	Thompson
Diaz de la Portilla	Legg	
Evers	Margolis	

Nays—None

Vote after roll call:

Yea-Bradley, Negron

SPECIAL RECOGNITION OF SENATOR HAYS

The President introduced Senator Hays' wife, Jeanne; mother, Bernis; daughter, Leslie Broome and her husband, Bryan Broome; along with his district staff, Nanci Cornwell, Anne-Marie Norman, and Renee Hodges who were present in the chamber. Senator Hays' sister, Phyllis Latham, was also present in the gallery. A video tribute was played honoring Senator Hays. Several Senators were recognized for farewell comments. Senator Hays was recognized for farewell remarks.

Senator Galvano presented Senator Hays with a plaque honoring his years of service to the Senate.

SPECIAL RECOGNITION OF SENATOR SOTO

SENATOR JOYNER PRESIDING

The President introduced Senator Soto's wife, Amanda, who was celebrating her birthday this day, along with his district staff, Cecilia Cruz, Martin Rivera, and Tracy Brooks. A video tribute was played honoring Senator Soto. Several Senators were recognized for farewell comments. Senator Soto was recognized for farewell remarks.

Senator Galvano presented Senator Soto with a plaque honoring his years of service to the Senate.

THE PRESIDENT PRESIDING

By direction of the President, the rules were waived and the Senate proceeded to—

SPECIAL ORDER CALENDAR

Consideration of CS for SB 234 was deferred.

CS for SB 432—A bill to be entitled An act relating to teacher certification; amending s. 1012.56, F.S.; providing alternative requirements for earning a professional educator certificate that covers certain grades; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title.

Pending further consideration of **CS for SB 432**, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, **CS for HB 189** was withdrawn from the Committees on Education Pre-K - 12; Appropriations Subcommittee on Education; and Appropriations.

On motion by Senator Hutson-

CS for HB 189—A bill to be entitled An act relating to teacher certification; amending s. 1012.56, F.S.; providing alternative requirements for earning a professional educator certificate that covers certain grades; providing an effective date.

—a companion measure, was substituted for \mathbf{CS} for \mathbf{SB} 432 and read the second time by title.

Pursuant to Rule 4.19, **CS for HB 189** was placed on the calendar of Bills on Third Reading.

CS for SB 234-A bill to be entitled An act relating to dental care; creating s. 381.4019, F.S.; establishing a joint local and state dental care access account initiative, subject to the availability of funding; authorizing the creation of dental care access accounts; specifying the purpose of the initiative; defining terms; providing criteria for the selection of dentists for participation in the initiative; providing for the establishment of accounts; limiting the number of new accounts that may be established per fiscal year; requiring the Department of Health to implement an electronic benefit transfer system; providing for the use of funds deposited in the accounts; requiring the department to distribute state funds to accounts, subject to legislative appropriations; authorizing the department to accept contributions from a local source for deposit in a designated account; limiting the number of years that an account may remain open; providing for the immediate closing of accounts under certain circumstances; authorizing the department to transfer state funds remaining in a closed account at a specified time and to return unspent funds from local sources; requiring a dentist to repay funds in certain circumstances; authorizing the department to pursue disciplinary enforcement actions and to use other legal means to recover funds; requiring the department to establish by rule application procedures and a process to verify the use of funds withdrawn from a dental care access account; requiring the department to give priority to applications from dentists practicing in certain areas; requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity to rank dental health professional shortage areas and medically underserved areas; requiring the Department of Health to develop a marketing plan in cooperation with certain dental colleges and the Florida Dental Association; requiring the Department of Health to annually submit a report with certain information to the Governor and the Legislature; providing rulemaking authority to require the submission of information for such reporting; providing an effective date.

-was read the second time by title.

Pending further consideration of **CS for SB 234**, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, **CS for CS for HB 139** was withdrawn from the Committees on Health Policy; Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services; and Appropriations.

On motion by Senator Gaetz-

CS for CS for HB 139—A bill to be entitled An act relating to dental care; creating s. 381.4019, F.S.; establishing a joint local and state dental care access account initiative, subject to the availability of funding; authorizing the creation of dental care access accounts; specifying the purpose of the initiative; providing definitions; providing criteria for the selection of dentists for participation in the initiative; providing for the establishment of accounts; limiting the number of new dental care access accounts established per fiscal year; requiring the

Department of Health to implement an electronic benefit transfer system; providing for the use of funds deposited in the accounts; authorizing the department to distribute state funds to accounts, subject to legislative appropriation; authorizing the department to accept contributions from local sources for deposit in designated accounts; limiting the number of years that an account may remain open; providing for the immediate closure of accounts under certain circumstances; authorizing the department to transfer state funds remaining in a closed account at a specified time; requiring the department to return unspent funds from local sources; requiring a dentist to repay funds in certain circumstances; authorizing the department to pursue disciplinary enforcement actions and to use other legal means to recover funds; requiring the department to establish by rule application procedures and a process to verify the use of funds withdrawn from a dental care access account; requiring the department to give priority to applications from dentists practicing in certain areas; requiring the Department of Economic Opportunity to rank shortage areas and medically underserved areas; requiring the Department of Health to annually submit a report with certain information to the Governor and the Legislature; requiring rulemaking for the submission of information for such reporting; providing an appropriation and authorizing a position; providing an effective date.

—a companion measure, was substituted for **CS for SB 234** and read the second time by title.

Pursuant to Rule 4.19, CS for CS for HB 139 was placed on the calendar of Bills on Third Reading.

Consideration of CS for CS for CS for SB 534 was deferred.

CS for CS for SB 760—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Healthy Food Financing Initiative; providing definitions; directing the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to establish a Healthy Food Financing Initiative program to provide specified financing to construct, rehabilitate, or expand independent grocery stores and supermarkets in underserved communities in low-income and moderate-income communities; authorizing the department to contract with a third-party administrator; establishing funding specifications for administrators; providing program, project, and applicant requirements; authorizing funds to be used for specified purposes; directing the department to submit an annual report to the Legislature and adopt rules; providing that implementation of the program is contingent upon legislative appropriation; providing an effective date.

-was read the second time by title.

Pending further consideration of **CS for CS for SB 760**, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, **CS for CS for CS for HB 153** was withdrawn from the Committees on Agriculture; Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government; and Appropriations.

On motion by Senator Bean-

CS for CS for CS for HB 153—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Healthy Food Financing Initiative Pilot Program; creating the Healthy Food Financing Initiative Pilot Program; providing definitions; directing the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to establish a program to provide specified financing to construct, rehabilitate, or expand grocery stores and supermarkets in underserved communities in low-income and moderate-income areas; authorizing the department to contract with a third-party administrator; providing program, project, and applicant requirements; authorizing funds to be used for specified purposes; directing the department submit a report to the Legislature by a specified date; requiring that loan repayments be transferred to the General Revenue Fund; directing the department to adopt rules; providing for expiration of the program; providing an appropriation; providing an effective date.

—a companion measure, was substituted for CS for CS for SB 760 and read the second time by title.

Senator Bean moved the following amendment which was adopted:

Amendment 1 (430650) (with title amendment)—Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Healthy Food Financing Initiative.—

(1) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Community facility" means a property owned by a nonprofit or for-profit entity in which health and human services are provided and space is offered in a manner that provides increased access to, or delivery or distribution of, food or other agricultural products to encourage public consumption and household purchases of fresh produce or other healthy food to improve the public health and well-being of low-income children, families, and older adults.

(b) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

(c) "Independent grocery store or supermarket" means an independently owned grocery store or supermarket whose parent company does not own more than 40 grocery stores throughout the country based upon ownership conditions as identified in the latest Nielsen TDLinx Supermarket/Supercenter database.

(d) "Low-income community" means a population census tract, as reported in the most recent United States Census Bureau American Community Survey, which meets one of the following criteria:

1. The poverty rate is at least 20 percent;

2. In the case of a low-income community located outside of a metropolitan area, the median family income does not exceed 80 percent of the statewide median family income; or

3. In the case of a low-income community located inside of a metropolitan area, the median family income does not exceed 80 percent of the statewide median family income or 80 percent of the metropolitan median family income, whichever is greater.

(e) "Program" means the Healthy Food Financing Initiative established by the department.

(f) "Underserved community" means a distressed urban, suburban, or rural geographic area where a substantial number of residents have low access to a full-service supermarket or grocery store. An area with limited supermarket access must be:

1. A census tract, as determined to be an area with low access by the United States Department of Agriculture, as identified in the Food Access Research Atlas;

2. Identified as a limited supermarket access area as recognized by the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund of the United States Department of the Treasury; or

3. Identified as an area with low access to a supermarket or grocery store through a methodology that has been adopted for use by another governmental initiative, or well-established or well-regarded philanthropic healthy food initiative.

(2) The department shall establish a Healthy Food Financing Initiative program that is composed of and coordinates the use of grants from any source; federal, state, and private loans from a governmental entity or institutions regulated by a governmental entity; federal tax credits; and other types of financial assistance for the construction, rehabilitation, or expansion of independent grocery stores, supermarkets, community facilities, or other structures to increase access to fresh produce and other nutritious food in underserved communities.

(3)(a) The department may contract with one or more qualified nonprofit organizations or Florida-based federally certified community development financial institutions to administer the program through a public-private partnership. Eligible community development financial institutions must be able to demonstrate:

1. Prior experience in healthy food financing.

2. Support from the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund of the United States Department of the Treasury.

3. The ability to successfully manage and operate lending and tax credit programs.

4. The ability to assume full financial risk for loans made under this initiative.

(b) The department shall:

1. Establish program guidelines, raise matching funds, promote the program statewide, evaluate applicants, underwrite and disburse grants and loans, and monitor compliance and impact. The department may contract with a third-party administrator to carry out such duties. If the department contracts with a third-party administrator, funds shall be granted to the third-party administrator to create a revolving loan fund for the purpose of financing projects that meet the criteria of the program. The third-party administrator shall report to the department annually.

2. Create eligibility guidelines and provide financing through an application process. Eligible projects must be:

a. Located in an underserved community;

b. Primarily serve low-income communities; and

c. Provide for the construction of new independent grocery stores or supermarkets; the renovation or expansion of, including infrastructure upgrades to, existing independent grocery stores or supermarkets; or the construction, renovation, or expansion of, including infrastructure upgrades to, community facilities to improve the availability and quality of fresh produce and other healthy foods.

3. Report annually to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the projects funded, the geographic distribution of the projects, the costs of the program, and the outcomes, including the number and type of jobs created.

(4)(a) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall review the program and data collected from the department after a term of 7 years and report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report shall include, but is not limited to, health impacts based on data collected by the state on diabetes, heart disease and other obesity-related diseases, and other factors as determined by the department.

(b) If the report determines the program to be unsuccessful after 7 years, the department shall create guidelines for unused funds to be returned to the initial investor.

(5) A for-profit entity, including a convenience store or a fueling station, or a not-for-profit entity, including, but not limited to, a sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability company, corporation, cooperative, nonprofit organization, nonprofit community development entity, or private university, may apply for financing. An applicant for financing must:

(a) Demonstrate the capacity to successfully implement the project and the likelihood that the project will be economically self-sustaining;

(b) Demonstrate the ability to repay the loan; and

(c) Agree, as an independent grocery store or supermarket, for at least 5 years, to:

1. Accept Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program benefits;

2. Apply to accept Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children benefits and accept such benefits, if approved;

3. Allocate at least 30 percent of food retail space for the sale of perishable foods, which may include fresh or frozen dairy products, fresh produce, and fresh meats, poultry, and fish;

4. Comply with all data collection and reporting requirements established by the department; and

5. Promote the hiring of local residents.

Projects including, but not limited to, corner stores, bodegas, or other types of nontraditional grocery stores that do not meet the 30 percent minimum in subparagraph 3. can still qualify for funding if such funding will be used for refrigeration, displays, or other one-time capital expenditures to promote the sale of fresh produce and other healthy foods.

(6) In determining which qualified projects to finance, the department or third-party administrator shall:

(a) Give preference to local Florida-based grocers or local business owners with experience in grocery stores and to grocers and business owners with a business plan model that includes written documentation of opportunities to purchase from Florida farmers and growers before seeking out-of-state purchases;

(b) Consider the level of need in the area to be served;

(c) Consider the degree to which the project will have a positive economic impact on the underserved community, including the creation or retention of jobs for local residents;

(d) Consider the location of existing independent grocery stores, supermarkets, or other markets relevant to the applicant's project and provide the established entity the right of first refusal for such project; and

- (e) Consider other criteria as determined by the department.
- (7) Financing for projects may be used for the following purposes:
- (a) Site acquisition and preparation.
- (b) Construction and build-out costs.
- (c) Equipment and furnishings.
- (d) Workforce training or security.
- (e) Predevelopment costs, such as market studies and appraisals.
- (f) Energy efficiency measures.
- (g) Working capital for first-time inventory and startup costs.

(h) Acquisition of seeds and starter plants for the residential cultivation of fruits, vegetables, herbs, and other culinary products. However, only 7 percent of the total funds expended in any one project under this section may be used for such acquisition.

(i) Other purposes as determined by the department or a third-party administrator.

(8) The department shall adopt rules to administer this section.

Section 2. Implementation of the Healthy Food Financing Initiative is contingent upon appropriation by the Legislature.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert: A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Healthy Food Financing Initiative; providing definitions; directing the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to establish a Healthy Food Financing Initiative program to provide specified financing to construct, rehabilitate, or expand independent grocery stores and supermarkets in underserved communities within low-income communities; authorizing the department to contract with a third-party administrator; establishing funding specifications for administrators; providing program, project, and applicant requirements; authorizing funds to be used for specified purposes; directing the department to submit an annual report to the Legislature and adopt rules; directing the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability to study the results of the program after a certain time period; directing the termination of the program under certain conditions; providing that implementation of the program is contingent upon legislative appropriation; providing an effective date.

Pursuant to Rule 4.19, **CS for CS for CS for HB 153**, as amended, was placed on the calendar of Bills on Third Reading.

CS for SB 770-A bill to be entitled An act relating to local government environmental financing; providing a short title; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; expanding the uses of local government infrastructure surtaxes to include acquiring any interest in land for public recreation, conservation, or protection of natural resources or to prevent or satisfy private property rights claims resulting from limitations imposed by the designation of an area of critical state concern; revising a definition and providing a definition for purposes of using surtax proceeds; amending s. 215.619, F.S.; expanding the use of Everglades restoration bonds to include the City of Key West Area of Critical State Concern; expanding the types of water management projects eligible for funding; revising the dates for issuance and maturity of Everglades restoration bonds; reducing the annual appropriation amount dedicated to fund the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern protection program; authorizing bond proceeds to be spent on the City of Key West Area of Critical State Concern; expanding projects that may be funded by bond proceeds; specifying procedures to be followed for certain lands that are no longer needed for certain restoration purposes; amending s. 259.045, F.S.; requiring the Department of Environmental Protection to annually consider certain recommendations to buy specific lands within and outside an area of critical state concern; authorizing certain entities to recommend additional lands for purchase; amending s. 259.105, F.S.; requiring specific Florida Forever appropriations to be used for the purchase of lands in the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern; amending s. 380.0552, F.S.; revising legislative intent regarding the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern; specifying that plan amendments in the Florida Keys must also be consistent with protecting and improving specified water quality and water supply projects; amending s. 380.0666, F.S.; expanding powers of a land authority to include acquiring lands to prevent or satisfy private property rights claims resulting from limitations imposed by the designation of an area of critical state concern and contributing funds for certain land purchases by the department; providing limitations relating to acquiring or contributing lands to improve public transportation facilities; providing an effective date.

-was read the second time by title.

Pending further consideration of **CS for SB 770**, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, **CS for CS for HB 447** was withdrawn from the Committees on Community Affairs; Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government; and Appropriations.

On motion by Senator Flores-

CS for CS for HB 447-A bill to be entitled An act relating to local government environmental financing; providing a short title; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; expanding the uses of local government infrastructure surtaxes to include acquiring any interest in land for public recreation, conservation, or protection of natural resources or to prevent or satisfy private property rights claims resulting from limitations imposed by the designation of an area of critical state concern; revising definitions for purposes of using surtax proceeds; amending s. 215.619, F.S.; expanding the use of Everglades restoration bonds to include the City of Key West Area of Critical State Concern; expanding the types of water management projects eligible for funding; revising the dates for issuance and maturity of Everglades restoration bonds; reducing the annual appropriation amount dedicated to fund the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern protection program; authorizing bond proceeds to be spent on the City of Key West Area of Critical State Concern; expanding projects that may be funded by bond proceeds; specifying procedures to be followed for certain lands that are no longer needed for certain restoration purposes; amending s. 259.045, F.S.; requiring the Department of Environmental Protection to annually consider certain recommendations to buy specific lands within and outside an area of critical state concern; authorizing certain local governments and special districts to recommend additional lands for purchase; amending s. 259.105, F.S.; requiring specific Florida Forever appropriations to be used for the purchase of lands in the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern; amending s. 380.0552, F.S.; revising legislative intent regarding the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern; specifying that plan amendments in the Florida Keys must also be consistent with protecting and improving specified water quality and water supply projects; amending s. 380.0666, F.S.; expanding powers of a land authority to include acquiring lands to prevent or satisfy private property rights claims resulting from limitations imposed by the designation of an area of critical state concern and contribute funds for certain land purchases by the department; providing limitations relating to acquiring or contributing lands to improve public transportation facilities; providing an effective date.

—a companion measure, was substituted for \mathbf{CS} for \mathbf{SB} 770 and read the second time by title.

Senator Flores moved the following amendment which was adopted:

Amendment 1 (817954) (with title amendment)—Delete lines 199-305 and insert:

(a) Everglades restoration bonds, except refunding bonds, may be issued only in fiscal years 2002-2003 through 2019-2020 and may not be issued in an amount exceeding \$100 million per fiscal year unless:

1. The Department of Environmental Protection has requested additional amounts in order to achieve cost savings or accelerate the purchase of land; or

2. The Legislature authorizes an additional amount of bonds not to exceed \$200 million, and limited to \$50 million per fiscal year, specifically for the purpose of funding the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern protection program and the City of Key West Area of Critical State Concern. Proceeds from the bonds shall be managed by the Department of Environmental Protection for the purpose of entering into financial assistance agreements with local governments located in the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern or the City of Key West Area of Critical State Concern to finance or refinance the cost of constructing sewage collection, treatment, and disposal facilities or building projects that protect, restore, or enhance nearshore water quality and fisheries, such as stormwater or canal restoration projects and projects to protect water resources available to the Florida Keys.

(b) The duration of Everglades restoration bonds may not exceed 20 annual maturities and must mature by December 31, 2047 2040. Except for refunding bonds, a series of bonds may not be issued unless an amount equal to the debt service coming due in the year of issuance has been appropriated by the Legislature. Not more than 58.25 percent of documentary stamp taxes collected may be taken into account for the purpose of satisfying an additional bonds test set forth in any authorizing resolution for bonds issued on or after July 1, 2015. Beginning July 1, 2010, the Legislature shall analyze the ratio of the state's debt to projected revenues before authorizing the issuance of bonds under this section.

(7) If the South Florida Water Management District and the Department of Environmental Protection determine that lands purchased using bond proceeds within the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern, the City of Key West Area of Critical State Concern, or outside the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern but which were purchased to preserve and protect the potable water supply to the Florida Keys, are no longer needed for the purpose for which they were purchased, the entity owning the lands may dispose of them. However, before the lands can be disposed of, each general purpose local government within the boundaries of which a portion of the land lies must agree to the disposal of lands within its boundaries and must be offered the first right to purchase those lands.

Section 4. Section 259.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

259.045 Purchase of lands in areas of critical state concern; recommendations by department and land authorities.—Within 45 days *after* of the designation by the Administration Commission designates of an area as an area of critical state concern under s. 380.05, and annually thereafter, the Department of Environmental Protection shall consider the recommendations of the state land planning agency pursuant to s. 380.05(1)(a) relating to purchase of lands within an area of critical state concern or lands outside an area of critical state concern that directly impact an area of critical state concern, which may include lands used to preserve and protect water supply, the proposed area and shall make recommendations to the board with respect to the purchase of the fee or any lesser interest in any such lands that are: situated in such area of critical state concern as

(1) Environmentally endangered lands; or

- (2) Outdoor recreation lands;
- (3) Lands that conserve sensitive habitat;

(4) Lands that protect, restore, or enhance nearshore water quality and fisheries;

(5) Lands used to protect and enhance water supply to the Florida Keys, including alternative water supplies such as reverse osmosis and reclaimed water systems; or

(6) Lands used to prevent or satisfy private property rights claims resulting from limitations imposed by the designation of an area of critical state concern if the acquisition of such lands fulfills a public purpose listed in s. 259.032(2).

The department, a local government, a special district, or and a land authority within an area of critical state concern as authorized in chapter 380, may make recommendations with respect to additional purchases which were not included in the state land planning agency recommendations.

Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 259.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

259.105 The Florida Forever Act.-

(3) Less the costs of issuing and the costs of funding reserve accounts and other costs associated with bonds, the proceeds of cash payments or bonds issued pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Florida Forever Trust Fund created by s. 259.1051. The proceeds shall be distributed by the Department of Environmental Protection in the following manner:

(b) Thirty-five percent to the Department of Environmental Protection for the acquisition of lands and capital project expenditures described in this section. Of the proceeds distributed pursuant to this paragraph, it is the intent of the Legislature that an increased priority be given to those acquisitions which achieve a combination of conservation goals, including protecting Florida's water resources and natural groundwater recharge. At a minimum, 3 percent, and no more than 10 percent, of the funds allocated pursuant to this paragraph shall be spent on capital project expenditures identified during the time of acquisition which meet land management planning activities necessary for public access. Beginning in the 2017-2018 fiscal year and continuing through the 2026-2027 fiscal year, at least \$5 million of the funds allocated pursuant to this paragraph shall be spent on land acquisition within the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern as authorized pursuant to s. 259.045.

Section 6. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the sum of \$5 million in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund is appropriated to the Department of Environmental Protection to be distributed in accordance with the existing interlocal agreement among the Village of Islamorada, the Key Largo Wastewater Treatment District, the City of Marathon, the Monroe County/Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority, the City of Key West, and Key Colony Beach, for the purposes of constructing sewage collection, treatment, and disposal facilities; implementing stormwater collection and treatment systems; canal restoration and muck remediation projects; and projects that protect and enhance water supply in the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern and the City of Key West Area of Critical State Concern; or, for the purposes of land acquisition within the Florida Keys Area of Critical Concern as authorized pursuant to s. 259.045, Florida Statutes, with increased priority given to those acquisitions that achieve a combination of conservation goals, including protecting Florida's water resources and natural groundwater recharge. A local government requesting disbursement pursuant to this appropriation shall provide the Department of Environmental Protection with such documentation as the department deems necessary to verify that the costs are properly incurred and work has been performed.

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 16-34 and insert: revising the date for the maturity of Everglades restoration bonds; authorizing bond proceeds to be spent on the City of Key West Area of Critical State Concern; expanding projects that may be funded by bond proceeds; specifying procedures to be followed for certain lands that are no longer needed for certain restoration purposes; amending s. 259.045, F.S.; requiring the Department of Environmental Protection to annually consider certain recommendations to buy specific lands within and outside an area of critical state concern; authorizing certain local governments and special districts to recommend additional lands for purchase; amending s. 259.105, F.S.; requiring specific Florida Forever appropriations to be used for the purchase of lands in the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern; providing an appropriation; amending s. 380.0552, F.S.;

Pursuant to Rule 4.19, CS for CS for HB 447, as amended, was placed on the calendar of Bills on Third Reading.

Consideration of CS for CS for CS for SB 676 and CS for CS for SB 1250 was deferred.

CS for CS for SB 1462—A bill to be entitled An act relating to character-development instruction; amending s. 1003.42, F.S.; requiring character education programs to provide certain instruction to students in grades 9-12; providing an effective date.

-was read the second time by title.

Pending further consideration of **CS for CS for SB 1462**, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, **CS for HB 1147** was withdrawn from the Committees on Education Pre-K - 12; Appropriations Subcommittee on Education; and Appropriations.

On motion by Senator Latvala-

CS for HB 1147—A bill to be entitled An act relating to characterdevelopment instruction; amending s. 1003.42, F.S.; requiring character-development programs to provide certain instruction to students in grades 9-12; providing an effective date.

—a companion measure, was substituted for \mathbf{CS} for \mathbf{CS} for \mathbf{SB} 1462 and read the second time by title.

Pursuant to Rule 4.19, **CS for HB 1147** was placed on the calendar of Bills on Third Reading.

CS for CS for CS for SB 676—A bill to be entitled An act relating to access to health care services; amending s. 110.12315, F.S.; expanding the categories of persons who may prescribe brand name drugs under the prescription drug program when medically necessary; amending ss. 310.071, 310.073, and 310.081, F.S.; exempting controlled substances prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant from the disqualifications for certification or licensure, and for continued certification or licensure, as a deputy pilot or state pilot; repealing s. 383.336, F.S., relating to provider hospitals, practice parameters, and peer review boards; amending s. 395.1051, F.S.; requiring a hospital to provide specified advance notice to certain obstetrical physicians before it closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide

obstetrical services; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; applying existing penalties for violations relating to the prescribing or dispensing of controlled substances by an advanced registered nurse practitioner; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; defining the term "registrant"; deleting an obsolete date; requiring advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants who prescribe controlled substances for the treatment of certain pain to make a certain designation, comply with registration requirements, and follow specified standards of practice; providing applicability; amending ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.; limiting the authority to prescribe a controlled substance in a painmanagement clinic only to a physician licensed under ch. 458 or ch. 459, F.S.; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; revising the required continuing education requirements for a physician assistant; requiring that a specified formulary limit the prescription of certain controlled substances by physician assistants as of a specified date; amending s. 464.003, F.S.; revising the term "advanced or specialized nursing practice"; deleting the joint committee established in the definition; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; requiring the Board of Nursing to establish a committee to recommend a formulary of controlled substances that may not be prescribed, or may be prescribed only on a limited basis, by an advanced registered nurse practitioner; specifying the membership of the committee; providing parameters for the formulary; requiring that the formulary be adopted by board rule; specifying the process for amending the formulary and imposing a burden of proof; limiting the formulary's application in certain instances; requiring the board to adopt the committee's initial recommendations by a specified date; providing a short title; authorizing an advanced registered nurse practitioner to prescribe, dispense, administer, or order drugs, including certain controlled substances under certain circumstances, as of a specified date; amending s. 464.013, F.S.; revising continuing education requirements for renewal of a license or certificate; amending s. 464.018, F.S.; specifying acts that constitute grounds for denial of a license or for disciplinary action against an advanced registered nurse practitioner; creating s. 627.42392, F.S.; defining the term "health insurer"; requiring that certain health insurers that do not already use a certain form use only a prior authorization form approved by the Financial Services Commission in consultation with the Agency for Health Care Administration; requiring the commission in consultation with the agency to adopt by rule guidelines for such forms; amending s. 627.6131, F.S.; prohibiting a health insurer from retroactively denying a claim under specified circumstances; amending s. 641.3155, F.S.; prohibiting a health maintenance organization from retroactively denying a claim under specified circumstances; amending s. 893.02, F.S.; revising the term "practitioner" to include advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants under the Florida Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act if a certain requirement is met; amending s. 948.03, F.S.; providing that possession of drugs or narcotics prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant does not violate a prohibition relating to the possession of drugs or narcotics during probation; amending ss. 458.348 and 459.025, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reenacting ss. 458.331(10), 458.347(7)(g), 459.015(10), 459.022(7)(f), and 465.0158(5)(b), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 456.072, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 456.072(1)(mm) and 466.02751, F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 456.44, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 458.303, 458.3475(7)(b), 459.022(4)(e) and (9)(c), and 459.023(7)(b), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 458.347, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 464.012(3)(c), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 464.003, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 456.041(1)(a), 458.348(1) and (2), and 459.025(1), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 464.012, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 464.0205(7), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 464.013, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 320.0848(11), 464.008(2), 464.009(5), and 464.0205(1)(b), (3), and (4)(b), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 464.018, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 775.051, F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 893.02, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 944.17(3)(a), 948.001(8), and 948.101(1)(e), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 948.03, F.S., in references thereto; providing effective dates.

-was read the second time by title.

Pending further consideration of CS for CS for CS for SB 676, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, HB 423 was withdrawn from the Committees on Health Policy; Banking and Insurance; and Appropriations.

On motion by Senator Grimsley, the rules were waived and-

HB 423—A bill to be entitled An act relating to drug prescription by advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants; providing a short title; amending s. 110.12315, F.S.; expanding the categories of persons who may prescribe brand drugs under the prescription drug program when medically necessary; amending ss. 310.071, 310.073, and 310.081, F.S.; exempting controlled substances prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant from the disqualifications for certification or licensure, and for continued certification or licensure, as a deputy or state pilot; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; applying existing penalties for violations relating to the prescribing or dispensing of controlled substances to an advanced registered nurse practitioner; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; deleting an obsolete date; requiring advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants who prescribe controlled substances for certain pain to make a certain designation, comply with registration requirements, and follow specified standards of practice; providing applicability; amending ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.; limiting the authority to prescribe a controlled substance in a pain-management clinic to a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, F.S.; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; expanding the prescribing authority of a licensed physician assistant; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; authorizing an advanced registered nurse practitioner to prescribe, dispense, administer, or order drugs, rather than to monitor and alter drug therapies; amending s. 464.018, F.S.; specifying acts that constitute grounds for denial of a license for or disciplinary action against an advanced registered nurse practitioner; amending s. 893.02, F.S.; redefining the term "practitioner" to include advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants under the Florida Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act; amending s. 948.03, F.S.; providing that possession of drugs or narcotics prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant is an exception from a prohibition relating to the possession of drugs or narcotics during probation; reenacting s. 310.071(3), F.S., relating to deputy pilot certification, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 310.071, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 458.331(10), 458.347(7)(g), 459.015(10), 459.022(7)(f), and 465.0158(5)(b), F.S., relating to grounds for disciplinary action against certain licensed health care practitioners or applicants, physician assistant licensure, the imposition of penalties upon physician assistants by the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, and nonresident sterile compounding permits, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 456.072, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 456.072(1)(mm) and 466.02751, F.S., relating to grounds for discipline of certain licensed health care practitioners or applicants and dentist practitioner profiles, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 456.44, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 458.303, 458.347(4)(e) and (9)(c), 458.3475(7)(b), 459.022(4)(e) and (9)(c), and 459.023(7)(b), F.S., relating to the nonapplicability of certain provisions to specified health care practitioners, the prescribing or dispensing of medications by physician assistants, the duties of the Council on Physician Assistants, and the duties of the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine with respect to anesthesiologist assistants, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 458.347, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 456.041(1)(a), 458.348(1) and (2), and 459.025(1), F.S., relating to practitioner profiles and notice and standards for formal supervisory relationships, standing orders, and established protocols, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 464.012, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 464.008(2), 464.009(5), 464.018(2), and 464.0205(1)(b), (3), and (4)(b), F.S., relating to licensure by examination of registered nurses and licensed practical nurses, licensure by endorsement to practice professional or practical nursing, disciplinary actions against nursing applicants or licensees, and retired volunteer nurse certifications, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 464.018, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 775.051, F.S., relating to the exclusion as a defense and nonadmissibility as evidence of voluntary intoxication, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 893.02, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 944.17(3)(a), 948.001(8), and 948.101(1)(e), F.S., relating to the receipt by the state correctional system of certain persons sentenced to incarceration, the definition of the term "probation," and the terms and conditions of community control, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 948.03, F.S., in references thereto; providing an effective date.

—a companion measure, was substituted for CS for CS for CS for SB 676 and read the second time by title.

Pursuant to Rule 7.1(1), there being no objection, consideration of the following late-filed amendment was allowed:

Senator Grimsley moved the following amendment:

Amendment 1 (899458) (with title amendment)—Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (7) of section 110.12315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

110.12315 Prescription drug program.—The state employees' prescription drug program is established. This program shall be administered by the Department of Management Services, according to the terms and conditions of the plan as established by the relevant provisions of the annual General Appropriations Act and implementing legislation, subject to the following conditions:

(7) The department shall establish the reimbursement schedule for prescription pharmaceuticals dispensed under the program. Reimbursement rates for a prescription pharmaceutical must be based on the cost of the generic equivalent drug if a generic equivalent exists, unless the physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant prescribing the pharmaceutical clearly states on the prescription that the brand name drug is medically necessary or that the drug product is included on the formulary of drug products that may not be interchanged as provided in chapter 465, in which case reimbursement must be based on the cost of the brand name drug as specified in the reimbursement schedule adopted by the department.

Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 310.071, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) of that section is republished, to read:

310.071 Deputy pilot certification.—

(1) In addition to meeting other requirements specified in this chapter, each applicant for certification as a deputy pilot must:

(c) Be in good physical and mental health, as evidenced by documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician within the preceding 6 months. The board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for passing the physical examination, which rules shall establish minimum standards for the physical or mental capabilities necessary to carry out the professional duties of a certificated deputy pilot. Such standards shall include zero tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is under the care of a physician, an advanced registered nurse practitioner, or a physician assistant and that controlled substance was prescribed by that physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant. To maintain eligibility as a certificated deputy pilot, each certificated deputy pilot must annually provide documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician. The physician must know the minimum standards and certify that the certificateholder satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for certificateholders shall include a drug test.

(3) The initial certificate issued to a deputy pilot shall be valid for a period of 12 months, and at the end of this period, the certificate shall automatically expire and shall not be renewed. During this period, the board shall thoroughly evaluate the deputy pilot's performance for suitability to continue training and shall make appropriate recommendations to the department. Upon receipt of a favorable re-

commendation by the board, the department shall issue a certificate to the deputy pilot, which shall be valid for a period of 2 years. The certificate may be renewed only two times, except in the case of a fully licensed pilot who is cross-licensed as a deputy pilot in another port, and provided the deputy pilot meets the requirements specified for pilots in paragraph (1)(c).

Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 310.073, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

310.073 State pilot licensing.—In addition to meeting other requirements specified in this chapter, each applicant for license as a state pilot must:

(3) Be in good physical and mental health, as evidenced by documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician within the preceding 6 months. The board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for passing the physical examination, which rules shall establish minimum standards for the physical or mental capabilities necessary to carry out the professional duties of a licensed state pilot. Such standards shall include zero tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is under the care of a physician, an advanced registered nurse practitioner, or a physician assistant and that controlled substance was prescribed by that physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant. To maintain eligibility as a licensed state pilot, each licensed state pilot must annually provide documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician. The physician must know the minimum standards and certify that the licensee satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for licensees shall include a drug test.

Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 310.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

310.081 Department to examine and license state pilots and certificate deputy pilots; vacancies.—

(3) Pilots shall hold their licenses or certificates pursuant to the requirements of this chapter so long as they:

(b) Are in good physical and mental health as evidenced by documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a physical examination administered by a licensed physician or physician assistant within each calendar year. The board shall adopt rules to establish requirements for passing the physical examination, which rules shall establish minimum standards for the physical or mental capabilities necessary to carry out the professional duties of a licensed state pilot or a certificated deputy pilot. Such standards shall include zero tolerance for any controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 unless that individual is under the care of a physician, an advanced registered nurse practitioner, or a physician assistant and that controlled substance was prescribed by that physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician assistant. To maintain eligibility as a certificated deputy pilot or licensed state pilot, each certificated deputy pilot or licensed state pilot must annually provide documentary proof of having satisfactorily passed a complete physical examination administered by a licensed physician. The physician must know the minimum standards and certify that the certificateholder or licensee satisfactorily meets the standards. The standards for certificateholders and for licensees shall include a drug test.

Upon resignation or in the case of disability permanently affecting a pilot's ability to serve, the state license or certificate issued under this chapter shall be revoked by the department.

Section 5. Subsection (7) of section 456.072, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.—

(7) Notwithstanding subsection (2), upon a finding that a physician has prescribed or dispensed a controlled substance, or caused a controlled substance to be prescribed or dispensed, in a manner that violates the standard of practice set forth in s. 458.331(1)(q) or (t), s. 459.015(1)(t) or (x), s. 461.013(1)(o) or (s), or s. 466.028(1)(p) or (x), or that an advanced registered nurse practitioner has prescribed or dispensed a controlled substance, or caused a controlled substance to be prescribed or dispensed, in a manner that violates the standard of practice set forth in s. 464.018(1)(n) or (p)6., the physician or advanced registered nurse practitioner shall be suspended for a period of not less than 6 months and pay a fine of not less than \$10,000 per count. Repeated violations shall result in increased penalties.

Section 6. Section 456.44, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.44 Controlled substance prescribing.—

(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Addiction medicine specialist" means a board-certified psychiatrist with a subspecialty certification in addiction medicine or who is eligible for such subspecialty certification in addiction medicine, an addiction medicine physician certified or eligible for certification by the American Society of Addiction Medicine, or an osteopathic physician who holds a certificate of added qualification in Addiction Medicine through the American Osteopathic Association.

(b) "Adverse incident" means any incident set forth in s. $458.351(4)(a){-}(e)$ or s. $459.026(4)(a){-}(e).$

(c) "Board-certified pain management physician" means a physician who possesses board certification in pain medicine by the American Board of Pain Medicine, board certification by the American Board of Interventional Pain Physicians, or board certification or subcertification in pain management or pain medicine by a specialty board recognized by the American Association of Physician Specialists or the American Board of Medical Specialties or an osteopathic physician who holds a certificate in Pain Management by the American Osteopathic Association.

(d) "Board eligible" means successful completion of an anesthesia, physical medicine and rehabilitation, rheumatology, or neurology residency program approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association for a period of 6 years from successful completion of such residency program.

(e) "Chronic nonmalignant pain" means pain unrelated to cancer which persists beyond the usual course of disease or the injury that is the cause of the pain or more than 90 days after surgery.

(f) "Mental health addiction facility" means a facility licensed under chapter 394 or chapter 397.

(g) "Registrant" means a physician, a physician assistant, or an advanced registered nurse practitioner who meets the requirements of subsection (2).

(2) REGISTRATION.—Effective January 1, 2012, A physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466, a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or an advanced registered nurse practitioner certified under part I of chapter 464 who prescribes any controlled substance, listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV as defined in s. 893.03, for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain, must:

(a) Designate himself or herself as a controlled substance prescribing practitioner on *his or her* the physician's practitioner profile.

(b) Comply with the requirements of this section and applicable board rules.

(3) STANDARDS OF PRACTICE.—The standards of practice in this section do not supersede the level of care, skill, and treatment recognized in general law related to health care licensure.

(a) A complete medical history and a physical examination must be conducted before beginning any treatment and must be documented in the medical record. The exact components of the physical examination shall be left to the judgment of the *registrant* elinician who is expected to perform a physical examination proportionate to the diagnosis that justifies a treatment. The medical record must, at a minimum, document the nature and intensity of the pain, current and past treatments for pain, underlying or coexisting diseases or conditions, the effect of the pain on physical and psychological function, a review of previous medical records, previous diagnostic studies, and history of alcohol and substance abuse. The medical record shall also document the presence of one or more recognized medical indications for the use of a controlled substance. Each registrant must develop a written plan for assessing each patient's risk of aberrant drug-related behavior, which may include patient drug testing. Registrants must assess each patient's risk for aberrant drug-related behavior and monitor that risk on an ongoing basis in accordance with the plan.

(b) Each registrant must develop a written individualized treatment plan for each patient. The treatment plan shall state objectives that will be used to determine treatment success, such as pain relief and improved physical and psychosocial function, and shall indicate if any further diagnostic evaluations or other treatments are planned. After treatment begins, the *registrant* physician shall adjust drug therapy to the individual medical needs of each patient. Other treatment modalities, including a rehabilitation program, shall be considered depending on the etiology of the pain and the extent to which the pain is associated with physical and psychosocial impairment. The interdisciplinary nature of the treatment plan shall be documented.

(c) The *registrant* physician shall discuss the risks and benefits of the use of controlled substances, including the risks of abuse and addiction, as well as physical dependence and its consequences, with the patient, persons designated by the patient, or the patient's surrogate or guardian if the patient is incompetent. The *registrant* physician shall use a written controlled substance agreement between the *registrant* physician and the patient outlining the patient's responsibilities, including, but not limited to:

1. Number and frequency of controlled substance prescriptions and refills.

2. Patient compliance and reasons for which drug therapy may be discontinued, such as a violation of the agreement.

3. An agreement that controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain shall be prescribed by a single treating *registrant* physician unless otherwise authorized by the treating *registrant* physician and documented in the medical record.

(d) The patient shall be seen by the *registrant* physician at regular intervals, not to exceed 3 months, to assess the efficacy of treatment, ensure that controlled substance therapy remains indicated, evaluate the patient's progress toward treatment objectives, consider adverse drug effects, and review the etiology of the pain. Continuation or modification of therapy shall depend on the *registrant's* physician's evaluation of the patient's progress. If treatment goals are not being achieved, despite medication adjustments, the *registrant* physician shall reevaluate the appropriateness of continued treatment. The *registrant* physician shall monitor patient compliance in medication usage, related treatment plans, controlled substance agreements, and indications of substance abuse or diversion at a minimum of 3-month intervals.

(e) The *registrant* physician shall refer the patient as necessary for additional evaluation and treatment in order to achieve treatment objectives. Special attention shall be given to those patients who are at risk for misusing their medications and those whose living arrangements pose a risk for medication misuse or diversion. The management of pain in patients with a history of substance abuse or with a comorbid psychiatric disorder requires extra care, monitoring, and documentation and requires consultation with or referral to an addiction medicine specialist or a psychiatrist.

(f) A *registrant* physician registered under this section must maintain accurate, current, and complete records that are accessible and readily available for review and comply with the requirements of this section, the applicable practice act, and applicable board rules. The medical records must include, but are not limited to:

1. The complete medical history and a physical examination, including history of drug abuse or dependence.

- 2. Diagnostic, therapeutic, and laboratory results.
- 3. Evaluations and consultations.
- 4. Treatment objectives.
- 5. Discussion of risks and benefits.
- 6. Treatments.

7. Medications, including date, type, dosage, and quantity prescribed.

- 8. Instructions and agreements.
- 9. Periodic reviews.
- 10. Results of any drug testing.

11. A photocopy of the patient's government-issued photo identification.

12. If a written prescription for a controlled substance is given to the patient, a duplicate of the prescription.

13. The *registrant's* $\frac{1}{2}$ physician's full name presented in a legible manner.

(g) A registrant shall immediately refer patients with signs or symptoms of substance abuse shall be immediately referred to a boardcertified pain management physician, an addiction medicine specialist, or a mental health addiction facility as it pertains to drug abuse or addiction unless the registrant is a physician who is board-certified or board-eligible in pain management. Throughout the period of time before receiving the consultant's report, a prescribing registrant physician shall clearly and completely document medical justification for continued treatment with controlled substances and those steps taken to ensure medically appropriate use of controlled substances by the patient. Upon receipt of the consultant's written report, the prescribing registrant physician shall incorporate the consultant's recommendations for continuing, modifying, or discontinuing controlled substance therapy. The resulting changes in treatment shall be specifically documented in the patient's medical record. Evidence or behavioral indications of diversion shall be followed by discontinuation of controlled substance therapy, and the patient shall be discharged, and all results of testing and actions taken by the registrant physician shall be documented in the patient's medical record.

This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or board-certified anesthesiologist, physiatrist, rheumatologist, or neurologist, or to a board-certified physician who has surgical privileges at a hospital or ambulatory surgery center and primarily provides surgical services. This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or board-certified medical specialist who has also completed a fellowship in pain medicine approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association, or who is board eligible or board certified in pain medicine by the American Board of Pain Medicine, the American Board of Interventional Pain Physicians, the American Association of Physician Specialists, or a board approved by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association and performs interventional pain procedures of the type routinely billed using surgical codes. This subsection does not apply to a registrant physician who prescribes medically necessary controlled substances for a patient during an inpatient stay in a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 458.3265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.3265 Pain-management clinics.—

(2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities apply to any physician who provides professional services in a painmanagement clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).

(b) Only a person may not dispense any medication on the premises of a registered pain management clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 459 may dispense medication or prescribe a controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 on the premises of a registered pain-management clinic.

Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 459.0137, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.0137 Pain-management clinics.—

(2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities apply to any osteopathic physician who provides professional services in a pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).

(b) Only a person may not dispense any medication on the premises of a registered pain management clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 458 may dispense medication or prescribe a controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 on the premises of a registered pain-management clinic.

Section 9. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section 458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of that section is republished, to read:

458.347 Physician assistants.-

(4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-

(e) A supervisory physician may delegate to a fully licensed physician assistant the authority to prescribe or dispense any medication used in the supervisory physician's practice unless such medication is listed on the formulary created pursuant to paragraph (f). A fully licensed physician assistant may only prescribe or dispense such medication under the following circumstances:

1. A physician assistant must clearly identify to the patient that he or she is a physician assistant. Furthermore, the physician assistant must inform the patient that the patient has the right to see the physician prior to any prescription being prescribed or dispensed by the physician assistant.

2. The supervisory physician must notify the department of his or her intent to delegate, on a department-approved form, before delegating such authority and notify the department of any change in prescriptive privileges of the physician assistant. Authority to dispense may be delegated only by a supervising physician who is registered as a dispensing practitioner in compliance with s. 465.0276.

3. The physician assistant must file with the department a signed affidavit that he or she has completed a minimum of 10 continuing medical education hours in the specialty practice in which the physician assistant has prescriptive privileges with each licensure renewal application. Three of the 10 hours must consist of a continuing education course on the safe and effective prescribing of controlled substance medications which is offered by a statewide professional association of physicians in this state accredited to provide educational activities designated for the American Medical Association Physician's Recognition Award Category 1 credit or designated by the American Academy of Physician Assistants as a Category 1 credit.

4. The department may issue a prescriber number to the physician assistant granting authority for the prescribing of medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph upon completion of the foregoing requirements. The physician assistant shall not be required to independently register pursuant to s. 465.0276.

5. The prescription must be written in a form that complies with chapter 499 and must contain, in addition to the supervisory physician's name, address, and telephone number, the physician assistant's prescriber number. Unless it is a drug or drug sample dispensed by the physician assistant, the prescription must be filled in a pharmacy permitted under chapter 465 and must be dispensed in that pharmacy by a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The appearance of the prescriber number creates a presumption that the physician assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal drug and the prescription is valid.

6. The physician assistant must note the prescription or dispensing of medication in the appropriate medical record.

(9) COUNCIL ON PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.—The Council on Physician Assistants is created within the department.

(c) The council shall:

1. Recommend to the department the licensure of physician assistants.

2. Develop all rules regulating the use of physician assistants by physicians under this chapter and chapter 459, except for rules relating to the formulary developed under paragraph (4)(f). The council shall also develop rules to ensure that the continuity of supervision is maintained in each practice setting. The boards shall consider adopting a proposed rule developed by the council at the regularly scheduled meeting immediately following the submission of the proposed rule by the council. A proposed rule submitted by the council may not be adopted by either board unless both boards have accepted and approved the identical language contained in the proposed rule. The language of all proposed rules submitted by the council must be approved by both boards pursuant to each respective board's guidelines and standards regarding the adoption of proposed rules. If either board rejects the council's proposed rule, that board must specify its objection to the council with particularity and include any recommendations it may have for the modification of the proposed rule.

3. Make recommendations to the boards regarding all matters relating to physician assistants.

4. Address concerns and problems of practicing physician assistants in order to improve safety in the clinical practices of licensed physician assistants.

Section 10. Effective January 1, 2017, paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section 458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.347 Physician assistants.-

(4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.—

(f)1. The council shall establish a formulary of medicinal drugs that a fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority under this section or s. 459.022 may not prescribe. The formulary must include controlled substances as defined in chapter 892, general anesthetics, and radiographic contrast materials, and must limit the prescription of Schedule II controlled substances as listed in s. 893.03 to a 7-day supply. The formulary must also restrict the prescribing of psychiatric mental health controlled substances for children younger than 18 years of age.

2. In establishing the formulary, the council shall consult with a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465, but not licensed under this chapter or chapter 459, who shall be selected by the State Surgeon General.

3. Only the council shall add to, delete from, or modify the formulary. Any person who requests an addition, a deletion, or a modification of a medicinal drug listed on such formulary has the burden of proof to show cause why such addition, deletion, or modification should be made.

4. The boards shall adopt the formulary required by this paragraph, and each addition, deletion, or modification to the formulary, by rule. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120 to the contrary, the formulary rule shall be effective 60 days after the date it is filed with the Secretary of State. Upon adoption of the formulary, the department shall mail a copy of such formulary to each fully licensed physician assistant having prescribing authority under this section or s. 459.022, and to each pharmacy licensed by the state. The boards shall establish, by rule, a fee not to exceed \$200 to fund the provisions of this paragraph and paragraph (e).

Section 11. Subsection (2) of section 464.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.003 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(2) "Advanced or specialized nursing practice" means, in addition to the practice of professional nursing, the performance of advanced-level nursing acts approved by the board which, by virtue of postbasic specialized education, training, and experience, are appropriately performed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner. Within the context of advanced or specialized nursing practice, the advanced registered nurse practitioner may perform acts of nursing diagnosis and nursing treatment of alterations of the health status. The advanced registered nurse practitioner may also perform acts of medical diagnosis and treatment, prescription, and operation as authorized within the framework of an established supervisory protocol which are identified and approved by a joint committee composed of three members appointed by the Board of Nursing, two of whom must be advanced registered nurse practitioners; three members appointed by the Board of Medicine, two of whom must have had work experience with advanced registered nurse practitioners; and the State Surgeon General or the State Surgeon General's designee. Each committee member appointed by a board shall be appointed to a term of 4 years unless a shorter term is required to establish or maintain staggered terms. The Board of Nursing shall adopt rules authorizing the performance of any such acts approved by the joint committee. Unless otherwise specified by the joint committee, such acts must be performed under the general supervision of a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 within the framework of standing protocols which identify the medical acts to be performed and the conditions for their performance. The department may, by rule, require that a copy of the protocol be filed with the department along with the notice required by s. 458.348.

Section 12. Section 464.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.012 Certification of advanced registered nurse practitioners; fees; controlled substance prescribing.—

(1) Any nurse desiring to be certified as an advanced registered nurse practitioner shall apply to the department and submit proof that he or she holds a current license to practice professional nursing and that he or she meets one or more of the following requirements as determined by the board:

(a) Satisfactory completion of a formal postbasic educational program of at least one academic year, the primary purpose of which is to prepare nurses for advanced or specialized practice.

(b) Certification by an appropriate specialty board. Such certification shall be required for initial state certification and any recertification as a registered nurse anesthetist or nurse midwife. The board may by rule provide for provisional state certification of graduate nurse anesthetists and nurse midwives for a period of time determined to be appropriate for preparing for and passing the national certification examination.

(c) Graduation from a program leading to a master's degree in a nursing clinical specialty area with preparation in specialized practitioner skills. For applicants graduating on or after October 1, 1998, graduation from a master's degree program shall be required for initial certification as a nurse practitioner under paragraph (4)(c). For applicants graduating on or after October 1, 2001, graduation from a master's degree program shall be required for initial certification as a registered nurse anesthetist under paragraph (4)(a).

(2) The board shall provide by rule the appropriate requirements for advanced registered nurse practitioners in the categories of certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse midwife, and nurse practitioner. (3) An advanced registered nurse practitioner shall perform those functions authorized in this section within the framework of an established protocol that is filed with the board upon biennial license renewal and within 30 days after entering into a supervisory relationship with a physician or changes to the protocol. The board shall review the protocol to ensure compliance with applicable regulatory standards for protocols. The board shall refer to the department licensees submitting protocols that are not compliant with the regulatory standards for protocols. A practitioner currently licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 shall maintain supervision for directing the specific course of medical treatment. Within the established framework, an advanced registered nurse practitioner may:

(a) Monitor and alter drug therapies.

(b) Initiate appropriate therapies for certain conditions.

(c) Perform additional functions as may be determined by rule in accordance with s. 464.003(2).

(d) Order diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy.

(4) In addition to the general functions specified in subsection (3), an advanced registered nurse practitioner may perform the following acts within his or her specialty:

(a) The certified registered nurse anesthetist may, to the extent authorized by established protocol approved by the medical staff of the facility in which the anesthetic service is performed, perform any or all of the following:

1. Determine the health status of the patient as it relates to the risk factors and to the anesthetic management of the patient through the performance of the general functions.

2. Based on history, physical assessment, and supplemental laboratory results, determine, with the consent of the responsible physician, the appropriate type of anesthesia within the framework of the protocol.

3. Order under the protocol preanesthetic medication.

4. Perform under the protocol procedures commonly used to render the patient insensible to pain during the performance of surgical, obstetrical, therapeutic, or diagnostic clinical procedures. These procedures include ordering and administering regional, spinal, and general anesthesia; inhalation agents and techniques; intravenous agents and techniques; and techniques of hypnosis.

5. Order or perform monitoring procedures indicated as pertinent to the anesthetic health care management of the patient.

6. Support life functions during anesthesia health care, including induction and intubation procedures, the use of appropriate mechanical supportive devices, and the management of fluid, electrolyte, and blood component balances.

7. Recognize and take appropriate corrective action for abnormal patient responses to anesthesia, adjunctive medication, or other forms of therapy.

8. Recognize and treat a cardiac arrhythmia while the patient is under anesthetic care.

9. Participate in management of the patient while in the postanesthesia recovery area, including ordering the administration of fluids and drugs.

10. Place special peripheral and central venous and arterial lines for blood sampling and monitoring as appropriate.

(b) The certified nurse midwife may, to the extent authorized by an established protocol which has been approved by the medical staff of the health care facility in which the midwifery services are performed, or approved by the nurse midwife's physician backup when the delivery is performed in a patient's home, perform any or all of the following:

1. Perform superficial minor surgical procedures.

2. Manage the patient during labor and delivery to include amniotomy, episiotomy, and repair.

3. Order, initiate, and perform appropriate anesthetic procedures.

4. Perform postpartum examination.

5. Order appropriate medications.

6. Provide family-planning services and well-woman care.

7. Manage the medical care of the normal obstetrical patient and the initial care of a newborn patient.

(c) The nurse practitioner may perform any or all of the following acts within the framework of established protocol:

1. Manage selected medical problems.

2. Order physical and occupational therapy.

 $\ensuremath{\mathbf{3.}}$. Initiate, monitor, or alter the rapies for certain uncomplicated acute illnesses.

4. Monitor and manage patients with stable chronic diseases.

5. Establish behavioral problems and diagnosis and make treatment recommendations.

(5) The board shall certify, and the department shall issue a certificate to, any nurse meeting the qualifications in this section. The board shall establish an application fee not to exceed \$100 and a biennial renewal fee not to exceed \$50. The board is authorized to adopt such other rules as are necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

(6)(a) The board shall establish a committee to recommend a formulary of controlled substances that an advanced registered nurse practitioner may not prescribe or may prescribe only for specific uses or in limited quantities. The committee must consist of three advanced registered nurse practitioners licensed under this section, recommended by the board; three physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who have work experience with advanced registered nurse practitioners, recommended by the Board of Medicine; and a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465 who is a doctor of pharmacy, recommended by the Board of Pharmacy. The committee may recommend an evidence-based formulary applicable to all advanced registered nurse practitioners which is limited by specialty certification, is limited to approved uses of controlled substances, or is subject to other similar restrictions the committee finds are necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public. The formulary must restrict the prescribing of psychiatric mental health controlled substances for children younger than 18 years of age to advanced registered nurse practitioners who also are psychiatric nurses as defined in s. 394.455. The formulary must also limit the prescribing of Schedule II controlled substances as listed in s. 893.03 to a 7-day supply, except that such restriction does not apply to controlled substances that are psychiatric medications prescribed by psychiatric nurses as defined in s. 394.455.

(b) The board shall adopt by rule the recommended formulary and any revision to the formulary which it finds is supported by evidencebased clinical findings presented by the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, or the Board of Dentistry.

(c) The formulary required under this subsection does not apply to a controlled substance that is dispensed for administration pursuant to an order, including an order for medication authorized by subparagraph (4)(a)3., subparagraph (4)(a)4., or subparagraph (4)(a)9.

(d) The board shall adopt the committee's initial recommendation no later than October 31, 2016.

(7) This section shall be known as "The Barbara Lumpkin Prescribing Act." Section 13. Effective January 1, 2017, subsection (3) of section 464.012, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, is amended to read:

 $464.012\,$ Certification of advanced registered nurse practitioners; fees; controlled substance prescribing.—

(3) An advanced registered nurse practitioner shall perform those functions authorized in this section within the framework of an established protocol that is filed with the board upon biennial license renewal and within 30 days after entering into a supervisory relationship with a physician or changes to the protocol. The board shall review the protocol to ensure compliance with applicable regulatory standards for protocols. The board shall refer to the department licensees submitting protocols that are not compliant with the regulatory standards for protocols. A practitioner currently licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 shall maintain supervision for directing the specific course of medical treatment. Within the established framework, an advanced registered nurse practitioner may:

(a) Prescribe, dispense, administer, or order any drug; however, an advanced registered nurse practitioner may prescribe or dispense a controlled substance as defined in s. 893.03 only if the advanced registered nurse practitioner has graduated from a program leading to a master's or doctoral degree in a clinical nursing specialty area with training in specialized practitioner skills Monitor and alter drug therapies.

(b) Initiate appropriate therapies for certain conditions.

(c) Perform additional functions as may be determined by rule in accordance with s. 464.003(2).

(d) Order diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy.

Section 14. Subsection (3) of section 464.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.013 Renewal of license or certificate.—

(3) The board shall by rule prescribe up to 30 hours of continuing education biennially as a condition for renewal of a license or certificate.

(a) A nurse who is certified by a health care specialty program accredited by the National Commission for Certifying Agencies or the Accreditation Board for Specialty Nursing Certification is exempt from continuing education requirements. The criteria for programs *must* shall be approved by the board.

(b) Notwithstanding the exemption in paragraph (a), as part of the maximum 30 hours of continuing education hours required under this subsection, advanced registered nurse practitioners certified under s. 464.012 must complete at least 3 hours of continuing education on the safe and effective prescription of controlled substances. Such continuing education courses must be offered by a statewide professional association of physicians in this state accredited to provide educational activities designated for the American Medical Association Physician's Recognition Award Category 1 credit, the American Nurses Credentialing Center, the American Association of Nurse Practitioners and may be offered in a distance learning format.

Section 15. Paragraph (p) is added to subsection (1) of section 464.018, Florida Statutes, and subsection (2) of that section is republished, to read:

464.018 Disciplinary actions.—

(1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):

(p) For an advanced registered nurse practitioner:

1. Presigning blank prescription forms.

2. Prescribing for office use any medicinal drug appearing on Schedule II in chapter 893.

3. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving a drug that is an amphetamine, a sympathomimetic amine drug, or a compound designated in s. 893.03(2) as a Schedule II controlled substance, to or for any person except for:

a. The treatment of narcolepsy; hyperkinesis; behavioral syndrome in children characterized by the developmentally inappropriate symptoms of moderate to severe distractibility, short attention span, hyperactivity, emotional lability, and impulsivity; or drug-induced brain dysfunction.

b. The differential diagnostic psychiatric evaluation of depression or the treatment of depression shown to be refractory to other therapeutic modalities.

c. The clinical investigation of the effects of such drugs or compounds when an investigative protocol is submitted to, reviewed by, and approved by the department before such investigation is begun.

4. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving growth hormones, testosterone or its analogs, human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG), or other hormones for the purpose of muscle building or to enhance athletic performance. As used in this subparagraph, the term "muscle building" does not include the treatment of injured muscle. A prescription written for the drug products identified in this subparagraph may be dispensed by a pharmacist with the presumption that the prescription is for legitimate medical use.

5. Promoting or advertising on any prescription form a community pharmacy unless the form also states: "This prescription may be filled at any pharmacy of your choice."

6. Prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing a legend drug, including a controlled substance, other than in the course of his or her professional practice. For the purposes of this subparagraph, it is legally presumed that prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing legend drugs, including all controlled substances, inappropriately or in excessive or inappropriate quantities is not in the best interest of the patient and is not in the course of the advanced registered nurse practitioner's professional practice, without regard to his or her intent.

7. Prescribing, dispensing, or administering a medicinal drug appearing on any schedule set forth in chapter 893 to himself or herself, except a drug prescribed, dispensed, or administered to the advanced registered nurse practitioner by another practitioner authorized to prescribe, dispense, or administer medicinal drugs.

8. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving amygdalin (laetrile) to any person.

9. Dispensing a substance designated in s. 893.03(2) or (3) as a substance controlled in Schedule II or Schedule III, respectively, in violation of s. 465.0276.

10. Promoting or advertising through any communication medium the use, sale, or dispensing of a substance designated in s. 893.03 as a controlled substance.

(2) The board may enter an order denying licensure or imposing any of the penalties in s. 456.072(2) against any applicant for licensure or licensee who is found guilty of violating any provision of subsection (1) of this section or who is found guilty of violating any provision of s. 456.072(1).

Section 16. Section 627.42392, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

627.42392 Prior authorization.—

(1) As used in this section, the term "health insurer" means an authorized insurer offering health insurance as defined in s. 624.603, a managed care plan as defined in s. 409.962(9), or a health maintenance organization as defined in s. 641.19(12).

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in order to establish uniformity in the submission of prior authorization forms on or after January 1, 2017, a health insurer, or a pharmacy benefits manager on behalf of the health insurer, which does not use an electronic prior authorization form for its contracted providers shall use only the prior authorization form that has been approved by the Financial Services Commission in consultation with the Agency for Health Care Administration to obtain a prior authorization for a medical procedure, course of treatment, or prescription drug benefit. Such form may not exceed two pages in length, excluding any instructions or guiding documentation.

(3) The Financial Services Commission in consultation with the Agency for Health Care Administration shall adopt by rule guidelines for all prior authorization forms which ensure the general uniformity of such forms.

Section 17. Subsection (11) of section 627.6131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.6131 Payment of claims.—

(11) A health insurer may not retroactively deny a claim because of insured ineligibility:

(a) At any time, if the health insurer verified the eligibility of an insured who is not a recipient of advance payments of the federal premium tax credit and the insurer issued an authorization for payment to a provider;

(b) For services authorized by the insurer and rendered during the first 30 days of a federally required grace period when an insured is a recipient of advance payments of the federal premium tax credit; or

(c) More than 1 year after the date of payment of the claim.

Section 18. Subsection (10) of section 641.3155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

641.3155 Prompt payment of claims.-

(10) A health maintenance organization may not retroactively deny a claim because of subscriber ineligibility:

(a) At any time, if the health maintenance organization verified the eligibility of a subscriber who is not a recipient of advance payments of the federal premium tax credit and the health maintenance organization issued an authorization for payment to a provider;

(b) For services authorized by the health maintenance organization and rendered during the first 30 days of a federally required grace period when a subscriber is a recipient of advance payments of the federal premium tax credit; or

(c) More than 1 year after the date of payment of the claim.

Section 19. Subsection (21) of section 893.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

893.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:

(21) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed under pursuant to chapter 458, a dentist licensed under pursuant to chapter 466, a veterinarian licensed under pursuant to chapter 474, an osteopathic physician licensed under pursuant to chapter 459, an advanced registered nurse practitioner certified under chapter 464, a naturopath licensed under pursuant to chapter 462, a certified optometrist licensed under pursuant to chapter 463, or a podiatric physician licensed under pursuant to chapter 463, or a podiatric physician licensed under pursuant to chapter 461, or a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, provided such practitioner holds a valid federal controlled substance registry number.

Section 20. Paragraph (n) of subsection (1) of section 948.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

948.03 Terms and conditions of probation.-

(1) The court shall determine the terms and conditions of probation. Conditions specified in this section do not require oral pronouncement at the time of sentencing and may be considered standard conditions of probation. These conditions may include among them the following, that the probationer or offender in community control shall:

(n) Be prohibited from using intoxicants to excess or possessing any drugs or narcotics unless prescribed by a physician, an advanced registered nurse practitioner, or a physician assistant. The probationer or community controllee may shall not knowingly visit places where intoxicants, drugs, or other dangerous substances are unlawfully sold, dispensed, or used.

Section 21. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 458.348, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

458.348 Formal supervisory relationships, standing orders, and established protocols; notice; standards.—

(1) NOTICE.—

(a) When a physician enters into a formal supervisory relationship or standing orders with an emergency medical technician or paramedic licensed pursuant to s. 401.27, which relationship or orders contemplate the performance of medical acts, or when a physician enters into an established protocol with an advanced registered nurse practitioner, which protocol contemplates the performance of medical acts identified and approved by the joint committee pursuant to s. 464.003(2) or acts set forth in s. 464.012(3) and (4), the physician shall submit notice to the board. The notice shall contain a statement in substantially the following form:

I, <u>(name and professional license number of physician)</u>, of <u>(address of physician)</u> have hereby entered into a formal supervisory relationship, standing orders, or an established protocol with <u>(number of persons)</u> emergency medical technician(s), <u>(number of persons)</u> paramedic(s), or <u>(number of persons)</u> advanced registered nurse practitioner(s).

(2) ESTABLISHMENT OF STANDARDS BY JOINT COMMIT-TEE.—The joint committee ereated under s. 464.003(2) shall determine minimum standards for the content of established protocols pursuant to which an advanced registered nurse practitioner may perform medical acts identified and approved by the joint committee pursuant to s. 464.003(2) or acts set forth in s. 464.012(3) and (4) and shall determine minimum standards for supervision of such acts by the physician, unless the joint committee determines that any act set forth in s. 464.012(3) or (4) is not a medical act. Such standards shall be based on risk to the patient and acceptable standards of medical care and shall take into account the special problems of medically underserved areas. The standards developed by the joint committee shall be adopted as rules by the Board of Nursing and the Board of Medicine for purposes of carrying out their responsibilities pursuant to part I of chapter 464 and this chapter, respectively, but neither board shall have disciplinary powers over the licensees of the other board.

Section 22. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 459.025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.025~ Formal supervisory relationships, standing orders, and established protocols; notice; standards.—

(1) NOTICE.-

(a) When an osteopathic physician enters into a formal supervisory relationship or standing orders with an emergency medical technician or paramedic licensed pursuant to s. 401.27, which relationship or orders contemplate the performance of medical acts, or when an osteopathic physician enters into an established protocol with an advanced registered nurse practitioner, which protocol contemplates the performance of medical acts <u>identified and approved by the joint committee pursuant to s. 464.003(2)</u> or acts set forth in s. 464.012(3) and (4), the osteopathic physician shall submit notice to the board. The notice must contain a statement in substantially the following form:

I, <u>(name and professional license number of osteopathic physician)</u>, of <u>(address of osteopathic physician)</u> have hereby entered into a formal supervisory relationship, standing orders, or an established protocol with <u>(number of persons)</u> emergency medical technician(s), <u>(number of persons)</u> paramedic(s), or <u>(number of persons)</u> advanced registered nurse practitioner(s).

Section 23. Subsection (10) of s. 458.331, paragraph (g) of subsection (7) of s. 458.347, subsection (10) of s. 459.015, paragraph (f) of subsection (7) of s. 459.022, and paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of s. 465.0158, Florida Statutes, are reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 456.072, Florida Statutes, in references thereto.

Section 24. Paragraph (mm) of subsection (1) of s. 456.072 and s. 466.02751, Florida Statutes, are reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 456.44, Florida Statutes, in references thereto.

Section 25. Section 458.303, paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of s. 458.3475, paragraph (e) of subsection (4) and paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of s. 459.022, and paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of s. 459.023, Florida Statutes, are reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 458.347, Florida Statutes, in references thereto.

Section 26. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of s. 464.012, Florida Statutes, is reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 464.003, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto.

Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of s. 456.041, subsections (1) and (2) of s. 458.348, and subsection (1) of s. 459.025, Florida Statutes, are reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 464.012, Florida Statutes, in references thereto.

Section 28. Subsection (7) of s. 464.0205, Florida Statutes, is reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 464.013, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto.

Section 29. Subsection (11) of s. 320.0848, subsection (2) of s. 464.008, subsection (5) of s. 464.009, and paragraph (b) of subsection (1), subsection (3), and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of s. 464.0205, Florida Statutes, are reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 464.018, Florida Statutes, in references thereto.

Section 30. Section 775.051, Florida Statutes, is reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 893.02, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto.

Section 31. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of s. 944.17, subsection (8) of s. 948.001, and paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of s. 948.101, Florida Statutes, are reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to s. 948.03, Florida Statutes, in references thereto.

Section 32. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert: A bill to be entitled An act relating to access to health care services; amending s. 110.12315, F.S.; expanding the categories of persons who may prescribe brand name drugs under the prescription drug program when medically necessary; amending ss. 310.071, 310.073, and 310.081, F.S.; exempting controlled substances prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant from the disgualifications for certification or licensure, and for continued certification or licensure, as a deputy pilot or state pilot; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; applying existing penalties for violations relating to the prescribing or dispensing of controlled substances by an advanced registered nurse practitioner; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; defining the term "registrant"; deleting an obsolete date; requiring advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants who prescribe controlled substances for the treatment of certain pain to make a certain designation, comply with registration requirements, and follow specified standards of practice;

providing applicability; amending ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.; limiting the authority to prescribe a controlled substance in a painmanagement clinic only to a physician licensed under ch. 458 or ch. 459, F.S.; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; revising the required continuing education requirements for a physician assistant; requiring that a specified formulary limit the prescription of certain controlled substances by physician assistants as of a specified date; amending s. 464.003, F.S.; revising the term "advanced or specialized nursing practice"; deleting the joint committee established in the definition; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; requiring the Board of Nursing to establish a committee to recommend a formulary of controlled substances that may not be prescribed, or may be prescribed only on a limited basis, by an advanced registered nurse practitioner; specifying the membership of the committee; providing parameters for the formulary; requiring that the formulary be adopted by board rule; specifying the process for amending the formulary and imposing a burden of proof; limiting the formulary's application in certain instances; requiring the board to adopt the committee's initial recommendations by a specified date; providing a short title; authorizing an advanced registered nurse practitioner to prescribe, dispense, administer, or order drugs, including certain controlled substances under certain circumstances, as of a specified date; amending s. 464.013, F.S.; revising continuing education requirements for renewal of a license or certificate; amending s. 464.018, F.S.; specifying acts that constitute grounds for denial of a license or for disciplinary action against an advanced registered nurse practitioner; creating s. 627.42392, F.S.; defining the term "health insurer"; requiring that certain health insurers that do not already use a certain form use only a prior authorization form approved by the Financial Services Commission in consultation with the Agency for Health Care Administration; requiring the commission in consultation with the agency to adopt by rule guidelines for such forms; amending s. 627.6131, F.S.; prohibiting a health insurer from retroactively denying a claim under specified circumstances; amending s. 641.3155, F.S.; prohibiting a health maintenance organization from retroactively denying a claim under specified circumstances; amending s. 893.02, F.S.; revising the term "practitioner" to include advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants under the Florida Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act if a certain requirement is met; amending s. 948.03, F.S.; providing that possession of drugs or narcotics prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant does not violate a prohibition relating to the possession of drugs or narcotics during probation; amending ss. 458.348 and 459.025, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reenacting ss. 458.331(10), 458.347(7)(g), 459.015(10), 459.022(7)(f), and 465.0158(5)(b), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 456.072, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 456.072(1)(mm) and 466.02751, F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 456.44, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 458.303, 458.3475(7)(b), 459.022(4)(e) and (9)(c), and 459.023(7)(b), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 458.347, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 464.012(3)(c), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 464.003, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 456.041(1)(a), 458.348(1) and (2), and 459.025(1), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 464.012, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 464.0205(7), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 464.013, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 320.0848(11), 464.008(2), 464.009(5), and 464.0205(1)(b), (3), and (4)(b), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 464.018, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 775.051, F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 893.02, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 944.17(3)(a), 948.001(8), and 948.101(1)(e), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s. 948.03, F.S., in references thereto; providing effective dates.

Pursuant to Rule 7.1(1), there being no objection, consideration of the following late-filed amendment was allowed:

Senator Garcia moved the following amendment to **Amendment 1** (899458) which was adopted:

Amendment 1A (594148) (with title amendment)—Between lines 123 and 124 insert:

Section 5. Present subsections (1) through (10) of section 395.0191, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (2) through (11), re-

spectively, a new subsection (1) and subsection (12) are added to that section, and present subsection (6) of that section is amended, to read:

395.0191 Staff membership and clinical privileges.—

(1) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Certified surgical assistant" means a surgical assistant who maintains a valid and active certification under one of the following designations: certified surgical first assistant, from the National Board of Surgical Technology and Surgical Assisting; certified surgical assistant, from the National Surgical Assistant Association; or surgical assistant-certified, from the American Board of Surgical Assistants.

(b) "Certified surgical technologist" means a surgical technologist who maintains a valid and active certification as a certified surgical technologist from the National Board of Surgical Technology and Surgical Assisting.

(c) "Surgeon" means a health care practitioner as defined in s. 456.001 whose scope of practice includes performing surgery and who is listed as the primary surgeon in the operative record.

(d) "Surgical assistant" means a person who provides aid in exposure, hemostasis, closures, and other intraoperative technical functions and who assists the surgeon in performing a safe operation with optimal results for the patient.

(e) "Surgical technologist" means a person whose duties include, but are not limited to, maintaining sterility during a surgical procedure, handling and ensuring the availability of necessary equipment and supplies, and maintaining visibility of the operative site to ensure that the operating room environment is safe, that proper equipment is available, and that the operative procedure is conducted efficiently.

(7)(6) Upon the written request of the applicant, any licensed facility that has denied staff membership or clinical privileges to any applicant specified in *subsection* (2) or *subsection* (3) subsection (1) or *subsection* (2) shall, within 30 days of such request, provide the applicant with the reasons for such denial in writing. A denial of staff membership or clinical privileges to any applicant shall be submitted, in writing, to the applicant's respective licensing board.

(12) At least 50 percent of the surgical assistants and 50 percent of the surgical technologists that a licensed facility employs or with whom it contracts must be certified surgical assistants and certified surgical technologists, respectively. The requirements of this subsection do not apply to the following:

(a) A person who has completed an appropriate training program for surgical technology in any branch of the Armed Forces or reserve component of the Armed Forces.

(b) A person who was employed or contracted to perform the duties of a surgical technologist or surgical assistant at any time before July 1, 2016.

(c) A health care practitioner as defined in s. 456.001 or a student if the duties performed by the practitioner or the student are within the scope of the practitioner's or the student's training and practice.

(d) A person enrolled in a surgical technology or surgical assisting training program accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs, the Accrediting Bureau of Health Education Schools, or another accrediting body recognized by the United States Department of Education on July 1, 2016. A person may practice as a surgical technologist or a surgical assistant for 2 years after completion of such a training program before he or she is required to obtain a certification under this subsection.

And the title is amended as follows:

Between lines 1017 and 1018 insert: s. 395.0191, F.S.; defining terms; requiring a certain percentage of surgical assistants and surgical technologists employed or contracting with a hospital to be certified; providing exceptions to the certification requirement; conforming crossreferences; amending

Amendment 1 (899458), as amended, was adopted.

On motion by Senator Grimsley, by two-thirds vote, **HB 423**, as amended, was read the third time by title, passed, and certified to the House. The vote on passage was:

Yeas-38

Mr. President	Flores	Margolis
Abruzzo	Gaetz	Montford
Altman	Galvano	Negron
Bean	Garcia	Richter
Benacquisto	Gibson	Sachs
Bradley	Grimsley	Simmons
Brandes	Hays	Simpson
Braynon	Hukill	Smith
Clemens	Hutson	Sobel
Dean	Joyner	Soto
Detert	Latvala	Stargel
Diaz de la Portilla	Lee	Thompson
Evers	Legg	-

Nays-None

CS for CS for CS for SB 534—A bill to be entitled An act relating to water and wastewater; creating s. 159.8105, F.S.; requiring the Division of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration to review the allocation of private activity bonds to determine the availability of additional allocation and reallocation of bonds for water and wastewater infrastructure projects; amending s. 367.022, F.S.; exempting from regulation by the Florida Public Service Commission a person who resells water service to certain tenants or residents up to a specified percentage or cost; amending s. 367.081, F.S.; authorizing the commission to allow a utility to create a reserve fund upon the commission's own motion or upon the request of the utility; requiring the commission to adopt rules to govern the implementation, management, and use of the fund; establishing criteria for adjusted rates; specifying expense items that may be the basis for an automatic increase or decrease of a utility's rates; authorizing the commission to establish by rule additional specified expense items; requiring the commission to consider certain criteria, when specifically raised in writing by certain parties; specifying standards for evidentiary proceeding involving challenges to such criteria; authorizing the commission to allocate benefits between the customers, shareholders, owners, or affiliates and to disallow rate case expense under certain circumstances; amending s. 367.0814, F.S.; prohibiting the commission from awarding rate case expenses to recover attorney fees or fees of other outside consultants in certain circumstances; providing exceptions; requiring the commission to propose rules by a certain date; amending s. 367.0816, F.S.; providing an exception to the provision requiring rate case expense recovery to be apportioned over 4 years; prohibiting a utility from earning a return on the unamortized balance of rate case expense; excluding such expenses from rate bases; amending s. 367.111, F.S.; authorizing the commission to review water quality and wastewater service upon its own motion or based on complaints of customers; amending s. 367.165, F.S.; requiring a county that regulates water or wastewater services to comply with the requirements for abandoned water and wastewater systems; amending s. 403.8532, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Environmental Protection to require or request that the Florida Water Pollution Control Financing Corporation make loans, grants, and deposits to for-profit, privately owned, or investor-owned water systems; deleting restrictions on such activities; providing an effective date.

-was read the second time by title.

Pending further consideration of CS for CS for CS for SB 534, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, CS for CS for CS for HB 491 was withdrawn from the Committees on Environmental Preservation and Conservation; Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities; and Appropriations.

On motion by Senator Hays-

CS for CS for CS for HB 491—A bill to be entitled An act relating to water and wastewater; creating s. 159.8105, F.S.; requiring the Division of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration to review the allocation of private activity bonds to determine the availability of ad-

ditional allocation and reallocation of bonds for water and wastewater infrastructure projects; amending s. 367.022, F.S.; exempting from regulation by the Florida Public Service Commission a person who resells water service to certain tenants or residents up to a specified percentage or cost; amending s. 367.081, F.S.; providing that the commission may authorize a utility to create a utility reserve fund under certain circumstances; requiring the commission to adopt rules to govern the implementation, management, and use of the fund; establishing criteria for adjusted rates; specifying expense items that may be the basis for an automatic increase or decrease of a utility's rates; authorizing the commission to establish by rule additional specified expense items; specifying the time period over which rate case expenses may be apportioned if a public utility is authorized to recover those expenses through its rates; prohibiting a utility from earning a return on the unamortized balance of the rate case expense; amending s. 367.0814, F.S.; requiring the commission to award rate case expenses to recover attorney fees or fees of other outside consultants in certain circumstances; requiring the commission to propose rules by a certain date; repealing s. 367.0816, F.S., relating to the recovery of rate case expenses; amending s. 367.111, F.S.; authorizing the commission to review water quality and wastewater service under certain circumstances; amending s. 367.165, F.S.; requiring counties to comply with requirements for abandoned water and wastewater systems; amending s. 403.8532, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Environmental Protection to require or request that the Florida Water Pollution Control Financing Corporation make loans, grants, and deposits to for-profit, privately owned, or investor-owned water systems; removing current restrictions on such activities; providing an effective date.

—a companion measure, was substituted for CS for CS for CS for SB 534 and read the second time by title.

Pursuant to Rule 7.1(1), there being no objection, consideration of the following late-filed amendments was allowed:

Senator Hays moved the following amendments which were adopted:

Amendment 1 (291762) (with directory and title amendments)—Between lines 173 and 174 insert:

(7) The commission shall determine the reasonableness of rate case expenses and shall disallow all rate case expenses determined to be unreasonable. No rate case expense determined to be unreasonable shall be paid by a consumer.

(a) In determining the reasonable level of rate case expense, the commission shall consider the following criteria as a basis for disallowing such rate case expense when the criteria are specifically raised in writing by the Public Counsel, an intervenor, or commission staff:

1. The extent to which a utility has utilized or failed to utilize the provisions of paragraph (4)(a) or paragraph (4)(b).

2. Whether the customers have received a material benefit as a result of the rate case.

3. The amount of time between each rate case.

4. The extent to which, at the time of the initial filing, the utility filed complete documentation as required by commission rule, including, but not limited to, minimum filing requirements.

5. Whether the utility's rate case filing seeks preferential benefits to shareholders, owners, or nonregulated affiliates.

6. The proportion of any rate increase approved by the commission as compared to the amount initially requested by the utility.

7. The amount of overall rate case expense incurred and requested as compared to the amount of rate increase approved by the commission.

8. The utility management's culpability in causing any deficiencies in the quality of service provided by the utility.

9. and Such other criteria as the commission it may establish by rule.

(b) If any of the criteria specified under paragraph (a) are specifically contested in an evidentiary proceeding, the commission shall make

specific findings of fact, supported by competent, substantial evidence, for each criterion and the extent to which each criterion benefits the customer. The commission may allocate the benefits between the customers and the shareholders, owners, or affiliates accordingly and may disallow rate case expense in accordance with the specific findings of fact.

And the directory clause is amended as follows:

Delete line 68 and insert:

(4) and subsection (7) are amended, subsection (8) is renumbered as subsection (10),

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 21 and insert: specified expense items; requiring the commission to consider certain criteria in determining the reasonableness of rate case expenses, when specifically raised in writing by certain parties; specifying standards for evidentiary proceedings involving challenges to such criteria; authorizing the commission to allocate benefits between the customers and shareholders, owners, or affiliates and to disallow rate case expense under certain circumstances; specifying the time period

Amendment 2 (108966) (with title amendment)—Delete lines 181-202 and insert:

(9) A utility may not earn a return on the unamortized balance of the rate case expense. Any unamortized balance of rate case expense shall be excluded in calculating the utility's rate base.

Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 367.0814, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

367.0814 Staff assistance in changing rates and charges; interim rates.—

(3) The provisions of s. 367.081(1), (2)(a), and (3) shall apply in determining the utility's rates and charges. However, the commission may not award rate case expenses to recover attorney fees or fees of other outside consultants who are engaged for the purpose of preparing or filing the case if a utility receives staff assistance in changing rates and charges pursuant to this section, unless the Office of Public Counsel or interested parties have intervened. The commission may award rate case expenses for attorney fees or fees of other outside consultants if such fees are incurred for the purpose of providing consulting or legal services to the utility after the initial staff report is made available to customers and the utility. If there is a protest or appeal by a party other than the utility, the commission may award rate case expenses to

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 26 and insert: expense; amending s. 367.0814, F.S.; authorizing the

Pursuant to Rule 4.19, CS for CS for CS for HB 491, as amended, was placed on the calendar of Bills on Third Reading.

CS for CS for SB 1250-A bill to be entitled An act relating to the health care workforce; amending s. 110.12315, F.S.; expanding the categories of persons who may prescribe brand name drugs under the prescription drug program when medically necessary; amending ss. 310.071, 310.073, and 310.081, F.S.; exempting controlled substances prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant from the disqualifications for initial or continued certification or licensure, as a deputy pilot or state pilot; amending s. 394.453, F.S.; revising legislative intent; amending s. 394.467, F.S.; authorizing procedures for recommending admission of a patient to a treatment facility; amending s. 395.1051, F.S.; requiring a hospital to provide specified advance notice to certain obstetrical physicians before it closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide obstetrical services; amending s. 397.451, F.S.; revising provisions relating to exemptions from disqualification for certain service provider personnel; amending s. 456.031, F.S.; providing that certain licensing boards must require specified licensees to complete a specified continuing education course that includes a section on human trafficking as a condition of relicensure or recertification; providing requirements and procedures related to the course; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; providing mandatory administrative penalties for certain violations relating to prescribing or dispensing a controlled substance; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; providing a definition; deleting an obsolete date; requiring advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants who prescribe controlled substances for certain pain to make a certain designation, comply with registration requirements, and follow specified standards of practice; providing applicability; amending ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.; limiting the authority to prescribe a controlled substance in a painmanagement clinic only to a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, F.S.; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; revising the required continuing education requirements for physician assistants; requiring that a specified formulary limit the prescription of certain controlled substances by physician assistants as of a specified date; amending s. 464.003, F.S.; redefining the term "advanced or specialized nursing practice"; deleting the joint committee established in the definition; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; requiring the Board of Nursing to establish a committee to recommend a formulary of controlled substances that may not be prescribed, or that may be prescribed only on a limited basis, by an advanced registered nurse practitioner; specifying the membership of the committee; providing parameters for the formulary; requiring that the formulary be adopted by board rule; specifying the process for amending the formulary and imposing a burden of proof; limiting the formulary's application in certain instances; requiring the board to adopt the committee's initial recommendations by a specified date; authorizing an advanced registered nurse practitioner to prescribe, dispense, administer, or order drugs, including certain controlled substances under certain circumstances, as of a specified date; amending s. 464.013, F.S.; revising continuing education requirements for renewal of a license or certificate; amending s. 464.018, F.S.; specifying acts that constitute grounds for denial of a license or for disciplinary action against an advanced registered nurse practitioner; amending s. 893.02, F.S.; redefining the term "practitioner" to include advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants under the Florida Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act for the purpose of prescribing controlled substances if a certain requirement is met; amending s. 948.03, F.S.; providing that possession of drugs or narcotics prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant does not violate a prohibition relating to the possession of drugs or narcotics during probation; amending ss. 458.348 and 459.025, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reenacting ss. 458.331(10), 458.347(7)(g), 459.015(10), 459.022(7)(f), and 465.0158(5)(b), F.S., relating to grounds for disciplinary action against certain licensed health care practitioners or applicants, physician assistant licensure, the imposition of penalties upon physician assistants by the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, and nonresident sterile compounding permits, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 456.072, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 456.072(1)(mm) and 466.02751, F.S., relating to grounds for discipline of certain licensed health care practitioners or applicants and dentist practitioner profiles, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 456.44, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 458.303, 458.3475(7)(b), 459.022(4)(e) and (9)(c), and 459.023(7)(b), F.S., relating to the nonapplicability of certain provisions to specified health care practitioners, and the duties of the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine with respect to anesthesiologist assistants, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 458.347, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 456.041(1)(a) and 458.348(1) and (2), F.S., relating to practitioner profiles and notice and standards for formal supervisory relationships, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 464.012, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 464.0205(7), F.S., relating to certification as a retired volunteer nurse to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 464.013, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 320.0848(11), 464.008(2), 464.009(5), and 464.0205(1)(b), (3), and (4)(b), F.S., relating to violations of provisions for disability parking, licensure by examination of registered nurses and licensed practical nurses, licensure by endorsement to practice professional or practical nursing, disciplinary actions against nursing applicants or licensees, and retired volunteer nurse certifications, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 464.018, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 775.051, F.S., relating to exclusion as a defense and nonadmissibility as evidence of voluntary intoxication to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 893.02, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 944.17(3)(a), 948.001(8), and 948.101(1)(e), F.S., relating to receipt by the state correctional system of certain persons sentenced to incarceration, the definition of the term "probation," and the terms

and conditions of community control, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 948.03, F.S., in references thereto; providing effective dates.

—was read the second time by title.

Pending further consideration of **CS for CS for SB 1250**, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, **CS for HB 977** was withdrawn from the Committees on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs; Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services; and Appropriations.

CS for HB 977-A bill to be entitled An act relating to behavioral health workforce; amending s. 110.12315, F.S.; expanding the categories of persons who may prescribe brand name drugs under the prescription drug program when medically necessary; amending ss. 310.071, 310.073, and 310.081, F.S.; exempting controlled substances prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant from the disqualifications for certification or licensure, and for continued certification or licensure, as a deputy pilot or state pilot; amending s. 394.453, F.S.; revising legislative intent; amending s. 394.467, F.S.; authorizing procedures for recommending admission of a patient to a treatment facility; amending s. 397.451, F.S.; revising provisions relating to exemptions from disqualification for certain service provider personnel; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; providing mandatory administrative penalties for certain violations relating to prescribing or dispensing a controlled substance; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; providing a definition; deleting an obsolete date; requiring advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants who prescribe controlled substances for certain pain to make a certain designation, comply with registration requirements, and follow specified standards of practice; providing applicability; amending ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.; limiting the authority to prescribe a controlled substance in a pain-management clinic only to a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, F.S.; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; revising the required continuing education requirements for a physician assistant; requiring that a specified formulary limit the prescription of certain controlled substances by physician assistants as of a specified date; amending s. 464.003, F.S.; redefining the term "advanced or specialized nursing practice"; deleting the joint committee established in the definition; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; requiring the Board of Nursing to establish a committee to recommend a formulary of controlled substances that may not be prescribed, or may be prescribed only on a limited basis, by an advanced registered nurse practitioner; specifying the membership of the committee; providing parameters for the formulary; requiring that the formulary be adopted by board rule; specifying the process for amending the formulary and imposing a burden of proof; limiting the formulary's application in certain instances; requiring the board to adopt the committee's initial recommendations by a specified date; authorizing an advanced registered nurse practitioner to prescribe, dispense, administer, or order drugs, including certain controlled substances under certain circumstances, as of a specified date; amending s. 464.013, F.S.; revising continuing education requirements for renewal of a license or certificate; amending s. 464.018, F.S.; specifying acts that constitute grounds for denial of a license or for disciplinary action against an advanced registered nurse practitioner; amending s. 893.02, F.S.; redefining the term "practitioner" to include advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants under the Florida Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act for the purpose of prescribing controlled substances if a certain requirement is met; amending s. 948.03, F.S.; providing that possession of drugs or narcotics prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant does not violate a prohibition relating to the possession of drugs or narcotics during probation; amending ss. 458.348 and 459.025, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reenacting ss. 458.331(10), 458.347(7)(g), 459.015(10), 459.022(7)(f), and 465.0158(5)(b), F.S., relating to grounds for disciplinary action against certain licensed health care practitioners or applicants, physician assistant licensure, the imposition of penalties upon physician assistants by the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, and nonresident sterile compounding permits, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 456.072, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 456.072(1)(mm) and 466.02751, F.S., relating to grounds for discipline of certain licensed health care practitioners or applicants and dentist practitioner profiles, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 456.44, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 458.303, 458.3475(7)(b), 459.022(4)(e) and (9)(c), and 459.023(7)(b), F.S., relating to the nonapplicability of certain provisions to specified health care practitioners, and the duties of the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine with respect to anesthesiologist assistants, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 458.347, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 456.041(1)(a) and 458.348(1) and (2), F.S., relating to practitioner profiles and notice and standards for formal supervisory relationships, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 464.012, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 464.0205(7), F.S., relating to certification as a retired volunteer nurse to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 464.013, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 320.0848(11), 464.008(2), 464.009(5), and 464.0205(1)(b), (3), and (4)(b), F.S., relating to violations of provisions for disability parking, licensure by examination of registered nurses and licensed practical nurses, licensure by endorsement to practice professional or practical nursing, disciplinary actions against nursing applicants or licensees, and retired volunteer nurse certifications, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 464.018, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 775.051, F.S., relating to exclusion as a defense and nonadmissibility as evidence of voluntary intoxication to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 893.02, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 944.17(3)(a), 948.001(8), and 948.101(1)(e), F.S., relating to receipt by the state correctional system of certain persons sentenced to incarceration, the definition of the term "probation," and the terms and conditions of community control, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 948.03, F.S., in references thereto; providing effective dates.

—a companion measure, was substituted for CS for CS for SB 1250 and read the second time by title.

On motion by Senator Grimsley, further consideration of **CS for HB** 977 was deferred.

CS for CS for SB 1714—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the competency-based innovation pilot program; establishing a competency-based innovation pilot program within the Department of Education; defining the term "competency-based education"; authorizing certain schools to apply to the department for approval of a competency-based innovation pilot program; specifying information to be included in the application; authorizing certain waivers; providing reporting and funding requirements for students participating in the pilot program at participating schools; requiring the department to compile certain information and provide access to statewide, standardized assessments; requiring the department to submit an annual report to the Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; specifying the contents of the annual report; providing for expiration of the pilot program; providing an effective date.

—was read the second time by title.

Pending further consideration of **CS for CS for SB 1714**, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, **CS for CS for HB 1365** was withdrawn from the Committees on Education Pre-K - 12; Appropriations Subcommittee on Education; and Appropriations.

On motion by Senator Brandes-

CS for CS for HB 1365—A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Competency-Based Education Pilot Program; creating s. 1003.4996, F.S.; creating the Competency-Based Education Pilot Program; providing for participation in the program and application requirements; exempting participating school districts from specified rules; providing for funding of students enrolled in participating schools; providing duties of the Department of Education; providing for rulemaking; providing an effective date.

—a companion measure, was substituted for CS for CS for SB 1714 and read the second time by title.

Senator Hays moved the following amendment which failed:

Amendment 1 (942260) (with title amendment)—Delete lines 14-29 and insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 1003.4156, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4156 General requirements for middle grades promotion.-

(1) In order for a student to be promoted to high school from a school that includes middle grades 6, 7, and 8, the student must successfully complete the following courses:

(e) One course in career and education planning to be completed in 6th, 7th, or 8th grade. The course may be taught by any member of the instructional staff. At a minimum, the course must be Internet-based, easy to use, and customizable to each student and include researchbased assessments to assist students in determining educational and career options and goals. In addition, the course must result in a completed personalized academic and career plan for the student, which the student is in no way obligated to pursue; must emphasize the importance of entrepreneurship skills; must emphasize technology or the application of technology in career fields; and, beginning in the 2014-2015 academic year, must include information from the Department of Economic Opportunity's economic security report as described in s. 445.07. The required personalized academic and career plan must inform students of high school graduation requirements, including a detailed explanation of the diploma designation options provided under s. 1003.4285; high school assessment and college entrance test requirements; Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program requirements; state university and Florida College System institution admission requirements; available opportunities to earn college credit in high school, including Advanced Placement courses; the International Baccalaureate Program; the Advanced International Certificate of Education Program; dual enrollment, including career dual enrollment; and career education courses, including career-themed courses and courses that lead to industry certification pursuant to s. 1003.492 or s. 1008.44. The course in career and education planning required in this paragraph may include, or a school district may develop, grade level curricula or instruction that introduces students to various careers, but the course or school district must not require any curriculum, instruction, or employment-related activity that obligates an elementary or a secondary student to involuntarily select a career, a career interest, an employment goal, or a related job training.

Each school must inform parents about the course curriculum and activities. Each student shall complete a personal education plan that must be signed by the student and the student's parent. The Department of Education shall develop course frameworks and professional development materials for the career and education planning course. The course may be implemented as a stand-alone course or integrated into another course or courses. The Commissioner of Education shall collect longitudinal high school course enrollment data by student ethnicity in order to analyze course-taking patterns.

Section 2. Section 1003.4996, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1003.4996 Competency-Based Education Pilot Program.—Beginning with the 2016-2017 school year, the Competency-Based Education Pilot Program is created within the Department of Education to be administered for a period of 5 years. The purpose of the pilot program is to provide an educational environment that allows students to advance to higher levels of learning upon the mastery of concepts and skills through statutory exemptions relating to student progression and the awarding of credits.

(1) PARTICIPATION.—The P.K. Yonge Developmental Research School and the Lake, Palm Beach, Pinellas, and Seminole County School Districts may submit an application in a format prescribed by the department to participate in the pilot program. A school or school district may discontinue its participation in the pilot program at its discretion, or a student who participates in the pilot program may discontinue his or her participation in the program at the end of the current academic period and at the discretion of the student or the student's parent.

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 2-6 and insert: An act relating to the competency-based education; amending s. 1003.4156, F.S.; specifying that a student is not obligated to pursue the personalized academic and career plan; authorizing career and education planning courses to include, or school districts to develop, specified grade level curricula or instruction; prohibiting such courses or school districts from requiring certain curricula, instruction, or activities; creating s. 1003.4996, F.S.; creating the Competency-Based Education Pilot Program; providing for participa-

tion in the program and application requirements; specifying that program participants may discontinue participation in the program; exempting participating

Pursuant to Rule 4.19, \mathbf{CS} for \mathbf{CS} for \mathbf{HB} 1365 was placed on the calendar of Bills on Third Reading.

Consideration of CS for CS for SB 1118 was deferred.

CS for SB 984-A bill to be entitled An act relating to education access and affordability; amending s. 1001.7065, F.S.; specifying that the costs of instructional materials are not included in tuition for certain online degree programs; creating s. 1004.084, F.S.; requiring the Board of Governors and the State Board of Education to annually identify strategies to promote college affordability; requiring the Board of Governors of the State University System and the State Board of Education to submit annual reports to the Governor and Legislature relating to college affordability; amending s. 1004.085, F.S.; revising provisions relating to textbook affordability to include instructional materials; defining the term "instructional materials"; specifying that Florida College System or state university employees may not receive anything of value in exchange for instructional materials; requiring Florida College System institution and state university boards of trustees to identify wide variances in the costs of, and frequency of changes in the selection of, textbooks and instructional materials for certain courses; requiring the boards of trustees to send a list of identified courses to the academic department chairs for review; providing for legislative review and repeal of specified provisions; requiring Florida College System institutions and state universities to post certain information on their websites; requiring the State Board of Education and Board of Governors to receive input from specified individuals and entities before adopting textbook and instructional materials affordability policies; requiring postsecondary institutions to consult with certain school districts to identify certain practices; requiring cost-benefit analyses relating to textbooks and instructional materials; providing reporting requirements; amending s. 1009.23, F.S.; requiring Florida College System institutions to provide a public notice relating to increases in tuition and fees; amending s. 1009.24, F.S.; requiring state universities to provide a public notice relating to increases in tuition and fees; providing an effective date.

-was read the second time by title.

Pending further consideration of **CS for SB 984**, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, **CS for HB 7019** was withdrawn from the Committees on Higher Education; Appropriations Subcommittee on Education; and Appropriations.

On motion by Senator Legg, the rules were waived and-

CS for HB 7019-A bill to be entitled An act relating to postsecondary access and affordability; amending s. 1001.7065, F.S.; specifying that the costs of instructional materials are not included in tuition for certain online degree programs; creating s. 1004.084, F.S.; requiring the Board of Governors of the State University System and the State Board of Education to submit annual reports to the Governor and Legislature relating to college affordability; amending s. 1004.085, F.S.; revising provisions relating to textbook affordability to include instructional materials; defining the term "instructional materials"; requiring Florida College System institution and state university boards of trustees to identify wide variances in the costs of, and frequency of changes in the selection of, textbooks and instructional materials for certain courses; authorizing the Florida College System institution and state university boards of trustees to adopt policies to allow for the use of innovative pricing techniques and payment options for certain textbooks and instructional materials; requiring the boards of trustees to send a list of identified courses to the academic department chairs for review; requiring Florida College System institutions and state universities to post certain information on their websites; requiring the State Board of Education and Board of Governors to receive input from specified individuals and entities before adopting textbook and instructional materials affordability policies; providing for legislative review and repeal of specified provisions; requiring postsecondary institutions to consult with certain school districts to identify certain practices; requiring costbenefit analyses relating to textbooks and instructional materials; providing reporting requirements; amending s. 1009.23, F.S.; requiring

Florida College System institutions to provide a public notice relating to increases in tuition and fees; amending s. 1009.24, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the assessment of a tuition differential by a state university board of trustees; revising requirements for the use of tuition differential revenues; deleting a requirement that a certain percentage of tuition differential revenues be used for the purpose of improvements in the quality of undergraduate education; requiring state universities to provide a public notice relating to increases in tuition and fees; providing an effective date.

—a companion measure, was substituted for \mathbf{CS} for \mathbf{SB} 984 and read the second time by title.

Senator Legg moved the following amendment which was adopted:

Amendment 1 (816310) (with title amendment)—Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (k) of subsection (4) of section 1001.7065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.7065 Preeminent state research universities program.-

(4) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE FOR ONLINE LEARNING.—A state research university that, as of July 1, 2013, meets all 12 of the academic and research excellence standards identified in subsection (2), as verified by the Board of Governors, shall establish an institute for online learning. The institute shall establish a robust offering of high-quality, fully online baccalaureate degree programs at an affordable cost in accordance with this subsection.

(k) The university shall establish a tuition structure for its online institute in accordance with this paragraph, notwithstanding any other provision of law.

1. For students classified as residents for tuition purposes, tuition for an online baccalaureate degree program shall be set at no more than 75 percent of the tuition rate as specified in the General Appropriations Act pursuant to s. 1009.24(4) and 75 percent of the tuition differential pursuant to s. 1009.24(16). No distance learning fee, fee for campus facilities, or fee for on-campus services may be assessed, except that online students shall pay the university's technology fee, financial aid fee, and Capital Improvement Trust Fund fee. The revenues generated from the Capital Improvement Trust Fund fee shall be dedicated to the university's institute for online learning.

2. For students classified as nonresidents for tuition purposes, tuition may be set at market rates in accordance with the business plan.

3. Tuition for an online degree program shall include all costs associated with instruction, materials, and enrollment, excluding costs associated with the provision of textbooks *and instructional materials* pursuant to s. 1004.085 and physical laboratory supplies.

4. Subject to the limitations in subparagraph 1., tuition may be differentiated by degree program as appropriate to the instructional and other costs of the program in accordance with the business plan. Pricing must incorporate innovative approaches that incentivize persistence and completion, including, but not limited to, a fee for assessment, a bundled or all-inclusive rate, and sliding scale features.

5. The university must accept advance payment contracts and student financial aid.

6. Fifty percent of the net revenues generated from the online institute of the university shall be used to enhance and enrich the online institute offerings, and 50 percent of the net revenues generated from the online institute shall be used to enhance and enrich the university's campus state-of-the-art research programs and facilities.

7. The institute may charge additional local user fees pursuant to s. 1009.24(14) upon the approval of the Board of Governors.

8. The institute shall submit a proposal to the president of the university authorizing additional user fees for the provision of voluntary student participation in activities and additional student services.

Section 2. Section 1004.084, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1004.084 College affordability.—

(1) The Board of Governors and the State Board of Education shall annually identify strategies to promote college affordability for all Floridians by evaluating, at a minimum, the impact of:

(a) Tuition and fees on undergraduate, graduate, and professional students at public colleges and universities and graduate assistants employed by public universities.

(b) Federal, state, and institutional financial aid policies on the actual cost of attendance for students and their families.

(c) The costs of textbooks and instructional materials.

(2) By December 31 of each year, beginning in 2016, the Board of Governors and the State Board of Education shall submit a report on their respective college affordability initiatives to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Section 3. Section 1004.085, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1004.085 Textbook and instructional materials affordability.-

(1) As used in this section, the term "instructional materials" means educational materials for use within a course which may be available in printed or digital format.

(2)(1) An No employee of a Florida College System institution or state university may not demand or receive any payment, loan, subscription, advance, deposit of money, service, or anything of value, present or promised, in exchange for requiring students to purchase a specific textbook or instructional material for coursework or instruction.

(3)(2) An employee may receive:

(a) Sample copies, instructor copies, or instructional materials. These materials may not be sold for any type of compensation if they are specifically marked as free samples not for resale.

(b) Royalties or other compensation from sales of textbooks or *instructional materials* that include the instructor's own writing or work.

(c) Honoraria for academic peer review of course materials.

(d) Fees associated with activities such as reviewing, critiquing, or preparing support materials for textbooks *or instructional materials* pursuant to guidelines adopted by the State Board of Education or the Board of Governors.

(e) Training in the use of course materials and learning technologies.

(4) Each Florida College System institution and state university board of trustees shall, each semester, examine the cost of textbooks and instructional materials by course and course section for all general education courses offered at the institution to identify any variance in the cost of textbooks and instructional materials among different sections of the same course and the percentage of textbooks and instructional materials that remain in use for more than one term. Courses that have a wide variance in costs among sections or that have frequent changes in textbook and instructional materials selections shall be identified and a list of such courses sent to the appropriate academic department chair for review. This subsection is repealed July 1, 2018, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

(5) Each Florida College System institution and state university board of trustees is authorized to adopt policies in consultation with providers, including bookstores, which allow for the use of innovative pricing techniques and payment options for textbooks and instructional materials. Such policies may include bulk pricing arrangements that enable students to purchase course materials or texts that are delivered digitally; delivered through other technologies that are, or the licenses of which are, required for use within a course; or delivered in a print format. Innovative pricing techniques and payment options must include an opt-in provision for students and may be approved only if there is documented evidence that the options reduce the cost of textbooks and instructional materials for students taking a course.

(6)(3) Each Florida College System institution institutions and state university universities shall post prominently in the course registration system and on its website on their websites, as early as is feasible, but at least 45 not less than 30 days before prior to the first day of class for each term, a hyperlink to lists list of each textbook required and recommended textbooks and instructional materials for at least 95 percent of all courses and each course sections offered at the institution during the upcoming term. The lists posted list must include the International Standard Book Number (ISBN) for each required and recommended textbook and instructional material or other identifying information, which must include, at a minimum, all of the following: the title, all authors listed, publishers, edition number, copyright date, published date, and other relevant information necessary to identify the specific textbook or textbooks or instructional materials required and recommended for each course. The State Board of Education and the Board of Governors shall include in the policies, procedures, and guidelines adopted under subsection (7) (4) certain limited exceptions to this notification requirement for classes added after the notification deadline.

(7)(4) After receiving input from students, faculty, bookstores, and publishers, the State Board of Education and the Board of Governors each shall adopt textbook and instructional materials affordability policies, procedures, and guidelines for implementation by Florida College System institutions and state universities, respectively, that further efforts to minimize the cost of textbooks and instructional materials for students attending such institutions while maintaining the quality of education and academic freedom. The policies, procedures, and guidelines shall address provide for the following:

(a) The establishment of deadlines for an instructor or department to notify the bookstore of required and recommended textbooks and instructional materials so that the bookstore may verify availability, source lower cost options when practicable, explore alternatives with faculty when academically appropriate, and maximize the availability of used textbooks and instructional materials That textbook adoptions are made with sufficient lead time to bookstores so as to confirm availability of the requested materials and, where possible, ensure maximum availability of used books.

(b) Confirmation by the course instructor or academic department offering the course, before the textbook or instructional materials adoption is finalized That, in the textbook adoption process, of the intent to use all items ordered, particularly each individual item sold as part of a bundled package, is confirmed by the course instructor or the academic department offering the course before the adoption is finalized.

(c) Determination by That a course instructor or the academic department offering the course determines, before a textbook or instructional material is adopted, of the extent to which a new edition differs significantly and substantively from earlier versions and the value to the student of changing to a new edition or the extent to which an open-access textbook or instructional material is available may exist and be used.

(d) That the establishment of policies shall address The availability of required *and recommended* textbooks *and instructional materials* to students otherwise unable to afford the cost, including consideration of the extent to which an open-access textbook *or instructional material* may be used.

(e) Participation by That course instructors and academic departments are encouraged to participate in the development, adaptation, and review of open-access textbooks and instructional materials and, in particular, open-access textbooks and instructional materials for high-demand general education courses.

(f) Consultation with school districts to identify practices that impact the cost of dual enrollment textbooks and instructional materials to school districts, including, but not limited to, the length of time that textbooks and instructional materials remain in use.

(g) Selection of textbooks and instructional materials through costbenefit analyses that enable students to obtain the highest-quality product at the lowest available price, by considering:

1. Purchasing digital textbooks in bulk.

2. Expanding the use of open-access textbooks and instructional materials.

3. Providing rental options for textbooks and instructional materials.

4. Increasing the availability and use of affordable digital textbooks and learning objects.

5. Developing mechanisms to assist in buying, renting, selling, and sharing textbooks and instructional materials.

6. The length of time that textbooks and instructional materials remain in use.

7. An evaluation of cost savings for textbooks and instructional materials which a student may realize if individual students are able to exercise opt-in provisions for the purchase of the materials.

(8) The board of trustees of each Florida College System institution and state university shall report, by September 30 of each year, beginning in 2016, to the Chancellor of the Florida College System or the Chancellor of the State University System, as applicable, the textbook and instructional materials selection process for general education courses with a wide cost variance identified pursuant to subsection (4) and high-enrollment courses; specific initiatives of the institution designed to reduce the costs of textbooks and instructional materials; policies implemented in accordance with subsection (6); the number of courses and course sections that were not able to meet the textbook and instructional materials posting deadline for the previous academic year; and any additional information determined by the chancellors. By November 1 of each year, beginning in 2016, each chancellor shall provide a summary of the information provided by institutions to the State Board of Education and the Board of Governors, as applicable.

Section 4. Subsection (20) is added to section 1009.23, Florida Statutes, to read:

1009.23 Florida College System institution student fees.—

(20) Each Florida College System institution shall publicly notice and notify all enrolled students of any proposal to increase tuition or fees at least 28 days before its consideration at a board of trustees meeting. The notice must:

(a) Include the date and time of the meeting at which the proposal will be considered.

(b) Specifically outline the details of existing tuition and fees, the rationale for the proposed increase, and how the funds from the proposed increase will be used.

(c) Be posted on the institution's website and issued in a press release.

Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 1009.24, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (20) is added to that section, to read:

1009.24 State university student fees.—

(4)

(b) The Board of Governors, or the board's designee, may establish tuition for graduate and professional programs, and out-of-state fees for all programs. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the sum of tuition and out-of-state fees assessed to nonresident students must be sufficient to offset the full instructional cost of serving such students. However, adjustments to out-of-state fees or tuition for graduate programs and professional programs may not exceed 15 percent in any year.

(20) Each state university shall publicly notice and notify all enrolled students of any proposal to increase tuition or fees at least 28 days before its consideration at a board of trustees meeting. The notice must:

(a) Include the date and time of the meeting at which the proposal will be considered.

(b) Specifically outline the details of existing tuition and fees, the rationale for the proposed increase, and how the funds from the proposed increase will be used.

(c) Be posted on the university's website and issued in a press release.

Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert: A bill to be entitled An act relating to education access and affordability; amending s. 1001.7065, F.S.; specifying that the costs of instructional materials are not included in tuition for certain online degree programs; creating s. 1004.084, F.S.; requiring the Board of Governors and the State Board of Education to annually identify strategies to promote college affordability; requiring the Board of Governors of the State University System and the State Board of Education to submit annual reports to the Governor and Legislature relating to college affordability; amending s. 1004.085, F.S.; revising provisions relating to textbook affordability to include instructional materials; defining the term "instructional materials"; specifying that Florida College System or state university employees may not receive anything of value in exchange for instructional materials; requiring Florida College System institution and state university boards of trustees to identify wide variances in the costs of, and frequency of changes in the selection of, textbooks and instructional materials for certain courses; requiring the boards of trustees to send a list of identified courses to the academic department chairs for review; providing for legislative review and repeal of specified provisions; authorizing the Florida College System institution and state university boards of trustees to adopt policies in consultation with providers to allow for the use of innovative pricing techniques and payment options for certain textbooks and instructional materials; requiring the innovative techniques and options to include certain provisions; requiring Florida College System institutions and state universities to post certain information on their websites; requiring the State Board of Education and Board of Governors to receive input from specified individuals and entities before adopting textbook and instructional materials affordability policies; requiring postsecondary institutions to consult with certain school districts to identify certain practices; requiring costbenefit analyses relating to textbooks and instructional materials; providing reporting requirements; amending s. 1009.23, F.S.; requiring Florida College System institutions to provide a public notice relating to increases in tuition and fees; amending s. 1009.24, F.S.; requiring state universities to provide a public notice relating to increases in tuition and fees; providing an effective date.

Pursuant to Rule 4.19, **CS for HB 7019**, as amended, was placed on the calendar of Bills on Third Reading.

CS for SB 706—A bill to be entitled An act relating to culinary education programs; amending s. 381.0072, F.S.; providing for the applicability of Department of Health sanitation rules to a licensed culinary education program; defining the term "culinary education program"; including certain culinary education programs under the term "food service establishment" and providing for the applicability of food service protection requirements thereto; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 509.013, F.S.; revising the term "public food service establishment" to include a culinary education program; amending s. 561.20, F.S.; authorizing a culinary education program with a public food service establishment license to obtain an alcoholic beverage license under certain conditions; authorizing the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco to adopt rules to administer such licenses; providing an effective date.

-was read the second time by title.

Pending further consideration of **CS for SB 706**, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, **CS for CS for HB 249** was withdrawn from the Committees on Regulated Industries; Health Policy; and Fiscal Policy.

On motion by Senator Altman-

CS for CS for HB 249—A bill to be entitled An act relating to culinary education programs; amending s. 381.0072, F.S.; providing for the applicability of Department of Health sanitation rules to a licensed culinary education program; defining the term "culinary education program"; including certain culinary education programs under the definition of "food service establishment" and providing for the applicability of food service protection requirements thereto; conforming provisions; amending s. 509.013, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "public food service establishment" to include a culinary education program; amending s. 561.20, F.S.; permitting a culinary education program with a public food service establishment license to obtain an alcoholic beverage license under certain conditions; authorizing the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco to adopt rules to administer such licenses; providing an effective date.

—a companion measure, was substituted for \mathbf{CS} for \mathbf{SB} 706 and read the second time by title.

Pursuant to Rule 4.19, CS for CS for HB 249 was placed on the calendar of Bills on Third Reading.

CS for CS for CS for SB 1036-A bill to be entitled An act relating to automobile insurance; amending s. 627.311, F.S.; authorizing the Florida Automobile Joint Underwriting Association and a joint underwriting plan approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation to cancel personal lines or commercial policies within a specified time for nonpayment of premium due to certain reasons; prohibiting an insured from cancelling a policy or binder within a specified time except under certain conditions; amending s. 627.7283, F.S.; authorizing an insured who cancels a policy to apply the unearned portion of any premium paid to unpaid balances of other policies with the same insurer or insurer group; amending s. 627.7295, F.S.; updating applicability language to include a reference to recurring credit card or debit card payments; authorizing an additional form of payment for certain motor vehicle insurance contract premiums; authorizing an insurer to impose a specified insufficient funds fee under certain circumstances; amending s. 627.736, F.S.; requiring that a certain standard form be approved by the office and adopted by the Financial Services Commission, rather than approved by the office or adopted by the commission; revising standards for compliance for specified billings for medical services; adding a specified entity to a list of entities that are not required to be licensed as a clinic to receive reimbursement under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law; providing an effective date.

-was read the second time by title.

An amendment was considered and adopted to conform CS for CS for CS for SB 1036 to CS for CS for HB 659.

Pending further consideration of **CS for CS for CS for SB 1036**, as amended, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, **CS for CS for HB 659** was withdrawn from the Committees on Banking and Insurance; Commerce and Tourism; and Rules.

On motion by Senator Brandes-

CS for CS for HB 659-A bill to be entitled An act relating to automobile insurance; amending s. 627.0651, F.S.; providing an exception to a provision that deems use of a single zip code as a rating territory for insurance rates to be unfairly discriminatory; requiring the Office of Insurance Regulation to ensure that rates or rate changes contained in certain rate filings are not excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory; amending s. 627.311, F.S.; authorizing the Florida Automobile Joint Underwriting Association and a joint underwriting plan approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation to cancel personal lines or commercial policies within a specified time for nonpayment of premium due to certain reasons; prohibiting an insured from cancelling a policy or binder within a specified time except under certain conditions; amending s. 627.7283, F.S.; authorizing an insured who cancels a policy to apply the unearned portion of any premium paid to unpaid balances of other policies with the same insurer or insurer group; amending s. 627.7295, F.S.; updating applicability language to include a reference to recurring credit card or debit card payments; authorizing additional forms of premium payment for motor vehicle insurance contracts; authorizing insurers to charge an insufficient funds fee of up to a specified amount; amending s. 627.744, F.S.; requiring the Division of Insurance Fraud of the Department of Financial Services to provide a report on the required preinsurance inspection of private passenger motor vehicles; specifying data to be included in the report; authorizing the Legislature to use specified data in determining the future public necessity for

specified provisions; amending s. 627.736, F.S.; requiring that a certain standard form be approved by the office and adopted by the Financial Services Commission, rather than approved by the office or adopted by the commission; revising standards for compliance for specified billings for medical services; specifying additional entities that may receive reimbursement under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law regardless of whether they meet a specified licensure requirement; providing an effective date.

—a companion measure, was substituted for **CS for CS for SB 1036**, as amended, and read the second time by title.

Pursuant to Rule 4.19, CS for CS for HB 659 was placed on the calendar of Bills on Third Reading.

CS for CS for SB 324-A bill to be entitled An act relating to utility projects; providing a short title; defining terms; authorizing certain local governmental entities to finance the costs of a utility project by issuing utility cost containment bonds upon application by a local agency; specifying application requirements; requiring a successor entity of a local agency to assume and perform the obligations of the local agency with respect to the financing of a utility project; providing procedures for local agencies to use when applying to finance a utility project using utility cost containment bonds; authorizing an authority to issue utility cost containment bonds for specified purposes related to utility projects; authorizing an authority to form alternate entities to finance utility projects; requiring the governing body of the authority to adopt a financing resolution and impose a utility project charge on customers of a publicly owned utility as a condition of utility project financing; specifying required and optional provisions of the financing resolution; specifying powers of the authority; requiring the local agency or its publicly owned utility to assist the authority in the establishment or adjustment of the utility project charge; requiring that customers of the public utility specified in the financing resolution pay the utility project charge; providing for adjustment of the utility project charge; establishing ownership of the revenues of the utility project charge; requiring the local agency or its publicly owned utility to collect the utility project charge; conditioning a customer's receipt of public utility services on payment of the utility project charge; authorizing a local agency or its publicly owned utility to use available remedies to enforce collection of the utility project charge; providing that the pledge of the utility project charge to secure payment of bonds issued to finance the utility project is irrevocable and cannot be reduced or impaired except under certain conditions; providing that a utility project charge constitutes utility project property; providing that utility project property is subject to a lien to secure payment of costs relating to utility cost containment bonds; establishing payment priorities for the use of revenues of the utility project property; providing for the issuance and validation of utility cost containment bonds; securing the payment of utility cost containment bonds and related costs; providing that utility cost containment bonds do not obligate the state or any political subdivision and are not backed by their full faith and credit and taxing power; requiring that certain disclosures be printed on utility cost containment bonds: providing that financing costs related to utility cost containment bonds are an obligation of the authority only; providing limitations on the state's ability to alter financing costs or utility project property under certain circumstances; prohibiting an authority with outstanding payment obligations on utility cost containment bonds from becoming a debtor under certain federal or state laws; providing for construction; endowing public entities with certain powers; providing an effective date.

-was read the second time by title.

Pending further consideration of **CS for CS for SB 324**, pursuant to Rule 3.11(3), there being no objection, **CS for HB 347** was withdrawn from the Committees on Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities; Finance and Tax; Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities; and Appropriations.

On motion by Senator Legg-

CS for HB 347—A bill to be entitled An act relating to utility projects; providing a short title; defining terms; authorizing certain local governmental entities to finance the costs of a utility project by issuing utility cost containment bonds upon application by a local agency; specifying application requirements; requiring a successor entity of a local agency to assume and perform the obligations of the local agency with respect to the financing of a utility project; providing procedures for local agencies to use when applying to finance a utility project using utility cost containment bonds; authorizing an authority to issue utility cost containment bonds for specified purposes related to utility projects; authorizing an authority to form alternate entities to finance utility projects; requiring the governing body of the authority to adopt a financing resolution and impose a utility project charge on customers of a publicly owned utility as a condition of utility project financing; specifying required and optional provisions of the financing resolution; specifying powers of the authority; requiring the local agency or its publicly owned utility to assist the authority in the establishment or adjustment of the utility project charge; requiring that customers of the public utility specified in the financing resolution pay the utility project charge; providing for adjustment of the utility project charge; establishing ownership of the revenues of the utility project charge; requiring the local agency or its publicly owned utility to collect the utility project charge; conditioning a customer's receipt of public utility services on payment of the utility project charge; authorizing a local agency or its publicly owned utility to use available remedies to enforce collection of the utility project charge; providing that the pledge of the utility project charge to secure payment of bonds issued to finance the utility project is irrevocable and cannot be reduced or impaired except under certain conditions; providing that a utility project charge constitutes utility project property; providing that utility project property is subject to a lien to secure payment of costs relating to utility cost containment bonds; establishing payment priorities for the use of revenues of the utility project property; providing for the issuance and validation of utility cost containment bonds; securing the payment of utility cost containment bonds and related costs; providing that utility cost containment bonds do not obligate the state or any political subdivision and are not backed by their full faith and credit and taxing power; requiring that certain disclosures be printed on utility cost containment bonds; providing that financing costs related to utility cost containment bonds are an obligation of the authority only; providing limitations on the state's ability to alter financing costs or utility project property under certain circumstances; prohibiting an authority with outstanding payment obligations on utility cost containment bonds from becoming a debtor under certain federal or state laws; providing for construction; endowing public entities with certain powers; providing an effective date.

—a companion measure, was substituted for CS for CS for SB 324 and read the second time by title.

Pursuant to Rule 4.19, **CS for HB 347** was placed on the calendar of Bills on Third Reading.

By direction of the President, the Senate resumed consideration of-

CS for HB 977—A bill to be entitled An act relating to behavioral health workforce; amending s. 110.12315, F.S.; expanding the categories of persons who may prescribe brand name drugs under the prescription drug program when medically necessary; amending ss. 310.071, 310.073, and 310.081, F.S.; exempting controlled substances prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant from the disqualifications for certification or licensure, and for continued certification or licensure, as a deputy pilot or state pilot; amending s. 394.453, F.S.; revising legislative intent; amending s. 394.467, F.S.; authorizing procedures for recommending admission of a patient to a treatment facility; amending s. 397.451, F.S.; revising provisions relating to exemptions from disqualification for certain service provider personnel; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; providing mandatory administrative penalties for certain violations relating to prescribing or dispensing a controlled substance; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; providing a definition; deleting an obsolete date; requiring advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants who prescribe controlled substances for certain pain to make a certain designation, comply with registration requirements, and follow specified standards of practice; providing applicability; amending ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.; limiting the authority to prescribe a controlled substance in a pain-management clinic only to a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, F.S.; amending s. 458.347, F.S.; revising the required continuing education requirements for a physician assistant; requiring that a specified formulary limit the prescription of certain controlled substances by physician assistants as of a specified date; amending s. 464.003, F.S.; redefining the term "advanced or specialized

nursing practice"; deleting the joint committee established in the definition; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; requiring the Board of Nursing to establish a committee to recommend a formulary of controlled substances that may not be prescribed, or may be prescribed only on a limited basis, by an advanced registered nurse practitioner; specifying the membership of the committee; providing parameters for the formulary; requiring that the formulary be adopted by board rule; specifying the process for amending the formulary and imposing a burden of proof; limiting the formulary's application in certain instances; requiring the board to adopt the committee's initial recommendations by a specified date; authorizing an advanced registered nurse practitioner to prescribe, dispense, administer, or order drugs, including certain controlled substances under certain circumstances, as of a specified date; amending s. 464.013, F.S.; revising continuing education requirements for renewal of a license or certificate; amending s. 464.018, F.S.; specifying acts that constitute grounds for denial of a license or for disciplinary action against an advanced registered nurse practitioner; amending s. 893.02, F.S.; redefining the term "practitioner" to include advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants under the Florida Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act for the purpose of prescribing controlled substances if a certain requirement is met; amending s. 948.03, F.S.; providing that possession of drugs or narcotics prescribed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a physician assistant does not violate a prohibition relating to the possession of drugs or narcotics during probation; amending ss. 458.348 and 459.025, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reenacting ss. 458.331(10), 458.347(7)(g), 459.015(10), 459.022(7)(f), and 465.0158(5)(b), F.S., relating to grounds for disciplinary action against certain licensed health care practitioners or applicants, physician assistant licensure, the imposition of penalties upon physician assistants by the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, and nonresident sterile compounding permits, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 456.072, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 456.072(1)(mm) and 466.02751, F.S., relating to grounds for discipline of certain licensed health care practitioners or applicants and dentist practitioner profiles, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 456.44, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 458.303, 458.3475(7)(b), 459.022(4)(e) and (9)(c), and 459.023(7)(b), F.S., relating to the nonapplicability of certain provisions to specified health care practitioners, and the duties of the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine with respect to anesthesiologist assistants, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 458.347, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 456.041(1)(a) and 458.348(1) and (2), F.S., relating to practitioner profiles and notice and standards for formal supervisory relationships, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 464.012, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 464.0205(7), F.S., relating to certification as a retired volunteer nurse to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 464.013, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 320.0848(11), 464.008(2), 464.009(5), and 464.0205(1)(b), (3), and (4)(b), F.S., relating to violations of provisions for disability parking, licensure by examination of registered nurses and licensed practical nurses, licensure by endorsement to practice professional or practical nursing, disciplinary actions against nursing applicants or licensees, and retired volunteer nurse certifications, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 464.018, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 775.051, F.S., relating to exclusion as a defense and nonadmissibility as evidence of voluntary intoxication to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 893.02, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 944.17(3)(a), 948.001(8), and 948.101(1)(e), F.S., relating to receipt by the state correctional system of certain persons sentenced to incarceration, the definition of the term "probation," and the terms and conditions of community control, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 948.03, F.S., in references thereto; providing effective dates.

-which was previously considered this day.

Pursuant to Rule 7.1(1), there being no objection, consideration of the following late-filed amendment was allowed:

Senator Grimsley moved the following amendment:

Amendment 1 (510114) (with title amendment)—Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 394.453, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.453 Legislative intent.—It is the intent of the Legislature to authorize and direct the Department of Children and Families to evaluate, research, plan, and recommend to the Governor and the Legislature programs designed to reduce the occurrence, severity, duration, and disabling aspects of mental, emotional, and behavioral disorders. It is the intent of the Legislature that treatment programs for such disorders shall include, but not be limited to, comprehensive health, social, educational, and rehabilitative services to persons requiring intensive short-term and continued treatment in order to encourage them to assume responsibility for their treatment and recovery. It is intended that such persons be provided with emergency service and temporary detention for evaluation when required; that they be admitted to treatment facilities on a voluntary basis when extended or continuing care is needed and unavailable in the community; that involuntary placement be provided only when expert evaluation determines that it is necessary; that any involuntary treatment or examination be accomplished in a setting which is clinically appropriate and most likely to facilitate the person's return to the community as soon as possible; and that individual dignity and human rights be guaranteed to all persons who are admitted to mental health facilities or who are being held under s. 394.463. It is the further intent of the Legislature that the least restrictive means of intervention be employed based on the individual needs of each person, within the scope of available services. It is the policy of this state that the use of restraint and seclusion on clients is justified only as an emergency safety measure to be used in response to imminent danger to the client or others. It is, therefore, the intent of the Legislature to achieve an ongoing reduction in the use of restraint and seclusion in programs and facilities serving persons with mental illness. The Legislature further finds the need for additional psychiatrists to be of critical state concern and recommends the establishment of an additional psychiatry program to be offered by one of Florida's schools of medicine currently not offering psychiatry. The program shall seek to integrate primary care and psychiatry and other evolving models of care for persons with mental health and substance use disorders. Additionally, the Legislature finds that the use of telemedicine for patient evaluation, case management, and ongoing care will improve management of patient care and reduce costs of transportation.

Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 394.467, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.467 Involuntary inpatient placement.—

(2) ADMISSION TO A TREATMENT FACILITY.—A patient may be retained by a receiving facility or involuntarily placed in a treatment facility upon the recommendation of the administrator of the receiving facility where the patient has been examined and after adherence to the notice and hearing procedures provided in s. 394.4599. The recommendation must be supported by the opinion of a psychiatrist and the second opinion of a clinical psychologist or another psychiatrist, both of whom have personally examined the patient within the preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement are met. However, in a county that has a population of fewer than 50,000, if the administrator certifies that a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is not available to provide the second opinion, the second opinion may be provided by a licensed physician who has postgraduate training and experience in diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders or by a psychiatric nurse. Any second opinion authorized in this subsection may be conducted through a face-to-face examination, in person or by electronic means. Such recommendation shall be entered on an involuntary inpatient placement certificate that authorizes the receiving facility to retain the patient pending transfer to a treatment facility or completion of a hearing.

Section 3. Paragraphs (e) and (f) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 397.451, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

397.451 Background checks of service provider personnel.-

(1) PERSONNEL BACKGROUND CHECKS; REQUIREMENTS AND EXCEPTIONS.—

(e) Personnel employed directly or under contract with the Department of Corrections in an inmate substance abuse program who have direct contact with unmarried inmates under the age of 18 or with inmates who are developmentally disabled are exempt from the fingerprinting and background check requirements of this section *unless* they have direct contact with unmarried inmates under the age of 18 or with inmates who are developmentally disabled.

(f) Service provider personnel who request an exemption from disqualification must submit the request within 30 days after being notified of the disqualification. If 5 years or more have elapsed since the most recent disqualifying offense, service provider personnel may work with adults with substance use disorders under the supervision of a qualified professional licensed under chapter 490 or chapter 491 or a master's level certified addiction professional until the agency makes a final determination regarding the request for an exemption from disqualification Upon notification of the disqualification, the service provider shall comply with requirements regarding exclusion from employment in s. $\frac{435.06}{100}$.

(4) EXEMPTIONS FROM DISQUALIFICATION.—

(b) Since rehabilitated substance abuse impaired persons are effective in the successful treatment and rehabilitation of *individuals with substance use disorders* substance abuse impaired adolescents, for service providers which treat adolescents 13 years of age and older, service provider personnel whose background checks indicate crimes under s. 817.563, s. 893.13, or s. 893.147 may be exempted from disqualification from employment pursuant to this paragraph.

Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert: A bill to be entitled An act relating to behavioral health workforce; amending s. 394.453, F.S.; revising legislative intent; amending s. 394.467, F.S.; revising procedures for recommending admission of a patient to a treatment facility; amending s. 397.451, F.S.; revising provisions relating to personnel background checks and exemptions from disqualification for certain service provider personnel; providing an effective date.

Pursuant to Rule 7.1(1), there being no objection, consideration of the following late-filed amendments was allowed:

Senator Grimsley moved the following amendments to **Amendment** 1 (510114) which were adopted:

Amendment 1A (746206) (with title amendment)—Delete line 62 and insert: However, in a county that has a population of fewer than 50,000,

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 118 and insert: intent; amending s. 394.467, F.S.; authorizing a second opinion for admission to a treatment facility to be provided by certain licensed physicians in all counties, rather than counties with a specified population size; revising procedures

Amendment 1B (654244) (with title amendment)—Between lines 108 and 109 insert:

Section 4. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of section 456.44, Florida Statutes, and subsections (2) and (3) of that section are amended, to read:

456.44 Controlled substance prescribing.—

(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

(g) "Registrant" means a physician who meets the requirements of subsection (2).

(2) REGISTRATION.—<u>Effective January 1, 2012</u>, A physician licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466 who prescribes any controlled substance, listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV as defined in s. 893.03, for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain, must:

(a) Designate himself or herself as a controlled substance prescribing practitioner on *his or her* the physician's practitioner profile.

(b) Comply with the requirements of this section and applicable board rules.

(3) STANDARDS OF PRACTICE.—The standards of practice in this section do not supersede the level of care, skill, and treatment recognized in general law related to health care licensure.

A complete medical history and a physical examination must be conducted before beginning any treatment and must be documented in the medical record. The exact components of the physical examination shall be left to the judgment of the registrant elinician who is expected to perform a physical examination proportionate to the diagnosis that justifies a treatment. The medical record must, at a minimum, document the nature and intensity of the pain, current and past treatments for pain, underlying or coexisting diseases or conditions, the effect of the pain on physical and psychological function, a review of previous medical records, previous diagnostic studies, and history of alcohol and substance abuse. The medical record shall also document the presence of one or more recognized medical indications for the use of a controlled substance. Each registrant must develop a written plan for assessing each patient's risk of aberrant drug-related behavior, which may include patient drug testing. Registrants must assess each patient's risk for aberrant drug-related behavior and monitor that risk on an ongoing basis in accordance with the plan.

(b) Each registrant must develop a written individualized treatment plan for each patient. The treatment plan shall state objectives that will be used to determine treatment success, such as pain relief and improved physical and psychosocial function, and shall indicate if any further diagnostic evaluations or other treatments are planned. After treatment begins, the *registrant* physician shall adjust drug therapy to the individual medical needs of each patient. Other treatment modalities, including a rehabilitation program, shall be considered depending on the etiology of the pain and the extent to which the pain is associated with physical and psychosocial impairment. The interdisciplinary nature of the treatment plan shall be documented.

(c) The *registrant* physician shall discuss the risks and benefits of the use of controlled substances, including the risks of abuse and addiction, as well as physical dependence and its consequences, with the patient, persons designated by the patient, or the patient's surrogate or guardian if the patient is incompetent. The *registrant* physician shall use a written controlled substance agreement between the *registrant* physician and the patient outlining the patient's responsibilities, including, but not limited to:

1. Number and frequency of controlled substance prescriptions and refills.

2. Patient compliance and reasons for which drug therapy may be discontinued, such as a violation of the agreement.

3. An agreement that controlled substances for the treatment of chronic nonmalignant pain shall be prescribed by a single treating *registrant* physician unless otherwise authorized by the treating *registrant* physician and documented in the medical record.

(d) The patient shall be seen by the *registrant* physician at regular intervals, not to exceed 3 months, to assess the efficacy of treatment, ensure that controlled substance therapy remains indicated, evaluate the patient's progress toward treatment objectives, consider adverse drug effects, and review the etiology of the pain. Continuation or modification of therapy shall depend on the *registrant's* physician's evaluation of the patient's progress. If treatment goals are not being achieved, despite medication adjustments, the *registrant* physician shall reevaluate the appropriateness of continued treatment. The *registrant* physician shall monitor patient compliance in medication usage, related treatment plans, controlled substance agreements, and indications of substance abuse or diversion at a minimum of 3-month intervals.

(e) The *registrant* physician shall refer the patient as necessary for additional evaluation and treatment in order to achieve treatment objectives. Special attention shall be given to those patients who are at risk for misusing their medications and those whose living arrangements pose a risk for medication misuse or diversion. The management of pain in patients with a history of substance abuse or with a comorbid psychiatric disorder requires extra care, monitoring, and documenta-

tion and requires consultation with or referral to an addiction medicine specialist or a psychiatrist.

(f) A *registrant* physician registered under this section must maintain accurate, current, and complete records that are accessible and readily available for review and comply with the requirements of this section, the applicable practice act, and applicable board rules. The medical records must include, but are not limited to:

1. The complete medical history and a physical examination, including history of drug abuse or dependence.

2. Diagnostic, therapeutic, and laboratory results.

- 3. Evaluations and consultations.
- 4. Treatment objectives.
- 5. Discussion of risks and benefits.
- 6. Treatments.

7. Medications, including date, type, dosage, and quantity prescribed.

8. Instructions and agreements.

9. Periodic reviews.

10. Results of any drug testing.

11. A photocopy of the patient's government-issued photo identification.

12. If a written prescription for a controlled substance is given to the patient, a duplicate of the prescription.

13. The *registrant's* $\frac{1}{2}$ physician's full name presented in a legible manner.

(g) A registrant shall immediately refer patients with signs or symptoms of substance abuse shall be immediately referred to a boardcertified pain management physician, an addiction medicine specialist, or a mental health addiction facility as it pertains to drug abuse or addiction unless the registrant is a physician who is board-certified or board- eligible in pain management. Throughout the period of time before receiving the consultant's report, a prescribing registrant physician shall clearly and completely document medical justification for continued treatment with controlled substances and those steps taken to ensure medically appropriate use of controlled substances by the patient. Upon receipt of the consultant's written report, the prescribing registrant physician shall incorporate the consultant's recommendations for continuing, modifying, or discontinuing controlled substance therapy. The resulting changes in treatment shall be specifically documented in the patient's medical record. Evidence or behavioral indications of diversion shall be followed by discontinuation of controlled substance therapy, and the patient shall be discharged, and all results of testing and actions taken by the registrant physician shall be documented in the patient's medical record.

This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or board-certified anesthesiologist, physiatrist, rheumatologist, or neurologist, or to a board-certified physician who has surgical privileges at a hospital or ambulatory surgery center and primarily provides surgical services. This subsection does not apply to a board-eligible or board-certified medical specialist who has also completed a fellowship in pain medicine approved by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the American Osteopathic Association, or who is board eligible or board certified in pain medicine by the American Board of Pain Medicine, the American Board of Interventional Pain Physicians, the American Association of Physician Specialists, or a board approved by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association and performs interventional pain procedures of the type routinely billed using surgical codes. This subsection does not apply to a registrant physician who prescribes medically necessary controlled substances for a patient during an inpatient stay in a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 458.3265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.3265 Pain-management clinics.-

(2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities apply to any physician who provides professional services in a painmanagement clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).

(b) Only a person may not dispense any medication on the premises of a registered pain management clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 459 may dispense medication or prescribe a controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 on the premises of a registered pain-management clinic.

Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 459.0137, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.0137 Pain-management clinics.—

(2) PHYSICIAN RESPONSIBILITIES.—These responsibilities apply to any osteopathic physician who provides professional services in a pain-management clinic that is required to be registered in subsection (1).

(b) Only a person may not dispense any medication on the premises of a registered pain management clinic unless he or she is a physician licensed under this chapter or chapter 458 may dispense medication or prescribe a controlled substance regulated under chapter 893 on the premises of a registered pain-management clinic.

Section 7. Section 464.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

 $464.012\,$ Certification of advanced registered nurse practitioners; fees.—

(1) Any nurse desiring to be certified as an advanced registered nurse practitioner shall apply to the department and submit proof that he or she holds a current license to practice professional nursing and that he or she meets one or more of the following requirements as determined by the board:

(a) Satisfactory completion of a formal postbasic educational program of at least one academic year, the primary purpose of which is to prepare nurses for advanced or specialized practice.

(b) Certification by an appropriate specialty board. Such certification shall be required for initial state certification and any recertification as a registered nurse anesthetist, *psychiatric nurse*, or nurse midwife. The board may by rule provide for provisional state certification of graduate nurse anesthetists, *psychiatric nurses*, and nurse midwives for a period of time determined to be appropriate for preparing for and passing the national certification examination.

(c) Graduation from a program leading to a master's degree in a nursing clinical specialty area with preparation in specialized practitioner skills. For applicants graduating on or after October 1, 1998, graduation from a master's degree program shall be required for initial certification as a nurse practitioner under paragraph (4)(c). For applicants graduating on or after October 1, 2001, graduation from a master's degree program shall be required for initial certification as a registered nurse anesthetist under paragraph (4)(a).

(2) The board shall provide by rule the appropriate requirements for advanced registered nurse practitioners in the categories of certified registered nurse anesthetist, certified nurse midwife, and nurse practitioner.

(3) An advanced registered nurse practitioner shall perform those functions authorized in this section within the framework of an established protocol that is filed with the board upon biennial license renewal and within 30 days after entering into a supervisory relationship with a physician or changes to the protocol. The board shall review the protocol to ensure compliance with applicable regulatory standards for protocols. The board shall refer to the department licensees submitting protocols. A practitioner currently licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466 shall maintain supervision for directing the specific course of medical treatment. Within the established framework, an advanced registered nurse practitioner may:

(a) Monitor and alter drug therapies.

(b) Initiate appropriate therapies for certain conditions.

(c) Perform additional functions as may be determined by rule in accordance with s. 464.003(2).

(d) Order diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy.

(4) In addition to the general functions specified in subsection (3), an advanced registered nurse practitioner may perform the following acts within his or her specialty:

(a) The certified registered nurse anesthetist may, to the extent authorized by established protocol approved by the medical staff of the facility in which the anesthetic service is performed, perform any or all of the following:

1. Determine the health status of the patient as it relates to the risk factors and to the anesthetic management of the patient through the performance of the general functions.

2. Based on history, physical assessment, and supplemental laboratory results, determine, with the consent of the responsible physician, the appropriate type of anesthesia within the framework of the protocol.

3. Order under the protocol preanesthetic medication.

4. Perform under the protocol procedures commonly used to render the patient insensible to pain during the performance of surgical, obstetrical, therapeutic, or diagnostic clinical procedures. These procedures include ordering and administering regional, spinal, and general anesthesia; inhalation agents and techniques; intravenous agents and techniques; and techniques of hypnosis.

5. Order or perform monitoring procedures indicated as pertinent to the anesthetic health care management of the patient.

6. Support life functions during anesthesia health care, including induction and intubation procedures, the use of appropriate mechanical supportive devices, and the management of fluid, electrolyte, and blood component balances.

7. Recognize and take appropriate corrective action for abnormal patient responses to anesthesia, adjunctive medication, or other forms of therapy.

8. Recognize and treat a cardiac arrhythmia while the patient is under anesthetic care.

9. Participate in management of the patient while in the postanesthesia recovery area, including ordering the administration of fluids and drugs.

10. Place special peripheral and central venous and arterial lines for blood sampling and monitoring as appropriate.

(b) The certified nurse midwife may, to the extent authorized by an established protocol which has been approved by the medical staff of the health care facility in which the midwifery services are performed, or approved by the nurse midwife's physician backup when the delivery is performed in a patient's home, perform any or all of the following:

1. Perform superficial minor surgical procedures.

2. Manage the patient during labor and delivery to include amniotomy, episiotomy, and repair.

3. Order, initiate, and perform appropriate anesthetic procedures.

4. Perform postpartum examination.

5. Order appropriate medications.

6. Provide family-planning services and well-woman care.

7. Manage the medical care of the normal obstetrical patient and the initial care of a newborn patient.

(c) The nurse practitioner may perform any or all of the following acts within the framework of established protocol:

1. Manage selected medical problems.

2. Order physical and occupational therapy.

 $\ensuremath{\mathbf{3.}}$. Initiate, monitor, or alter the rapies for certain uncomplicated acute illnesses.

4. Monitor and manage patients with stable chronic diseases.

5. Establish behavioral problems and diagnosis and make treatment recommendations.

(5) A psychiatric nurse, as defined in s. 394.455, within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist, may prescribe psychotropic controlled substances for the treatment of mental disorders.

(6) The board shall certify, and the department shall issue a certificate to, any nurse meeting the qualifications in this section. The board shall establish an application fee not to exceed \$100 and a biennial renewal fee not to exceed \$50. The board is authorized to adopt such other rules as are necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

Section 8. Paragraph (p) is added to subsection (1) of section 464.018, Florida Statutes, and subsection (2) of that section is republished, to read:

464.018 Disciplinary actions.—

(1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):

(p) For a psychiatric nurse:

1. Presigning blank prescription forms.

2. Prescribing for office use any medicinal drug appearing in Schedule II of s. 893.03.

3. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving a drug that is an amphetamine, a sympathomimetic amine drug, or a compound designated in s. 893.03(2) as a Schedule II controlled substance, to or for any person except for:

a. The treatment of narcolepsy; hyperkinesis; behavioral syndrome in children characterized by the developmentally inappropriate symptoms of moderate to severe distractibility, short attention span, hyperactivity, emotional lability, and impulsivity; or drug-induced brain dysfunction.

b. The differential diagnostic psychiatric evaluation of depression or the treatment of depression shown to be refractory to other therapeutic modalities.

c. The clinical investigation of the effects of such drugs or compounds when an investigative protocol is submitted to, reviewed by, and approved by the department before such investigation is begun.

4. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving growth hormones, testosterone or its analogs, human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG), or other hormones for the purpose of muscle building or to enhance athletic performance. As used in this subparagraph, the term "muscle building" does not include the treatment of injured muscle. A prescription written for the drug products identified in this subparagraph may be dispensed by a pharmacist with the presumption that the prescription is for legitimate medical use.

5. Promoting or advertising on any prescription form a community pharmacy unless the form also states: "This prescription may be filled at any pharmacy of your choice."

6. Prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing a legend drug, including a controlled substance, other than in the course of his or her professional practice. For the purposes of this subparagraph, it is legally presumed that prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing, or otherwise preparing legend drugs, including all controlled substances, inappropriately or in excessive or inappropriate quantities is not in the best interest of the patient and is not in the course of the advanced registered nurse practitioner's professional practice, without regard to his or her intent.

7. Prescribing, dispensing, or administering a medicinal drug appearing on any schedule set forth in chapter 893 to himself or herself, except a drug prescribed, dispensed, or administered to the psychiatric nurse by another practitioner authorized to prescribe, dispense, or administer medicinal drugs.

8. Prescribing, ordering, dispensing, administering, supplying, selling, or giving amygdalin (laetrile) to any person.

9. Dispensing a substance designated in s. 893.03(2) or (3) as a substance controlled in Schedule II or Schedule III, respectively, in violation of s. 465.0276.

10. Promoting or advertising through any communication medium the use, sale, or dispensing of a substance designated in s. 893.03 as a controlled substance.

(2) The board may enter an order denying licensure or imposing any of the penalties in s. 456.072(2) against any applicant for licensure or licensee who is found guilty of violating any provision of subsection (1) of this section or who is found guilty of violating any provision of s. 456.072(1).

Section 9. Subsection (21) of section 893.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

893.02 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:

(21) "Practitioner" means a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458, a dentist licensed pursuant to chapter 466, a veterinarian licensed pursuant to chapter 474, an osteopathic physician licensed pursuant to chapter 459, a naturopath licensed pursuant to chapter 462, a certified optometrist licensed pursuant to chapter 463, a psychiatric nurse as defined in s. 394.455, or a podiatric physician licensed pursuant to chapter 461, provided such practitioner holds a valid federal controlled substance registry number.

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 123 and insert: provider personnel; amending s. 456.44, F.S.; defining the term "registrant"; requiring psychiatric nurses to make certain designations and comply with certain requirements under specified circumstances; amending s. 458.3265, F.S.; restricting to physicians the authorization to dispense certain medications or prescribe certain controlled substances on the premises of a registered pain-management clinic; amending s. 459.0137, F.S.; restricting to osteopathic physicians the authorization to dispense certain medications or prescribe certain controlled substances on the premises of a registered pain-management clinic; amending s. 464.012, F.S.; providing certification criteria for psychiatric nurses; authorizing psychiatric nurses to prescribe certain psychotropic controlled substances under certain circumstances; amending s. 464.018, F.S.; providing that certain acts by a psychiatric nurse constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action; amending s. 893.02, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "practitioner"; providing an effective date.

Amendment 1 (510114), as amended, was adopted.

Pursuant to Rule 4.19, **CS for HB 977**, as amended, was placed on the calendar of Bills on Third Reading.

MOTIONS

On motion by Senator Altman, by two-thirds vote, ${\bf SR}~{\bf 1784}$ was withdrawn from further consideration.

On motion by Senator Simmons, the rules were waived and a deadline of one hour after the availability of engrossed bills was set for filing amendments to Bills on Third Reading to be considered Thursday, March 10, 2016. On motion by Senator Simmons, the rules were waived and all bills remaining and temporarily postponed on the Special Order Calendar this day were retained on the Special Order Calendar.

On motion by Senator Simmons, the rules were waived and **CS for SB 58** was withdrawn from the Committee on Appropriations.

On motion by Senator Simmons, the rules were waived and the following bills were added to the Special Order Calendar for Thursday, March 10, 2016: **SM 798, CS for CS for SB 1026**, and **CS for SB 58**. The amendment deadline for these bills was set for one hour after adjournment this day.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Pursuant to Rule 4.17(1), the Rules Chair, Majority Leader, and Minority Leader submit the following bills to be placed on the Special Order Calendar for Wednesday, March 9, 2016: CS for SB 234, CS for SB 432, CS for CS for CS for SB 534, CS for CS for CS for SB 676, CS for SB 770, CS for CS for SB 1250, CS for CS for SB 1392, CS for CS for SB 1462, CS for CS for SB 1714.

> Respectfully submitted, David Simmons, Rules Chair Bill Galvano, Majority Leader Arthenia L. Joyner, Minority Leader

Pursuant to Rule 4.18 the Rules Chair submits the following bills to be placed on the Local Bill Calendar for Wednesday, March 9, 2016: HB 655, HB 709, HB 1039, CS for HB 1339, HB 1417.

Respectfully submitted, David Simmons, Rules Chair

MESSAGES FROM THE GOVERNOR AND OTHER EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS

The Governor advised that he had filed with the Secretary of State CS for CS for SB 202, CS for SB 350, SB 576, CS for SB 1042, and SB 7016 which he approved on March 9, 2016.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FIRST READING

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed CS/HJR 193, as amended, by the required constitutional three-fifths vote of the membership and requests the concurrence of the Senate.

Bob Ward, Clerk

By Regulatory Affairs Committee and Representative(s) Rodrigues, R., Berman, Avila, Costello, Diaz, J., Diaz, M., Dudley, Pafford, Rader, Rehwinkel Vasilinda, Smith—

CS for HJR 193—A joint resolution proposing amendments to Sections 3 and 4 of Article VII and the creation of Section 34 of Article XII of the State Constitution to authorize the Legislature, by general law, to exempt from ad valorem taxation the assessed value of solar devices or renewable energy source devices that are subject to tangible personal property tax, to authorize the Legislature, by general law, to prohibit the consideration of the installation of such devices in determining the assessed value of residential and nonresidential real property for the purpose of ad valorem taxation, and to provide effective and expiration dates.

—was referred to the Committees on Communications, Energy, and Public Utilities; Community Affairs; Finance and Tax; and Appropriations. The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed HB 4027 and requests the concurrence of the Senate.

Bob Ward, Clerk

By Representative(s) Artiles, Avila, Brodeur, Caldwell, Campbell, Eagle, Hill, Jacobs, Mayfield, McBurney, Renner, Rodrigues, R.—

HB 4027—A bill to be entitled An act relating to traffic infraction detectors; repealing s. 316.003(87) and (91), F.S., relating to the definitions of "traffic infraction detector" and "local hearing officer"; repealing ss. 316.008(8), 316.0083, and 316.00831, F.S., relating to the installation and use of traffic infraction detectors to enforce specified provisions when a driver fails to stop at a traffic signal, provisions that authorize the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, a county, or a municipality to use such detectors, and the distribution of penalties collected for specified violations; repealing s. 316.07456, F.S., relating to transitional implementation of such detectors; repealing s. 316.0776, F.S., relating to placement and installation of traffic infraction detectors; repealing s. 318.15(3), F.S., relating to failure to comply with a civil penalty; repealing s. 321.50, F.S., relating to the authorization to use traffic infraction detectors; amending ss. 28.37, 316.640, 316.650, 318.121, 318.14, 318.18, 320.03, and 322.27, F.S., relating to distribution of proceeds, enforcement by traffic infraction enforcement officers using such detectors, procedures for disposition of citations, preemption of additional fees or surcharges, compliance, amount of penalties, registration and renewal of license plates, and points assessed for certain violations, to conform provisions to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

—was referred to the Committees on Transportation; Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development; and Appropriations.

RETURNING MESSAGES — FINAL ACTION

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed SB 88.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The bill contained in the foregoing message was ordered enrolled.

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed SB 288.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The bill contained in the foregoing message was ordered enrolled.

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed CS/SB 380.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The bill contained in the foregoing message was ordered enrolled.

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed SB 498.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The bill contained in the foregoing message was ordered enrolled.

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed SB 716.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The bill contained in the foregoing message was ordered enrolled.

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed CS/SB 1106.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The bill contained in the foregoing message was ordered enrolled.

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed CS/SB 1322.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The bill contained in the foregoing message was ordered enrolled.

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed SB 7012.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The bill contained in the foregoing message was ordered enrolled.

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed SB 7022.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The bill contained in the foregoing message was ordered enrolled.

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in Senate Amendment 1 (142638) and passed CS/HB 299, as amended.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in Senate Amendment 1 (534768) and passed CS/CS/HB 499, as amended, by the required constitutional two-thirds vote of the membership.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in Senate Amendments 1 (411956), 2 (481068), and 3 (145740) and passed CS/CS/CS/HB 651, as amended.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in Senate Amendment 1 (495394) and passed CS/HB 837, as amended.

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in Senate Amendment 1 (326768) and passed HB 1205, as amended.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in Senate Amendments 1 (646650), and 2 (173452) and passed HB 1241, as amended.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in Senate Amendment 1 (170350) and passed CS/CS/HB 1361, as amended.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in Senate Amendment 1 (829246) and passed CS/CS/HB 1411, as amended.

Bob Ward, Clerk

The Honorable Andy Gardiner, President

I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in Senate Amendments 3 (949350), and 4 (781556) and passed CS/CS/HB 7007, as amended.

Bob Ward, Clerk

CORRECTION AND APPROVAL OF JOURNAL

The Journal of March 8 was corrected and approved.

CO-INTRODUCERS

Senators Braynon—CS for CS for CS for SB 676; Clemens—CS for CS for CS for SB 676; Diaz de la Portilla—CS for CS for CS for SB 676; Evers—CS for SB 228, CS for CS for SB 308, SB 356, CS for SB 386, SB 418, CS for CS for SB 436, SB 612, CS for CS for SB 636, CS for SB 700, CS for SB 784, SB 850, CS for CS for CS for SB 912, CS for CS for SB 936, CS for SB 1044, CS for SB 1256, CS for SB 1662; Gibson—CS for CS for CS for SB 676; Joyner—CS for CS for SB 760; Sachs—CS for SB 706, CS for CS for SB 760, CS for SB 760, CS for SB 1714; Stargel—SB 128, CS for CS for SB 436, CS for SB 966; Thompson—CS for CS for SB 760

ADJOURNMENT

On motion by Senator Simmons, the Senate adjourned at 5:52 p.m. for the purpose of holding committee meetings and conducting other Senate business to reconvene at 10:00 a.m., Thursday, March 10 or upon call of the President.